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सं. 3] No.3] नई दिल्ली, जनवरी 13---जनवरी 19, 2008, शनिवार/पौष 23--पौष 29, 1929 NEW DELHI, JANUARY 13---JANUARY 19, 2008, SATURDAY/PAUSA 23---PAUSA 29, 1929

इस भाग में भिन्न पृष्ठ संख्या दी जाती है जिससे कि यह पृथक संकलन के रूप में रखा जा सके Separate Paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation

> भाग II—खण्ड 3—उप-खण्ड (ii) PART II—Section 3—Sub-section (ii)

भारत सरकार के मंत्रालयों (रक्षा मंत्रालय को छोड़कर) द्वारा जारी किए गए साविधिक आदेश और अधिस्थनाएं

Statutory Orders and Notifications Issued by the Ministries of the Government of India
(Other than the Ministry of Defence)

विधि और न्याय मंत्रालय

(विधि कार्य विभाग)

नई दिल्ली, 19 दिसम्बर, 2007

का.आ. 85. — केन्द्रीय सरकार, दंड प्रक्रिया सहिता, 1973 (1974 का 2) की धारा 24 की उपधारा (1) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, श्रीमती रूमा अनिल नवाले, अधिवक्ता को मुंबई उच्च न्यायालय में भारत संघ या केन्द्रीय सरकार के किसी विभाग या कार्यालय द्वारा या उसके विरुद्ध सभी दांडिक मामलों का, जिनके आंतर्गत दांडिक रिट याचिकाएं, दांडिक अपीलें, दांडिक पुनरीक्षण, आंपराधिक आवेदन भी हैं, संचालन करने के प्रयोजन के लिए इस शर्त के अधीन रहते हुए कि श्रीमती रूमा अनिल नवाले, अधिवक्ता अपर लोक अभियोजक के रूप में अपनी नियुक्ति की अविध के दौरान भारत संघ या केन्द्रीय सरकार के किसी विभाग या कार्यालय के विरुद्ध उच्च न्यायालय में उपसंजात नहीं होंगी, तत्काल प्रभाव से दो वर्ष की

अवधि के लिए या अगले आदेश होने तक, इनमें से जो भी पूर्वतर हो, अपर लोक अभियोजक के रूप में नियुक्त करती है।

[फा. सं. 23(2)/2007-न्यायिक]

एम. ए. खान युसुफी, संयुक्त सचिव और सरकारी काउंसेल

MINISTRY OF LAW AND JUSTICE

(Department of Legal Affairs)

New Delhi, the 19th December, 2007

S.O. 85.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 24 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 (2 of 1974), the Central Government hereby appoints of Mrs. Ruma Anil Navale, Advocate as Additional Public Prosecutor for the purpose of conducting all criminal cases including criminal writ petitions, criminal appeals, criminal revisions, criminal references and eriminal applications by or against the Union of India or any Department or Office of the Central Government, in the High Court of Judicature at Mumbai, with immediate effect

for a period of two years or until further orders, whichever is earlier, subject to the condition that Mrs. Ruma Anil Navale, Advocate shall not appear against the Union of India or any Department or Office of the Central Government in any criminal case referred to above in the High Court of Judicature at Mumbai during the period of her appointment.

> IF. No. 23(2)/2007-Judl.1 M. A. KHAN YUSUFI, Jt. Secy. and G.C.

विस मंत्रालय

(वित्तीय सेवाएं विभाग)

नई दिल्ली, 7 जनवरी, 2008

का.आ. 86.-भारतीय निर्यात-आयात बैंक अधिनियम, 1981 (1981 का 28) की धारा 6 की उपधारा (1) के खंड (ङ) के उप खंड (1) के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार, एतदद्वारा डॉ. के.सी. चर्म्रवर्ती, अध्यक्ष एवं प्रबंध निदेशक, पंजाब नेशनल बैंक को उनके पद ग्रहण करने की तारीख से तीन वर्ष की अवधि के लिए अथवा अगले आदेश होने तक जो भी पहले हो, भारतीय निर्यात आयात बैंक के निदेशक मंडल में अंशकालिक गैर-सरकारी निदेशक के पद पर नियंक्त करती है।

[फा. सं. 24/27/2002-आईएफ-1] रमन कुमार गौड, अवर सचिव

MINISTRY OF FINANCE (Department of Financial Services)

New Delhi, the 7th January, 2008

S.O. 86.—In pursuance of sub-clause (ii) of clause (e) of sub-section (1) of Section 6 of the Export Import Bank of India Act, 1981 (28 of 1981), Central Government hereby appoints Dr. K.C. Chakrabarty, Chairman & Managing Director, Punjab National Bank as part-time nonofficial Director, on the Board of Directors of Exim Bank for a period of three years from the date of taking over charge of the post or until further orders, whichever is earlier.

> [F. No. 24/27/2002-IF-I] RAMAN KUMAR GAUR, Under Secy. नई दिल्ली, 7 जनवरी, 2008

का.आ. 87.-सरकारी स्थान (अप्राधिकृत अधिभोगियों की बेदखली) अधिनियम, 1971 (1971 का 40) की धारा 3 द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए और दिनांक 12-2-2001 के भारत सरकार, वित्त मंत्रालय, आर्थिक कार्य विभाग, (बैंकिंग प्रभाग) की अर्षिसूचना 🛊 13-1-2001-बीओए का अधिक्रमण करते हुए, केन्द्र सरकार, एतवुद्धारा, सरकार के राजपत्रित अधिकारी के स्तर के समकक्ष अधिकारी होते पर निम्नलिखित सारणी के कालम (2) में उल्लिखित अधिकारियों को उक्त अधिनयम के प्रयोजन के लिए सम्पदा अधिकारियों के रूप में नियुक्त करती है, जो सारणी के कालम (3) में उल्लिखित सरकारी स्थानों के संबंध में उक्त अधिनियम द्वारा या

उसके अधीन सम्पदा अधिकारियों को प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करेंगे और उन्हें सींपे गए कर्तब्यों को पूरा करेंगे :-

	स्रा	(4)1
क्रम सं.	अधिकारी का पदनाम	सरकारी स्थानों की श्रेणियां तथा क्षेत्राधिकार की स्थानीय सीमाएं
(1)	(2)	(3)
1.	सहायक महाप्रबंधक, (सामान्य प्रशा.), यूको. बैंक, 1, आर.एन. मुखर्जी रोड, कोलकाता- 700001	यूको बैंक के अपने अथवा उसके द्वारा अथवा उसकी ओर से पट्टे पर लिए गए तथा पश्चिम बंगाल राज्य में स्थित स्थान।

- अंचल प्रबंधक, अंचल कार्यालय, लखनऊ, स्काईलार्क बिल्डिंग, 28, नवल किशोर रोड. লম্বনজ-226001
- अंचल प्रबंधक, अंचल कार्यालय, रायपुर, 97, आनंद नगर, जी.ई. रोड, रायपुर-492001
- अंचल प्रबंधक, अंचल कार्यालय, बरेली, 35/ए/8,- रामपुर गार्डन, प्रभा सिनेमा के सामने, बरेली-243001
- अंचल प्रबंधक, अंचल कार्यालय, रांची, राजेन्द्र जवान भवन, सह सैनिक बाजार, मेन रोड, रांची-834001
- अंचल प्रबंधक, अंचल कार्यालय, युको बैंक, 5, संसद मार्ग, नई दिल्ली-110001
- अंचल प्रबंधक, अंचल 7. कार्यालय, युको बैंक, युको बैंक बिल्डिंग, 169, थम्बू चेट्टी स्ट्रीट, चेन्नई,-600001
- सहायक प्रबंधक, अंचल कार्यालय, यूको बैंक, मफतलाल सेंटर (दूसरी मंजिल), नरीमन प्वाइंट, मुम्बई-400021

युक्ती बैंक के अपने अथवा उसके द्वारा अथवा उसकी ओर से पद्टे पर लिए गए तथा उत्तर प्रदेश राज्य में स्थित स्थान ।

यूको बैंक के अपने अथवा उसके द्वारां अथवा उसकी ओर से पट्टे पर लिए गए तथा छत्तीसगढ राज्य में स्थित स्थान ।

युक्ती बैंक के अपने अथवा उसके द्वारा अथवा उसकी ओर से पट्टे पर लिए गए तथा उत्तराखंड राज्य में स्थित स्थान ।

युको बैंक के अपने अथवा उसके द्वारा अथवा उसकी ओर से पट्टे पर लिए गए तथा झारखंड राज्य में स्थित स्थान ।

युको बैंक के अपने अथवा उसके द्वारा अथवा उसकी ओर से पट्टे पर लिए गए तथा राष्ट्रीय राजधानी क्षेत्र दिल्ली और जम्मू एवं कश्मीर राज्व में स्थित स्थान ।

युक्तो बैंक के अपने अथवा उसके द्वारा अथवा उसकी ओर से पट्टे पर लिए गए तथा तमिलनाडु राज्य तथा पांडचेरी संघ राज्य क्षेत्र में रिथत स्थान ।

युको बैंक के अपने अथवा उसके द्वारा अथवा उसकी ओर से पट्टे पर लिए गए तथा महाराष्ट्र एवं गोवा राज्य तथा दमन एवं दीव संघ राज्य क्षेत्र में दीव क्षेत्र में स्थित स्थान ।

(1)	(2)	(3)	(1)	(2)	, (3)
9.	अंचल प्रबंधक, अंचल कार्यालय, यूको बैंक, "मार्यलोक", "ए" ब्लाक, चौथी मंजिल, डाक बंगला रोड, पटना-800001 अंचल प्रबंधक, अंचल कार्यालय, यूको बैंक, यूको बैंक बिल्डिंग,	यूको बैंक के अपने अथवा उसके द्वारा अथवा उसकी ओर से पट्टे पर लिए गए तथा बिहार राज्य में स्थित स्थान । यूको बैंक के अपने अथवा उसके द्वारा अथवा उसकी ओर से पट्टे पर लिए गए तथा उड़ीसा राज्य	17.	अंचल प्रबंधक, अंचल कार्यालय, यूको बैंक, पो.बा.सं. 59, हिमलैण्ड होटल, सर्कुलर रोड, शिमला-171001 अंचल प्रबंधक, अंचल कार्यालय, यूको बैंक, 8-2-64, भूतल, रोड	यूको बैंक के अपने अथवा उसके द्वारा अथवा उसकी ओर से पट्टे पर लिए गए तथा हिमाचल प्रदेश राज्य में स्थित स्थान । यूको बैंक के अपने अथवा उसके द्वारा अथवा उसकी ओर से पट्टे पर लिए गए तथा आन्ध्र प्रदेश
	यूना बना बाल्डन, सी-2, अशोक नगर, यूनिट-2, भुवनेश्वर-751009	में स्थित स्थान ।	19.	नं. 10, बंजारा हिल्स, हैदराबाद-500034 अंचल प्रबंधक, अंचल	राज्य में स्थित स्थान । युको बैंक के अपने अथवा उसके
11.	अंचल प्रबंधक, अंचल कार्यालय, यूको बैंक, मणिराम दीवान रोड, सिलपुखुरी, गुवाहाटी-781003	यूको बैंक के अपने अथवा उसके द्वारा अथवा उसकी ओर से पट्टे पर लिए गए तथा असम, मेघालय, त्रिपुरा, मणिपुर, नागालैण्ड, अरुणाचल प्रदेश और मिजोरम		कार्यालय, यूको बैंक, टीसी 25/2286 (1), यूको बैंक बिल्डिंग, ओवर ब्रिज जंक्शन, तिरुवनंतपुरम-695001	द्वारा अथवा उसकी ओर से पट्टे पर लिए गए तथा केरल राज्य में स्थित स्थान ।
		राज्य में स्थित स्थान ।			फा. सं. 65 (2)/2007-बी ओ-II]
12.	अंचल प्रबंधक, अंचल कार्यालय, युको बैंक,	यूको बैंक, के अपने अथवा उसके द्वारा अथवा उसकी ओर से पट्टे			एस. गोपाल कृष्ण, अवर सचिव
·	युको भवन, पो.बा.सं.	पर लिए गए तथा गुजरात राज्य			7th January, 2008
	4085, सत्यास आश्रम	तथा दमन एवं दीव संघ राज्य	Sect		e of the powers conferred by ses (Eviction of Unauthorised
	के निकट, आश्रम रोड,	क्षेत्र में दमन क्षेत्र में स्थित स्थान।			f 1971) and in supersession of
	अहमदाबाद-380009	,	the P	Notification of the Gove	rnment of India in the Ministry
13.	अंचल प्रबंधक, अंचल	- यूको बैं क के अपने अथवा उसके			onomic Affairs, No. 13/1/2001- e Central Government hereby
	कार्यालय, यूको बैंक,	द्वारा अथवा उसकी ओर से पट्टे			ned in column (2) of the Table
	एससीओ 55-57, बैंक	पर लिए गए तथा पंजाब एवं			alent to the rank of a Gazetted
	स्क्वायर, सेक्टर-17बी,	हरियाणा राज्य तथा चण्डीगढ्			Estate Officers for the purpose exercise the powers conferred
	चण्डीगढ्-160017	संघ राज्य क्षेत्र में स्थित स्थान ।			sed on the Estate Officer by or
14.	अंचल प्रबंधक, अंचल	यूको बैंक के अपने अथवा उसके	unde		spect of the public premises
	कार्यालय, यूको बैंक,	द्वारा अथवा उसकी ओर से पट्टे	•	· -	BLE
	आर्केंड इंटरनेशनल,	पर लिए गए तथा राजस्थान			

अजमेर रोड सिविल

(राजस्थान)

15.

16.

लाइन्स, जयपुर-302016

अंचल ग्रबंधक, अंचल

कार्यालय, युको बैंक,

ई/5, अरेरा कालोनी,

अंचल प्रबंधक, अंचल

13/22, केंपेगोडा रोड,

कार्यालय, यूको बैंकं, युको बैंक बिल्डिंग,

बेंगलूर-560009

भोपाल-462016

राज्य में स्थित स्थान ।

यूको बैंक के अपने अथवा उसके

द्वारा अथवा उसकी ओर से पट्टे

पर लिए गए तथा मध्य प्रदेश राज्य में स्थित स्थान ।

यूको बैंक के अपने अथवा उसके

द्वारा अथवा उसकी ओर से पट्टे

पर लिए गए तथा कर्नाटक

राज्य में स्थित स्थान ।

No.	officer	Premises And Local Limits of Jurisdiction
(1)	(2)	(3)
1.	Asstt. General Manager, (General Administration), UCO Bank, 1, R.N. Mukherjee Rd., Kolkata-700 001.	Premises belonging to or taken on lease by or on behalf of the UCO Bank and situated in the State of West Bengal.
2	Zonal Manager, Zonal Office, Lucknow, Skylark Building, 28, Nawal Kishore Road, Lucknow-226001	Premises belonging to or taken on lease by or on behalf of the UCO Bank and situated in the State of Uttar Pradesh.

Categories of Public

Designation of the

(2)	(3)	(1)	(2)	(3)
97, Anar G. E. Ros Raipur-49 Zonal M Zonal Of 35/A/8-R Opp. Pra	ffice, Raipur, ad Nagar, ad, 92001 anager, fice, Bareilly ampur Garden bha Cinema	Premises belonging to or taken on lease by or on behalf of the UCO Bank and situated in the State of Chattisgarh. Premises belonging to or taken on lease by or on behalf of the UCO Bank and situated in the State of	12.	Zonal Manager, Zonal Office, UCO Bank, UCO Bhawan, PB No. 4085, Near Sanyas Ashram, Ashram Road, Ahmedabad-380 009. Zonal Manager, Zonal Office, UCO	Premises belonging to or taken on lease by or on behalf of the UCO Bank and situated in the State of Gujarat and Daman area in the Union Territory of Dama & Diu. Premises belonging to or taken on lease by or on
Rajendra Bhawan	anager, fice, Ranchi I Jawan Cum Sainik lain Road,	Uttarakhand. Premises belonging to or taken on lease by or on behalf of the UCO Bank and situated in the State of Jharkhand.	14.	Bank, S.C.O. 55-57, Bank Square, Sector- 17B, Chandigarh- 160017. Zonal Manager,	behalf of the UCO Bank and situated in the State of Punjab & Haryana and in the Union Territory of Chandigarh Premises belonging to or
Zonal M Zonal Of Bank, 5,	anager,	and situated in the National Capital Territoy of Delhi and		Zonal Office, UCO Bank, Arcade Inter- national, Ajmer Road, Civil Lines, Jaipur- 302016, (Rajasthan).	taken on lease by or on behalf of the UCO Bank and situated in the State of Rajasthan.
Bank, U(Building,	fice, UCO CO Bank 169, Thambu,	State of Jammu & Kashmir. Premises belonging to or taken on lease by or on behalf of the UCO Bank and situated in the State of	15.	Zonal Manager, Zonal Office, UCO Bank, E/5, Area Colony, Bhopal- 462016.	Premises belonging to or taken on lease by or on behalf of the UCO Bank and situated in the State Madhya Pradesh.
Zonal Of Bank, Ma (2nd floo	600 001. neral Manager fice, UCO afatlal Centre r), Nariman	Tamilaadu and in the Union Territory of Pondicherry. Premises belonging to or taken on lease by or on behalf of the UCO Bank and situated in the States	16.	Zonal Manager, Zonal Office, UCO Bank, UCO Bank Building, 13/22, Kem- pegowda Road, Bangalore-560009.	Premises belonging to or taken on lease by or on behalf of the UCO Bank and situated in the State Karnataka.
Zonal M Zonal Of Bank, 'M	fice, UCO auryalok',	of Maharashtra & Goa and Diu area in the Union Territory of Daman & Diu. Premises belonging to or taken on lease by or on behalf of the UCO Bank	17.	Zonal Manager, Zonal Office, UCO Bank, P.B. No. 59, Himland Hotel, Circular Road, Shimla-171001.	Premises belonging to or taken on lease by or on behalf of the UCO Bank and situated in the State Himachal Pradesh.
Dali Bun Patna-800 Zonal Ma Zonal Off Bank, UC	anager, fice, UCO O Bank	and situated in the State of Bihar. Premises belonging to or taken on lease by or on behalf of the UCO Bank	18.	Zonal Manager, Zonal Office, UCO Bank, 8-2-64, Gr. Floor, Road No. 10, Banjara Hills, Hyderabad- 500034.	Premises belonging to or taken on lease by or on behalf of the UCO Bank and situated in the State Andhra Pradesh.
Nagar, Un Bhubanes Zonal M Zonal Off Bank, Ma	swar-751009.	and situated in the State of Orissa. Premises belonging to or taken on lease by or on behalf of the UCO Bank and situated in the States	19	Zonal Manager, Zonal Office, UCO Bank, TC 25/2286(1), UCO Bank Building, Over Bridge Junction, Thiruvananthapuram-	Premises belonging to or taken on lease by or on behalf of the UCO Bank and situated in the State Kdrala.

Mizoram.

[F. No. 65 (2)/2007-BO. II] S. GOPAL KRISHNA, Under Secy.

नई दिल्ली, 7 दिसम्बर, 2007

का.आ. 88.—राष्ट्रीयकृत बैंक (प्रबन्ध एवं प्रकीण उपबंध) स्कीम, 1970/1980 के खण्ड 3 के उपखण्ड (1) के साथ पठित, बैंककारी कंपनी (उपक्रमों का अर्जन एवं अंतरण) अधिनियम, 1970/1980 की धारा 9 की उपधारा 3(ज) और (3-क) द्वारा प्रदत्त शिक्तयों का प्रयोग करते हुए, केन्द्रीय सरकार, एतद्द्वारा, श्री सतीश गोयल को अधिसूचना की तिथि से तीन वर्ष की अवधि के लिए अथवा उनके उत्तराधिकारी की नियुक्ति होने तक अथवा अगले आदेशों तक, जो भी पहले हो, कार्पोरेशन बैंक के निदेशक मंडल में अंशकालिक गैर-सरकारी निदेशक के रूप में नियुक्त करती है।

[फा. सं. 9/22/2006-बीओ-1] जी. बी. सिंह, उप सचिव

New Delhi, the 7th December, 2007

S.O. 88.—In exercise of the powers conferred by of sub-clause 3(h) and (3-A) of Section 9 of the Banking Companies (Acquisition & Transfer of Undertakings) Act, 1970/1980 read with sub-clause (1) of clause 3 of the Nationalized Banks (Management & Miscellaneous Provisions) Scheme, 1970/1980, the Central Government, hereby nominates Shri Satish Goel, as part time non-official director on the Board of Directors of Corporation Bank for a period of three years from the date of notification or until further orders, whichever is earlier.

[F. No. 9/22/2006-BO-1] G. B. SINGH, Dy. Secy.

नई दिल्ली, 11 जनवरी, 2008

का.आ. 89.—निक्षेप बीमा और प्रत्यय गारंटी निगम अधिनियम, 1961 (1961 का 47) की धारा 6 की उपधारा (2) के खण्ड (ii) के साथ पठित धारा 6 की उपधारा (1) के खण्ड (घ) द्वारा प्रदत्त शिवतयों का प्रयोग करते हुए, केन्द्रीय सरकार, भारतीय रिजर्व बैंक से परामर्श करने के पश्चात्, एतद्द्वारा, श्री उमेश चन्द्र सारंगी, अध्यक्ष, नाबार्ड को अधिसूचना जारी किए जाने की तारीख से और दिनांक 2—12—2010 तक अर्थात् नाबार्ड के अध्यक्ष के रूप में उनके कार्यकाल की समाप्ति तक अथवा अगले आदेशों तक, जो भी पहले हो, श्री वाई एस.पी. थोराट के स्थान पर निक्षेप बीमा और प्रत्यय गारंटी निगम (डीआईसीजीसी) के निदेशक मण्डल में निदेशक के रूप में नामित करती है।

[फा. सं. 7/4/2007-बीओ-1] जी. बी. सिंह, उप सचिव

New Delhi, the 11th January, 2008

S.O. 89.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (d) of sub-section (1) of Section 6 read with clause (ii) of sub-section 2 of Section 6 of the Deposit Insurance and Credit Guarantee Corporation Act, 1961 (47 of 1961), the Central Government in consultation with Reserve Bank of India, hereby nominates Shri Umesh Chandra Sarangi, Chairman, NABARD as a director on the Board of Directors of Deposit Insurance and Credit Guarantee Corporation

(DICGC) from the date of notification and upto 02-12-2010 i.e. the date of expiry of his tenure as Chairman, NABARD or until further orders whichever is earlier vice Shri Y.S.P. Thorat.

[F. No. 7/4/2007-BO-1] G. B. SINGH, Dy. Secy.

नई दिल्ली, 15 जनवरी, 2008

का.आ. 90. — बैंककारी विनियमन अधिनियम, 1949 (1949 का 10) की धारा 53 द्वारा प्रदत्त शिक्तयों का प्रयोग करते हुए, केन्द्रीय सरकार, भारतीय रिजर्व बैंक की सिफारिश पर, एतद्द्वारा घोषणा करती है कि उपरोक्त अधिनियम की धारा 13 के उपबंध, इस अधिसूचना की तारीख से पांच वर्षों के लिए बैंक आफ इंडिया पर लागू नहीं होंगे।

[फा. सं. 11/8/2007-बीओए] डी. पी. भारद्वाज, उप सचिव

New Delhi, the 15th January, 2008

S.O. 90.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 53 of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 (10 of 1949), the Government of India, on the recommendation of Reserve Bank of India, hereby declares that the provisions of Section 13 of the said Act shall not apply, for a period of five years from the date of this Notification, to Bank of India.

[F. No. 11/8/2007-BOA] D. P. BHARDWAJ, Dy. Secy.

(राजस्व विभाग)

केन्द्रीय आर्थिक आसूचना ब्यूरो (कोफेपोसा अनुभाग)

आदेश

नई दिल्ली, 8 जनवरी, 2008

का.आ. 91.—यत: संयुक्त सचिव, भारत सरकार जिन्हें विदेशी मुद्रा संरक्षण और तस्करी निवारण अधिनियम, 1974 (1974 का 52) की धारा 3 की उप-धारा (1) के अन्तर्गत विशेष रूप से शक्ति प्रदान की गई है, ने उक्त उप-धारा के अधीन आदेश फाइल सं 673/06/2007-सी.यू.एस.-8, दिनांक 05-12-2007 को जारी किया और यह निर्देश दिया कि श्री दीपक कुमार, उर्फ दीपक बन्ना, सुपुत्र श्री ओम प्रकाश बन्ना, निवासी-1431, गोपाल स्ट्रीट, संगत रशन, पहाड़गंज, नई दिल्ली को निरुद्ध कर लिया जाए और केन्द्रीय कारागार, तिहाड़, नई दिल्ली में अभिरक्षा में रखा जाए ताकि उन्हें भविष्य में चीजों की तस्करी करने से राका जा सके।

- 2. अत: केन्द्रीय सरकार के पास यह विश्वास करने का कारण है कि पूर्वोक्त च्यक्ति फरार हो गया है या स्वयं को छिपा रखा है जिससे यह आदेश निष्पादित नहीं किया जा सकता।
- 3. अत: अब उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 7 की उप-धारा (1) के खण्ड (ख) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्ति का प्रयोग करते हुए केन्द्रीय सरकार एतद्द्वारा पूर्वोक्त व्यक्ति को यह निर्देश देती है कि वह शासकीय

राजपत्र में इस आदेश के प्रकाशित होने के 7 दिन के भीतर पुलिस आयुक्त, दिल्ली के सम्मुख उपस्थित हो ।

> [फा. सं. 673/06/2007-सि.यू.एस. VIII] वी. के. खन्ता. उप सचिव

(Department of Revenue) (COFEPOSA SECTION)

CENTRAL ECONOMIC INTELLIGENCE BUREAU ORDER

New Delhi, the 8th January, 2008

- S.O. 91.—Whereas the Joint Secretary to the Government of India, specially empowered under subsection (1) of Section 3 of the Conservation of Foreign Exchange and Prevention of Smuggling Activities Act, 1974 (52 of 1974) issued order F. No. 673/06/2007-Cus. VIII dated 05-12-2007 under the said sub-section directing that Shri Deepak Kumar @ Deepak Batra, S/o Shri Om Prakash Batra, R/o 1431, Gopal Street, Sangat Rashan, Pahar Ganj, New Delhi be detained and kept in custody in the Central Jail, Tihar, New Delhi with a view to preventing him from Smuggling goods in future,
- 2. Whereas the Central Government has reasons to believe that the aforesaid person has absconded or is concealing himself so that the order cannot be executed.
- 3. Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (b) of sub-section (1) of Section 7 of the said Act, the Central Government hereby directs the aforesaid person to appear before the Commissioner of Police, Delhi within 7 days of the publication of this order in the Official Gazette.

[F. No. 673/06/2007-Cus. VIII]V. K. KHANNA, Dy. Secy.

विदेश मंत्रालय

(सी.पी.वी, प्रभाग)

नई दिल्ली, 31 दिसम्बर, 2007

का.आ. 92.—राजनियक कौंसली अधिकारी (शपथ एवं शुल्क) अधिनियम 1948 (1948 का 41वां) के खण्ड 2 के अंक (क) के अनुस्रण में केन्द्रीय सरकार एतद्द्वारा भारत का राजदूतावास, वियंशियेन में श्री प्रवीन सी. काला, सहायक को 31-12-2007 से सहायक कौंसली अधिकारी का कार्य करने हेत प्राधिकत करती है।

[सं. टी-4330/01/2006]

प्रीतम लाल, अवर सचिव (कौंसलर)

MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (C.P.V. Division)

New Delhi, the 31st December, 2007

S.O. 92.—In pursuance of the clause (a) of the Section 2 of the Diplomatic and Consular Officers (Oaths and fees) Act, 1948, the Central Government hereby authorize Shri Praveen C. Kala, Assistant to perform the duties of

Assistant Consular Officer in the Embassy of India, Vientiane with effect from 31st December, 2007.

[No. T. 4330/1/2006]

PRITAM LAL, Under Secy. (Consular)

स्वास्थ्य और परिवार कल्याण मंत्रालय

नई दिल्ली, 7 जनवरी, 2008

क्रा.आ. 93.—कंन्द्र सरकार ने भारतीय आयुर्विज्ञान परिषद् अधिनियम, 1956 (1956 का 102) की धारा 3 की उपधारा (1) के खण्ड (क) के अनुसरण में और आरूणाचल प्रदेश सरकार से परामर्श करने के बाद डा. हेग लेडर, निदेशक, स्वास्थ्य सेवाएं, अरूणाचल प्रदेश, नाहरलगुन को 16-12-2007 से पांच वर्षों के लिए भारतीय आयुर्विज्ञान परिषद के सदस्य के रूप में मनोनीत किया गया है।

अत: अब उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 3 की उपधारा (1) के उपबंध के अनुसरण में, केन्द्र सरकार एतद्द्वारा भारत सरकार के तत्कालीन स्वास्थ्य मंत्रालय की दिनांक 9 जनवरी, 1960 की अधिसूचना संख्या का.आ. 138 में निम्नलिखित और संशोधन करती है, अर्थात्:~

उक्त अधिसूचना में ''धारा 3 की उपधारा (1) के खण्ड (क) के अधीन मनोनीत'' शीर्षक के अंतर्गत क्रम संख्या 24 और उससे संबंधित प्रविष्टियों के स्थान पर निम्नलिखित प्रविष्टियां प्रतिस्थापित की जाएंगी; अर्थात्:-

> ''24. डा. हेग लेडर, अरूणाचल प्रदेश सरकार'' निदेशक, स्वास्थ्य सेवाएं, अरूणाचल प्रदेश, नाहरलगुन

> > [संख्या वी-11013/2/2007-एमई (नीति-1)] टी. जे. एस. चावला, अवर सचिव

MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE

New Delhi, the 7th January, 2008

S.O. 93.—Whereas the Central Government, in pursuance of clause (a) of sub-section (1) of Section 3 of the Indian Medical Council Act, 1956 (102 of 1956) and in consultation with the Government of Arunachal Pradesh have nominated Dr. Hage Lador, Director of Health Services, Arunachal Pradesh, Naharlagun to be a member of the Medical Council of India for five years with effect from 16-12-2007.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the provision of sub section (1) of Section 3 of the said Act, the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendment in the Notification of the Government of India in the then Ministry of Health number S.O. 138 dated the 9th January, 1960, namely:—

In the said Notification, under the heading, "Nominated under clause (a) of sub section (1) of Section

3", for serial number 24 and the entries thereto, the following entries shall be substituted, namely:—

"24. Dr. Hage Lador Govt. of Arunachal Pradesh"
Director of Health
Services, Arunachal
Pradesh, Naharlagun

[No. V. 11013/2/2007-ME (P-I)] T. J. S. CHAWLA, Under Secy.

उपभोक्ता मामले, खाद्य और सार्वजनिक वितरण मंत्रालय

(उपभोक्ता मामले विभाग)

भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो

नई दिल्ली, 24 दिसम्बर, 2007

का.आ. 94.—भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो नियम, 1987 के नियम 7 के उपनियम (1) के खंड (ख). के अनुसरण में भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो एतद्द्वारा अधिसूचित करता है कि अनुसूची में दिए गए मानक (कों) में संशोधन किया गया/किये गए हैं:-

अनसची

क्रम सं.	भारतीय म की संख्या शीर्षक	ानक(कों) वर्ष और	संशोधन की संख्या और तिथि	संशोधन की तिथि
(1)	(2)		(3)	(4)
1.	मृदु इस्यात तप्त निमन्	736 : 1986 निलकाओं प्रर जी जस्ता लेपन- पहला पुनरीक्षण)	संशोधन संख्या 4 नवम्बर 2007	30 नवम्बर 2007

इस मानक की प्रतियाँ भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो, मानक भवन, 9, बहादुर शाह जफर मार्ग, नई दिल्ली-110 002, क्षेत्रीय कार्यालयों : नई दिल्ली, कोलकाता, चण्डीगढ़, चेन्नई, मुम्बई तथा शाखा कार्यालयों : अहमदाबाद, बंगलौर, भोपाल, भुवनेश्वर, कोयम्बतूर, गुवाहाटी, हैदराबाद, जयपुर, कानपुर, नागपुर, पटना, पुणे तथा तिरूवनन्तापुरम में बिक्री हेत् उपलब्ध हैं।

[संदर्भ : एम.टी.डी. 24/टी-90]

डा. स्नेह भाटला, वैज्ञानिक 'एफ' एवं प्रमुख (एमटीडी)

MINISTRY OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS, FOOD AND PUBLIC DISTRIBUTION

(Department of Consumer Affairs)

BUREAU OF INDIAN STANDARDS

New Delhi, the 24th December, 2007

S.O. 94.—In pursuance of clause (b) of subrule (1) of 7 Rule of the Bureau of Indian Standards Rules, 1987, the Bureau of Indian Standards hereby notifies that amendments to the Indian Standards, particulars of which are given in the Schedule hereto annexed have been issued:

SCHEDULE

Sl. No.	No. & Year of the Indian Standards Established	No. and year of the amendment	Date from which the amendment shall have effect
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1.	IS 4736: 1986-Specification for Hot-Dip Zinc Coatings on Mild Steel Tubes (First Revision)	Amendment No. 4 November, 2007	30 November, 2007

Copy of this Amendment is available for sale with the Bureau of Indian Standards, Manak Bhavan, 9, Bahadur Shah Zafar Marg, New Delhi-110 002 and Regional Offices: New Delhi, Kolkata Chandigarh, Chennai, Mumbai and also Branch Offices: Ahmedabad, Bangalore, Bhopal, Bhubaneshwar, Coimbatore, Guwahati, Hyderabad, Jaipur, Kanpur, Nagpur, Patna, Pune, Thiruvananthapuram.

[Ref. MTD 24/T-90]

Dr. (Mrs.) SNEH BHATLA, Sc. 'F' & Head (MTD)

नई दिल्ली, 4 जनवरी, 2008

का.आ. 95.—भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो नियम 1987 के नियम 7 के उपनियम (1) के खंड (ख) के अनुसरण में भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो एतद्द्वारा अधिसूचित करता है कि नीचे अनुसूची में दिए गए मानक(कों) में संशोधन किया गया/किये गये हैं:-

अनसची

		30	
क्रम संख्य	संशोधित भारतीय 1 मानक(कों) की संख्या, वर्ष और शीर्षक	संशोधन की संख्या और तिथि	संशोधन लागू होने की तिथि
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1.	आईएस 15652 : 2006, विद्युत प्रयोजनों के लिए विद्युतरोधी मैट-विशिष्टि	01 नवम्बर, 2007	02-01-2008

इस संशोधन की प्रतियाँ भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो, मानक भवन, 9, बहादुरशाह जफर मार्ग, नई दिल्ली-110 002, क्षेत्रीय कार्यालयों : नई दिल्ली, कोलकाता, चण्डीगढ़, चेन्नई, मुम्बई तथा शाखा कार्यालयों : अहमदाबाद, बंगलौर, भोपाल, भुवनेश्वर, कोयम्बतूर, गुवाहाटी, हैदराबाद, जयपुर, कानपुर, नागपुर, पटना, पुणे तथा तिरूवनन्तापुरम में बिक्री हेतु उपलब्ध हैं।

[संदर्भ : ईटी 02/टी-154]

पी. के. मुखर्जी, वैज्ञानिक 'एफ' एवं प्रमुख (विद्युत तकनीकी)

New Delhi, the 4th January, 2008

S.O. 95.—In pursuance of clause (b) of sub-rule (1) of Rule 7 of the Bureau of Indian Standards Rules, 1987, the Bureau of Indian Standards hereby notifies that amendments to the Indian Standards, particulars of which are given in the Schedule hereto annexed has been issued:

SCHEDULE .

Sl. No	No and year of the Indian Standards	No. and year of the amendment	Date from which the amendment shall have effect
(1)	Q)	(3)	(4)
1.	IS 15652: 2006 Insulating Mats for Electrical Purposes—Specification	01 November, 2007	02-01-2008

Copy of this Amendment is available for sale with the Bureau of Indian Standards, Manak Bhavan, 9, Bahadur Shah Zafar Marg, New Delhi-110 002 and Regional Offices: New Delhi, Kolkata Chandigarh, Chennai, Mumbai and also Branch Offices: Ahmedabad, Bangalore, Bhopal, Bhubaneshwar, Coimbatore, Guwahati, Hyderabad, Jaipur, Kanpur, Nagpur, Patha, Pune, Thiruvananthapuram.

[Ref. ET 02/T-154]

P. K. MUKHERJEE, Sc. 'F' & Head (Electrotechnical)

नई दिल्ली, 7 जनवरी, 2008

काआ. 96.—भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो नियम 1987 के नियम 7 के उपनियम (1) के खंड (ख) के अनुसरण में भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो एतद्वारा अधिसूचित करता है कि नीचे अनुसूची में दिए गए मानक(कों) में संशोधन किया गया/किये गये हैं:-

अनुसूची

क्रम संख्या	मंशोधित भारतीय मानक(कों) की संख्या और	वर्ष	संशोधन की संख्या और तिथि	संशोधन लागू होने की तिथि
(1)	(2)		(3)	(4)
1.	आई एस 12634 : 1989	A	1 दिसम्बर, 2007	31 दिसम्बर, 2007
2.	आई एस 13047 : 1991		1 दिसम्बर, 2007	31 दिसम्बर, 2007

इन भारतीय संशोधन की प्रतियाँ भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो, मानक भवन, 9, बहादुरशाह जफर मार्ग, नई दिल्ली-110 002, क्षेत्रीय कार्यालयों : नई दिल्ली, कोलकाता, चण्डीगढ़, चेन्नई, मुम्बई तथा शाखा कार्यालयों : अहमदाबाद, बंगलौर, भोपाल, भुवनेश्वर, कोयम्बतूर, गुवाहाटी, हैदराबाद, जयपुर, कानपुर, नागपुर, पटना, पुणे तथा तिरूवनन्तापुरम में बिक्री हेतु उपलब्ध हैं ।

[संदर्भ : सीईडी/राजपत्र]

ए. के. सैनी, वैज्ञानिक 'एफ' एवं प्रमुख (सिविल इंजीनियरी)

New Delhi, the 7th January, 2008

S.Q. 96.—In pursuance of clause (b) of sub-rule (1) of Rule 7 of the Bureau of Indian Standards Rules, 1987, the Bureau of Indian Standards hereby notifies that amendments to the Indian Standards, particulars of which are given in the Schedule hereto annexed have been issued:

SCHEDULE

Sl. No.	No	and year of the Indian Standards	No. and year of the amendment	Date from which the amendment shall have effect
(1)		(2)	(3)	(4)
1.	1S	12634:1989	1 December, 2007	31 December, 2007
1.	1S	13047:1991	1 December, 2007	31 December, 2007

Copy of this Standard is available for sale with the Bureau of Indian Standards, Manak Bhavan, 9, Bahadur Shah Zafar Marg, New Delhi-I 10 002 and Regional Offices: New Delhi, Kolkata Chandigarh, Chennai, Mumbai and also Branch Offices: Alimedabad, Bangalore, Bhopal, Bhubaneshwar, Coimbatore, Guwahati, Hyderabad, Jaipur, Kanpur, Nagpur, Patna, Pune, Thiruvananthapuram.

[Ref. CED/Gazette]

A. K. SAINI, Sc. 'F' & Head (Civil Engg.)

नई दिल्ली, 7 जनवरी, 2008

का.आ. 97.-भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो नियम, 1987 के नियम 7 के उपनियम (1) के खंड (ख) के अनुसरण में भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो एतद्द्वारा अधिसूचित करता है कि जिन भारतीय मानकों के विवरण नीचे अनुसूची में दिए गए हैं, वे स्थापित हो गए हैं:-

अ	सुची
vı,	7/7

क्रम संख्या	स्थापित मारतीय मानक(कों) की संख्या, वर्ष और शीर्षक	नये भारतीय मानक द्वारा अतिक्रमित भारतीय मानक अथवा मानकों, यदि कोई हो, की संख्या और वर्ष	स्थापित तिथि
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1.	आईएस/आईएसओ 1925 : 2001 यांत्रिक कंपन- सन्तुलन+शब्दावली	आईएस 13274 : 1992/आईएसओ 1925 : 1990 यॉत्रिक कंपन—तुलन–शब्दावली	30 सितम्बर, 2007
2.	आईएस/आईएसओ 5344 : 2004 विद्युत गतिक कंपन जनित्र प्रणाली—कार्यकारिता अभिलक्षण (पहला पुनरीक्षण)	आईएस/आईएसओ 5344 : 1980 विकंपन उत्पन्न करने के लिए विद्युत-गतिकीय परीक्षण उपस्कर-उपस्कर के लक्षण बताने की पद्धतियां	31 अक्तूबर, 2007
3.	आईएस/आईएसओं 5982 : 2001 यांत्रिक कंपन और शॉक—उर्घ्वाधर कंपन के अंतर्गत बैठी स्थिति में शरीर अनुक्रिया अभिलक्षणों को ॲकित करने हेतु आदर्शकृत भागों की रेंज	आईएस 14730 : 2000/आईएसओ 5982 : 1981 कंपन और प्रधात—मनुष्य के यांत्रिक चालन केन्द्र की प्रतिबाधा	31 अक्तूबर, 2007
4.	आईएसओं 5349-1:2001 याँत्रिक कंपन- हस्त संवरित कंपन का मानव पर प्रभाव का मापन और मूल्यांकन:भाग 1 सामान्य अपेक्षाएं (पहला पुनरीक्षण)	आईएस/आईएसओ 5349: 1986 यांत्रिक कंपन—मानव शरीर में हाथ के माध्यम से हुए विकम्पन के मापन और मूल्यांकन के मार्गदर्शी सिद्धांत	30 नवम्बर, 2007
5.	आईएस/आईएसओं 5349-2:2001 यांत्रिक कंपन- हस्त संवरित कंपन का मानव पर प्रभाव का मापन और मूल्यांकन: भाग 2 कार्यस्थलों पर मापन की व्यावहारिक मार्गदर्शिका (पहला पुनरीक्षण)	आईएस/आईएसओं 5349 : 1986 यांत्रिक कंपन—मानव शरीर में हाथ के माध्यम से हुए विकम्पन के मापन और मूल्यांकन के मार्गदर्शी सिद्धांत	30 नवम्बर, 2007
6.	आईएस/आईएसओ 7475 : 2002 यांत्रिक कंपन- संतुलन मशीनें-मापन स्टेशन के लिए अहाते और अन्य संरक्षी उपाय	आईएस 14734 : 1999/आईएसओ 7475 : 1984 संतुलन मशीन–आवेष्टन और अन्य सुरक्षा उपाय	31 अक्तूबर, 2007
7.	आईएस/आईएसओ 10055 : 1996 यांत्रिक कंपन- शिपबोर्ड के उपस्करों और मशीनरी के घटकों की कंपन परीक्षण अपेक्षाएं	-	31 अक्तूबर, 2007
8.	आईएस 3615 : 2007 प्रशीतन और वातानुकूलन सम्बन्धी शब्दावली (पहला पुनरीक्षण)	आईएस 3615 : 1967 प्रशीतन और वातानुकूलन संबंधी शब्दाषली	30 नवम्बर, 2007
9.	आईएस/आईएसओ 7131 : 1997 मिट्टी उठाने की मशीनरी—लोडर—शब्दावली और व्यापारिक विशिष्टियां	आईएस 11114 (भाग 4): 1993/ आईएसओ 7131: 1984 मिट्टी उठाने की मशीनरी—आयामों और सूचकों की परिभाषाएं; भाग 4 लोडर—शब्दावली और व्यापारिक विशिष्टियां	31 अक्तूबर, 2007

इस भारतीय मानक की प्रतियाँ भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो, मानक भवन, 9, बहादुर शाह जफर मार्ग, नई दिल्ली-110002, क्षेत्रीय कार्यालयों: नई दिल्ली, कोलकाता, चण्डीगढ़, चेन्नई, मुम्बई तथा शाखा कार्यालयों: अहमदाबाद, बंग्लौर, भोपाल, भुवनेश्वर, कोयम्बतूर, गुवाहाटी, हैदराबाद, जयपुर, कानपुर, नागपुर, पटना, पुणे तथा तिरुवनन्तापुरम में बिक्री हेतु उपलब्ध हैं।

[संदर्भ : एम.ई.डी./जी-2 : 1]

सी. के. वेदा, वैज्ञानिक 'एफ' एवं प्रमुख (यांत्रिक इंजीनियरिंग)

New Delhi, the 7th January, 2008

S.O. 97.—In pursuance of clause (b) of sub-rule (1) of Rule 7 of the Bureau of Indian Standard Rules, 1987, the Bureau of Indian Standards hereby notifies that the Indian Standards, particulars of which are given in the Schedule hereto annexed have been established on the date indicated against each:

CHEDULE

Sl. No.	No. & Year of the Indian Standards Established	No. & year of Indian Standards, if any, Superseded by the New Indian Standard	Date of Established
(1)	2)	(3)	(4)
1.	IS/ISO 1925: 2001 Mechanical vibration—balancing-Vocabulary	IS 13274: 1992/ISO 1925: 1990 Mechanical vibration-balancing- Vocabulary	30 September, 2007
2.	IS/ISO 5344: 2004 Electrodynamic vibration generating systems—Performance characteristics (First Revision)	IS/ISO 5344: 1980 Electrodynamic test equipment for generating Vibration—Method of describing equipment characteristics	31 October, 2007
3.	IS/ISO 5982: 2001 Mechanical vibration and shock—Range of idealized values to characterize seated-body biodynamic response under vertical vibration	IS 14730: 2000/ISO 5982: 1981 vibration and shock—Mechanical driving point impedance of the human body	31 October, 2007
4.	IS/ISO 5349-1: 2001 Mechanical vibration— Measurement and evaluation of human exposure to hand-transmitted vibration; Part 1 General requirements (First revision)	IS/ISO 5349: 1986 Mechanical vibration—Guidelines for measurement and the assessment of human exposure to hand-transmitted vibration	30 November, 2007
, 5.	IS/ISO 5349-2:2001 Mechanical vibration— Measurement and evaluation of human exposure to hand-Transmitted vibration; Part 2 Practical guidance for measurement at the workplace (First revision)	IS/ISO 5349: 1986 Mechanical vibration—Guidelines for measurement and the assessment of human exposure to hand-transmitted vibration	30 November, 2007
i 6 .	ISISO 7475: 2002 Mechanical vibration— Blancing machines-Enclosures and other protective measures for the measuring station	IS 14734: 1999/ISO 7475: 1984 Balancing machines—Enclosures and other safety measures	31 October, 2007
7.	IS/ISO 10055: 1996 Mechanical vibration— Vibration testing requirements for ship- board equipment and machinery components		31 October, 2007
	IS 3615: 2007 Glossary of terms used in refrigeration and air conditioning (First Revision)	IS 3615: 1967 Glossary of terms used in refrigeration and air conditioning	30 November, 2007
9.	IS/ISO 7131: 1997 Earth-moving machinery Loaders—Terminology and commercial specifications	IS 11114 (Part 4): 1993/ISO 7131: 1984 Earth moving machinery—Definition of dimensions and symbols; Part 4 Loaders—Terminology and commerical specifications (First revision)	31 October, 2007

Copy of these Standards is available for sale with the Bureau of Indian Standards, Manak Bhavan, 9, Bahadur Shah Zafar Marg, New Delhi-110002 and Regional Offices: New Delhi, Kolkata Chandigarh, Chennai, Mumbai and also Branch Offices: Ahmedabad, Bangalore, Bhopal, Bhubaneshwar, Coimbatore, Guwahati, Hyderabad, Jaipur, Kanpur, Nagpur, Patna, Pune, Thiruvananthapuram.

[Ref. MED/G-2:1]

नई दिल्ली, 9 जनवरी, 2008

का.आ. 98.—भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो नियम, 1987 के नियम 7 के उपनियम (1) के खंड (ख) के अनुसरण में भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो एतदृद्वारा अधिसूचित करता है कि जिस भारतीय मानक का विवरण नीचे अनुसूची में दिया गया है, वह स्थापित हो गया है :-

	अनुसूची							
क्रम संख्या	स्थापित भारतीय मानक(कों) की संख्या, वर्ष और शीर्षक	नये भारतीय मानक द्वारा अतिक्रमित भारतीय मानक अथवा मानकों, यदि कोई हो, की संख्या और वर्ष	स्थापित तिथि					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)					
1.	आईएस 15800 : 2007 गुणता प्रबन्ध पद्धतियां— जनता को सेवा देने वाले संगठनों द्वारा गुणता सेवा देने हेतु मार्गनिर्देश	-	31 दिसम्बर, 2007					

इस संशोधन की प्रतियाँ भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो, मानक भवन, 9, बहादुर शाह जफर मार्ग, नई दिल्ली-110002, क्षेत्रीय कार्यालयों: नई दिल्ली, कोलकाता, चण्डीगढ़, चेन्नई, मुम्बई तथा शाखा कार्यालयों: अहमदाबाद, बंगलौर, भोपाल, मुवनेश्वर, कोयम्बतूर, गुवाहाटी, हैदराबाद, जयपुर, कानपुर, नागपुर, पटना, पुणे तथा तिरुवनन्तापुरम में बिक्री हेतु उपलब्ध हैं।

[संदर्भ : एम एस डी/जी-8 अधिसूचना]

पी. भटनागर, वैज्ञानिक 'ई' एवं प्रमुख (प्रबन्ध एवं तंत्र)

New Delhi, the 9th January, 2008

S.O. 98.—In pursuance of clause (b) of sub-rule (1) of Rule 7 of the Bureau of Indian Standards Rules, 1987, the Bureau of Indian Standards hereby notifies that the Indian Standards, particulars of which are given in the Schedule hereto annexed has been established on the date indicated against each:

	i I	SCHEDULE	-
Sl. No.	No. and year of the Indian Standard Established	No. and year of Indian Standard, if any, Superseded by the New Indian Standard	Date of Established
(1)	2)	(3)	(4)
1	IS 15800: 2007 Quality Management Systems Guidelines for Service Quality by Public Service Organizations	, -	31 December, 2007

Copy of above Standard is available for sale with the Bureau of Indian Standards, Manak Bhavan, 9, Bahadur Shah Zafar Marg, New Delhi-110 002 and its Regional Offices at Kolkata, Chandigarh, Chennai, Mumbai and also Branch Offices at Ahmedabad, Bangaluru, Bhopal, Bhubaneshwar, Coimbatore, Guwahati, Hyderabad, Jaipur, Kanpur, Nagpur, Patna, Pune and Thiruvananthapuram.

[Ref: MSD/G-8 Notification]

P. BHATNAGAR, Scientist, E' & Head (MSD)

नई दिल्ली, 14 जनवरी, 2008

का.आ. 99.—भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो नियम, 1987 के नियम 7 के उपनियम (1) के खंड (ख) के अनुसरण में भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो एतद्द्वारा अधिसूचित करता है कि जिन भारतीय मानकों के विवरण नीचे अनुसूची में दिए गए हैं वे स्थापित हो गए हैं :-

अनुसूची								
क्रम संख्या	और शीर्षक			नये भारतीय मानक द्वारा अतिक्रमित भारतीय मानक अथवा मानकों, यदि कोई हों, की संख्या और वर्ष				
(1)		(2)		•	(3)	(4)		
1.	आईएस 1579 –विशिष्टि	91 : 2007, संग्रहालय प्लाईबुड		,	-	31 दिसम्बर, 2007		

1.

इस भारतीय मानक की प्रतियाँ भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो, मानक भवन, 9, बहादुरशाह जफर मार्ग, नई दिल्ली-110002, क्षेत्रीय कार्यालयों नई दिल्ली, कोलकाता, चण्डीगढ़, चेन्नई, मुम्बई तथा शाखा कार्यालयों अहमदाबाद, बंगलार, भीपाल, भुवनेश्वर, कोयम्बतूर, गुवाहाटी, हैदराबाद, जयपुर, कानपुर, नागपुर, पटना, पुणे तथा तिरूवनन्तापुरम में बिक्री हेतु उपलब्ध हैं।

[संदर्भ : सीईडी/राजपत्र]

ए. को. सैनी, वैज्ञानिक 'एफ' व प्रमुख (सिर्विल इंजीनियरी)

New Delhi, the 14th January, 2008

\$.0. 99.—In pursuance of clause (b) of sub-rule (1) of Rule 7 of the Bureau of Indian Standards Rules, 1987, the Bureau of Indian Standards hereby notifies that the Indian Standards, particulars of which are given in the Schedule hereto annexed has been established on the date indicated against each:

Sl. No. No. and year of the Indian Standards Established Standards Established Superseded by the New Indian Standard (1) (2) (3) (4)

Specification

Copy of this Standard is available for sale with the Bureau of Indian Standards, Manak Bhavan, 9, Bahadur Shah
Zafar Marg, New Delhi-110 002 and its Regional Offices: New Delhi, Kolkata, Chandigarh, Chennai, Mumbai and also
Branch Offices: Ahmedabad, Bangalore, Bhopal, Bhubaneshwar, Coimbatore, Guwahati, Hyderabad, Jaipur, Kanpur,

[Ref: CED/Gazette]

A. K. SAINI, Scientist 'F' & Head (Civil Engineering)

31 December, 2007

नई दिल्ली, 15 जनवरी, 2008

का.आ. 100.—भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो (प्रमाणन) विनियम, 1988 के नियम 4 के उपनियम (5) के अनुसरण में भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो एतहद्वारा अधिसूचित करता है कि जिन लाइसेंसों के विवरण नीचे अनुसूची में दिए गए हैं, वे स्वीकृत कर दिए गए हैं :-

अनुसूची

नवम्बर 2007 में स्वीकृत किये गये अनुज्ञप्ति

Nagpur, Patna, Pune, Thiruvananthapuram.

LS 15791: 2007 Museum Plywood —

क्रम संख्या	लाइसेंस संख्या	लाइसेंसी का नाम तथा पता	उत्पाद का नाम तथा आई एस	अनुज्ञप्ति स्वीकृत करने की तिथि	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	
1	7793605 हरिओम ज्वैलर्स, स्वर्ण एवं स्वर्ण लिम्बू पोल, रतन पोल, आभूषणों/शिल्प		स्वर्ण एवं स्वर्ण मिश्र धातुओं के आभूषणों/शिल्पकारी शुद्धता एवं मुहारांकन आई एस 1417: 1999	02-11-2007	
2	7793706	बाबूभाई ज्वैलर्स, जी 13, पुजेर काम्पलैक्स, गोल्डन सिल्वर अपार्टमैंट के सामने, सुभनपुरा, बड़ोदा-390023	स्वर्ण एवं स्वर्ण मिश्र धातुओं के आभूषणों/शिल्पकारी शुद्धता एवं मुहारांकन आई एस 1417: 1999	02-11-2007	
3	7793807	मुक्तानंद आर्ट ज्वैलर्स, 12/17/72, अशोक स्तम्भ के सामने, टावर बाजार, आनंद 388001	स्वर्ण एवं स्वर्ण मिश्र धातुओं के आभूषणों/शिल्पकारी शुद्धता एवं मुहारांकन आई एस 1417: 1999	02-11-2007	
4	7794001	अरबुडा ज्वैलर्स, जावेरी बाजार, स्टेशन रोड, मेहसाना-384001	स्वर्ण एवं स्वर्ण मिश्र धातुओं के आभूषणों/शिल्पकारी शुद्धता एवं मुहारांकन आई एस 1417: 1999	02-11-2007	

(1)		(2)	(3)	(4)
5	7793504	सोनल ज्वैलरी प्रा. लि., 301-303, पोडर प्लाजा, फायर स्टेशन के सामने, गोड डोड रोड, सूरत-395 001	चांदी एवं चांदी मिश्र धातुओं के आभूषणों/शिल्पकारी शुद्धता एवं मुहारांकन आई एस 2112 : 2003	02-11-2007
6	7793908	सोनी दिलीपकुमार, गुणवंतीलाल, 365/1, चैनलाओल, मानक चौक, अहमदाबाद	चांदी एवं चांदी मिश्र धातुओं के आमूषणों/शिल्पकारी शुद्धता एवं मुहारांकन आई एस 2112 : 2003	02-11-2007
7	7792195	श्री धनुषधारी मा बिवरेइज, डी/65/5/बी, डायमंड पार्क, जी आई डी सी, नरोडा, अहम्दाबाद	पैकेजबंद पेयजल 14543 : 2004	01-11-2007
8	7794506	शीलाभद्र केबल, 164/बी, साबरमती इंडस्ट्रियल एस्टेट, गुरूकुल स्टोरेज के पास, साबरमती, अहमदाबाद	पी वी सी इंस्लेटिङ केबल आई एस 694 : 1990	06-11-2007
9	7795306	सोनी राजेन्द्राकुमार ठाकोरलाल, मोती बाजार चौक, पालनपुर, बसकांटा 385 001	स्वर्ण एवं स्वर्ण मिश्र धातुओं के आभूषणों/शिल्पकारी शुद्धता एवं मुहारांकन आई एस 1417: 1999	06-11-2007
10	7795407,	नक्षत्र ज्वैलर्स, 1 वाईट हाउस, पैलेस रोड, ग्राउंड फ्लोर, पालनपुर, बनसकाटा 385 001	स्वर्ण एवं स्वर्ण मिश्र धातुओं के आभूषणों/शिल्पकारी शुद्धता एवं मुहराकन आई एस 1417 : 1999	01-11-2007
11	7796106	कन्यादान ज्वैलर्स, कारोडिया पोल कृष्णा, शेरी घडीयाल पोल, एम जी रोड, बडोदा	स्वर्ण एवं स्वर्ण मिश्र धातुओं के आभूषणों/शिल्पकारी शुद्धता एवं मुहरांकन आई एस 1417 : 1999	12-11-2007
12	7796914	विनार ज्वैलर्स, 21 वृंदावन काम्पलैक्स, सुभाष चौक के पास, गुरूकुल रोड, मेमनगर, अहमदाबाद	स्वर्ण एवं स्वर्ण मिश्र धातुओं के आमूषणों/शिल्पकारी शुद्धता एवं मुहरांकन आई एस 1417: 1999	14-11-2007
13	7797007	शिवम ज्वैलर्स, 884 गुजरात हाउसिंग बोर्ड, शिवशक्ति सोसाइटी, सैक्टर 27, ब्लाक नंबर 884, गांधीनगर-382 028	स्वर्ण एवं स्वर्ण मिश्र धातुओं के आभूषणों/शिल्पकारी शुद्धता एवं मुहरांकन आई एस 1417 : 1999	14-11-2007
14 :	7796005	कन्यादान ज्वैलर्स, कारोडिया पोल कृष्णा शेरी, घडीयाली पोल, एम जी रोड, बडोदा	चांदी एवं चांदी मिश्र धातुओं के आभूषणों/शिल्पकारी शुद्धता एवं मुहरांकन आई एस 2112 : 2003	12-11-2007
15	7794304	लिंबानी इजिनियरिंग, सर्वे नंबर 313, शिला आर्ड्स फैक्टरी के पास, राजचन्द्रा मंदिर के सामने, गैलेक्सी सिनेमा रोड, नरोडा, अहमदाबाद	सबमर्सिबल पम्पसैट आई एस 8034 : 2002	06-11-2007
.16	7795205	पार्थ इंडस्ट्रीज, 17, साईनाथ एस्टेट, 105/106, जी आई डी सी प्लाट, भगवती फाउंडरी के सामने, ओढ़व, अहमदाबाद 382415	पम्प : रिजैनरेटिव ओर क्लीयर, कोल्ड वाटर आई एस 8472 : 1998	08-11-2007

2	THE G	AZETTE OF INDIA: JANUARY 19,		ART II—SEC. 3(
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
17	7794203	डैनिम पम्प, 9, नीलकंठ एस्टेट, मधुसूदन टैक्सटाईल मिल के सामने, बापूनगर रोड, अहमदाबाद-380024	. ओपनवैल सबमर्सिबल पम्पसैट आई एस 14220 : 1994	06-11-2007
18	7794405	अवधदूत इंजीनियरिंग इंडस्ट्रीज, 47/1, जी आई डी सी, विसनगर (उत्तर गुजरात) मेहसाना-384 315	ं ओपनवैल सबमर्सिबल पम्पसैट आई एस 14220 : 1994	06-11-2007
19	÷ 7796712	मैसर्स यूनीफलैक्स केबल लिमिटेड, 158-162, जी आई डी सी, अंबर गाँव, वलसाद-396 171	पी वी सी इंसूलेटिड केवल आई एस 694: 19 90	13-11-2007
20	7795913	मैसर्स अनमोल ज्वैलर्स, शॉप नंबर 1, जी एफ स्वपनिल रिगैंसी, नारायणपुरा चार रस्ता, अहमदाबाद	स्वर्ण एवं स्वर्ण मिश्र धातुओं के आभूषणों/शिल्पकारी शुद्धता एवं मुहरांकन आई एस 1417 : 1999	12-11-2007
21	7797209	मैसर्स अग्रवाल, ज्वैलर्स मेन बाजार, दंता, बनसकांटा-385 120	स्वर्ण एवं स्वर्ण मिश्र धातुओं के आभूषणों/शिल्पकारी शुद्धता एवं मुहरांकन आई एस 1417 : 1999	15-11-2007
22	7797310	लीलावती ज्वैलसं, 15, सुपर मार्केट, बस स्टेशन के पीछे, लानावाडा, पंचमहल	स्वर्ण एवं स्वर्ण मिश्र धातुओं के आभूषणों/शिल्पकारी शुद्धता एवं मुहरांकन आई एस 1417 : 1999	15-11-2007
23:	7797714	ध्रुमी केबल इंडस्ट्रीज, 26, कमल को ओप इंडस्ट्रियल एस्टेट, सुखरामनगर के पास, आजोड, डेरी रोड, रखियाल, अहमदाबाद-380 023	पी वी सी इंसूलेटिड (एच डी) केबल आई एस 1554(पार्ट 1): 1988	19~11-2007
24	7798211	इनोवेटिव टायर तथा टयूब,	ओटोमोटिव विहीकल	01-11-2007

42ए, पुरूषोतम नगर, उमीं चार रस्ता

के पास, डाक्टर कदम हास्पिटल के

40/41, अंबा एस्टेट, विनजोल पाटिया

के पास, महमदाबाद रोड, अहमदाबाद

अवधदूत इंजीनियरिंग इंडस्ट्रीज,

47/1, जी आई डी सी, विसनगर

(उत्तर गुजरात) मेहसाना-384 315

क्थिकमां एस्टेट, गोल्डन ट्रांसपोर्ट के

सामने, एन एच नंबर 8, नरोडा रोड,

सामने, बी पी सी रोड

उजस इंडस्ट्रीज,

गायत्री इंजीनियरिंग,

अहमदांबाद

25 -

26

27

7798413

7799213

7799314

[सं. सी एम डी/13:11] ए. के. तलवार, उप महानिदेशक (मुहर)

23-11-2007

28-11-2007

28-11-2007

न्यूमैटिक टायर फार ट्रू तथा श्री

ओपलवैल सबमर्सिबल पम्पसैट

पम्प-रीजैनरेटिव ऑर क्लीयर

आई एस 8472 : 1998

सबमर्सिबल पम्पसैंट

आई 80342002

वीलड मोटर विहीकल

आई 14220 : 1994

आई 15627

कोल्ड वाटर

New Delhi, the 15th January, 2008

S.O. 100.—In pursuance of sub-regulation (5) of the regulation 4 of the Bureau of Indian Standards (Certification) Regulations 1988, of the Bureau of Indian Standards hereby notifies the grant of licences particulars of which are given in the following schedule:

SCHEDULE

Licence Granted for the Month of November 2007

S. No.	Licence No.	icence No. Licensee Name Product &		Date of GOL
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1	7793605	Hari Om Jewellers Limbu Pole Ratan Pole, Ahmedabad-380001	Gold and Gold Alloys, Jewellery/Artefacts-Fineness and Marking IS 1417: 1999	02-11-2007
2	7793706	Babubhai Jewellers G/13 Pujer Complex, Opp Golden Silver Apartment, Subhanpura, Vadodara-390023	Gold and Gold Alloys, Jewellery/Artefacts-Fineness and Marking IS 1417: 1999	02-11-2007
3	7793807	Muktanand Art Jewellers 12/17/72, Opp Ashok Stambha Tower Bazar, Anand-388001	Gold and Gold Alloys, Jewellery/Artefacts-Fineness and Marking IS 1417: 1999	02-11-2007
4	7794001	Arbuda Jewellers, Zaveri Bazar, Station Road, Mehsana-384001	Gold and Gold Alloys, Jewellery/Artefacts-Fineness and Marking IS 1417: 1999	02-11-2007
5	7793504	Sonal Jewellery Pvt. Ltd., 301-303, Poddar Plaza, Opp Fire Station, Ghod Dod Road, Surat-395001	Silver and Silver Alloys, Jewellery/Artefacts-Fineness and Marking IS 2112: 2003	02-11-2007
6	7793908	Soni Dilipkumar Gunvntilal, 365/1, Chanllaole, Manek Chowk, Ahmedabad	Silver and Silver Alloys, Jewellery/Artefacts-Fineness and Marking IS 2112: 2003	02-11-2007
7	7792195	Shree Dhanushdhari Maa Beveroges, D/65/5/B, Diamond Park, GIDC, Naroda, Ahmedabad	Packaged Drinking Water IS 14543: 2004 ad Park,	
8	7794506	Shalibhadra Cables, 164/B, Sabarmati Ind. Estate, Near Gurukul Storage, Sabarmati, Ahmedabad	PVC Insulated Cables	
9	7795306	Soni Rajendra Kumar Thakorlal, Moti Bazar Chowk, Palanpur, Banaskantha-385001	Gold and Gold Alloys, Jewellery/Artefacts-Fineness and Marking IS 1417: 1999	06-11-2007
10	7795407	Nakshatra Jewellers, 1, White House Palace Road, Ground Floor, Palanpur, Banaskantha-385001	lers, Gold and Gold Alloys, Palace Road, Jewellery/Artefacts-Fineness alanpur, and Marking	

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
# *	7796106	Kanyadan Jewellers, Karodia Pole Krishna Sheri Ghadiali Pole, M G Road, Vadodar	Gold and Gold Alloys, Jewellery/Artefacts-Fineness and Marking IS 1417:1999	12-11-2007
12	7796914	Vinar Jewellers, E-21, Vrundavan Complex, Near Subhash Chowk, Gurukul Road, Memnagar, Ahmedabad	Gold and Gold Alloys, Jewellery/Artefacts-Fineness and Marking IS 1417: 1999	14-11-2007
13	7797007	Shivam Jewellers, 884, Gujarat Housing Board, Shivshakti Society, Sector-27, Block No-884, Gandhinagar-382028	Gold and Gold Alloys, Jewellery/Artefacts-Fineness and Marking IS 1417: 1999	14-11-2007
_ 14 -	7796106	Kanyadan Jewellers, Karodia Pole, Krishna Sheri Ghadiali Pole, M G Road, Vadodar	Silver and Silver Alloys, Jewellery/Artefacts-Fineness and Marking IS 2112:2003	12-11-2007
. 15	7794304	Limbani Engineering, Survey No. 313, NR, Shila Ice Factory, Opp. Rajchandra Temple, Galaxy Cinema Road, Naroda, Ahmedabad	Submersible Pumpsets IS 8034: 2002	06-11-2007
16	7795205	Parth Industries, 17, Sainath Estate, 105/106, GIDC Plot, Opp. Bhagvati Foundary, Odhav, Ahmedabad-382415	Pumps-Regenerative or clear, cold water-Specification IS 8472:1998	08-11-2007
· 17	7794203	Denim Pumps, 9, Nilkanth Estate, Opp. Madhusudan Textille Mills, Bapunagar Road, Ahmedabad-380024	Openwell Submersible Pumpsets-Specification IS 14220: 1994	06-11-2007
_18	7794405	Avadhoot Engineering Industries, 47/1, G.I.D.C. Visnagar (Uttar Gujarat) Mehsana, 384315	Openwell Submersible Pump IS 14420 : 1994	06-11-2007
19	7796712	M/s Uniflex Cables Limited, 158-162, GIDC, Umbergaon, Valsad 396171	PVC Insulated Cables IS 694: 1990	13-11-2007
20	: 7795912 :	M/s Anmol Jewels, Shop No 1, GF, Swapnil Regancy, Near Naranpura Char Rasta, Ahmedabad	Gold and Gold Alloys, Jewellery/Artefacts-Fineness and Marking IS 1417:1999	12-1 1-2007
21	7797209	M/s. Agarwal, Jewellers, Main Bazar, Danta, Banaskantha-385120	Gold and Gold Alloys, Jewellery/Artefacts-Fineness and Marking IS 1417:1999	15-11-2007
22	7797310	Lilavati Jewellers, 15, Super Market, B/H Bus Station, Lanawada, Panchmahal	Gold and Gold Alloys, Jewellery/Artefacts-Fineness and Marking IS 1417:1999	15-11-2007

(1)	(2)	(3)	. (4)	(5)
23	7797714	Drumi Cable Industries, 26, Kamal Co.op Industrial Estate, Nr Sukhramnagar, Ajod Dairy Road, Rakhial, - Ahemdabad 380023	PS Insulated (HD) Cables IS 1554 (Part 1) 1988	19-11-2007
24	7798211	Innovative Tyres and Tubes, 42-A, Purshottamnagar, Near Urmi Char Rasta, Opp. Dr. Kadam Hospital, B.P.C. Road	Automotive Vehicles- Pneumatic Tyres for Two and Three-Wheeled Motor Vehicles IS 15627	01-11-2007
25	7798413	Ujash Industries, 40/41, Amba Estate Near Vinjol Patiya, Mahemdabad Road, Ahmedabad	Openwell submersible Pumpsets IS 14220: 1994	23/11/2007
26	7799213	Avadhoot Engineering Industries, 47/1, G.I.D.C., Visnagar, (Uttar Gujarat) Mehsana-384315	Pump-Regenerative or clear, cold water IS 8472: 1998	28-11-2007
27	7799314	Gayatri Engineering, Viswakarma Estate Opp. Golden Transport, NH No. 8, Naroda Road, Ahmedabad	Submersible Pumpsets IS 8034:2002	28-11-2007

[No.CMD/13:11]

A. K. TALWAR, Dy. Director General (Marks)

नई दिल्ली, 15 जनवरी, 2008

का.आ. 101.- भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो (प्रमाणन) विनियम 1988 के उपनियम (5) के अनुसरण में भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो एतद्द्वारा अधिसूचित करता है कि जिन लाइसेंसों के विवरण नीचे अनुसूची में दिए गए हैं, वे स्वीकृत कर दिए गए हैं (सितम्बर 2007 महीना के लिए)

अनुसूची

क्रम र सं	लाइसेंस सं	स्वीकृत करने की तिथि वर्ष/म	लाइसेंसधारी का ाह नाम व पता	भारतीय मानक का शीर्षक	भा.मा. संख्या	भाग	अनु.	वर्ष
(1)		(2)	(3)	. (4)			(5)	
1. 53	355062	10-09-07	मैसर्स मानसरोवर सीमेंट कं. (प्रा.) लि. कमालपुर, राधानगर रोड, पो.आ. मि. थानि, कुलटी (पु.स्टे.) आसानसोल, जिला– वर्धमान-713371 पश्चिम बंगाल	पोट्रलैंड धातुमल सीमेंट	455			1989
2. 53	354565	3-09-07	मैसर्स राधिका ट्रांसिमशन प्रा. लिमि. धुलागड़ इंडस्ट्रियल पार्क साकराइल, एन एच-6 पो.आ. केन्दुआ, हावड़ा, पश्चिम बंगाल	शिरोपरि प्रेषणों के लिए एल्यूमीनियम के चालक, जस्तीकृत इस्पात प्रबलित	398			1996

176		THE GAZE	TTE OF INDIA : JANUAR	Y 19, 2008/PAUSA 29, 1	929	[PART II-	—Sec. 3(ii)
(1)		(2)	(3)	(4)		(5)	
3.	5354666	3-09-07	-वही -	शिरोपरि प्रेषणों के लिए एल्यूमीनियम मिश्रधातु (एल्यूमीनियम-मैग्नीशियम सिलिकॉन टाइप) के लड़दार चालक	398	4	1 994
4.	5354464	05-09-07	् मैसर्स ए.बी. वुडटेक प्रा. लिमिटेड एन टी रोड, वैद्यवाटी, हुगली-712222 पश्चिम बंगाल	लकड़ी के सपाट दरवाजे के शटर (ठोस कोर प्रकार) असजाबटी (बी एन) टाइप बी डब्ल्यू पी ग्रेड	2202	.1	1999
5.	5355264	10-09-07	मैसर्स भिनिकैब (इंडिया) प्रा.लि. मानिकपुर, हरिनाभी-700148 जिला-24 परगना (दक्षिण), पश्चिम बंगाल	पी बी सी रोधित केंबिल 1100 वोल्ट तक कार्यकारी वोल्टता के लिए	694	•	1990
6.	5355163	10-09-07	मैसर्स चेतक केबिल इंडास्ट्रीज 8 तिलजला रोड, कोलकाता-700046 पश्चिम बंगाल	पी बी सी रोधित केबिल 1100 वोल्ट तक कार्यकारी वोल्टता के लिए	694		1990
7.	5356064	27-09-07	मैसर्स सुभीसि पॉलिमार्स 6/3 मुसलमानपाड़ा लेन बेलुड़-711202, जिला: हायड़ा,	वैद्युतीय संस्थापनों के लिए दीवार अथवा सीलिंग पर जड़े जाने हेतु केबिल ट्रांकिंग व डिक्टंग प्रणाली	14927	2	2001
8.	5356165	27-09-07	-वही-	बिजली के संस्थापन के लिए नलिकाएं, विद्युत रोधक पदार्थों के सादे दृढ़ नलिकाएं	9537	3	1983
9.	5357369	20-09-07	मैसर्स जी के प्लास्टिक्स प्राईवेट लिमि. राजहाट दिल्ली रोड, जिला: हुगली-712123 पश्चिमी बंगाल	वेधन/नलकुप के लिए अप्लास्टीकृत पी बी सी के बने स्कीन एवं आवरक पाइप	12818		1992
10	5357874	05-10-2007	मैसर्स बालाजी रोटोमोल्डार्स प्रा.लि. 2/3 डॉ आर.एन. टैगोर		12701		1996

[सं. सी एम डी/13:11]

1996

2000

ए. के. तलवार, उप महानिदेशक (भुहर)

5509

New Delhi, the 15th January, 2008

संग्रह टेके

भीनियर्ड डेकरेटिभ प्लाईवुड 1328

अग्नि विमंदक प्लाईवुड

रोड, बेलघरिया,

-वही-

11. 5357470

12, 5357571

01-10-2007

01-10-2007

कोलकाता-700076 पश्चिम बंगाल

मैसर्स टिमटेक इंडिया प्रा.लि.

दिल्ली रोड, बेलु मिल्कि शेउराफुलि जिला-हुगली-712223

S.O. 101.—In pursuance of sub-regulation (5) of the Bureau of Indian Standards (Certification) Regulations 1988, of the Bureau of Indian Standards, hereby notifies the grant of licences particulars of which are given in the following schedule for the month of September 2007.

			SC	HEDULE			=	
SL No.	Licences No.	Grant Date	Name & Address of the party	Title of the Standard	IS No.	Part.	Sec.	Year
1	2	3	4	. 5	6	7	8	9
I.	5355062	10-09-07	M/s. Mansarovar Cement Company Pvt. Ltd. Kamalpur, Radhanagar Rd., P.O. Mithani, Asansol Bardhawan, West Bengal-713371		455			1989
2.	5354565	3-09-07	M/s. Radhika Trans- mission Pvt.Ltd. Dhulagarh Industrial Park, Dhulagarh, Sankrail, NH-6, P.O. Kendua, Howrah, West Bengal.	Aluminium Conductors galvanized Steel- re-inforced for overhead- transmission purposes.	398	2	. 3	1996
3.	5354666	3-09-07	-do-	Aluminium alloy (Aluminium- Magnesium-Silicon type) Stranded Conductors for over- head transmission purposes.	398	4	0.	1994
4.	5354464	5-09-07	M/s. A.B. Woodtech Pvt.Ltd. N.T. Road, Baidyabati Dist. Hooghly, West Bengal-712222	Wooden Flush Door Shutters (Solid Core type) Non- decorative (BN) type, BWP grade	2202		. *	1999
5.	5355264	10-09-07	M/s. Vinicab(India) Pvt. Ltd. Manickpur, Harinavi-700148 Dist. 24 Paragans(South) West Bengal.	PVC Insulated Cables for working voltages upto and including 1100 volts.	694	Œ		1990
6 .	5355163	10-09-07.	M/s Chetak Cable Industries 8, Tiljala Road, Kolkata-700046, West Bengal.	-do-	694			1990
7.	5356064	27-09-07	M/s Suvishi Polymers 6/3 Musalman Para Lane Behr-71 1202 Dist. Horwah, West Bengal.	Cable Trunking & Ducting Systems intended for Mounting on walls or ceiling.	14927	2	•	2001
8.	5356165	27-09-07	-do-	Conduits for electrical installation Rigid Plain Conduits of insulating material.	9537	3		1983
9.	5357369	20-09-07	M/s G. K. Plastics Pvt. Ltd., Rajhat, Delhi Road, Rajhat, Hooghly, West Bengal-712123	Unplasticized PVC screen and casing pipes for Bore/Tubewell.	12818			1992

178		THE GAZ	ZETTE OF INDIA: JANUAI	RY 19, 2008/PAUSA 29	, 1929	[Pai				
1	2	3	4	. 5	6	- 7	8	9		
10.	5357874	5-10-07	M/s Balaji Rotomoulders Pvt. Ltd. 2/3, Dr. R. N. Tagore Road, Belghoria Kolkata-700076 West Bengal.	Rotational moulded Polythylene water storage tanks	12701			1996		
11.	5357470	1-10-07	M/s Timtech India Pvt. Ltd. Delhi Road, Belumilki, P. O. Sheoraphully, Distt. Hooghly-712223 West Bengal.	Veneered Decorative Plywood	1328	:		1996		
12.	5357\$71	1-10-07	M/s Timtech India Pvt. Ltd. Delhi Road, Belumilki, P. O. Sheoraphully, Dist. Hooghly-712223 West Bengal.	Fire Retardant Plywood	. 5509	.#*		2000		

[No. CMD/13:11]

A. K. TALWAR, Dy. Director General (Marks)

पर्यावरण एवं वन मंत्रालय

नई दिल्ली, 9 जनवरी, 2008

ब्हे. ब्हे. 102.— केन्द्रीय सरकार, राजभाषा (संघ के शासकीय प्रयोजनों के लिए प्रयोग) नियम, 1976 के नियम 10 के उपनियम (4) के अनुस्थम में क्वांवरण एवं वन मंत्रालय के अधीन निम्नलिखित कार्यालयों, जिनके 80 प्रतिशत कर्मचारीवृन्द ने हिन्दी का कार्यसाधक ज्ञान प्राप्त कर लिख है, को अधिसूचित करती है:-

- भारतीय क्नस्पति सर्वेक्षण, अंडमान निकोबार, परिमण्डल, पोर्ट ब्लेयर । र
- भारतीय वनस्पति सर्वेक्षण, पश्चिमी परिमण्डल, पुणे ।

[सं. ई-11011/2/2003-रा.भा. (का.)]

जय नारायण, निदेशक (राजभाषा)

MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS

New Delhi, the 9th January, 2008

S. O. 102. —— In pursuance of sub-Rule (4) of Rule 10 of the Official Language (use for official purpose of the union) Rule, 1976, the Central Government hereby notifies the following offices under the administrative control of the Ministry of Environment & Forests, the 80% staff whereof have acquired a working knowledge of Hindi:—

- 1. Botanical Survey of India, Andaman & Nicobar Circle, Port Blair.
- 2 Botanical Survey of India, Western Circle, Pune.

[No. 11011/2/2003-O. L. (I)]

JAI NARAIN, Director (O. L.)

जल संसाधन मंत्रालय

नई दिल्ली, 27 दिसम्बर, 2007

का, 30. 103.—— केन्द्रीय सरकार, राजभाषा (संघ के शासकीय प्रयोजनों के लिए प्रयोग) नियम, 1976 के नियम 10 के उपनियम (4) के अनुकरण में केन्द्रीय जल आयोग, आर. के. पुरम, नई दिल्ली के निम्नलिखित कार्यालयों को, जिसके 80% कर्मचारीवृन्द ने हिन्दी का कार्यसाधक जन प्राप्त कर लिया है, अधिसूचित करती है :-

- 1. मध्य महानदी उप-मण्डल-एक, केन्द्रीय जल आयोग, रायपुर ।
- 2. मुख्य अभियंता, प्रबोधन (मध्य) संगठन, केन्द्रीय जल आयोग, नागपुर ।
- 3. प्रबोधन निदेशालय, केन्द्रीय जल आयोग, नागपुर ।
- ऊपरी सीन रिहन्द उपमण्डल, रीवा, केन्द्रीय जल आयोग, मध्य प्रदेश ।
- मध्य गंगा यमुना उपमण्डल, केन्द्रीय जल आयोग, इलाहाबाद ।
- 6. मध्य गंगा छोटी सरयू उपमण्डल, केन्द्रीय जल आयोग, वाराणासी ।
- 7. गोमती निचली शारदा उपमण्डल, केन्द्रीय जल आयोग, लखनक ।
- 8. मध्य गंगा निचली रामगंगा उपमण्डल, केन्द्रीय जल आयोग, बरेली ।
- 9. मध्य गंगा उपमण्डल, केन्द्रीय जल आयोग, कानपुर । *
- 10. प्रबोधन एवं मूल्यांकन निदेशालिय, केन्द्रीय जल आयोग, शिमला ।
- 11. प्रबोधन निदेशालय, केन्द्रीय जल आयोग, गांधीनगर ।
- 12. जल विज्ञानीय प्रेक्षण परिमंडल, केन्द्रीय जल आयोग, गांधीनगर । .
- 13. प्रबोधन एवं मुल्यांकन निदेशालय, केन्द्रीय जल आयोग, रांची ।
- 14. निचली राप्ती घाघरा उपमण्डल, केन्द्रीय जल आयोग, गोरखपुर ।
- 15. अपर शारदा उपमण्डल, केन्द्रीय जल आयोग, उत्तराखंड ।
- 16. अपर राप्ती उपमण्डल, गोंडा, केन्द्रीय जल आयोग, उत्तर प्रदेश ।
- 17. अपरी गोदावरी मंडल, केन्द्रीय जल आयोग, हैदराबाद ।
- 18. प्रबोधन एवं मूल्यांकन निदेशालय, केन्द्रीय जल आयोग, लखनऊ ।

[सं*1/1/2005-हिन्दी] राजकुमारी देव, निदेशक (रा. भा.)

MINISTRY OF WATER RESOURCES

New Delhi, the 27th December, 2007

- S. O. 103.— In pursuance of sub-Rule (4) of Rule (10) of the Official Language (use for official purpose of the union) The Central Government hereby notifies the following offices of Central Water Commission, the 80% staff whereof have aquired working knowledge of Hindi.
 - 1. Middle Mahanadi Sub-Division No.1, Central Water Commission, Raipur (Chattisgarh).
 - 2. Chief Engineer, Monitoring (Middle) Org., Central Water Commission, Nagpur (Maharashtra).
 - 3. Monitoring Dte., Central Water Commission, Nagpur (Maharashtra).
 - 4. Upper Sone Rihand Sub-Division, Central Water Commisssion, Rewa, Madhya Pradesh.
 - 5. Middle Ganga-Yamuna Sub-Division, Central Water Commission, Allahabad, Uttar Pradesh.
 - 6. Middle Ganga and Chhoti Saryu Sub-Division, Central Water Commission, Varanasi, Uttar Pradesh.
 - 7. Gomti and Lower Sharda Sub-Division, Central Water Commission, Lucknow, Uttar Pradesh.
 - 8. Middle Ganga and Lower Ram ganga Sub-Division, Centra Water Commission, Bareily, Uttar Pradesh.
 - 9. Middle Ganga Sub-Division, Central Water Commission, Kanpur, Uttar Pradesh.
 - 10. Monitoring and appraisal Directorate, Central Water Commission, Shimla, Himachal Pradesh.
 - 11. Monitoring and appraisal Directorate, Central Water Commission, Gandhi Nagar, Gujarat.
 - 12. Hydrological Observation Sub-Division, Central Water Commission, Gandhi Nagar Gujarat.
 - 13. Monitoring and appraisal Directorate, Central Water Commission, Ranchi, Jharkhand,
 - 14. Lower Rapati Gagra Sub-Divisio, Central Water Commission, Gorakhpur, Uttar Pradesh.
 - 15. Upper Sharda Sub-Division, Central Water Commission, Haldwani, Uttarkhand.
 - 16. Upper Rapati Sub-Division, Central Water Commission, Gonda, Uttar Pradesh.
 - 17. Upper Godavari Division, Central Water Commission, Hyderabad, Andhra Pradesh.
 - 18. Monitoring and appraisal Directorate, Central Water Commission, Lucknow.

[No. 1/1/2005-Hindi]

RAJKUMARI DAVE, Director (OL)

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0.0155

0,0189

0.1557

0.0999

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0.0086

0.0540

0.2495

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0.0086

0.0166

0.0081

0.1340

0.0249

0.0078

0.0083

0.2362

0.0485

0.1093

0.1075

0.0129

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0.0011

0.2259

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दादरी

बद्धनगर

सलारपुर

कलान

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गौतम

पेट्रोलियम और प्राकृतिक गैस मंत्रालय

नई दिल्ली, 15 जनवरी, 2008

का.आ. 104.—भारत सरकार को लोकहित में यह आवश्यक प्रतीत होता है कि उत्तर प्रदेश राज्य में दादरी-बवाना-नांगल पाइपलाईन परियोजना के माध्ययम से प्राकृतिक गैस के परिवहन के लिए गेल (इण्डिया) लिमिटेड द्वारा, एक पाइपलाईन बिछाई जानी चाहिए;

और भारत सरकार को उक्त पाइपलाईन बिछाने के प्रयोजन के लिए यह आक्श्यक प्रतीत होता है कि उस भूमि में, जिसमें उक्त पाइपलाईन बिछाए जाने का प्रस्ताव है और जो इस अधिसूचना से सलाम अनुसूची में वर्णित है, उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन किया जाए;

अत: अब, भारत सरकार, पेट्रोलियम और खनिज पाइपलाईन (भूमि में उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन) अधिनियम, 1962 (1962 का 50) की धारा 3 की उपधारा (1) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, उस भूमि में उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन करने के अपने आशय की घोषणा करती है;

कोई क्यक्ति, जो उक्त अनुसूची में वर्णित भूमि में हितबद्ध है, इस तारीख से जिसको उक्त अधिनयम की धारा 3 की उपधारा (1) के अधीन भारत के राजपत्र में यथा प्रकाशित इस अधिसूचना की प्रतियाँ साधारण जनता को उपलब्ध कर दी जाती हैं, इक्कीस दिन के भीतर, भूमि के नीचे पाइपलाईन बिछाए जाने के संबंध में, श्री रामावतार पाल, सक्षम प्राधिकारी, गेल (इण्डिया) लिमिटेड, जी, टी. आई. पी. ए. आर. सी. बिल्डिंग, सेक्टर-16ए, नोएडा, जिला-गौतम बुद्ध नगर-201301 (उत्तर प्रदेश) को लिखित रूप में आक्षेष भेज सकेगा।

अनसची

		अनुसूची				570	0.0953
जिला	तहसील	गांव	सर्वे	क्षेत्र		कुल	3.2083
	<u>.</u>		नंबर	(हेक्टर)	पटाडी	729	0.0339
1	2	3	4	. 5		734	0.1786
गौतम	दादरी	सलारपुर	439	0.0949		739	0.0015
बुद्धनंगर	,	कलान	440	0.2024		740	0.0036
લુજા ૧૧૧		फलान				741	0.0030
	•	•	नाला	0.0079		कुल	0.2207
			441	0.1777	रनोली	32	0.0083
			448	0.0154	लतिफपुरं	35	0.0608
			449	0.1374	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	37	0.2513
			451	0.0008		38	0.0188
			450	0.1510		मेटल रोड	
		•	453	0.0609		39	0.1003
			454	0.0041		40	0.0035
			455	0.0054		26	0.0504
		•	459	0.1531		(कथाना ह	ीस्ट्रीब्यूटर)
			458	0.1157		मेटल ग्रेड	0.0283
			456	0.0114		4 6	0.1898
			457	0.1321	•	् गंगा नहर	
			529	0.0154	•	231	0.0781

I	2	3	· 4	5		1	2	3	4	5
गौतम	दादरी	रनोली लतिफपुर	मेटल ग्रेड	0.0414	-	गौतम	दादरी -	तामोलीपुर	337	0.0607
बुद्धनगर		•	230	0.0358		बुद्धनगर			334	0.0220
77			47	0.0029					332	0.0094
			48	0.0264			•		333	0.1135
			229	0.0414				•	331	0.1642
		•	228	0.0294					330	0.1552
			227	0.1191	•	•		•	323	0.4334
			53	0.0042					324 कच्चा यस्ता	0.0049
			कच्चा रास्ता	0.0244				3 4	कुल	4.2780
			49	0.0010				प्यावाली ताजपुर		
			50	0.0116				વ્યાવાભા તા પ પુર		0.0053
			रेलवे (51)	0.1229					914	0.2857
		•	पक्का सस्ता	0.0297				·	911	0.1524
		•	23	0.1201					908	0.0082
			22	0.3116					903	0.2317
			21	0.0086		•			902	0.0082
			20	0.1849				*	901	0.1565
			19	0.1469		٠.			900	0.1399
		·	12	0.1313				ia .	899 909	0.1108
	•		16	0.0123					898	0.0080
			11	0.0075			\$	•	897 ' 896	0.0080 0.0844
			कुल	2.2032	•				892	0.2192
		तामोलीपुर	443	0.0171					893	0.2492
		, maisings	433	0.8023					893 894	0.0407
			431	0.0390					0 74 878 (मेटल रोड)	
		:	430	0.0067					612	0.0120
			375	0.0711					613	0.1292
			374	O.1186					611	0.0032
		·	373	0.0922					614	0.1778
			372	0.0841					610	0.0202
			370	0.2917	. '	,			616	0.1728
			369	0.2286				• .	617	0.0069
			368	0.0089		,			618	0.0069
		:	367	0.2846					619	0.2129
		•	366	0.0059					630	0.2129
		1	358	0.0066		1			633	0.1103
			356	0.0413					634	0.1004
		v.	355	0.2064					635	0.00071
			354	0.0066					636	0.2080
			350	0.1498				•	641	0.2565
•		· w	349	\0.0923					646	0.0050
			348	0.1357		i e			647	0.0030
		:	34 कच्चा रास्ता	0.0131				٠	654	0.0619
-		; i	344	0.0856					655	0.0019
		i*	343	0.3283				•	656	0.0117
			342	0.0065					671	0.0117
		:	341	0.0663					670	0.0042
	_		340	0.0620					675	0.0042
		ī	339	0.0631					·676	0.0007
		1		5001				•	010	0.000

तिम	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
हनेगर 668 0.0156 सुद्धनगर 76 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0							* *		<u> </u>
657 0.2022 659 0.1474 659 0.1474 660 0.0060 661 0.1992 सादीपुर क्रियोली 654 0 662 0.1539 663 0.1846. 664 0.0300 665 0.0232 666 0.0105 665 0.0232 666 0.0105 668 0.0089 670 0.0089 670 0.0089 671 0.0089 672 0.0089 672 0.0089 673 0.0089 674 0.0089 675 0.0089 677 0.0089 681 0.0297 789 0.0099 682 0.07742 789 0.0099 683 0.0297 789 0.0099 684 0.0029 789 0.0071 11157 777 0.0058 786 0.0459 775 0.1169 774 0.1954 603 0.0089 775 0.1169 774 0.1954 604 0.0090 775 0.1169 776 0.2459 777 0.1380 770 0.1835 787 0.0982 788 0.0972 789 0.0090 788 0.0090 789 0.0090 780 0.0090 780 0.0090 780 0.0090 780 0.0090 780 0.0090 780 0.0090 7		प्यावाली ताजपुर			गौतम	दादरी	अकलपुर जागीर		0.237
659 0.1474 660 0.0060 661 0.1992 सादीपुर कियोदा 654 0 662 0.1539 663 0 663 0.1846 664 0.0500 665 0.0232 667 0 666 0.0105 668 0 667 0.005 668 0 668 0.0089 672 669 0 803 0.2583 672/742 0 801 0.2297 681 673 0 801 0.2297 681 673 0 801 0.2297 681 673 0 799 0.0009 682 0 798 0.0972 682 0 798 0.0972 683 0 799 0.0005 663 0 665 0.0110 0 770 0.0058 776 0.2459 653 0 775 0.1169 605 603 0 771 0.1239 770 0.1835 757 0.0982 588 0 776 0.2459 601 771 0.1239 770 0.1835 757 0.0982 588 0 775 0.0982 588 0 776 0.2459 592 588 0 777 0.0080 586 0 771 0.1239 770 0.1835 757 0.0982 588 0 775 0.0982 588 0 776 0.2459 588 0 777 0.0090 587 588 0 778 0.0090 587 588 0 779 0.0090 587 588 0 770 0.1835 757 0.0982 588 0 771 0.1239 752 0.0090 586 0 771 0.1239 753 0.0090 587 755 0.1617 591 588 0 775 0.0982 588 0 775 0.0982 589 580 0 775 0.0982 588 580 0 775 0.0990 586 553 0 777 0.01835 757 0.0982 588 587 0 778 0.0090 587 572 0 779 0.1753 570 0 770 0.1753 570 0 770 0.1753 570 0 771 0.1753 570 0 772 0.1755 571 0.0752 572 0 774 0.1753 570 0 775 0.0084 568 0 777 0.0185 577 0 778 0.0090 586 567 0 779 0.0090 586 567 0 770 0.0090 587 572 0 771 0.0090 586 567 0 772 0.0080 569 0 773 0.0080 569 0 774 0.1753 570 0 775 0.0080 569 0 777 0.0080 569 0 770 0.0080 569 0 771 0.0080 569 0 772 0.0080 569 0 772 0.0080 569 0 772 0.0080 569 0 772 0.0080 569 0 772 0.0080 569 0 772 0.0080 569 0 772 0.0080 569 0 772 0.0080 569 0 772 0.0080 569 0 772 0.0080 569 0 772 0.0080 569 0 772 0.0080 569 0 772 0.0080 569 0 772 0.0080 569 0 772 0.0080 569 0 772 0.0080 569 0 772 0.0080 569 0 772 0.0080 569 0 772 0.0080 569 0 773 0.0080 569 0 774 0.0080 569 0 775 0.0080 569 0 775 0.0080 569 0 775 0.0080 569 0 775 0.0080 569	र				बुद्धनगर			7 6	0.165
660 0.0060 सादीपुर क्लिप 2.0066 661 0.1992 सादीपुर क्लिप 2.0066 662 0.1539 663 0.1846 664 0.0300 665 0.0232 666 0.0105 668 0.0032 666 0.0105 668 0.0089 670 670 670 670 670 670 670 670 670 670								77	0.141
661 0.1992 सादीपुर क्रियोली 654 0 662 0.1539 663 0 663 0.1846 664 0 664 0.0300 665 0 665 0.0232 667 0 666 0.0105 668 0 667 0.005 669 670 0 670 0 670 0 670 0 670 0 671 0.1786 6772 0 681 0 672 0.0039 799 0.0009 681 0 779 0.0009 682 0 779 0.00471 प्रावली 7777 0.0058 775 0.1169 603 0 774 0.1954 604 0 775 0.1169 774 0.1954 604 0 776 0.1835 592 0.039 770 0.1835 592 0 777 0.1835 592 588 602 0 778 0.0982 588 602 0 754 0.0990 587 550 0.0990 587 550 0.0990 587 552 0.3791 585 682 0 752 0.3791 585 682 0 753 0.1617 590 586 0 754 0.0090 587 553 0.0090 587 572 0.0090 586 580 0.0090 572 274 0.1753 570 570 570 570 570 570 570 570 570 570								कल	2.275
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बंहल 4.8270 669 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1								0.088
बेतवारपुर नवारपुर 866 0.0089 670 670 670 670 670 670 670 670 670 670	į								0.121
क्रिंत नवास्पुर नवास्पुर स्थाप स्था			666	0.0105					0.007
स्वतंबारपुर नवारपुर 866 0.0089 672 0.0089 672 0.0089 672 0.0089 672 0.0089 672 0.0089 673 0.0281 673 0.0297 681 0.02297 681 0.00972 683 0.00972 683 0.00972 683 0.00972 683 0.00972 0.00471 पावान्तीर 777 0.0058 653 0.00958	:		कुल	4.8270					0.006
803 0.2583 672742 0.00000000000000000000000000000000000	İ	जैतवारपर नवारपर	866	0.0089					0.160
802 0.1786 673 673 673 673 673 673 673 673 673 67	:								0.148
801 0.2297 681 0.0009 682 0.0009 682 0.000972 683 0.000972 683 0.000972 683 0.000972 683 0.000979 0.00009 779 0.00471 7779 0.00100058 7716 0.2459 605 0.000000 605 0.00000000000000000000	i								0.007
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779 0.0471 माइनोर 7777 0.0058 653 0.0058 776 0.2459 653 0.005 0.0									0.030
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753 0.0090 586 752 0.3791 585 682 986 0.0139 580 572 274 0.17 53 570 273 0.1755 571 272 0.0108 568 269 0.0030 567									0.00
752 0.3791 585 585 685 685 685 685 685 685 685 685	:	,							0.11
ञकलपुर जागीर 2.7296 582 582 582 582 582 582 582 581 581 581 581 581 580 580 580 572 572 574 575 570 570 570 570 570 571 572 571 572 571 572 571 572 571 572 571 572 571 572 571 572 571 572 571 572 571 572 571 572 571 571 572 571 571 572 571 571 572 571 571 572 571 571 572 571 571 571 572 571 571 572 571 571 572 571 571 571 572 571 571 571 572 571 571 571 571 571 571 571 571 571 571						•			0.06
अकलपुर जागीर 287 0.2033 581 286 0.0139 580 277 0.3690 572 274 0.17 53 570 273 0.1755 571 272 0.0108 569 268 0.1404 568 269 0.0030 567									0.05
286 0.0139 580 277 0.3690 572 274 0.17 53 570 273 0.1755 571 272 0.0108 569 268 0.1404 568 269 0.0030 567									0.00
277 0.3690 572 274 0.17 53 570 273 0.1755 571 272 0.0108 569 268 0.1404 568 269 0.0030 567		अकलपुर जागरि							0.25
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273 0.1755 571 272 0.0108 569 268 0.1404 568 269 0.0030 567									0.00
272 0.0108 569 268 0.1404 568 269 0.0030 567									0.00
268 0.1404 568 269 0.0030 567									0.00
269 0.0030 567						0 -			0.36
							•		0.00
267(कच्चा ग्रस्ता) 0.0131	:								0.00
84 0.6272 563					•				0.01 0.04

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गौतम दादरी बुद्धनगर	सादीपुर छिदोव 472	सिकंदराबा 0.0339	0.0028 द डिस्ट्रीब्यूटरी	District	Tehsil	Village	Survey No.	Area to be acquired for ROU
	465	0.0014						(in Hectares
	468	0.0030		1	2	3	. 4	5
	: 442	0.0048		Gautam	Dadri	Salarpur	439	0.094 9
	471	0.0030		Budh-		Kalan	440	0.2024
	44	0.1419		nagar		-	Nalla	0.0079
	43	0.2801		~			441	0.1777
	40	0.0074					448	0.01 54
	42	0.1176					449	0.1374
	41	0.1301				• .	451	0.0008
•	32	0.0094					450	0.1510
	33	0.0102					453	0.0609
	25	0.3330					454	0.0041
	26	0.0022		•			455	0.0054
	20	0.0105					459	0.1531
	19	0.0073					458	0.1157
	3	0.0176	•				456	0.0114
	. 2 .	0.3919					457	O. 1321
	1	कुल	4.2435				529	0.0154
	i	3					530	0.0155
	[फा. सं.	एल-14014/2	7/07-जी.पी.]					
	[फा. सं.	•					460	0.0189
MINISTRY OF	:	एस. बी. मंडल	ा, अवर सचिव				460 531	0.0189 0.1557
	PETROLEUM	एस. बी. मंडल I AND NATU	ा, अवर सचिव JRAL GAS				460 531 532	0.0189 0.1557 0.0999
New	PETROLEUM Delhi, the 15th J	एस. बी. मंडल I AND NATU January, 2008	ा, अवर सचिव JRAL GAS	,		· · ·	460 531 532 533	0.0189 0.1557 0.0999 0.0069
New S.O. 104.	PETROLEUM Delhi, the 15th J Whereas it ap	एस. बी. मंडल I AND NATU January, 2008 opears to the	ा, अवर सचिव JRAL GAS Government		÷	o ²	460 531 532 533 534	0.0189 0.1557 0.0999 0.0069 0.0086
New S.O. 104. of India that it is	PETROLEUM Delhi, the 15th I Whereas it ap necessary in put	एस. बी. मंडल I AND NATU January, 2008 opears to the o blic interest th	ा, अवर सचिव JRAL GAS Government nat for trans-		*		460 531 532 533 534 535	0.0189 0.1557 0.0999 0.0069 0.0086 0.0540
New S.O. 104. of India that it is portation of nat	PETROLEUM Delhi, the 15th J Whereas it ap necessary in put ural gas throug	एस. बी. मंडल I AND NATU January, 2008 opears to the o blic interest th h Dadri-Baw	JRAL GAS Government nat for trans- vana-Nangal				460 531 532 533 534 535 536	0.0189 0.1557 0.0999 0.0069 0.0086 0.0540 0.2495
New S.O. 104. of India that it is cortation of nat cipeline project	PETROLEUM Delhi, the 15th l Whereas it ap necessary in pub ural gas throug in the state of l	एस. बी. मंडल I AND NATU January, 2008 opears to the o blic interest the h Dadri-Baw Uttar Pradesh	JRAL GAS Government nat for trans- vana-Nangal		*		460 531 532 533 534 535 536 537	0.0189 0.1557 0.0999 0.0069 0.0086 0.0540 0.2495 0.0911
New S.O. 104. of India that it is cortation of nat hipeline project hould be laid by	PETROLEUM Delhi, the 15th J Whereas it ap necessary in put ural gas throug in the state of U GAIL (India) L	एस. बी. मंडल I AND NATU January, 2008 opears to the o olic interest th h Dadri-Baw Uttar Pradesh imited;	त, अवर सचिव JRAL GAS Government nat for trans- /ana-Nangal n, a pipeline			e* *** ***	460 531 532 533 534 535 536 537 538	0.0189 0.1557 0.0999 0.0069 0.0086 0.0540 0.2495 0.0911 0.1578
New S.O. 104. of India that it is cortation of nat cipeline project hould be laid by And, whe	PETROLEUM Delhi, the 15th J Whereas it ap necessary in put ural gas throug in the state of U GAIL (India) L reas it appears	एस. बी. मंडल I AND NATU January, 2008 opears to the G blic interest th h Dadri-Baw Uttar Pradesh imited;	JRAL GAS Government nat for trans- vana-Nangal n, a pipeline			, * 	460 531 532 533 534 535 536 537 538 539	0.0189 0.1557 0.0999 0.0069 0.0086 0.0540 0.2495 0.0911 0.1578 0.0066
New S.O. 104. of India that it is cortation of nat cipeline project hould be laid by And, whe ndia that for the	PETROLEUM Delhi, the 15th l Whereas it ap necessary in put ural gas throug in the state of to GAIL (India) L reas it appears purpose of layi	एस. बी. मंडल I AND NATU January, 2008 opears to the o blic interest the h Dadri-Baw Uttar Pradesh imited; to the Gov ing the said p	Government nat for trans- vana-Nangal n, a pipeline rernment of pipeline, it is		÷ ,		460 531 532 533 534 535 536 537 538 539	0.0189 0.1557 0.0999 0.0069 0.0086 0.0540 0.2495 0.0911 0.1578 0.0066
New S.O. 104. of India that it is cortation of nat cipeline project hould be laid by And, whe ndia that for the ecessary to acq	PETROLEUM Delhi, the 15th J Whereas it ap necessary in pub ural gas throug in the state of to GAIL (India) L reas it appears purpose of laying uire the Right of	एस. बी. मंडल I AND NATU January, 2008 opears to the oblic interest the h Dadri-Baw Uttar Pradesh imited; to the Gov ing the said p	Government nat for transvana-Nangal n, a pipeline ternment of pipeline, it is a land under		÷		460 531 532 533 534 535 536 537 538 539 544 545	0.0189 0.1557 0.0999 0.0069 0.0540 0.2495 0.0911 0.1578 0.0066 0.0086
New S.O. 104. of India that it is cortation of nat cipeline project hould be laid by And, whe ndia that for the necessary to acquire the said pi	PETROLEUM Delhi, the 15th J Whereas it ap necessary in put ural gas throug in the state of t GAIL (India) L reas it appears purpose of layi uire the Right o peline is propose	एस. बी. मंडल I AND NATU January, 2008 opears to the Golic interest the h Dadri-Baw Uttar Pradesh imited; to the Gov ing the said p of User in the ed to be laid a	Government nat for transvana-Nangal n, a pipeline rernment of pipeline, it is a land under and which is			e*	460 531 532 533 534 535 536 537 538 539 544 545	0.0189 0.1557 0.0999 0.0069 0.0086 0.0540 0.2495 0.0911 0.1578 0.0066 0.0086
New S.O. 104. If India that it is cortation of nat cipeline project hould be laid by And, whe ndia that for the necessary to acq which the said pi escribed in the	PETROLEUM Delhi, the 15th J Whereas it ap necessary in put ural gas throug in the state of U GAIL (India) L reas it appears purpose of layi uire the Right of peline is propose Schedule annexe	एस. बी. मंडल I AND NATU January, 2008 opears to the oblic interest the Dadri-Baw Uttar Pradeshimited; to the Goving the said pof User in the ed to be laid a	Government nat for transvana-Nangal n, a pipeline ternment of pipeline, it is a land under and which is ification.				460 531 532 533 534 535 536 537 538 539 544 545 551	0.0189 0.1557 0.0999 0.0069 0.0086 0.0540 0.2495 0.0911 0.1578 0.0066 0.0086 0.0166 0.0081
New S.O. 104. If India that it is cortation of nat sipeline project hould be laid by And, when dia that for the ecessary to acquire the said piescribed in the Now, there	PETROLEUM Delhi, the 15th J Whereas it ap necessary in put ural gas throug in the state of U GAIL (India) L reas it appears purpose of layi urre the Right of peline is propose schedule annexe fore, in exercise	एस. बी. मंडल I AND NATU January, 2008 opears to the oblic interest the Dadri-Baw Uttar Pradeshimited; to the Goving the said pof User in the ed to be laid a ed to this not e of powers of	Government nat for transvana-Nangal n, a pipeline rernment of sipeline, it is a land under and which is ification.		-		460 531 532 533 534 535 536 537 538 539 544 545 551 557	0.0189 0.1557 0.0999 0.0069 0.0086 0.0540 0.2495 0.0911 0.1578 0.0066 0.0086 0.0166 0.0081 0.1340 0.0249
New S.O. 104. of India that it is cortation of nat cipeline project hould be laid by And, whe ndia that for the eccessary to acq which the said pi escribed in the Now, there ub-section (1) or	PETROLEUM Delhi, the 15th J Whereas it ap necessary in put ural gas throug in the state of to GAIL (India) L reas it appears purpose of layi uire the Right of peline is propose Schedule annexe fore, in exercise f Section 3 of the	एस. बी. मंडल I AND NATU January, 2008 opears to the oblic interest the Dadri-Baw Uttar Pradeshimited; to the Goving the said pof User in the ed to be laid a ed to this not e of powers co	Government nat for transvana-Nangal n, a pipeline ternment of pipeline, it is a land under and which is ification.				460 531 532 533 534 535 536 537 538 539 544 545 551 557 556 558	0.0189 0.1557 0.0999 0.0069 0.0086 0.0540 0.2495 0.00166 0.0086 0.0166 0.0081 0.1340 0.0249 0.0078
New S.O. 104. of India that it is cortation of nat sipeline project hould be laid by And, whe ndia that for the necessary to acq which the said pi escribed in the Now, there ub-section (1) o ipelines (Acquis	PETROLEUM Delhi, the 15th J Whereas it ap necessary in put ural gas throug in the state of t GAIL (India) L reas it appears purpose of layi uire the Right o peline is propose Schedule annexe efore, in exercise f Section 3 of the stition of Right of	एस. बी. मंडल I AND NATU January, 2008 opears to the oblic interest the Dadri-Baw Uttar Pradeshimited; a to the Goving the said por of User in the ed to be laid a ed to this not e of powers of e Petroleum a User in Land	Government nat for transvana-Nangal n, a pipeline ternment of pipeline, it is a land under and which is ification. Conferred by and Minerals 1) Act, 1962,				460 531 532 533 534 535 536 537 538 539 544 545 551 557 556 558 559	0.0189 0.1557 0.0999 0.0069 0.0086 0.0540 0.2495 0.0911 0.1578 0.0066 0.0086 0.0166 0.0081 0.1340 0.0249 0.0078 0.0078
New S.O. 104. of India that it is cortation of nat ipeline project hould be laid by And, whe ndia that for the ecessary to acq which the said pi escribed in the Now, there ub-section (1) or ipelines (Acquis 50 of 1962) the	PETROLEUM Delhi, the 15th J Whereas it ap necessary in put ural gas throug in the state of t GAIL (India) L reas it appears purpose of layi uire the Right of peline is propose Schedule annexe fore, in exercise f Section 3 of the sition of Right of Government of	एस. बी. मंडल I AND NATU January, 2008 opears to the oblic interest the Dadri-Baw Uttar Pradeshimited; to the Goving the said pof User in the ed to be laid a ed to this not e of powers con Petroleum a f User in Land India hereby	Government nat for transvana-Nangal n, a pipeline ternment of pipeline, it is a land under and which is ification. Conferred by and Minerals 1) Act, 1962,				460 531 532 533 534 535 536 537 538 539 544 545 551 557 556 558 559 560	0.0189 0.1557 0.0999 0.0069 0.0086 0.0540 0.2495 0.0911 0.1578 0.0066 0.0086 0.0166 0.0081 0.1340 0.0249 0.0078 0.0083 0.2362
New S.O. 104. If India that it is cortation of nat ipeline project hould be laid by And, when dia that for the ecessary to acquire the said piescribed in the Now, there ub-section (1) or ipelines (Acquire 1962) the itention to acquire the intention to acquire solution in the intention	PETROLEUM Delhi, the 15th J Whereas it ap necessary in put ural gas throug in the state of U GAIL (India) L reas it appears purpose of layi uire the Right of peline is propose Schedule annexe efore, in exercise f Section 3 of the stition of Right of Government of ire the right of u	एस. बी. मंडल I AND NATU January, 2008 opears to the oblic interest the Dadri-Baw Uttar Pradeshimited; it to the Goving the said poff User in the ed to be laid a ed to this not e of powers of the Petroleum a User in Land India hereby user therein.	Government nat for transvana-Nangal n, a pipeline ternment of pipeline, it is a land under and which is iffication. Conferred by and Minerals 1) Act, 1962, declares its				460 531 532 533 534 535 536 537 538 539 544 545 551 557 556 558 559 560	0.0189 0.1557 0.0999 0.0069 0.0086 0.0540 0.2495 0.0911 0.1578 0.0066 0.0086 0.0166 0.0081 0.1340 0.0249 0.0078 0.0083 0.2362 0.0485
New S.O. 104. of India that it is cortation of nat cipeline project hould be laid by And, whe ndia that for the necessary to acquire to acquire the Now, there ub-section (1) or cipelines (Acquire 50 of 1962) the ntention to acquire Any person	PETROLEUM Delhi, the 15th J Whereas it ap necessary in put ural gas throug in the state of U GAIL (India) L reas it appears purpose of layi urre the Right of peline is propose schedule annexe efore, in exercise f Section 3 of the sition of Right of Government of ire the right of u n interested in t	एस. बी. मंडल I AND NATU January, 2008 opears to the oblic interest the Dadri-Baw Uttar Pradeshimited; to the Goving the said pof User in the ed to be laid a ed to this not e of powers ce e Petroleum a f User in Land India hereby user therein.	Government nat for transvana-Nangal n, a pipeline ternment of pipeline, it is a land under and which is iffication. conferred by and Minerals 1) Act, 1962, declares its				460 531 532 533 534 535 536 537 538 539 544 545 551 557 556 558 559 560 553 561	0.0189 0.1557 0.0999 0.0069 0.0086 0.0540 0.2495 0.0911 0.1578 0.0066 0.0086 0.0166 0.0081 0.1340 0.0249 0.0078 0.0083 0.2362 0.0485 0.1093
New S.O. 104. of India that it is cortation of nat cipeline project hould be laid by And, whe ndia that for the decessary to acquition the said pi described in the Now, there ub-section (1) or cipelines (Acquis 50 of 1962) the ntention to acqui Any person aid Schedule ma	PETROLEUM Delhi, the 15th J Whereas it ap necessary in put ural gas throug in the state of U GAIL (India) L reas it appears purpose of layi ure the Right of peline is propose schedule annexe fore, in exercise f Section 3 of the sition of Right of Government of ire the right of u in interested in tay, within twent	एस. बी. मंडल I AND NATU January, 2008 opears to the oblic interest the Dadri-Baw Uttar Pradeshimited; to the Goving the said pof User in the ed to be laid a ed to this not e of powers ce Petroleum af User in Land India hereby user therein, the land descript one days from the said descript one days from the land descript of the la	Government nat for transvana-Nangal n, a pipeline rernment of sipeline, it is a land under and which is ification conferred by and Minerals 1) Act, 1962, declares its				460 531 532 533 534 535 536 537 538 539 544 545 551 557 556 558 559 560 553 561 562	0.0189 0.1557 0.0999 0.0069 0.0086 0.0540 0.2495 0.00166 0.0081 0.1340 0.0249 0.0078 0.0083 0.2362 0.0485 0.1093 0.1095
New S.O. 104. If India that it is cortation of nat ipeline project hould be laid by And, whe india that for the ecessary to acquire the Now, there in the Now, there is section (1) or ipelines (Acquire to of 1962) the intention to acquire the Any personaid Schedule may feel which the cop	PETROLEUM Delhi, the 15th J Whereas it ap necessary in put ural gas throug in the state of U GAIL (India) L reas it appears purpose of layi urre the Right of peline is propose schedule annexe efore, in exercise f Section 3 of the sition of Right of Government of ire the right of u n interested in t	Util all. Here I AND NATU January, 2008 opears to the oblic interest the oblic interest the Dadri-Baw Uttar Pradesh imited; to the Gov ing the said p of User in the ed to be laid a ed to this not e of powers of e Petroleum a fuser in Land India hereby user therein. the land description issued	Government nat for transvana-Nangal n, a pipeline ternment of sipeline, it is a land under and which is ification. conferred by and Minerals 1) Act, 1962, declares its ribed in the com the date under Sub-				460 531 532 533 534 535 536 537 538 539 544 545 551 557 556 558 559 560 553 561 562 563	0.0189 0.1557 0.0999 0.0069 0.0086 0.0540 0.2495 0.0911 0.1578 0.0066 0.0086 0.0166 0.0081 0.1340 0.0249 0.0078 0.0083 0.2362 0.0485 0.1093 0.1095 0.0129
New S.O. 104. of India that it is cortation of nat sipeline project hould be laid by And, whe ndia that for the eccessary to acquivich the said pi escribed in the Now, there ub-section (1) or ipelines (Acquis 50 of 1962) the ntention to acqui Any person aid Schedule ma f which the cop ection (1) of Sec	PETROLEUM Delhi, the 15th J Whereas it ap necessary in put ural gas throug in the state of t GAIL (India) L reas it appears purpose of layi uire the Right of peline is propose Schedule annexe efore, in exercise f Section 3 of the sition of Right of Government of ire the right of u in interested in t ay, within twent ies of the notific	Util all. Here January, 2008 opears to the oblic interest the Dadri-Baw Uttar Pradeshimited; to the Governing the said por of User in the ed to be laid a ed to this not e of powers con Petroleum and Tuser in Land India hereby user therein. the land description issued description issued description.	Government nat for transvana-Nangal n, a pipeline rernment of sipeline, it is a land under and which is ification. conferred by and Minerals 1) Act, 1962, declares its ribed in the om the date under Sublished in the				460 531 532 533 534 535 536 537 538 539 544 545 551 557 556 558 559 560 553 561 562 563 564	0.0189 0.1557 0.0999 0.0069 0.0086 0.0540 0.2495 0.0911 0.1578 0.0066 0.0086 0.0166 0.0081 0.1340 0.0249 0.0078 0.0083 0.2362 0.0485 0.1093 0.1095 0.0129 0.0131
New S.O. 104. of India that it is cortation of nat cortation of the cortation of nat cortat	PETROLEUM Delhi, the 15th J Whereas it ap necessary in put ural gas throug in the state of t GAIL (India) L reas it appears purpose of layi uire the Right of peline is propose Schedule annexe fore, in exercise f Section 3 of the sition of Right of Government of ire the right of u in interested in t ay, within twent ies of the notification 3 of the said	एस. बी. मंडल I AND NATU January, 2008 opears to the oblic interest the Dadri-Baw Uttar Pradeshimited; it to the Gov ing the said portion of User in the ed to be laid a ed to this not e of powers control of the Petroleum at FUser in Land India hereby user therein. the land description issued d Act, as published to the gen	Government nat for transvana-Nangal n, a pipeline rernment of sipeline, it is a land under and which is iffication. conferred by and Minerals 1) Act, 1962, declares its ribed in the norm the date under Sublished in the neral public,				460 531 532 533 534 535 536 537 538 539 544 545 551 557 556 558 559 560 553 561 562 563 564 567	0.0189 0.1557 0.0999 0.0069 0.0086 0.0540 0.2495 0.0911 0.1578 0.0066 0.0086 0.0166 0.0081 0.1340 0.0249 0.0078 0.0083 0.2362 0.0485 0.1093 0.1095 0.0129 0.0131 0.0011
New S.O. 104. If India that it is cortation of nat ippeline project hould be laid by And, when dia that for the eccessary to acquire to the said pilescribed in the Now, there ub-section (1) of 1962) the intention to acquire Any person aid Schedule may f which the copection (1) of Section (1) of Section Shri Ramavtar	PETROLEUM Delhi, the 15th J Whereas it ap necessary in put ural gas throug in the state of U GAIL (India) L reas it appears purpose of layi uire the Right of peline is propose Schedule annexe fore, in exercise f Section 3 of the sition of Right of Government of ire the right of u in interested in t ay, within twent iction 3 of the said are made availal	एस. बी. मंडल I AND NATU January, 2008 opears to the oblic interest the Dadri-Baw Uttar Pradeshimited; is to the Gov ing the said p of User in the ed to be laid a ed to this not e of powers of e Petroleum a User in Land India hereby user therein. the land description issued d Act, as public to the gen the pipeline un Authority, G	Government nat for trans- vana-Nangal n, a pipeline rernment of pipeline, it is a land under and which is iffication. Conferred by and Minerals 1) Act, 1962, declares its ribed in the com the date under Sublished in the peral public, ander the land the AIL (India)				460 531 532 533 534 535 536 537 538 539 544 545 551 557 556 558 559 560 553 561 562 563 564	0.0189 0.1557 0.0999 0.0069 0.0086 0.0540 0.2495 0.0911 0.1578 0.0066 0.0086 0.0166 0.0081 0.1340 0.0249 0.0078 0.0083 0.2362 0.0485

l	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
Gautam	Dadri	Patadi	729	0.0339	Gautam	Dadri	Tamolipur	367	0.2846
Budha-	ļ		<i>7</i> 34	0.1786	Budh-		•	366	0.0059
nagar	1		739	0.0015	nagar			358	0.0066
	i		740	0.0036				356	0.0413
	1		7 41	0.0030				355	0.2064
		_	Total	0.2207				354	0.0066
	:	Ranoli Latifpur	32	0.0083				350	0.1498
		т	35	0.0608				349	0.0923
	-	1	37	0.2513				348	0.1357
	İ	•	38	0.0188				347 (Cart	0,0131
	1	(Me	etal Road)					Track	•
		`'	39 ´	0.1003				344	0.0856
	į		40	0.0035				343	0.3283
	ŀ		26	0.0504				342	0.0065
	ì	(1	Kathana					341	0.0663
		D	istributor	y)				340	0.0620
	- !	(Metal	Road)	0.0283				339	0.0631
	1		46	0.1898				337	0.0607
			GANC	iΑ				334	0.0220
			NAHE	ER				332	0.0094
	1		231	0.0781				333	O. 1135
		(Metal.		0.0414				331	0.1642
			230	0.0358				330	0.1552
	i		47	0.0029				323	0.4334
	Ì		48	0.0264				324 (C.T.)	
	1		229	0.0414					
			228	0.0294				TOTAL	4.2780
	!		227	0.1191			Pyawali Tajpur	912 (C.T.)	0.0053
	i	(C) AT	53	0.0042			,	914	0.2857
	1	(Cart Tı		0.0244				911	0.1524
	1		49	0.0010				908	0.0082
		Dailean	50 (51)	0.0116				903	0.2317
	i	Railway		0.1229				902	0.0082
	:	Asphal Ted Ro		0.0297				901	0.1565
	:	i cu No	23	0.1201				900	0.1399
			22	0.1201		•		899	0.1108
			21	0.5110				898	0.0080
	:		20	0.1849				897	0.0080
	:		19	0.1469				896	0.6344
	i		12	0.1313				892	0.2192
	- 1		16	0.0123				893	0.0407
	:		1I	0.0075				894 .	0.2236
								878	0.0126
			Total	2.2032			(N	fetal Road)	0.0120
	Dadri	Tamolipur	443	0.0171			(14	612	0.1292
			433	0.8023				613	0.1292
	į		431	0.0390				611	0.0032
			430	0.0067	•			614	0.1778
			375	0.0711				610	0.0202
	;		374 373	O. 1186				616	0.1728
	:		373	0.0922			•	617	
			372	0.0841			•		0.0069
			370 369	0.2917 0.22 8 6				618 619	0.0069 0.2129
									11/1/1

	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
Gautam	Dadri	Pyawali Tajpur	633	0.1804	Gautam	Dadri	Akalpur Jagir	287	0.2033
Budh-			634	0.0069	Budh-		•	286	0.0139
agar			635	0.0071	nagar			277	0.3690
	•		636	0.2080			,	274	0.1753
			641	0.2565			•	273	0.1755
			646	0.0050				272	0.0108
			647	0.0048			. #	268	0.1404
			654	0.0619 .		•		269	0.0030
	-	111	655	0.2485				267	0.0131
		•	656	0.0117			(C	art Track)	0.0151
			671	0.0560			(C	•	0.000
		*	670	0.0042				84	0.6272
		•	675	0.0007				<i>7</i> 5	0.2373
		1	676	0.0003				<i>7</i> 6	0.1657
		1	669	0.0156				<i>7</i> 7	0.1414
		-	668	0.0156			_	Total	2.2759
		•	657	0.2022			Sadipur Chhidol		0.2114
		:	659	0.1474			Sadipur Ciniidoi		
		!	660	0.0060			4	663	0.0053
			661	O. 1992			•	664	0.1218
		:	662	O. 1539				665	0.0880
		: :	663	O. 1846	•			667	0.1212
		·	664	0.0300				668	0.0073
		· i	665	0.0232 0.0105				669	0.0062
			666					670	0.1604
	•	: •	Total	4.8270				672	0.1483
		Jaitwapur	866	0.0089				672/742	0.0078
		Navarpur	803	0.2583		4)		67 3	0.0006
		:	802	0.1786 ·			• •	681	0.0031
								(00	
			801	0.2297				082	0.0138
			799	0.0009				682 683	0.0138
			799 798	0.0009 0.0972			Poswli	683	0.0302
			799 798 793 Meta	0.0009 0.0972 al0.0239			Pyawli	683 Minor	0.0302 0.0179
			799 798 793 Meta Roa	0.0009 0.0972 al0.0239 d			Fyawli	683 Minor 653	0.0302 0.0179 .0.0135
8.			799 798 793 Meta Roa 779	0.0009 0.0972 al0.0239 d 0.0471			Fyawli	683 Minor 653 605	0.0302 0.0179 . 0.0135 0.0760
*			799 798 793 Meta Roa 779 777	0.0009 0.0972 al0.0239 d 0.0471 0.0058			Pyawli	683 Minor 653 605 604	0.0302 0.0179 . 0.0135 0.0760 0.3350
ŵ.			799 798 793 Meta Roa 779 777 776	0.0009 0.0972 al0.0239 d 0.0471 0.0058 0.2459			Pyawli	683 Minor 653 605 604 603	0.0302 0.0179 .0.0135 0.0760 0.3350 0.0247
8.			799 798 793 Meta Roa 779 777 776 775	0.0009 0.0972 al0.0239 d 0.0471 0.0058 0.2459 0.1169			Pyawli	683 Minor 653 605 604 603 602	0.0302 0.0179 .0.0135 0.0760 0.3350 0.0247 0.1127
8			799 798 793 Meta Roa 779 777 776 775 774	0.0009 0.0972 al0.0239 d 0.0471 0.0058 0.2459 0.1169 0.1954		/	Pyawli	683 Minor 653 605 604 603 602 601	0.0302 0.0179 .0.0135 0.0760 0.3350 0.0247 0.1127 0.0121
*			799 798 793 Meta Roa 779 777 776 775 774 773	0.0009 0.0972 al0.0239 d 0.0471 0.0058 0.2459 0.1169 0.1954 0.1374			Fyawli	683 Minor 653 605 604 603 602 601 592	0.0302 0.0179 0.0135 0.0760 0.3350 0.0247 0.1127 0.0121 0.0019
8			799 798 793 Meta Roa 719 777 776 775 774 773 772	0.0009 0.0972 al0.0239 d 0.0471 0.0058 0.2459 0.1169 0.1954 0.1374 0.1380		, *	Pyawli	683 Minor 653 605 604 603 602 601	0.0302 0.0179 0.0135 0.0760 0.3350 0.0247 0.1127 0.0121 0.0019
*			799 798 793 Meta Roa 719 771 776 775 774 773 772 771	0.0009 0.0972 al0.0239 d 0.0471 0.0058 0.2459 0.1169 0.1954 0.1374 0.1380 0.1239		/ * * *	Pyawli	683 Minor 653 605 604 603 602 601 592	0.0302 0.0179 0.0135 0.0760 0.3350 0.0247 0.1127 0.0121 0.0019
8			799 798 793 Meta Roa 779 777 776 775 774 773 772 771 770	0.0009 0.0972 al0.0239 d 0.0471 0.0058 0.2459 0.1169 0.1954 0.1374 0.1380 0.1239 0.1835		/ *	Pyawli	683 Minor 653 605 604 603 602 601 592 588	0.0302 0.0179 0.0135 0.0760 0.3350 0.0247 0.1127 0.0121 0.0019
8			799 798 793 Meta Roa 779 777 776 775 774 773 772 771 770 757	0.0009 0.0972 al0.0239 d 0.0471 0.0058 0.2459 0.1169 0.1954 0.1374 0.1380 0.1239 0.1835 0.0982		/ & *		683 Minor 653 605 604 603 602 601 592 588 589	0.0302 0.0179 .0.0135 0.0760 0.3350 0.0247 0.1127 0.0121 0.0019 0.0156
8			799 798 793 Meta Roa 719 771 776 775 774 773 772 771 770 757 756	0.0009 0.0972 al0.0239 d 0.0471 0.0058 0.2459 0.1169 0.1954 0.1374 0.1380 0.1239 0.1835 0.0982 0.0812		, × ,		683 Minor 653 605 604 603 602 601 592 588 589 590 591	0.0302 0.0179 .0.0135 0.0760 0.3350 0.0247 0.1127 0.0121 0.0019 0.0156 0.0568 0.0128 0.0030
			799 798 793 Meta Roa 719 771 716 775 774 773 772 771 770 757 756 755	0.0009 0.0972 al0.0239 d 0.0471 0.0058 0.2459 0.1169 0.1954 0.1374 0.1380 0.1239 0.1835 0.0982 0.0812 0.1617		/ * * * *		683 Minor 653 605 604 603 602 601 592 588 589 590 591	0.0302 0.0179 .0.0135 0.0760 0.3350 0.0247 0.1127 0.0121 0.0019 0.0156 0.0568 0.0128 0.0030 0.1169
		***************************************	799 798 793 Meta Roa 719 777 776 775 774 773 772 771 770 757 756 755 754	0.0009 0.0972 al0.0239 d 0.0471 0.0058 0.2459 0.1169 0.1954 0.1374 0.1380 0.1239 0.1835 0.0982 0.0812 0.1617 0.0090		/		683 Minor 653 605 604 603 602 601 592 588 589 590 591 587	0.0302 0.0179 0.0135 0.0760 0.3350 0.0247 0.1127 0.0121 0.0019 0.0156 0.0568 0.0128 0.0030 0.1169 0.0630
			799 798 793 Meta Roa 719 771 716 775 774 773 772 771 770 757 756 755	0.0009 0.0972 al0.0239 d 0.0471 0.0058 0.2459 0.1169 0.1954 0.1374 0.1380 0.1239 0.1835 0.0982 0.0812 0.1617				683 Minor 653 605 604 603 602 601 592 588 589 590 591	0.0302 0.0179 .0.0135 0.0760 0.3350 0.0247 0.1127 0.0121 0.0019 0.0156 0.0568 0.0128 0.0030 0.1169

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<u> </u>			7	
Gautam	Dadri	Sadipur Chhidoli	580	0.1739
Budh-	İ		572	0.0076
agar			570	0.0025
	•	:	571	0.0076
		:	569	0.3609
		;	568	0.0054
			567	0.0049
	1		442	0.0105
	:		563	0.0498
	1	562 (Sika	ndara-	0.0028
	1	bad	dist.)	
	! !		472	0.0339
	1		465	0.0014
	1		468	0.0030
	1		442	0.0048
			471	0.0030
		•	44	0.1419
,	1		43	0.2801
	1	` .	40	0.0074
	1		42	0.1176
			41	0.1301
	Dadri	Sadipur Chhidoli	32	0.0094
	!	•	33	0.0102
			25	0.3330
	:		26	0.0022
ī	1		20	0.0105
	ĺ		19	0.0073
	1		3	0.0176
	:	•	2	0.3919
	1		Total	4.2435
	i	GRAND'	TOTAL	23.9863
	 	(F.N	Io. L-140	14/27/07-GF
		f		
	•	S. B. M.	ANDAL	. Under Secv
	:	S.B.M.	ANDAL	, Under Secy
	: :	S. B. M. নई दिल्ली, 15 অনুত্		
786	ब्रुआ 10	नई दिल्ली, 15 जनव	ारी, 2008	
जीत होत	क्षे कि व	नई दिल्ली, 15 जनव 5.—भारत सरकार को ल तर प्रदेश राज्य में दादरी-	ारी , 2008 नोकहित ^{म्} -बवाना-न	ं में यह आवश्यव गंगल पाइपलाई
प्र <mark>तीत होत</mark> परियोजन	हिंकि व । के माध	नई दिल्ली, 15 जनव 5.—भारत सरकार को र जर प्रदेश राज्य में दादरी- यम से प्राकृतिक गैस व	ारी, 2008 नोकहित म -बवाना-न हे परिवहः	े में यह आवश्यव गंगल पाइपलाई न के लिए गेर
ब्रह्मीत होत परियोजन (इण्डिया	हिंकि व किमाध्) लिमिटे	नई दिल्ली, 15 जनव 5.—भारत सरकार को ल जिर प्रदेश राज्य में दादरी- यम से प्राकृतिक गैस व ड द्वारा, एक पाइपलाईन	ारी, 2008 नोकहित ^{में} -बवाना-न के परिवहर बिछाई ज	ें में यह आवश्यव गंगल पाइपलाई न के लिए गेर ग़नी चाहिए;
वतीत होत परियोजन (इण्डिया अ	हिं कि व के माध लिमिटे भारत न	नई दिल्ली, 15 जनव 5.—भारत सरकार को र त्तर प्रदेश राज्य में दादरी- यम से प्राकृतिक गैस व	ारी, 2008 नोकहित ग् -बवाना-न हे परिवहः बिछाई ज ईन बिछाः	में यह आवश्यव गंगल पाइपलाई न के लिए गेत ग़नी चाहिए; ने के प्रयोजन व

संलान अनुसूची में वर्णित है, उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन किया

अत: अब, भारत सरकार, पेट्रोलियम और खनिज पाइपलाईन (भूभि में उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन) अधिनियम, 1962 (1962 का 50) की धारा 3 की उप-धारा (1) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, उस भूमि में उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन करने के अपने आशय की घोषणा करती है;

कोई व्यक्ति, जो उक्त अनुसूची में वर्णित भूमि में हितबद्ध है, उस तारीख से जिसको उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 3 की उप-धारा (1) के अधीन भारत के राजपत्र में यथा प्रकाशित इस अधिसूचना की प्रतियाँ साधारण जनता को उपलब्ध कर दी जाती हैं, इक्कीस दिन के भीतर, भूमि के नीचे पाइपलाईन बिछाए जाने के संबंध में, श्री रामावतार पाल, सक्षम प्राधिकारी, गेल (इण्डिया) लिमिटेड, जी.टी. आई. पी.ए.आर.सी. बिल्डिंग, सेक्टर-16ए, नोएडा, जिला-गौतम बुद्ध नगर-201301 (उत्तर प्रदेश) को लिखित रूप में आक्षेप भेज सकेगा।

सकेगा ।				
		अनुसूची		
জিলা	तहसील	गांव	सर्वे	क्षेत्र
			नंबर	(हेक्टर)
1	2	3	4	5
गाजियाबाद	हापुर	हसनपुर लोढा	1351	0.0151
			1311	0.1278
			1310	0.3213
			1309	0.4950
			1308	0.0171
			1306	0.3209
			1305	0.2383
			1304	0.1728
			1302	0.0111
			1301	0.1392
			1298	0.1890
		•	पक्का	0.0227
			रास्ता	
			1194	0.0310
			1 195	0.1185
			1196	0.1888
			1200	0.1167
			1201	0.0283
			1202	0.1254
			1203	0.0509
		٠	1207	0.2807
			1208	0.0119
			1209	0.3997
			1210	0.5728
			कच्चा	0.0061
	,		रास्ता	
			1211	0.0597
			1212	0.0991
			1213	0.0674
			1214	0.1009
			1215	0.1138
			1216	0.0123

<u> </u>	2	3	4 -	5	·	1	2	3	4	5
ाजियाबाद	हापुर ह	इसनपुर लोढा	1217	0.1545	:	गाजियाबाद	गाजियाबाद	•	87	0.1844
·	1 9	9	1218	0.2108				पुथी	86	0.3236
	÷		1220	0.2762					84	0.0028
		•	1221	0.0096					85	0.0405
	• **	_	कुल	5.1053					81/ब	0.2144
	**************************************								81/अ	6.1600
	गाजियाबाद	अरिफपुर —	47	0.2592					80	0.3007
	100	घ.भ.	4.0	00444					<i>7</i> 9	0.0845
		4	46	0.0444					77	0.0186
	:		45	0.3596					16	0.0006
			44	0.1080					15	0.5225
	•		55	0.0072				•	14.	0.0099
	,		43	0.0239				-	कुल	3.7015
	•		42 (सर्विस	0.0158 ਜੇਵ)			गाजियाबाद	- रघुनाथपुर	79	0.0515
	. *			•			ગાળવાબાદ	रपुगावपुर		
			41	0.0571					83-A	0.1855
			40	0.4835 .			•		32 36	0.0007
			39.	0.0286				_	25	0.1371
			29	0.0572					कुल	0.3747
			28	0.3511			़गाजियाबाद	पिपलहेडा	. 307	0.1214
*	ī		26 26	0.0147					306	0.3872
			25	0.2258					305	0.1880
	:		24 32	0.4120				•	308	0.0073
	•		23 23	0.1810					299	0.0890
			22	0.0629					298	0.4801
	:		कच्चा	0.0259		•		•	297	0.0316
			रास्ता 4	0.9264		• 11			(कच्चा	रास्ता)
	:		4	0.9264				4	296	0.1301
	:	·	(कच्चा						292	0.0179
		_				•			291	0.2019
	į	_	कुल 🕆	3.6523				•	287	0.0653
	गाजियाबाद	दिनानाथ पुर		0.0030					286/अ	0.0250
	į	पुथी	403/अ	0.4145					288	0.0090
	:		402	0.0110					290	0.3426
	1		401	0.0205				-	289	0.0516
	1		388/अ	0.1188					274	0.0348
	:		387	0.4117					335	0.2969
			386	0.0807					284	0.0244
		•	383	0.0027					(कच्चा	
			382	0.0102			,		271	0. 1968
	1		378	0.4252		0			270	0.2675
			379	0.2924		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			269	0.0667
~			374	0.0198			•		266	0.0183
	:		(ड्रेन)			. •			265	0.0162
.70	;		107	0.0285					262	0.1061
			(ओडी३	रार रास्ता)				•	263	0.0096

1	2	3	4	5	1.	2	3	4	5
गजियाबाद	गंजियाबाद	पिपलहेडा	264	0.0094	गाजियाबाद	गाजियाबाद	दासना	2643	0.0557
	1		250/ৰ	0.0003			देहात	2641	0.2369
		•	251/अ	0.2109				2651	0.0182
			252-अ	0.1478				2652	0.0193
			252/ब	0.0063				2640	0.1562
			232/4 249	0.0084				2639	0.0073
	i		248	•				2654	0.1128
			246 247	0.0106 0.0291				2656	0.0122
	:							2575	0.0299
			246-ৰ	0.1356		•		2576	0.0657
	:		246-अ	0.0241	•			2577	0.4185
	1		244	0.0159				2590	0.0073
			2 45 ¹	0.0094				2589	0.1360
			242-अ	0.0572				2588	0.0876
	i		2 43	0.5069				2587	0.0785
	1		238	0.0096				2586	0.0900
			236	0.0135				2582	0.4301
	!		235	0.0180				2500	0.0556
	!		216	0.0490				2331	0.0508
	:		219	0.2056				2583	0.0067
			217	0.2539				2584	0.0070
			213	0.1645				2506	0.0221
			214	0.0335			•	2505	0.0570
			215	0.0085				2504	0.0360
!			पक्का	0.0273				2503	0.1262
			रास्ता					2501	0.0277
		-	कुल	5.1405		•	·	2502 2503	0.0051 0.0244
	गाजियाबाद	- दासना	2719	0.0163				2329	0.0244
9		देहात	2720	0.0006				2019/	0.0422
	!	7070	2730	0.1676				स्टेट हाइ	
	i		2729	0.0102				2020/	0.0664
	!		2728	0.0030				स्टेट हाइ	
	i		2731					2021/	0.0287
				11 / 3/43					
	i :			0.2545					वे
	i i		2732	0.0024				स्टेट हाइ	
	i i		2732 2723	0.0024 0.0045				स्टेट हाइ 1996	0.0465
	i i		2732 2723 2756	0.0024 0.0045 0.2619				स्टेट हाइ	0.0465 0.0230
	i i i		2732 2723 2756 2757	0.0024 0.0045 0.2619 0.0247				स्टेट हाइ 1996 1991 1992	0.0465 0.0230 0.0277
	i i i		2732 2723 2756 2757 2758	0.0024 0.0045 0.2619 0.0247 0.0078				स्टेट हाइ 1996 1991	0.0465 0.0230 0.0277 0.0826
	i i i :		2732 2723 2756 2757 2758 2629	0.0024 0.0045 0.2619 0.0247 0.0078				स्टेट हाइ 19% 1991 1992 1995 1994	0.0465 0.0230 0.0277 0.0826 0.0635
	i i i :		2732 2723 2756 2757 2758 2629 2620	0.0024 0.0045 0.2619 0.0247 0.0078 0.0057 0.0306				स्टेट हाइ 19% 1991 1992 1995 1994 1982	0.0465 0.0230 0.0277 0.0826 0.0635 0.0385
	i i :		2732 2723 2756 2757 2758 2629 2620 2630	0.0024 0.0045 0.2619 0.0247 0.0078 0.0057 0.0306 0.0095				स्टेट हाइ 19% 1991 1992 1995 1994	0.0465 0.0230 0.0277 0.0826 0.0635 0.0385 0.0053
			2732 2723 2756 2757 2758 2629 2620 2630 2631	0.0024 0.0045 0.2619 0.0247 0.0078 0.0057 0.0306 0.0095 0.0120				स्टेट हाइ 1996 1991 1992 1995 1994 1982 1999 2000	0.0465 0.0230 0.0277 0.0826 0.0635 0.0385 0.0053 0.0950
			2732 2723 2756 2757 2758 2629 2620 2630	0.0024 0.0045 0.2619 0.0247 0.0078 0.0057 0.0306 0.0095				स्टेट हाइ 19% 1991 1992 1995 1994 1982 1999	0.0465 0.0230 0.0277 0.0826 0.0635 0.0385 0.0053

	2		3	4	5		1	2 .	3	4	5
जियाबाद	गा	जयाबाद	दासना देहात	2004	0.0217		गाजियाबाद	गाजियाबाद	मसुरी	540	0.0578
	*		(जारी)	2005	0.0256					कुल	0.0578
	; 			2006	0.0829				कुशालिया -		
	į			2007	0.0335				મુ સ્તાભવા	1358	0.3019
	1			2008	0.0096					1357	0.2367
	:			2009	0.0092					1356	0.0374
				2011	0.3082		•	•		1355	0.0083
		•		2013	0.1030					1338	0.4652
				1833/	0.0179					1341	0.0151
	!	-)(-		रेलवे					-	1342	0.0124
		! i	•	1832/	0.0214			•		1350	0.0046
				रेलवे	•		•			· 1349	0.1675
				1831/	0.0518			*		1343	0.1911
		!	,	रेलवे				•		1336	0.0024
		:		1824	0.1160					1335	0.0253
		-		1823	0.1368	,	•			1334	0.0170
		 - 		1818	0.0292		.*			1329	0.2156
		!		1817	0.0517					1330	0.0143
		ļ :		1814	0.0070			•		1331	0.4100
		•		1813	0.0105					1325	0.0197
				1811	0.0657			*		1324	0.0064
				1812	0.0595					1323/1	0.2865
				1810	0.0269		•			1322	0.1125
		! '		1809	0.1543					1312	0.0095
		-		1808	0.1584					1311/1	0.4123
**		<u>i</u>		1807	0.0849			•		1310	0.0130
		:		1793	0.0225					1309	0.1867
		į.		1794	0.0110					1308	0.0175
		į		1795	0.1548					1264	0.0120
		į	•	नाला	0.0191				•	1263	0.2657
				1792	0.0910					1157	0.0530
		İ		1791	0.0110					1156	0.0662
				1784	0.0038				•	1154	0.0426
		•		रास्ता	0.0274			,		(मेटल र	ोड)
		Ì		1783	0.0336					1.53	0. 1234
		į.		1782	0.1402					1159	0.1972
				1780	0.2752					1152	0.0836
		İ		1777	0.0733					1151	0.0354
				1776	0.0419					1160	0.0636
				1775	0.0211					1150	0.1601
				1774	0.0092					1147	0.0530
	£.	1		1071	0.0024					1148मि	0.2292
		İ		1071	0.0024					1141	0.0338
		į		1773	0.0001			•		(कच्चा	
			• .	1781	0.0301			,		1136	0.1188
		1			*****	_				1135	0.0953

1	- 2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5
गाजियाबाद	गाजियाबाद	कुशालिया	1134	0.0310		गाजियाबाद	गाजियाबाद	कगौजा	1321	0.0007
	!	(जारी)	(कच्चा	रास्ता)				(जारी)	(नाली)	
			1131	0.1886			ı		1322	0.0022
	í		1130	0.1382					(कच्चा	रास्ता)
	i i		1129	0.0292					1327	0.4092
	:		7 07	0.0307					1326	0.0339
			(ड्रेइन)						1325	0.0096
	!		706	0.0232		•			(नाली)	
			704	0.1947					1323	0.4763
	;		705	0.0176					1324	0.0360
	:		703	0.0174					1305	0.0071
			702	0 1326					(नाली)	
			701	0.0002					1304	0.0082
	i		687	0.2947			,	,	(कच्चा	सस्ता)
	•		700	0.0592					1289	0.2476
			699	0.3685					1285	0.1103
	:	•	698	0.6351					1286	0.2550
	•		618	0.1599					1284	0.0241
			616	0.1740					1283	0.0055
			615	0.1342					1282	0.3015
·	•		614	0.0026					940	0.0029
			604	0.0925					(कच्चा	रास्ता)
	i		605	0.0482	•				791	0.0228
	i		603	0.1645	•				(सस्ता)	
	1		602	0.1657					7 92	0.2120
	:		601	0.1042				,	757	0.0140
	,		600	0.0228					741	0.2011
	!	_	599	0.1631					748	0.0212
			कुल	8.3710					747	0.2830
	1	मातियाला	8 3	0.1670					746	0.1171
	1		82	0.0283	,				742	0.0020
		-	कुल	0.1952		•			735	0.2011
	:	् ∩कनौजा	1376	0.8064					743	0.2800
			1373	0.0336					744	0.0261
	1		1374	0.0367					736	0.0105
			1372	0.2865					(कच्चा	
	!		1352	0.0136					716	8000.0
			1332 (कच्चा			•			734	0.0037
	-		1353	0.0160					730 730	0.0044
			1344	0.6493					729	0.2089
	!		1343	0.2471					728 725	0.2235
	1		1333	0.0136					725 724	0.3733
	1		ाऽऽऽ (कच्चा						724 600	0.0205
			1319	0.0030					609	0.4909
	i		1319 (कंच्चा						608	0.0303
			र् चरण्या	2001)				_	(कच्चा	4441)

	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
जियाबाद	गाजियांबाद	कनौजा	606	0.2731	गाजियाबाद	मोदीनगर	महिकदीनपुर	307	0.0145
111-91-91-91		(जारी)	621	0.0543	** =		हिसाली	308	0.0161
			(रास्ता)	:			(जारी)	322/अ	0.1730
	ļ 		630	0.5494				322/₹	0.1242
	ļ. 		(दूइन)	0.0238		•		326/4	0.2924
	:		624	0.1276	· \$			326/अ	0.0389
	i		627	0.1384				321	0.1317
			(क्षेत्राल)	0.0152	•			327	0.1423
	İ	t	625	0.0068		,		337	0.1935
	4 1 1		626	0.0097	-			338	0.0012
	·	-	कुल	7.9815		٠.	• • .	339	0.5148
,	मोदीनगर	महिऊदीमपुर	503	0.1567			•	357	0.1077
	4141111	हिंसाली -	502	0.0153	•			(रेलवे)	0.1077
	į	10414411	497	0.0246				343	0.1384
		.*	498	0.1489				342	0.0943
			499	0.0218				341	0.1669
	•]		228	0.0198	•			344	0.0067
]		कंच्या	0.0110		* .		340	0.0273
			रास्ता					(केनाल)	
	~ .*		485	0.2038				46	0.0007
	İ		483	0.0643			-		
	:		484	0.1582			·	कुल	5.2160
,	ļ		486	0.6414			असलतवगर	324	0.0110
	0		479	0.0253				314/	0.3932
	0		476	0.0250				केनाल	
	.		467	0.1761 .			'	312	0.5904
			466	0.0208				311	0.0349
		•	465	0.1279				310	0.0499
	•		463	0.0935				309	0.0302
	1		460 462	0.0309 0.0526				317/अ	0.0009
			461	0.0326			·	315	0.0480
			452	0.1627			•	259/	0.0960
			453	0.0004				रास्ता	
		1 34	449	0.1281				255	0.0009
		•	450	0.0125		٠.		248	0.0012
	:	•	445	0.0002				247	0.0002
	!		447	0.2068	• .			244	0.1042
	:	•	448	0.0972		•		169/	0.0252
	• ! .		441	0.2087			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	केनाल	0040
			442	0.0017	•	1	•	167/	0.0427
	0,00		439	0.0117		•		केशल	.0.01
	į		438	0.0091	•	. •		164/	0.0167
	:		443	0.0147				केनाल	0.0001
	-	•	(आस्फार	रह				155/ क्रोगल <i>ः</i>	0.0291



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	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	. 4	5
विवाद	गोदीनगर	असलतनगर	154/*	0.0334	गाजियाबाद	मोदीनगर	शोभापुर	75	0.2435
•	1	(जारी)	केनाल	. 1		,	(जारी)	76	0.0222
1	1		144	0.1159				7 3	0.0012
			243	0.0485				74	0.0854
	1		245	0.0480				87	0.0439
	•		242	0.1115			•	86/ब	0.1251
	i		239	0.1586				88	0.0975
			232	0.1633				89	0.2715
	1		233	0.0567				90	0.1070
	İ		231 , c.	0.0804				91	0.0097
	I	•	201	0.0686				93	0.0628
	1		194	0.1047			•	94	0.0412
:			195	0.1726				96	0.0276
:			196	0.1673				95	0.1183
			197	0.0308				1,07	0.0614
	!		198	0.0001				100	0.0218
	-		189/	0.0273				103	0.0173
	į		सस्ता					106	0.0341
:			183/4	0.1116				105	0.0707
					•			62	0.0243
	į		183/37	0.3903			•	64	0.0120
		•	182/अ	0.0137			,	27	0.2620
ř			182/4	0.1016				31	0.1354
			180/	0.0097				32	0.0010
			'फिल्ड					14	0.0070
			्येनल	· *				कुल	2.2834
1 /	April 1		179	0.1951			नबीपुर	418	0.3120
,		. 0	178	0.0071			•	417	0.0263
:	1		175/	0.0171				421	0.3615
	į ·		फिल्ड		•			416	0.0004
	1	64	चेनल	$= (-2\pi T_k)^{-\kappa}$				495	0.3251
	i		176	0.0075				494	0.0740
	‡ :		174	0.0729				493	0.0059
		_		• •				(फच्चा	
	İ	_	्रीप्	3.7890	1	2		रास्ता)	
		बसन्तपुर	185	0.0354				492/37	0.1730
: .	ì	सैलती	184	0.4150				490	0.1750
		*	183	0.0150		•		484	0.0115
1	*	- 1. E.S.		0.4965					0.0113
1			170	0.0103		•		(आस्काल्टेड	
	114.44	ing ing specifical series of the series of t	(रास्ता)				•	रास्ता)	
	1	*	148	0.0596				471	0.0082
	1		147	0.2314			1	(आस्फाल्टेड	
					ï	•		रास्ता)	
			कुल	1.2631			19.	469	0.0001
	:	शोभापुर	150	0.0383 _{0.95} - r _b .	* + 1 * 4			(रास्ता)	
	3		149	0.2044				472	0.6531
•	4		79	0.0364				30	0.0128
	in the same		79 80	0.0550				30 (आडीअ	

1 :	2	3	4	5	<u> </u>	1	Casas	2	3	4	5
जिया बाद मो	दीनगर	नबीपुर ः	29	0.2095	-: ;	गाजिया	गद र	नोदीनगर ं	सुलतानपुर	41437	0.0281
	!	(जारी)	23	0.0365					(जारी)	414व	0.1320
	1		(रास्ता)							41337	0.2152
	:	•	2115	0.1012	,				` 	417	0.0226
			28	0.0010		_	,	orania. Geografia	\$ 5	412अ	0.1272
		•	22 27	0.0065 0.0018		,	. •		Dec.	41837	0.0863
	1			0.6057			8 1970 ·				
			3 Arr	0.0203						418व	0.0092
			.1.	0.0116						201 (रास्ता)	0.0184
•	;		कुल	3.2649			•			202	0.0051
	:	सुलतानपुर	370	0.3872	•					(रास्ता)	0.0031
		•	365 3 1	0.0829	1			The first specific		187	0.0047
	:		366	0.0072						194	0.0474
	!		367	0.0061						200	0. 1942
	1		369	0.1883						199	0.1577
	: :	٠.	368 371	0.0001 0.0238		•		٠.		18637	0.0300
	:		(रास्ता)	V.VZ./U				-		198	0.2281
	:	•	372	0.0239						197वर	0.6647
	:	•	(टीकरी					,	E *	19537	0.2219
	1		विशाखा)	-						193	0.0089
	*		373	0.0136					Θ.		
,	i		(टीकरी							192वर	0.1678
	; į		विशाखा)						•	1912	0.1549
	:		375	0.0002				. 3	. •	191ৰ	0.0008
	:		376	0.0016 0.4292				_		190अ	0.2040
			377 378	0.4292						190₹	0.0010
***			381ৰ	0:1629						196	0.0094
			381व्य	0.0246							5.8091
17.	:		383	0.1296			-,546-			कुल	
• 11			382	0.1312			\$2		किसनचंदपुर ——		0.3585
			384	0.0092					पट्ठी	46	0.3657
			385	0.0088						15	0.0061
• • •	il. 🖘 : :		3864	0.1890			4 7 17			26	0.0867
			38637	0.4768				_		18	0.0064
	:		396 ·-	0.0104						16	1.3075
	1		397	0.3208		•				17	0.0161
	1		409	0.0156						कुल	2.1469
	:		410	0.0440					मनौली	392	0.0146
			42331	0.0030	e grande e e e		4			393	0.0069
	!		422 (1)	0.0006	-: '*	, may				398	0.1511
				0.0107		21/4/20	•	200		397	0.0044
	· ·		416	0.1177		,				400	0.0174
. *	<u> </u>		415व	0.1085	· è					401	0.0105
			415₹	0. 1334	•				•	सुल्तानपुर	τ
	:									माइनोर	

	2	3 .	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
याबाद	मोदीनगर	मनौली	402	0.0101	गाजियाबाद	मोदीनगर	सुलतान न	ार 378	0.0110
		(जारी)	(सुलतांन	पु र			छण्जुपुर	377	0,0697
	· <u>!</u>		माइनोर)				(जारी)	376	0.0016
			403	0.0128			(41/1/)	375	0.0379
	:		404	0. 1447				373 374	0.0002
			382(636)	0.0375				360	0.0069
	<u>{</u> :		383	0.0111				361	0.0005
	!		381 ·	0.2832				362	0.0730
			380	0.0123				363	0.0542
	:		378	0.0247		•		364	0.1441
	:	•	379	0.2228			•	353	0.0513
		_	386	0.0155				366	0.1205
			कुल	0.9795		•		341	0.0097
		सुलतान नग	₹ 616	0.0141	• •			(ड्रेइन)	
	1	छज्जुपुर	618	0.1533		•		367	0.0048
			617	0.0215			•	कुल	3.0413
		(3	गस्फाल्टेड				स्टी सप्टर	* *** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
	!	· ·	रास्ता)				हुसैनपुर	303 305	0.0001
			613	0.0091					
			612	0.1012				306	0.0472
	Í !		611	0.1287				307	0.0353
			608 607	0.0531				308	0.0367
			606	0.1147 0.0139				309	0.0086
•	j		59 5	0.0010				310	0,0754
			594	0.0514				313	0.0543
	-		593	0.0314				311	0.0106
	!		592(663)					318	0.0076
	!		592	0.1337	•			319	0,1154
			618	0.0350				ब्रिक	0.0248
		•	619	0.0191				रास्ता	
	<u>.</u>		268	0.2124				320	0.0935
	<u>i</u>		278	0.0202				301	0.0106
			285	0.0098				302	0.0051
			289	0.3748				321	0.0964
	: 1		290	0.0109				ब्रिक	0.0148
		,	291	0.0126				रास्ता	0.0170
			295	0.1144			,		A 440¢
				0.1994				322	0.4486
	:			0.1457				323	0.0148
				0.0290				324 327	0.2854 0.0114
			(कच्चा					328	0.0114
			रास्ता)					329	0.0536
	•			0.0003				331(723)	
	:			0.0024				331(723)	0.0159
			(कच्चा					332	0.0159
			रास्ता)					334	0.0163
				0.11 7 7				_{उजन} (कच्चा	2.0103
	!		382	0.0081	0			रास्ता)	

1	2	3	. 4	5	1	2	3	4	5
गाजियाबाद	्र मौदीनगर	हुसैनपुर	340	0.0195	गाजियाबाद	मोदीनगर	रूहेल्लापुर		0.0170
			341	0.1371	ş			491	0.0993
	-		343	0.0049				490	0.0057
			342	0.0210	97 N. C	di fiya		489	0.0716
			345	0.1591	2.35			488	0.0518
				7) 0.0281		ar a fa	was transfer	487	0.0301
,		•	339	0.2500				486	0.0164
			352	0.0159	+ 1			485	0.0069
	i		354	0.4811		. /		484	0.0001
	8	•	360	0.2424		•		480	0.0175
	İ		364	0.0024				477	0.0779
		•	365	0.1551				478	0.0061
	į		366	0.1322	* 1	:		479	0.1274
	:	_	363	0.0001	300	i Se		476	0.0062
	÷ :		कुल	3.5768	4.5			462	0.0123
		रूहेल्लापुर	699	0.01 04	• .		·	1	0.0085
	i		539	0.0100	: -	7.5		कुल	2.0920
			681	0.2743		1 1 1	बिहंग	1	0.0140
	:		682	0.0355		* *		562	0.0100
			680	0.0027				563	0.1737
			679	0,0023				561	0.0032
	;		678	0.0340				560	0.0089
	:	·	677	0.0274				562	0.0051
	:		676	0.0198				(कच्च	ा रास्ता)
	i		675	0.0115				565	0.0128
	- :		674	0.0039				566	0.0123
	:		606	0.0204		•		567	0.01 50
			553	0.0421			•	583	0.0093
	: .		554	0.0202				(कच्च	ा रास्ता)
			555	0.0386				584	0.0281
	:		557	0.0518				582	0.0083
			558	0.1062				568	0.4321
	; 1 ·		559	0.1030				575	0.2561
	;		580	0.0187				578	0.2579
			(कच्चा	रास्ता)				579	0.1586
			560	0.0062	:	٠.		577	0.2226
	!		561	0.0058				574	0.0111
	*		570	0.0007				532	0.0123
			569	0.0804				496	0.0133
	 	•	568	0.1447		•		495	0.0085
	:		.567	0.0044				514	0.0079
			572	0.0060				488	0.0436
	!		573	0.1062				489	0.0637
	!		5 7 4	0. 1945				490	0.1860
			575	0.1547				491	0.0711
			576	0.0004		1		484	0.4367

196	1	THE GAZET	TE OF IN	NDIA: JANUA	RY 19, 2008/PA	USA 29, 19	229	[Part	II—SEC. 3(i
1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
गाजियाबाद	मोदीनगर	बिहंग	471	0.0114	गाजियाबाद	मोदीनगर	नेकपुर	1319	0.0072
			472	0.0114			सबितनगर	(कच्चा	रास्ता)
			कुल	2.5049				1327	0.0013
		नेकपुर	1950	0.0084				1326	0.1274
	i	सबितनगर	(कच्चा					1320	0.1333
	! !		1949	0.0591				1324	0.0204
	1		1943	0.0238				1321	0.0430
			1903	0.3172				1323/ 2085	0.0048
			1904	0.1418		•		1322	0.0292
	•		1905	0.1834				1439	0.0292
	† †		1906/अ	0.0817				(कच्चा	
			1907	0.0295				1731/4	0.2714
	!		1908	0.0003				1730	0.1580
	1 !	- ,	1939	0.6880				1729	0.1380
		,	1938	0.1182				1728	0.0247
7	1 !		1878	0.0120				1724	0.0187
	!		(कच्चा	रास्ता)				1721/37	0.4429
	!		1877	0.0195			•	1722	0.0188
			1794/ब	0.2190				1723	0.1038
	1		1793	0.0018				1688	0.0033
			1792	0.0846	•			1687	0.0056
			1791	0.2394				1686	0.0156
	1		1720	0.0011				1445	0.0221
			(कच्चा	रास्ता)				(मेटल र	स्ता)
	i 1		1269	0.0029				1443	0.0221
	i .		1270	0.0001		•		144/ब	0.0214
	į		1295	0.0935				111	0.0466
	: !		1296	0.0096				144/37	0.0928
			1297	0.0011				145/37	0.0055
			1294	0.1377				141	0.0151
			1293	0.1360			,	143/37	0.1680
	!		1292/अ	0.1597					
			1291	0.0674				142/37	0.2642
			1290/अ	0.0003				142/ब	0.1650
		- '	1290/ৰ	0.0023				188	0.0157
			1299	0.0095				189	0.0177
			(कच्चा र	पस्ता)				182	0.4257
	ı	•	1300	0.0206				184 181	0.2244
	:		1314/ৰ	·0.0145	."		•	180	0.0255 0.0481
	:		1315/अ	0.0544					0.0481
			1316/अ					307	0.0384
	:			0.0181				308	0.0364
	I :		1317	0.1846				319	0.1391
	1					•		320	0.0898
	1		1318/37	U.1 /41					3.0070

٠ .

<u> </u>	2	L	3 .	4	5							scribed in th
गाजियाबाद	मोदी	नगर	.नेकपुर	321	0.0931	said S	hedul	e may,	withir	twenty	one days	from the dat
			संबितनगर	322	0.0056							ed under Sub ablished in th
				323	0.0032							eneral public
				346	0.0369						_	under the lan
		:		347	0.0339	to Shri	Rama	vtar Pa	ıl, Con	petent A	uthority,	GAIL (India
		!	· · ·	344	0.0062							, Sector-16A
		į		324	0.0036	Noida,	Distt.	Gautan		Nagar-2	•	.P.)
		i.		345	0.1144				SCI	HEDULE		
		Ì	•	331	0.1628	Distric	Teh	sil V	illage	Survey	Aı	rea to be
		į		332	0.0286					No.		cquired
		;	•							•		or ROU
				335	0.0112						(in	Hectares)
		!		474 473	0.1347 0.1617	1		2		3	4	5
		!		473 472	0.1617 0.1697	Gazial	ad I	lapur	Н	asanpur	1351	0.0151
		.		471	0.0009			zup		odha	1311	0.1278
				470							1310	0.3213
		! .			0.1275						1309	0.4950
		:		469	0.0001	•				,	1308	0.0171
				502	0.2479						1306	0.3209
				503	0.3062						1305	0.2383
		ì		517	0.3627				,		1304	0.1728
				523	0.2201					٠	1302	0.0111
				524	0.0821		•				1301	0.1392
		!	•	522	0.0732						1298	0.1890
		:		531	0.0234 ,						Asphat	0.0227
		:		532	0.3786						Road	
		:		533	0.0048						1194	0.0310
		.	-	कुल	9.7952			•			1195	0.1185
											1196	0.1888
			[फाईल सं.	एल-1401	4/27/07-जी.पी.]						1200	0.1167
		:	ं ए	स. बी. मं	डल, अवर सचिव						1201	0.0283
											1202	0.1254
	New	Delhi	, the 15th Jar	nuary, 20	08	•					1203	0.0509
S.O.	105.	_W	nereas it app	ears to t	ne Government			•			1207	0.2807
					t that for trans-			•		,	1208	0.0119
		1-			awana-Nangal						1209	0.3997
			state of Uti (India) Lim		esh, a pipeline						1210	0.5728
	•	1			overnment of						Cart Track	0.0061
					d pipeline, it is						1211	0.0597
					the land under						1212	0.0397
					id and which is				•		1213	0.0674
			ule annexed			•		4.1	+		1214	0.1009
					s conferred by						1215	0.1138
b-section					n and Minerals						1216	0.0123
maliman /		SILIOTI (O IO INSIA 10	2CI III 17	uru) ACI, 1902,						•	
ipelines (A				dia here	by declares its						1217	0.1545

i	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
ziabad	Hapur	Hasanpur	1220	0.2762	Gaziabad	Gaziabad	Dinanath-	85	0.0405
	1 "	Lodha	1221	0.0096			pur Puthi	81/B	0.2144
Ť	1				•		•	81/A	0.1600
	!		Total	5.1053		•		80	0.3007
Ė		Arifpur G.B.	47	0.2592				79	0.0845
1			46	0.0444				<i>7</i> 7	0.0186
			45	0.3596				16	0.0006
			44	0.1080				15	0.5225
	į		55	0.0072	•			14	0.0099
	;	* .	43	0.0239			• –	Total	3.7015
	1		42	0.0158			.		
			(Service		•		Raghunath		0.0515
	i		41	0.0571			pur	83-A	0.1855
•	İ		40	0.4835				32	0.0007
	j		39	0.0286				25	0.1371
	1						į	Total	0.3747
	i		29	0.0572			Pipleda	307	0.1214
	i			0.3511				306	0.3872
	į		26	0.0147				305	0.1880
			25	0.2258				308	0.0073
			24	0.4120				299	0.0890
			23	0,1810			•	298	0.4801
	i		22	0.0629				297	0.0316
	ì		Cart	0.0259				(Cart Tr	ack)
	1		Track	0.9264	1			296	0.1301
			4	0.9264				292	0.0179
			(Cart Tr		•			291	0,2019
	Ì	. -						287	0.0653
	j		Total	3.6523				286/A	0.0250
	Gaziabad	Dinanath-	403/B	0.0030				288	0.0090
		pur Puthi	403/A	0.4145				290	0.3426
	İ	•	402	0.0110				289	0.0516
	:		401	0.0205				274	0.0348
	i .		701	0.0203					
	1				,			335	0.2969
	i : :		388/A	0.1188			.v.		0.2969 0.0244
	!		388/A 387	0.1188 0.4117				335	0.0244
			388/A 387 386	0.1188 0.4117 0.0807			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	335 284	0.0244 rack)
			388/A 387 386 383	0.1188 0.4117 0.0807 0.0027			2 (3)	335 284 (Cart T	0.0244 rack)
			388/A 387 386 383 382	0.1188 0.4117 0.0807 0.0027 0.0102			7 Y	335 284 (Cart Ti 271	0.0244 rack) 0. 1968
			388/A 387 386 383 382 378	0.1188 0.4117 0.0807 0.0027 0.0102 0.4252			1	335 284 (Cart Tr 271 270	0.0244 rack) 0. 1968 0.2675
			388/A 387 386 383 382 378 379	0.1188 0.4117 0.0807 0.0027 0.0102			e i	335 284 (Cart Tr 271 270 269	0.0244 rack) 0. 1968 0.2675 0.0667
			388/A 387 386 383 382 378 379 Drain	0.1188 0.4117 0.0807 0.0027 0.0102 0.4252 0.2924			* ***	335 284 (Cart Tr 271 270 269 266	0.0244 rack) 0. 1968 0.2675 0.0667 0.0183
			388/A 387 386 383 382 378 379	0.1188 0.4117 0.0807 0.0027 0.0102 0.4252 0.2924			1	335 284 (Cart T) 271 270 269 266 265	0.0244 rack) 0. 1968 0.2675 0.0667 0.0183 0.0162
			388/A 387 386 383 382 378 379 Drain (374)	0.1188 0.4117 0.0807 0.0027 0.0102 0.4252 0.2924				335 284 (Cart Tr 271 270 269 266 265 262	0.0244 rack) 0. 1968 0.2675 0.0667 0.0183 0.0162 0.1061
			388/A 387 386 383 382 378 379 Drain (374) ODR Re	0.1188 0.4117 0.0807 0.0027 0.0102 0.4252 0.2924 0.0198 oad				335 284 (Cart Tr 271 270 269 266 265 262 263	0.0244 rack) 0. 1968 0.2675 0.0667 0.0183 0.0162 0.1061 0.0096

1	2	3	4 .	- 5		1 .	2	3	4	5
Gaziabad	Gaziab	ad Pipleda	252/B	0.0063		Gaziabad	Gaziabad	Dasna	2654	0.1128
	. !		249	0.0084				Dehat	2656	0.0122
			248	0.0106		•			2575	0.0299
			247	0.0291		•			2576	0.0657
			246-B	0.1356		•			2577	0.4185
			246-A	0.0241		••		•	2590	0.0073
•			244	0.0159	;		•	÷	2589	0.1360
		•	245	0.0094					2588	0.0876
	i		242-A	0.0572					2587	0.0785
	!		243	0.5069			•		2586	0.0900
	:		238	0.0096		*			2582	0.4301
	į		236	0.0135					2500	0.0556
	i		235	0.0180					2331	0.0508
	i		216	0.0490		•			2583	0.0067
-	į ·		219	0.2056				•	2584	0.0070
	;		217	0.2539				ė	2506	0.0221
			213	0.1645					2505	0.0570
	:		214	0.0335		•			2504	0.0360
	× / .		215	0.0085					2503	0.1262
	:	•	Ashp-	0.0273					2501	0.0277
		•	halt Ro						2502	0.0051
	:	•	Total	5.1405	•				2503	0.0244
	. ;	Dasna	2719	0.0163	-		•	8.	2329	0.0487
		Dasiia Dehat	2720	0.0006				5-v *	2019-S	H 0.0422
	0		2730	0.1676					2020-S	H 0.0664
	1		2729	0.0102					2021-S	H 0.0287
			2728	0.0030				8	1996	0.0465
	:		2731	0.2545					1991	0.0230
	!		2732	0.0024			•		1992	0.0277
		,	2723	0.0045					1995	0.0826
	1	•	2756	0.2619			•		1994	0.0635
	1		2757	. 0.0247					1982	0.0385
	;		2758	0.0078					1999	0.0053
	-	•	2629	0.0057		•			2000	0.0050
	!		2620	0.0306					1992	0.0431
	Ì		2630	0.0095	*				2001	0.3064
	ļ,		2631	0.0120	٠.				2003	0.2815
			2667	0.3978					2004	0.0217
			2650	0.0092					2005	0.0256
	 		2649	0.0461					2006	0.0829
	!	,	2643	0.0557					2007	0.0335
	'		2641	0.2369					2008	0.0096
	!	•	2651	0.0182		•			2009	0.0092
	ļ		2652	0.0193					2011	0.3082
			2640	0.0193			٠.	*	2013	0.1030
	į,		2639	0.1362					1833-	0.0179
	j		2007	0.0075					RLY	

1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4 ,	5
aziabad	Gaziabad	Dasna	1832-	0.0214	_	Gaziabad	Gaziabad	Kushaliya	1343	0.1911
		Dehat	RLY						1336	0.0024
	1		1831-	0.0518					1335	0.0253
	:		RLY						1334	0.0170
	į.		1824	0.1160					1329	0.2156
	•		1823	0.1368					1330	0.0143
			1818	0.0292				•	1331	0.4100
			1817	0.0517					1325	0.0197
i			1814	0.0070					1324	0.0064
		•	1813	0.0105		,		7	1323/1	0.2865
			1811	0.0657		•		•	1322	0.1125
	1		1812	0.0595					1312	0.0095
:			1810	0.0269					1311/1	0.4123
* '	1		1809	0. 1543					1310	0.0130
	1		1808	0.1584					1309	0.1867
:	*		1807	0.0849					1308	0.0175
			1793	0.0225					1264	0.0175
:			1794	0.0110					1263	0.2657
			1.95	0.1548						
:	‡ 1		NALA	0.0191		•	•		1157 1156	0.0530 0.0662
			1792	0.0910						
			1791	0.0110					1154 (Metal R	0.0426
			1784	0.0038					1153	0.1234
	1		ROAD	0.0274					1159	0.1234
;	*		1783	0.0336						0.1972
			1782	0.1402			•		1152	
	•		1780	0.2752					1151	0.0354
			1777	0.0733					1160	0.0636
i			1776	0.0419					1150	0.1601
			1775	0.0211					1147	0.0530
	1		1774	0.0092					1148Mi.	
	İ		1071	0.0024					1141	0.0338
			1072	0.0011					(Cart Tr	
			1773	0.0003					1136	0.1188
			1781	0.0301					1135	0.0953
	!	_	Total	7.3088					1134 (Cart Tri	0,0310 ack)
	1	Masuri —	540	0.0578					1131	0.1886
			Total	0.0578					1130	0.1382
	i	771							1129	0.0292
	!	Kushaliya	1358	0.3019					7 07	0.0307
			1357	0.2367					(Drain)	
	1		1356	0.0374					7 06	0.0232
	!		1355	0.0083					704	0.1947
	-		1338 1341	0.4652 0.0151					705	0.0176
		•	1341	0.0131					703	0.0174
	i		1342	0.0124			٠		702	0.1326
	i		1349	0.1675					7 01	0.0002



1	. 2	3	4	5.	*	1	2 .	3	4	5
Gaziabad	Gaziabad	Kushaliya	687	0.2947		Gaziabad	Gaziabad	Kanauja	1285	0.1103
			700	0.0592					1286	0.2550
	-		699	0.3685			0	÷	1284	0.0241
	:		698	0.6351			•		1283	0.0055
	:		618	0.1599					1282	0.3015
			616	0.1740				,	940	0.0029
			615 -	0.1342					(Cart T	
			614	0.0026					791	0.0228
			604	0.0925					(Road)	
	7.		605	0.0482	•		•		792	0.2120
	İ		603	0.1645	·			·	757 .	0.0140
	•		602	0.1657					74 1	0.2011
	0		601	0: 1042					748	0.0212
	*	•	600	0.0228					747	0.2830
	*		599	0.1631					746	0.1171
	;	<u> </u>			-				742	0.0020
		_	Total	8.3710	_				735	0.2011
	:	Matiala	83	0.1670					743	0.2800
	į	*	82	0.0283	_				744	0.0261
	:		Total	0.1952	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			<i>7</i> 36	0.0105
	!	Kanauja —	1376	0,8064	-		•		(Cart Ti	rack)
			1373	0.0336					716	0.0008
	1		1374	0.0367	٠.				734 ·	0.0037
	į		1372	0.2865					730	0.0044
	! '		1352	0.0136					729	0.2089
			(Cart Ti						728	0.2235
		-	1353	0.0160					<i>7</i> 25	0.3733
			1344	0.6493					· 724	0.0205
			1343	0.2471					609	0.4909
			1333	0.0136					608	0.0303
			(Cart Ti		0				(Cart Ti	
			1319	0.0030					606	0.2731
			(Cart Ti			16.			621	0.0543
	:		1321	0.0007		•			(Road)	•
	*	,	(Nali)						630	0.5494
			1322	0.0022					Drain	0.0238
			(Cart Tı	rack)					624	0.1276
	İ		1327	0.4092					627	0.1384
	j	•.	1326	0.0339					Canal	0.0152
		*	1325	0.0096		•	,	,	625	0.0068
	İ		(Nali)	-					626	0.0097
			1323	¨0.4763				_	Total	7.9815
			1324	0.0360			M- 3!-	Mark to 1	· .	
	,		1305	0.0071			Modinagar		503 502	0.1567
			(Nali)	0.00=				dinpur Hisauli	302 497	0.0153 0.0246
			1304	0.0082				Transii	498	0.1489
			(Cart Ti							
			1289	0.2476					499	0.0218

*	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	.4	5
aziabad	Modinagar	Muhiud-	228	0.0198		Gaziabad	Modinagar	Asalat-	324	0.0110
!	_	dinpur	Cart	0.0110			_	nagar	314-	0.3932
		Hisauli	Track					-	Canal	
			485	0.2038			,		312	0.5904
!			483	0.0643					311	0.0349
į			484	0.1582					310	0.0499
:			486	0.6414					309	0.0302
1			479	0.0253			•		317-A	0.0009
			476	0.0250					315	0.0480
4			467	0.1761	•				259-	0.0960
1			466	0.0208					(Road)	0.0300
i			465	0.1279					255	0.0009
			463	0.0935						0.0012
1	·		460	0.0309					248	
			462	0.0526		•			247	0.0002
i .			461	0.1627					244	0.1 042
:			452	0.1599					169-	0.0252
:			453	0.0004					Canal	
:		:	449	0.1281					167-	0.0427
:			450	0.0125					Canal	
•			445	0.0002					164-	0.0167
į		•	447	0.2068					Canal	
1			448	0.0972					155-	0.0291
į			441	0.2087					Canal	
i			442	0.0017			,		154-	0.0334
i			439	0.0117				•	Canal	
İ			438	0.0091				•	144	0.1159
:			443	0.0147					243	0.0485
			(Asphal						245	0.0480
			307	0.0145					242	0.1115
- !		•	308	0.0161					239	0.1586
			322/A	0.1730					232	0.1633
!			322/B	0.1242					233	0.0567
:			326/B	0.2924			•		231	0.0804
i			326/A	0.0389					201	0.0686
1			321	0.1317			•			
•			327	0.1423					194	0.1047
;		•	337	0. 1935					195	0.1726
- :		•	338	0.0012		•	•		196	0.1673
i			339	0.5148					197	0.0308
:			357	0.1077					198	0.0001
ŧ			(Railwa	•					189-	0.0273
			343	0.1384					Road	
:			342	0.0943					183-B	0.1116
i			341	0.1669					183-A	0.3903
			344	0.0067					182-A	0.0137
i			340 (Canal)	0.0273					182-B	0.1016
:			(Canal)	0.000					180-FC	0.0097
:		_	46	0.0007					179	0.1951
1			Total	5.2160					178	0.0071

2	3	4 .	5_			1	2	3	4	5
Modinagar	Asalat-	175-FC	0.0171			Gaziabad	Modinagar	Nabipur	418	0.3120
	nagar	176	0.0075						417	0.0263
		174	0.0729						421	0.3615
	_	Total	3.7890	-					416	0.0004
Modinagar	Pacant.			_					495	0.3251
iviouiliagai				•			*		494	0.0740
				-	-				493	0.0059
!	1000								•	-
:				•						0.1730
:	•	Road .	*******							0.3069
:		148	0.0596							0.0115
		147	0.2314							0.0082
•	-	Total	1.2631	-				.*		lted Road)
Madingan	Cabbanus			- ,	-				469	0.0001
viodinagar	Soonapur				-		•	- 30	(Road)	
1									472	0.6531
1.									30	0.0128
										Metal Road
i							•			0.2095
1										0.0365
							,			0.1010
										0.1012
•						. 8				0.0010
										0.0065
										0.0018
1							٠.			0.6057
!										0.0203 0.0116
:		90						_		
'		91	0.0097						Total	3.2649
1		93	0.0628				Modinagar	Sultanpur	370	0.3872
· 1		94	0.0412							0.0829
		96	0.0276			•			366	0.0072
		95	0.1183						367	0.0061
		107	0.0614							0.1883
		100	0.0218							0.0001
•		103	0.0173			-	• -			0.0238
		106	0.0341				:			
		105	0.0707							0.0239
1		62	0.0243							0.0136
1		64	0.0120			· ·				
		27 ·	0.2620							0.0002
							,			0.0016
					-					0.4292
:		14	0.0070						378	0.0084
		14	0.0070						270	0.0004
	Modinagar	Modinagar Asalat- nagar Modinagar Basant- pur Saitli	Modinagar Asalat- nagar 176 174 Total Modinagar Basant- pur Saitli 183 172 170 Road 148 147 Total Modinagar Sobhapur 150 149 79 80 78 75 76 73 74 87 86/B 88 89 90 91 91 93 94 96 95 107 100 103 106 105 62 64	Modinagar Asalat- nagar 176 174 0.00729 Total 3.7890 Modinagar Basant- pur Saitli 183 0.0150 172 0.4965 170 0.0103 Road 148 0.0596 147 0.2314 Total 1.2631 Modinagar Sobhapur 150 0.0383 149 0.2044 79 0.0364 80 0.0550 78 0.0452 75 0.2435 76 0.0222 73 0.0012 74 0.0854 87 0.0439 86/B 0.1251 88 0.0975 89 0.2715 90 0.1070 91 0.0097 93 0.0628 94 0.0412 96 0.0276 95 0.1183 107 0.0614 100 0.0218 103 0.0173 106 0.0341 105 0.0707 62 0.0243 64 0.0120 27 0.2620 31 0.1354	Modinagar Asalat- nagar	Modinagar Asalat- nagar	Modinagar Asalat- nagar 176 0.0075 174 0.0729 Total 3.7890 Modinagar Basant- pur Saitli 185 0.0354 184 0.4150 183 0.0150 172 0.4965 170 0.0103 Road 148 0.0596 147 0.2314 Total 1.2631 Modinagar Sobhapur 150 0.0383 149 0.2044 79 0.0364 80 0.0550 78 0.0452 75 0.2435 76 0.0222 73 0.0012 74 0.0854 87 0.0439 86/B 0.1251 88 0.0975 89 0.2715 90 0.1070 91 0.0097 93 0.0628 94 0.0412 96 0.0276 95 0.1183 107 0.0614 100 0.0218 103 0.0173 106 0.0341 105 0.0707 62 0.0243 64 0.0120 27 0.2620 31 0.1354	Modinagar Asalat- nagar 176 0.0075 174 0.0729 Total 3.7890 Modinagar Basant- pur Saitli 184 0.4150 183 0.0150 172 0.4965 170 0.0103 Road 148 0.0596 147 0.2314 Total 1.2631 Modinagar Sobhapur 150 0.0383 149 0.2044 79 0.0364 80 0.0550 78 0.0452 75 0.2435 76 0.0222 73 0.0012 74 0.0854 87 0.0439 86/B 0.1251 88 0.0975 89 0.2715 90 0.1070 91 0.0097 93 0.0628 94 0.0412 96 0.0276 95 0.1183 107 0.0614 100 0.0218 103 0.0173 106 0.0341 105 0.0707 62 0.0243 64 0.0120 27 0.2620 31 0.1354	Modinagar Asalat- nagar 176 0.0075 174 0.0729 Total 3.7890	Modinagar Asalat nagar

<u> </u>	2	3	4	5	•		1	2	3	4	5
aziabad	Modinagar	Sultanpur	381A	0.0246			Gaziabad	Modinagar	Kishan-	44	0.3585
			383	0.1296					chandpur		0.3657
			382	0.1312					Patti		0.0061
			384	0.0092							0.0867
			385	0.0088							0.0064
			386B	0.1890						16	1.3075
			386A	0.4768			•		=	17	0.0161
	8-			0.0104	•					Total	2.1469
	:		397	0.3208		:		Modinagar	Manauli	392	0.0146
			409	0.0156				•		393	0.0069
	:		410	0.0440						398	0.1511
	1		423A	0.0030						397	0.0044
			422	0.0006						400,	0.0174
	•	•	416A	0.0107						401	0.0105
										(Sultanp	ur minor)
			416B	0.1177						402	0.0101
		,	415A	0.1085							ur minor)
į.			415B	0. 1334						403	0.0128
,			414 A	0.0281						404	0. 1447
			414B	0.1320						382(636)	-
			413 A	0.2152						383	0.0111
*	,		417	0.0226						381	0.2832
	· :		412A	0.1272						380	0.0123
	†		418 A	0.0863						378	0.0247
			41 8 B	0.0092					•	379	0.2228
			• 201	0.0184						386	0.0155
	:		(Road)						-	Total	0.9795
			202	0.0051				Modinagar	Sultan	616	0.0141
,			(Road)						Nagar	618	0.1533
			187	0.0047					Chhajjupu		0.0215
	!		194	0.0474						Ashpalt	
	•		200	0:1942						613	0.0091
	:		199	0.1577						612	0.1012
			186A	0.0300						611	0.1287
			198	0.2281						608	0.0531
			197A	0.6647						607	0.1147
			195A	0.2219						606	0.0139
			1937	0.0089						595	0.0010
			192A	0.1678						594	0.0514
										593.	0.0711
			191A	0.1549						592(663)	
			191B	0.0008						592	0.1337
			190A	0.2040						618	0.0350
			190B	0.0010						619	0.0191
			196	0.0094						268	0.2124
		•	Total	5.8091			•			278	0.0202

2	3	4	5		<u>I</u>	2	3	4	5
Modina		285	0.0098		Gaziabad	Modinagar	Husainpur		0.0964
	Chhajjupur	289	0.3748						0.0148
İ		290	0.01 09						
i !		291	0.0126	•	•				0.4486
!		295	0.1144		•	٠.			0.0148
		296	0. 1994		•				0.2854
į		294	0.1457		•	•	•		0.0114
ļ		299	0.0290						0.0391
į		(Cart Tr	ack)				•		0.0536
j		301	0.0003		•			331(723)	0.0094
į	•	561	0.0024					331	0.0159
-					-				0.3169
1									0.0163
1		382	0.0081					•	
1		380	0, 1460						0.0195
į		378	0.0110			ça .			0.1371
!		377	0.0697						0.0049
,		376	0.0016		•				0.0210
B .		375	0.0379		•			345	0.1591
i !		374	0.0002					339(707)	0.0281
		360	0.0069					339	0.2500
:		361	0.0750		•			352	0.0159
!								354	0.4811
i İ								360	0.2424
								364	0.0024
							· ×	365	0.1551
· ·								366	0.1322
· i			0.0097					363	0.0001
i !		367	0.0048				_	Total	3.5768
j		Total	3.0413	•		Modinagar	Ruhellapur	699	0.0104
	Husainnur	303	0.0001	-				539	0.0100
!	- Trabattipar							681	0.2743
į								682	0.0355
:	e · · ·							680	0.0027
					•		•	679	0.0023
•		309	0.0086					678	0.0340
								677	0.0274
		310	(),(1754						-
		310 313	0.0754					676	0.0198
: : : :		313	0.0543			* •			0.0198
		313 311	0.0543 0.0106		.	* •		67 6	
	*	313 311 318	0.0543 0.0106 0.0076		•	* •	* *	676 675 674	0.0115 0.0039
	*	313 311 318 319	0.0543 0.0106 0.0076 0.1154			* *	*	676 675 674 606	0.0115 0.0039 0.0204
	*	313 311 318 319 Brick	0.0543 0.0106 0.0076			**	×	676 675 674 606 553	0.0115 0.0039 0.0204 0.0421
	*	313 311 318 319 Brick Road	0.0543 0.0106 0.0076 0.1154 0.0248		•		*	676 675 674 606 553 554	0.0115 0.0039 0.0204 0.0421 0.0202
	*	313 311 318 319 Brick	0.0543 0.0106 0.0076 0.1154			* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	676 675 674 606 553	0.0115 0.0039 0.0204 0.0421
_	-	Modinagar Nagar Chhajjupur	Modinagar Nagar 285 Chhajjupur 289 290 291 295 296 294 299 (Cart Tr 301 561 (Cart Tr 381 382 380 378 377 376 375 374 360 361 362 363 364 353 366 341 (Drain) 367 Total Husainpur 303 305 306 307 308	Modinagar Nagar 285 0.0098 Chhajjupur 289 0.3748 290 0.01 09 291 0.0126 295 0.1144 296 0.1994 294 0.1457 299 0.0290 (Cart Track) 301 0.0003 561 0.0024 (Cart Track) 381 0.1177 382 0.0081 380 0.1460 378 0.0110 377 0.0697 376 0.0016 375 0.0379 374 0.0002 360 0.0069 361 0.0750 362 0.1174 363 0.0542 364 0.1441 353 0.0513 366 0.1205 341 0.0097 (Drain) 367 0.0048 Total 3.0413 Husainpur 303 0.0001 305 0.0799 306 0.0472 307 0.0353 308 0.0367	Modinagar Nagar Chhajjupur 289 0.3748 290 0.01 09 291 0.0126 295 0.1144 296 0.1994 294 0.1457 299 0.0290 (Cart Track) 301 0.0003 561 0.0024 (Cart Track) 381 0.1177 382 0.0081 380 0.1460 378 0.0110 377 0.0697 376 0.0016 375 0.0379 374 0.0002 360 0.0069 361 0.0750 362 0.1174 363 0.0542 364 0.1441 353 0.0513 366 0.1205 341 0.0097 (Drain) 367 0.0048 Total 3.0413 Husainpur 303 0.0001 305 0.0799 306 0.0472 307 0.0353 308 0.0367	Modinagar Nagar 285 0.0098 Gaziabad Chhajjupur 289 0.3748 290 0.01 09 291 0.0126 295 0.1144 296 0.1994 294 0.1457 299 0.0290 (Cart Track) 301 0.0003 561 0.0024 (Cart Track) 381 0.1177 382 0.0081 380 0.1460 378 0.0110 377 0.0697 376 0.0016 375 0.0379 374 0.0002 360 0.0069 361 0.0750 362 0.1174 363 0.0542 364 0.1441 353 0.0513 366 0.1205 341 0.0097 (Drain) 367 0.0048 Total 3.0413 Husainpur 303 0.0001 305 0.0799 306 0.0472 307 0.0353 308 0.0367	Modinagar Nagar 285 0.0098 Chhajjupur 289 0.3748 290 0.01 09 291 0.0126 295 0.1144 296 0.1994 294 0.1457 299 0.0290 (Cart Track) 301 0.0003 561 0.0024 (Cart Track) 381 0.1177 382 0.0081 380 0.1460 378 0.0110 377 0.0697 376 0.0016 375 0.0379 374 0.0002 360 0.0069 361 0.0750 362 0.1174 363 0.0542 364 0.1441 353 0.0513 366 0.1205 341 0.0097 (Drain) 367 0.0048 Total 3.0413 Modinagar Husainpur 303 0.0001 305 0.0799 306 0.0472 307 0.0353 308 0.0367	Modinagar Nagar 285 0.0098	Modinagar Nagar 285 0.0098 Chhajjupur 289 0.3748 290 0.01 09 291 0.0126 295 0.1144 226 0.1994 229 0.0290 228 229 0.0290 228 229 0.00290 228 229 0.00290 228 228 229 0.0024 231 232 233 231 232 234 234 234 235 236

1 .	2	3	.4	5	1	2	3	4	5
Gaziabad	Modinagar	Ruhellapur	559.	0.1030	Gaziabad	Modinagar	Bihang	<i>5</i> 75	0.2561
	:		58Ò	0.0187		_		<i>5</i> 78	0.2579
	,		(Cart Tr	•				579	0.1586
			560	0.0062				577	0.2226
•			561	0.0058				574	0.0111
			570	0.0007		_		532	0.0123
	!		569	0.0804	4			496	0.0133
			568	0.1447				495	0.0085
	:		567	0.0044				514	0.0079
	!	•	572	0.0060				488	0.0436
	1		573	0.1062				489	0.0637
			574	0. 1945				490	0.1860
			575	0.1547				491	0.0711
			576	0.0004				484	0.4367
			492	0.0170				471	0.0114
			491.	0.0993				472	0.0114
			490	0.0057				Total	2.5049
		-	489	0.0716		Modinagar	Neknur	1950	0.0084
			488	0.0518		11100111111111111	Sabitnagar		
	!		487	0.0301			, ,	1949	0.0591
	1 .		486	0.0164				1943	0.0238
			485	0,0069				1903	0.3172
	•		484	0.0001				1904	0.1418
	İ		480	0.0175				1905	0.1834
	1		477	0.0779				1906/A	0.0817
	!		478	0.0061				1907	0.0295
	i		479	0.1274				1908	0.0003
	!		476	0.0062				1939	0.6880
1	!	,	462	0.0123	•			1938	0.1182
	4	_	1	0.0085				1878	0.0120
			Total	2.0920		•		(Cart Tr	
	Modinagar	Bihang	l	0.0140				1877	0.0195
	!		562	0.0100				1794/B	0.2190
			563	0.1737				1793	0.0018
			56 l	0.0032	-			1792	0.0846
	- 1		560	0.0089				1791	0.2394
	j							1720	0.0011
	;		562	0.0051					ack)
	;		562 (Cart T					(Cart Tr	
	;							1269	0.0029
	;		(Cart T	rack)				1269 1270	0.0029 0.0001
			(Cart T 565	rack) 0.0128				1269 1270 1295	0.0029 0.0001 0.0935
			(Cart T 565 566	0.0128 0.0123				1269 1270 1295 1296	0.0029 0.0001 0.0935 0.0096
			(Cart T 565 566 567	0.0128 0.0123 0.0150 0.0093				1269 1270 1295 1296 1297	0.0029 0.0001 0.0935 0.0096 0.0011
			(Cart T 565 566 567 583	0.0128 0.0123 0.0150 0.0093			· X	1269 1270 1295 1296 1297 1294	0.0029 0.0001 0.0935 0.0096 0.0011 0.1377
			(Cart T 565 566 567 583 (Cart T	(rack) 0.0128 0.0123 0.0150 0.0093 (rack)				1269 1270 1295 1296 1297 1294 1293	0.0029 0.0001 0.0935 0.0096 0.0011

1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5
Gaziabad	Modinagar	Nekpur	1291	.0.0674	· .	Gaziabad	Modinagar		142/ A	
		Sabitnaga	1290/ A	0.0003				Sabitnaga	1 42/B	0.1650
	10		1290/B	0.0023					188	0.0157
	1		1299	0.0095					189	0.0177
	!		(Cart Tr	ack)		•		-	182	0.4257
			1300	0.0206			•		. 184	0.2244
		*	1314/B	0.0145					181	0.0255
	i		1315/A	0.0544	٠.	\			180	0.0481
	1		1316/A	0.0782			•		179	0.0390
	:		1316/B	0.0181			;		307	0.0384
	į		1317	0.1846			•		308	0.0756
	!		1318/A	0.1741					319	0.1391
	:		1319	0.0072			_		320	0.0898
	i		(Cart Tra	· ·	٠.				321	0.0931
			1327	0.0013		. 0			322	0.0056
			1326	0.1274					323	0.0032
			1320	0.1333			•	•	346	0.0369
	į		1324	0.0204					347	0.0339
			1321	0.0430	•				344	0.0062
			1323/	0.0048	-				324	0.0036
	!		2085		٠.				345	0.1144
			1322	0.0292					331	0.1628
			1439	0.0183	•				332	0.0286
	. (•	(Cart Tra		• •				335	0.0112
			1731/B	0.2714					474	0.1347
			1730	0.1580		•			473	0.1617
			1729	0.1989		•		•	472	0.1697
			1728	0.0247					471	0.0009
			1724	0.0187					470	0.1275
0.	1		1721/A	0.4429			٠.		469	0.0001
			1722	0.0188					502	0.2479
				0.1038		•			503	0.3062
				0.0033					517	0.3627
				0.0056					<i>5</i> 23	0.2201
				0.0156			•		524	0.0821
	1 ,			0.0221					522	0.0732
	1.		(Metal R	-					531	0.0732
				0.0221			٠.		532	0.0234
	: !			0.0214				,		
				0.0466				. —	533	0.0048
				0.0928					Total	9.7952
		•	145/A	0.0055			A 2	GRAND T	OTAL	79.2797
*		•	141	0.0151					·····	
			143/A	0.1680				ĮF. N	IO. L-14U	14/27/07-G.

बागपत

खेकरा

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0.0152

0.2244

0.2108

0.0290

0.0014

0.1411

0.1806

0.0100

0.0725

0.0489

0.0574

0.1808

0.4770

0.1128

0.0150

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0.0064

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गौना

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नई दिल्ली, 15 जनवरी, 2008
का.आ. 106.—भारत सरकार को लोकहित में यह आवश्यक
प्रतीत होता है कि उत्तर प्रदेश राज्य में दादरी-बवाना-नांगल पाइपलाईन
परियोजना के माध्यम से प्राकृतिक गैस के परिवहन के लिए गेल
(इण्डिया) लिमिटेड द्वारा, एक पाइपलाईन बिछाई जानी चाहिए;

और भारत सरकार को उक्त पाइपलाईन बिछाने के प्रयोजन के लिए यह आवश्यक प्रतीत होता है कि उस भूमि में, जिसमें उक्त पाइमलाईन बिछाए जाने का प्रस्ताव है और जो इस अधिसूचना से संलग्न अनुबूची में वर्णित है, उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन किया जाए;

अत: अब, भारत सरकार, पेट्रोलियम और खनिज पाइपलाईन (भूमि में उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन) अधिनियम, 1962 (1962 का:50) की धारा 3 की उपधारा (1) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, इस भूमि में उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन करने के अपने आशर्य की घोषणा करती है;

कोई व्यक्ति जो उक्त अनुसूची में वर्णित भूमि में हितबद्ध है, उस तारीख से जिसको उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 3 की उपधारा (1) के अधीन भारत के राजपत्र में यथा प्रकाशित इस अधिसूचना की प्रतियाँ साधारण जनता को उपलब्ध कर दी जाती है, इक्कीस दिन के भी हैर, भूमि के नीचे पाइपलाईन बिछाए जाने के संबंध में, श्रीः रामावतार पाल, सक्षम प्राधिकारी, गेल (इण्डिया) लिमिटेड, जी,टी. आई. पी.ए.आर.सी. बिल्डिंग, सेक्टर-16ए, नोएडा, ज़िला-गौतम बुद्ध नगर-201301 (उत्तर प्रदेश) को लिखित रूप में आंक्षेप भेज सकेगा।

		अनु	सूची			108	0.0275
<u>জিলা</u>	वृंहसील	गांव	सर्वे नंबर	क्षेत्र (हेक्टर)		107 .	0.2688
1	2	3	4	5		106	0.0174
-						125	0.3446
बागपत	खेकरा	गौना	639	1.6016		17(कच्चा रास्ता)	0.0167
	i		640	0.0150		19	0.2382
	1		641	0.2662		18	0.2123
	i		642	0.0060		16	0.1945
	*		622/743	0.0283	·	14	0.3842
			614	0.4761	•	13	0.1319
			622	0.0694		15	0,0067
			615	· 0.2585		10	0.2079
			617	0.0120		. 9	0.2158
	:		616	0.0758		8	0.0077
	t		612	0.0057		7	0.0077
			6 11	0.0075		कुल	9.0008
			610	0.2106	लहचौडा	. 205	0.6947
	1		605	0.0296	(12 415)	206	0.2191
	; 		613	0.0040		203	0.0063
			598	0.2032		्र (फिल्ड चेनल)	0.0005
	i		606	0.2044		202	0.0178
	;		597 595	0.1684 0.0056	-	202 (फिल्ड कच्चा र	

1	2	3	4	5	1	,2	3	4	5
बागपत	खेकरा	लहचौडा	135	0.2298	बागपत	खेकरा	खोला	521	0.4669
	:		136	0.1570				489	0.0117
	:		138	0.1595				(फिल्ड चेनल)
	•	•	137-	0.1283				483	0.1525
	:		139	0.0083				48 4	0.1404
			(कच्चा रा	ता)				485	0.2173
	:		123	0.2862				486	0.1515
	٠,		122	0.0072				455	0.0059
			(फिल्ड चे				•	(फिल्ड कच्च	ा रास्ता)
	:		120	0.2969		·		452	0.0070
	:		121	0.0418				(फिल्ड चेनल)
	. :		(कच्चा स		•			451	0.1668
	:		145	0.0165				449	0.0308
			(फिल्ड चे					450	0.3049
	:	٠	116	0.0043			,	318	0.0251
	:		(फिल्ड चे			,		(बिक्र रास्ता)	
			146	0.0012				319	0.0947
	-		151	0.0002				398	0.0699
	:		(फिल्ड चे					399	0.0710
	:		115	0, 1444				400	0.5971
			152	0.0194				402	0.0209
	:		112	0.0142				(फिल्ड चेनल	
,			(बिक्र रास्त				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	404	0.0253
			29	0.4368		٠.	•	405	0.2023
	i		23	0.2020				407	0.1 941
•			22	0.0131				408	0.1070
			— (फिल्ड चे						0.1074
	:		21	0.0062				396	
	:		 (कच्चा स		,			391	0.1036
			19	0.1097				390	0.0834
			18	0.0166		•		389	0.1138
	. ;		17	0.0970			•	388	0.094
	:		16	0.1014				387	0.0975
			15	0.0766				381	0.2502
			13	0.1168				380	0.0063
	i		12	0.0626				(फिल्ड चेनल	
								·3 7 9	0.0297
	, :		कुल	3.6919				411	0.0380
	i	खेला	529	0.0144	•			(आस्फाल्टेड	
			577 -	0.0113	•			415	0.0846
	:		538	0.1879	•			414	0.0076
			539	0.1158				(फिल्ड चेनल	
	}		537	0.2421				:413	0.3330
			526	0.0165				412	0.047
			(बिक्र कच			. 1	•	205(रास्ता)	0.052
		•	525	0.0060		,		कुल	5.0093
			(फिल्ड चे	नल)		•		2	5.007.

1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
बागत्रंत	खोकरा	नागला बहेरी	206 अ	0.0019	बागपत	खेकरा	राबन उर्फ 38	6 मि	0.0097
			205	0.01 34			बरागांव	384	0.3239
	1		(आस्फल्टेड	र रास्ता)				365	0.0667
			3	0.3856				364	0.0093
			2ৰা	0.1340				363	0.0489
	- 8-		1	0.3310				36 2	0.0049
			4	0.0566				361	0.0795
			5	0.2692				338	1.0061
	:		कुल	1.1916			,	337	0.0132
	!	राबन उर्फ	769 मि.	0.3532				334/1	0.2685
(:	बरागांव	768/अ	0.8246				333	0.0356
Ì	!		768/ब	0.0546				326	0.0232
,								314	0.2345
			763मि.	0.0199				313	0.3604
	. 0		770मि.	0.0053				312 ৰ	0.0344
i			740	0.3883				कुल	9.5763
i			762	0.0227			खेकरा रूरल	1729/बा	0.1841
			761 756	0.0040 0.0038				1729/अ	0.0615
i			750 751	0.0263				1728	0.3504
- (750	0.6249				1732	0.0019
	1		750 748 मि.					1734	0.0011
;				0.0093				1743	0.0519
:			746	0.0156				1725	0.0083
1	-		(फिल्ड क	0.0156				1724	0.0084
1			738	0.3840				1723	0.1568
	:		739	0.0078	•			1721/अ	0.1047
:	:		728/ब	0.4320				1721/ब	0.3812
								1745	0.0106
:			728/अ ****	0.4920				1846	0.0059
			727 225	0.3960				1746	0.0076
			725 (দিল্ড ক	0.0067				1696/अ	0.2027
:				0.4406				1695	0.0118
:	:		724 723	0.0085				1693	0.2513
			720	0.2292			•	1692/अ	0.1487
			720 721 甲	0.1712				1692/ब	0.0675
	,		721 IH 717	0.1712				1687	0.2433
			507	0.0193				1686	0.2002
		•		रास्ता)0,0136				1685	0.0122
	;		*	•				1684	0.0122
			503	0.3358				1683	0.0907
	:		170	0.0228			,	1681/37	0.0707
			410/জ	0.1100				1680	0.1780
	:		410/ब	0.7650	•	· ×		1679	0.2801
	-		402	0.0094	*			1661	0.0181
	;		387	0.3845				100i	0.1319

1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4,	5
बागपत	खेकरा	खेकरा रूरल	1662	0.0060	बागपत	खेकरा	खेकरा रूरल	322/	0.0126
	İ		1672	0.0061			_	आस्फाल्टेड र	स्ता
	<u>;</u>		16 69	0.0165				317	0.1824
			1671	0.0099				318	0.0215
			1668	0.2605				319/रेलवे	0.012
			1666	0.2049	•			359/रेलवे	0.044
	:		1663	0.3331				265/रेलवे	0.0052
			1545	0.0339		,		365/रेलवे	0.052
			1573/अ	0.1998				260	0.224
	<u>;</u>		15 7 2/अ	0.1960				258	0.224
			1572/ৰ	0.1560			•	261	0.026
			1570	0.0101	•			253	0.018
			1569	0.0176		•		214	0.007
			1548/अ	0.3687	•	•		215	0.195
	ļ		1548/ৰ	0.0259				217	0.258
	; ;	•				•	·	212/अ	0.324
	İ		1549/अ	0.3768				223	0.006
	:		1549/ৰ	0.0100				226/अ	0.175
	ļ		1550	0.1120				227/ब	0.041
			1551	0.0391					
	<u>;</u>	-	1552	0.1585			•	227/अ	0.081
•	;		1553	0.1240	Θ.			195/ৰ	0.194
	:	t	1528/केनाल	0.0385				195/अ	0.901
			1487	0.1249				194/अ	0.062
	ŀ		1588	0.0471				192/अ	0.166
	!		1380	0.0608	•			192/ब	0.107
	:		1379	0.0603				193/अ	0.042
	!		1381/डेइन	0.1054			•		
	!		1387	0.0164				87/अ	0.412
	!		1382/अ	0.3544				513	0.041
			1382/ৰ	0.4018			- · .	511	0.009
			1383	0.2750		•	. •	512/अ	0.118
			1398	0.0180			•	512/ৰ	0.029
			1399	0.0120				514	0.076
	!		1406	0.2234		·		515	0.006
			1405	0.2361	-		•	519/ब	0.04
			1404	0.0045	•			85/ৰ	0.179
		-	1403	0.0045				526/अ	0.187
	İ		1410	0.0107				524	0.007
			355	0.1535		**		525/अ	0.034
	ŀ		346	· 0.0130				525/ब	0.429
			345	0.4376	•		-	530	0.009
	!		354	0.0040				574/अ	0.025
			353	0.0347	•				
	8		347	0.1168	•			574/ब	0.057
			323/	0.0136				575/ब	0.031
	į		आस्फाल्टेड रा	स्ता			•.	5 75/अ	0.572

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1.	ı	1.

[PART II—SEC. 3(ii)]

l ——•	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
	खेकरा	खेकरा रूरल	572	0.0622	- ,	खेकरा	काठा	1177	0.0829
			571/अ	0.0375				1172	0.0506
			579/अ	0.1797				1173	0.0479
			579/ৰ	0.2760			•	1174	0.0442
			580	0.0443				1175	0.0368
			564	0.0070	•			1311	0.027
			569	0.0064				1171	0.015
			563	0.0004				1312	0.108
			562/अ					1410	0.1200
				0.0458				1313	0.0453
			562/ৰ	0.4090	•		•	1409	0.184
			581	0.1932				1316	0.073
1			582	0.0224				1317	0.050
			583/अ	0.0252				1318	0.110
- 1			583/ৰ	0.0241				1407	0.021
			560	0.0096				1320	0.035
			·	15.4012				1323	0.1442
			कुल					1324	0.140
		आनन्दपुर	282/अ	1.0529				1014	0.007
			274	0.0297				1013	0.143
			कुल	1.0826				1010	0.002
٠		काठा	2520	0.0478				1011	0.060
			2775	0.0448				1012	0.070
		•	2774	0.4410			÷	1039 .	0.068
		•	2773	0.0175				1040	0.070
			2769	0.2851				1005	0.020
			2770	0.0531				1004	0.082
			2771	0.0003				1003	0.043
			2765	0.2690				1001	0.037
			2764	0.1888				1002	0.086
		•	2763	0.1872				1068	0.058
			2755	O. 1432				1069	-0.214
			2731	0.1810				1073	0.001
			2730	0.5024				1070	0.137
								1071	0.111
	:		2714/ৰ	0.0821				939	0.113
			2713	0.0087				937	0.065
			2712	0.0837				938	0.002
			2711	0.0219				900	0.071
			2710	0.0289				903	0.114
			2709	0.0213				904	0.000
į	,		2708	0.0150				902	0.046
:	•		2707	0.0016				906	0.132
			2706/ब	0.0031				907	0.194
			2704	0.0022				908	0.057
			1178	0.0007				872	0.000
			1176	0.0020				87 1	0.019

5

0.0986 0.2313 0.0662 0.0336 0.0405 0.0213 0.0664 0.0062 0.0965 0.0106 0.0498 0.0418 0.0264 0.0054 0.1385 0.2340 0.0237 0.0133 0.0081 0.1466 0.0010 0,0061 0.0355 0.2150 0.0484 5.2975

								1.00
1	2	3	4	5	1 .	2	3	4
₹	बेकरा	काठा	869	0.0104		खेकरा	मवीकलां बाम्गर	1600
			868	0.1012				1595/अ
			867	0.0113				1595/ৰ
	;		866	0.0518				1539
	:		865 ·	0.0824		-	•	1538
	:		864	0.0222				1537
			863	0.0443				1531 .
			862	0.0508				1536
	:		861.	0.1161		•		
•			846	0.0283				1532
			844	0.1756				1530
			843	0.0730				1529
			84/कच्चा रास्ता	0.0319				1533
			800	0.0073				1534
•			799	0.0511 0.0940	. 8			1527
	,		798 797	0.0940			,	1528
		, ·						1506
		_	कुल	6.9889				1470
	İ	मवीकलां बाम्पर	1692	0.0538		•		1469
		1	1691	0.3417				1468
			1687/ब	0.1293				1471
	•		1687/अ	0.1212			• •	1473
			1686	0.0120	,			1472
			1685 .	0.0120				1441
	•		1644/ৰ	0.2359				1440
			1644/अ	0.4318				रास्ता
	ļ.		1643/अ	0.4257	•		-	कुल
	- 17		1642/37	0.1845			[फा. संप	्ल-1401
			1642/₹	0.0225			τ	रस. बी. मं
	!		1637	0.1242		New I	Delhi, the 15th Ja	nuary, 20
			1631	0.0056				-
		•	1630	0.0055			-Whereas it apponences apponences with a work apponence of the comment of the com	
	!		1629/ৰ	0.0558			ral gas through	
			1629/अ	0.1110		-	n the state of U	
	1 1 1		1626/अ	0.1864	should b	e laid by	GAIL (India) Lin	nited;
	-		1625/अ	0.4270		•	eas it appears	
			1625/ৰ	0.0079			purpose of layin	_
			1624	0.1361		-	ire the Right of peline is propos	
	į		1623	0.0380			perme is propos e Schedule anne	
			1622	0.0362			fore, in exercise	
		٠.	स्टेट हाईवे/रास्ता				Section 3 of the	
	!		1000	0.0771	340-3001	. (ti CDiale - CI	Tana in T

1602

1601

1594

0.0771

0.1683

0.1839

14/27/07-जी.पी.] मंडल, अवर सचिव

2008

the Government est that for trans-Bawana-Nangal desh, a pipeline

Government of aid pipeline, it is n the land under e laid and which this notification.

ers conferred by um and Minerals Pipelines (Acquisition of Right of User in Land) Act, 1962, (50 of 1962) the Government of India hereby declares its intention to acquire the right of user therein.

2

Bagpat Khekra

3

Gauna

5

0.0150

0.2021

0.0064

0.0456

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533

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534

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Any person interested in the land described in the said Schedule may, within twenty one days from the date of which the copies of the notification issued under Subsection (1) of Section 3 of the said Act, as published in the Gazette of India are made available to the general public, object in writing to the laying of the pipeliné under the land to Shri Ramavtar Pal, Competent Authority, GAIL (India) Limited, GTI, PARC Building, Plot No. 24, Sector-16A, Noida, Distt. Gautam Budh Nagar-201301 (U.P.)

Limited	GTI, PA	RC Building	g, Plot No. 24	, Sector-16A,			1 <i>5</i> 7 1 <i>5</i> 6	0.0678
Noida, L	istt. Gaut	am Budh Nag	gar-201301 (U	i.P.)				0.2764
1		SCHED	ULE				155	0.2890
District	Teheil	Village	Survey	Area to be			102	0.0100
District	i chishi	v mage	No.	acquired			103	0.0356
\$			• ;• ;•	for ROU		-)(-	104	0.3455
:				(in Hectares)			105	0.01 53
1	2	3	4	5	•		108	0.0275
Bagpat	Khekra	Gauna	639	1.6016			107 106	0.2688 0.0174
Or			640	0.0150			125	
			641	0.2662	•			0.3446
	i		642	0.0060	•		17(Cart Track)	
	i .		622/743	0.0283			19	0.2382
ļ	:		614	0.4761			18	0.2123
į	•		622	0.0694			16	0.1945
	:		615	0.2585			14	0.3842
	:		617	0.0120			13	0.1319
			616	0.0758		•	15	0.0067
			612	0.0057			10	0.2079
:		•	611	0.0075			9 -	0.2158
			610	0.2106			8	0.0077
	:		605	0.0296			7	0.0077
			613	0.0040			TOTAL	9.0008
			598	0.2032		Lahchauda	205	0.6947
:			606	0.2044			206	0.2191
			5 9 7	0.1684			203	0.0063
			595	0.0056			(Field Channel	l).
1			596	0.0152			202	0.0178
;	1		594	0.2244			(Field Cart Tra	ck)
			593	0.2108			135	0.2298
	;		592	0.0290			136	0.1570
			591	0.0014			138	0.1595
	9		517	0.1411			137	0.1283
			518	0.1806			139	0.0083
	:		503	0.0100			(Cart Track)	
:	;		520	0.0725			123	0.2862
	7		521	0.0489			122	0.0072
	1		552	0.0574			(Field Channel	•
	1		551	0.1808			120	0.2969
	1		528	0.4770			121	0.0418
	:		529	0.1128			(Cart Track)	

1	2	3	4	5	1	- 2	3	4	5
Bagpat	Khekra	Lahchauda	145	0.0165	Bagpat	Khekra	Khaila	450	0.3049
	1		(Field Cha	nnel)				318	0.0251
	:		116	0.0043				(Brick Road)	1
	:		(Field Cha				:	319	0.0947
			146	0.0012				398	0.0699
	:		151	0.0002	•			399	0.0710
			(Field Cha			•		400	0.5971
	•	•	115	O. 1444			٠.	402	0.0209
	. ;		152	0.0194				(Field Chann	iel)
	:		112	0.0142				404	0.0253
	:		(Brick Ros	•				405	0.2023
	:		29	0.4368				407	0.1941
	. :		23	0.2020			1	408	0.1070
	!		22	0.0131				396	0.0104
	•		(Field Cha					391	0.1036
			21	0,0062				390	0.0834
	i :		(Cart Trac		•		0.0	389	0.1138
	:		19	0.1097				388	0.0944
			18	0.0166				387	0.0975
	:		17	0.0970				381	0.2502
			16	0.1014		· ·		380	0.0063
	:		15	0.0766				(Field Chann	
	•		13	0.1168				379	0.0297
			-12	0.0626				411	0.0380
	:		TOTAL	3.6919				(Asphalted	
	1	Khaila	529	0.0144			*	415	0.0846
		Minid	577	0.0143				414	0.0076
	:		538	0.0113				(Field Chann	
	. :		539			•		413	0.3330
	: !			0.1158 0.2421			:	412	0.0470
	-2.		537					205 (Road)	0.0527
	• [526 (Brick Car	0.0165 t Track)		•		TOTAL	5.0093
			525	0.0060			Nagla Baheri	206 A .	0.0019
			(Field Cha				Nagia Daneri		
	!		521	0.4669		-		205 (Ambalted)	0.0134
•	• !		489	0.0117				(Asphalted I	
	!		(Field Cha					3	0.3856
	:		483	0.1525	•			2B	0.1340
			484	0.1404				1	0.3310
			485	0.2173				4 .	0.0566
	. !		486	0.1515			•	5	0.2692
			455	0.0059				TOTAL	1.1916
	:		(Field Cart		•		Rawan Urf	769 Mi.	0.3532
	*		452	0.0070			Baragaon	768 A	0.8246
	1		(Field Cha		, ,	•		768 B	0.0546
	:		451	0.1668	•		· ·	763Mi	0.0199
			449	0.0308				770Mi	0.0053
			112	V.V.V.V				LONE	0.0000

		·					 		
1	2.	3	. 4	5	1	2	. 3	4	5
Damet	Khekra	Rawan Urf	740	0.3883	Bagpat	Khekra	Khekra Rural	1729/B	0.1841
oagper	Michia	Baragaon	762	0.0227				1729/A	0.0615
		Daragaon	761	0.0040	•			1728	0.3504
;			756	0.0038		-		1732	0.0019
				0.0263		•		1734	0.0011
•			751 750	0.6249				1743	0.0519
			750					1725	0.0083
	4		748 Mi.	0.0095				1724	0.0084
			746	0.0156				1723	0.1568
			Field CT	0.0156				1721/A	0.1047
			738	0.3840				1721/B	0.3812
			739	0.0078				1745	0.0106
i			728/B	0.4320				1846	0.0059
ŧ			728/A	0.4920				1746	0.0076
			727	0.3960				1696/A	0.2027
1	,		725(field CT)	0.0067		,	•	1695	0.0118
:			724	0.4406			•	1693 -	0.2513
,			723	0.0085				1692/A	0.148
}			720	0.2292			1	1692/B	0.067
		•	721 Mi.	0.1712				1687	0.243
	į		717	0.0193				1686	0.200
			507	0.4608				1685	0.012
Į.			506 (Cart Trac	k)0,0136				1684	0:192
	:		• 503	0.3358	•		•	1683	0.090
2			170	0.0228				1681/A	0.178
!	1		410/A	0.1100				1680	0.280 0.018
i	1		410/B	0.7650				1679 1 6 61	0.018
			402	0.0094				1662	0.006
			387	0.3845				1672	0.006
			386 Mi.	0.0097				1669	0.016
1			384	0.3239				1671	0.009
1			365	0.0667				1668	0.260
			364	0.0093				1666	0.204
			363	0.0489				1663	0.333
,			362	0.0049				1545	0.033
			361	0.0795				1573/A	0.199
			338	1.0061	•			1572/B	0.156
	•		337	0.0132				1572/A	0.196
								1570	0.010
			334/1	0.2685			•	1569	0.017
			333	0.0356				1548/A	0.368
			326	0.0232				1548/B	0.025
		•	314	0.2345				1549/A	0.376
			313	0.3604	-			1549/B	0.010
			312/B	0.0344				1550	0.112
			TOTAL	9.5763				1551	0.039

ř

17	2	3	4	5 *	1	2	3	4	5
Bagpat	Khekra	Khekra Rural	1552	0.1585	Bagpat	Khekra	Khekra Rural	227-A	0.0817
	!		1553	0.1240		2		195-B	0.1941
	:		1528-CANAL	0.0385				195-A .	0.0018
			1487	0.1249				194-A	0.0621
	1		1588	0.0471		•		192-A	0.1669
	:		1380	0.0608			₹	192-B	0.1075
			1379	0.0603	*			193-A	0.0422
			1381-DRAIN	0.1054	`			87-A	0.4126
٧		•	1387	0.0164				513	0.0417
			1382-A	0.3544	• =			511	0.0098
	!		1382-B	0.4018			,	512-A	0.1189
	:		1383	0.2750				512-B	0.0292
	:		1398	0.0180	•			514	0.0760
			1399	0.0120				515	0.0069
			1406	0.2234	•			519-B	0.0441
	:		1405	0.2361		•		85-B	0.1793
			1404	0.0045			ì	526-A	0.1870
			1403	0.0045		•		524	0.0077
		•	1410	0.0107		-		525-A	0.0346
•	: •		355	0.1535			e .	525-B	0.4290
			346	0.0130				530	0.0093
	!		345	0.4376				574-A	0.0259
	-		354	0.0040				574-B	0.0572
		. • •	353	0.0347				575-B	0.0317
			347	0.1168				575-A	0.5721
			323-ASP	0.0136				572	0.0622
	:		322-ASP	0.0126				571-A	0.0375
	i		317	0.1824				579-A	0.1797
	:		318	0.0215				579-B	. 0.2760
			319-RLY	0.0121				580	0.0443
			359-RLY	0.0445				564	0.0070
- 52			265-RLY	0.0052	-			569*	0.0064
	*		365-RLY	0.0520				563	0.2189
			260	0.2248				562-A	0.0458
	1		.258	0.4454				562-B	0.4090
		,	261	0.0265				581	0.1932
	:		253	0.0181				582	0.0224
	;		214	0.0071				583-A	0.0252
			215	0.1958	<i>*</i>			583-B	0.0241
	! .		217	0.2584		*		560	0.0096
		.***	212-A	0.3240			9	TOTAL	15.4012
	* :		223	0.0067			Anandpur	282-A	1.0529
	:		226-A	0.1755				274	0.0297
,			227-В	0.0419				TOTAL	1.0826

[PART	IISEC.	3(ii)]

218		THE GA	ZETTE OF INI	DIA: JANUAR	Y 19, 2008/	PAUSA 2	9, 1929	[PART II-	-SEC. 3(11)]
1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
Bagpat	Khekra	Katha	2520	0.0478	Bagpat	Khekra	Katha	1010	0.0021
1			2775	0.0448				1011	0.0608
			2774	0.4410	·			1012	0.0709
			2773	0.0175				1039	0.0682
			2769 M	0.2851				1040	0.0709
,			2770	0.0531				1005	0.0209
			2771	0.0003				1004	0.0824
,			· 2765	0.2690			8	1003	0.0436
,			2764	0.1888	,			1001	0.0378
,			2763	0.1872		•		1002	0.0860
4			275 5	0.1432				1068	0.0589
		•	2731	0.1810				1069	0.2145
:	i		2730	0.5024				1073	0.0015
1			2714/B	0.0821			•	1070	0.1376
ž.	:		2713	0.0087				1071	0.1111
			2712	0.0837				939	0.1134
			2711	0.0219				937	0.0656
			2710	0.0289				938	0.0026
1	:		2709	0.0213				900	0.0718
			2708	0.0150				903	0.1147
ţ			2707	0.0016				904	0.0005
1			2706/B	0.0031				902	0.0465
į			2704	0.0022				906	0.1321
(i		1178	0.0007				907	0,1946
ì			1176	0.0020				908	0.0570
f			1177	0.0829				872	0.0004
ļ	:		1172	0.0506				871	0.0192
			1173	0.0479				8 69	0.0104
!	:		.1174	0.0442		•		868	0.1012
l .	:		1175	0.0368			á	867	0.0113
	t		1311	0.0277				866	0.0518
{	à	š.	1171	0.0155				8 65	0.0824
!			1312	0.1088				864	0.0222
			1410	0.1200				863	0.0443
1			1313	0.0453				862	0.0508
į			1409	0.1848			•	861	0.1161
,			1316	0.0731				846	0.0283
			1317	0.0504				844	0.1756
			1317	0.1107				843	0.0730
		j	1407	0.0211				841-Cart Ti	
1	;		1320	0.0211				800	0.0073
-			1323	0.1442				799	0.0511
			1324	0.1403				798	0.0940
1	:							797	0.0287
									6.9889
	:			1014 1013	1014 0.0071	1014 0.0071	1014 0.0071	1014 0.0071	1014 0.0071 797

1	*	2	3	4	5	1	2	3.	4	5
Bagpat	Kh	ekra	Mawikalan	1692	0.0538	Bagpat	Khekra	Mawikalan	1473	0.0010
		!		1691	0.3417				1472	0.0061
				1687 -B	0.1293				1441	0.0355
		:		1687-A	0.1212				1440	0.2150
				1686	0.0120	•			ROAD	0.0484
				1685	0.0120				Total	5.2975
	٠.			1644-B	0.2359				rand Total	57.2402
		:		1644-A	0.4318	•				
,		!	•	1643-A	0.4257		8	_	. No. L-14014/	
			-	1642-A	0.1845			. S.	B. MANDAL	, Under Secy
				1642-B	0.0225			नई दिल्ली, 1	5 जनवरी, 2008	3
		:		1637	0.1242	व	त.आ 1	07.—.भारत	सरकार को ल	किहित में यह
		· · .	•	1631	0.0056				णा राज्य में दादर	
				. 1630	0.0055				ने प्राकृतिक गैस	
		:		1629-B	0.0558				ा, एक पाइपलाः	
				1629-A	0.1110	चाहिए;	. (4. 0)	itti iss git	., ., ., ., ., ., ., .,	(
		<u>.</u>		1626-A	0.1864	"	A		पाइपलाईन बिछा) -} m) -
				1625-A	0.4270					
				1625-B	0.0079				कि उस भूमि	
				1624	0.1361				है और जो इस	
				1623	0.0380		ानुसूचा में व	शणत हे, उपयो	ग के अधिकार	का अजन किय
		1		1622	0.0362	जाए;			- 4.	
				SH-ROAD	0.0989	31	तः अबं, भ	रत सरकार, पे	ट्रोलियम और ख	निज पाइपलाई-
				1602	0.0771	(भूमि में	उपयोग के	अधिकार का अ	र्जन) अधिनियम	ī, 1962 (1962
		:		1601	0.1683	का 50)	की धारा 3	की उप-धारा (1) द्वारा प्रदत्त श	क्तियों का प्रयोग
	1	!		1594	0.1839	करते हुए	, उस भूमि	में उपयोग वं	े अधिकार का	अर्जन करने व
				1600	0.0986	अपने आ	शय की घो	षणा करती है;		
		:		1 5 95-A	0.2313	क	ोई व्यक्ति.	जो उक्त अनस	ची में वर्णित भूर्	में हितबद्ध है
				1595-B	0.0662				नियम की धारा	
	ļ			1539	0.0336				रे यथा प्रकाशित	=
	1			1538	0.0405		_		लब्ध कर दी जा	•
	:	•	•	1537	0.0213				लाईन बिछाए ज	
	į			1531	0.0664				सारी, गेल (इणि	
				1536	0.0062				जिला-गौतम बुद	
	-			1532	0.0965				अक्षेप भेज सके	
				1530	0.0106	(<i>x</i> 100)	५५१) प्राप्त			*11 1
				1529	0.0498			अनुसू	चा ·	
				1533	0.0418	जिला	तहसील	गांव	सर्वे नंबर	क्षेत्र (हेक्टर)
	:			1534	0.0264	1	2	3	4	5
	i			1527	0.0054		सोनीपत	खुर्ररमपुर	42/7	0.0965
	!			1528	0.1385	CHILLED	VII'11'11	311.131	42/7	
	;			1506	0.2340			•		0.0589
				1470	0.0237				42/8	0.0052
	f			1469	0.0133				41/3	0.1840
	1		•	1468	0.0081	<i>}</i>			कच्चा रास्त	
	:			1471	0.1466		٠.		41/2	0.0110
	ĺ						1		कच्चा रास्त	п 0.0128

220		THE GAZ	ETTE OF IND	DIA: JANUAR	Y 19, 2008	PAUSA	29, 1929	[Part II-	—Sec. 3(ii)
1	2	3	. 4	5	1	2	3	4	5
प् <u>यो</u> नीपत	सोनीपत	खुर्ररमपुर	41/2	.0.0100	सोनीपत	सोनीपत	मनोली	130/6/2	0.1404
			23/23	0.0132				130/5	0.0279
			कच्चा रास्ता	0.0020				130/7	0.0266
			23/22	0.2053				130/4	0.1645
			23/21	0.0109				मुरम रास्ता	0.046
			23/19	0.0371				130/3	0.147
			23/20	0.2129				120/23	0.072
			24/16	0.0118				कच्चा रास्ता	0.009
	:		23/11	0.0371				130/2	0.001
			24/15	0.2157				120/22	0.174
			24/6	0.1080				कच्चा रास्ता	0.012
. 0			- 24/7 ·	0.1550				120/19/1	0.077
	1		24/4	0.0501			- 50	120/19/2	0.015
	:		कच्चा रास्ता	0.0084				120/20	0,156
1			24/3	0.2112				120/11	0.176
	1		24/2	0.0120	\	`		119/15	0.072
			19/23	0.0455				120/10	0.001
	•		19/22	0.2146				119/6	0.219
			19/21	0.0928				119/7	0.019
			19/19	0.0003				11 9 /5	0.028
			19/20	0.1329				119/4	0.221
		•	18/16	0.1946				119/3	0.008
	:		18/17	0.0201				101/24	0.017
			18 /15 .	0.0326				101/23/2	0.153
	=		18/14	02129				101/23/1	0.047
			18/13	0.1156				ब्रिक रास्ता	0.023
			18/8	0.0981				101/18	0.062
	à		18/9	0.2422				101/19	0.183
3			18/10	0.0253				101/12	0.126
,	1		18/2	0.0250				101/11	0.101
			18/1	0.1900				101/10	0.227
!	1		17/5	0.0646				102/6	0.022
			9/21	0.0039				101/1	0.025
			10/25	0.1735				102/5	0.185
	1		10/24	0.1107				85/25	0.132
	,		10/17	0.1030			8	85/24	0.092
			10/18	0.2252				85/17/1	0.057
			10/13	0.0237				85/17/2	0.149
			10/19	0.0257				85/18	0.019
			10/12	0.0336				85/14	0.031
			कुल	4.0999				85/13/2	0.135
		मनोली	129/13	0.0016				85/13/1 95/9/1	0.061
		•	129/12	0.1867				85/8/1 85/8/2	0.003
			129/11	0.1044				85/8/2	0.088
			129/10	0,1260				85/9 85/2	0.132
			130/6/1	0.0629				. 85/2	0.186

130/6/1

0.0629

1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
सोनीपत	सोनीपत	मनोली	85/1	0.0553	सोनीपत	सोनीपत	मनोली	41/7	0.1894
			68/22	0.0041				41/4	0.0988
	•		68/21	0.2288				41/3	0.1552
	i		69/25	0.0193				29/23	0.1217
			68/20	0.0269				29/22	0.1162
			69/16	0.2372				29/19	0.1754
	•		69/17/1	0.0107				29/20	0.0922
	:		68/15	0.0402	•		,	29/12	0.0000
	;		69/14	0.2122				29/11	0.2003
	1		69/13	0.0024				28/15	0.0677
	į.		69/7	0.0618				29/10	0.0023
			69/8	0.1799			•	28/6/1	0.0373
	:		69/9	0.0002				28/6/2	0.1582
•			69/3	0.0835				28/5	0.0031
			69/2	0.1784	•			28/7	0.0570
			53/22	0.1159				28/4	0.2125
	:		53/21	0.1365				28/3	0.0278
			53/20/2	0.1118				22/24	0.0167
			52/16/2	0.0159				22/23	0.2322
		•	केच्या रास्ता	0.0162				22/22	0.0289
	ė		53/20/1	0.0202	-	•		ब्रिक सस्ता	0.032
			52/16/1	0.0494			. •	22/18	0.0066
			52/15	0.0008	7			22/19 '	0.1878
			आस्फाल्ट एस्ता	0.0263				22/20	0.0051
			52/15	0.1931				22/12	0.0516
	*		52/16/1	0.0203				22/11	0.2049
			52/14	0.0505	•			22/10	0.0836
	.4		52/6/3	0.0063				23/15	0.0004
	*		52/7/2	0.0679				23/6	0.1809
			52/7/3	0.0563				23/5	0.1903
	•		52/7/1	0.0706	•			23/4	0.1639
			52/8/2	0.0008				10/24	0.0233
			52/8/1	0.0497				कच्चा सस्ता	0.025
			52/4	0.0058	•				0.0078
	0.0		52/3	0.2350				कच्चा सस्ता 1 0/24	0.0075
	, ;		40/23	0.0230			•	23/4	0.0005
'	:		52/2 40/22	0.0220 0.2290	•			1 0/23	0.1365
	:		40/22 40/19	0.2290				10/23	0.1303
	:		40/21	0.0308	-				
	j		40/20	0.0116				कुल	11.3916
	:		40/20	0.0074		-	पबसरा	26/18	0.0553
	:		40/11	0.0452				26/19	0.1063
	!		41/15	0.2048				26/12	0.1712
	:		41/6	0.0744				26/11	0.0619
	•		कच्चा रास्ता	0.0130	•			26/9	0,0028
1	:		41/14	- 0.0000		•		26/10	0.2095
			12/47	0.0000				25/6	ა.0422

1	2	3	4	5	1	-2	3	4	5
सोनीपत्	सोनीपत	पबसरा	26/1	0.0084	सोनीपत	सोनीपत	जखौली	64/18	0.1073
1			25/5	0.2310			•	64/19	0.0307
			16/25	0.0511				64/13	0.0163
:			25/4	0.0042				64/12	0.2113
!			16/24	0.1966				64/9	0.0205
			16/23	0.1082				312	0.0217
			16/18	0.1113				64/11	0.0148
			16/19	0.2029				64/10	0.2190
<i>i</i>	i		84-कच्चा रस्ता	0.0089		,		64/1	0.0619
i			16/12	0.0069				63/6	0.0000
			83-कच्चा रस्ता	0.0153				63/5	0.1622
			16/20	0.0394				48/25	0.1343
			16/11	0.1946				48/24	0.1343
			17/15	0.1427				48/17	0.1332
•			17/6	0.0839					
			17/14	0.0010				371 48/18	0.0108 0.0998
;			17/7	0.2284					
			17/4	0.0064				48/13	0.1932
			17/8	0.0583				48/12	0.0532
			17/3	0.1747				48/8	0.0057
			17/2	0.1713				48/9	0.2170
			12/22	0.0584				48/10	0.0244
			17/1	0.0072				370	0.0123
			12/21	0.2181				48/2	0.0146
			80-कच्या रास्ता	0.0031				48/1	0.2182
	•		12/20	0.0010				49/5	0.0046
!			11/25/2	0.0543		/		43/21	0.0421
			79-कच्चा रास्ता	0.0232				42/25/2	0.0967
ţ	:		11/25/1	0.0138				42/25/1	0.1233
			11/16	0.1426				42/24	0.0010
,			11/17	0.1976				42/16	0.0707
•			11/14	0.0312		•	,	42/17	0.1728
		•	11/18	0.0216				371 <i>1</i> 2	0.0215
,			11/13	0.2124				42/14	0.1051
,			11/12	0.1232				42/13	0.0939
:			11/9	0.1054	•		,	42/8/1	0.0496
			11/11	0.0000				42/8/2	0.1402
			11/10	0.2237				42/9	0.0810
			11/1	0.0138				42/3	0.0002
	:		10/6	0.0426				42/2	0.1986
			10/5	0.1763				42/1	0.0202
			10/4	0.1287				371/1	0.0148
			8/24/2	0.1174				27/22	0.0177
			कच्चा सस्ता	0.0494				27/21	0.21 04
,			8/23/1	0.0818				27/20	0.0794
			8/2/4/1	0.0062				28/25	0.0002
			8/18	0.0876				28/16	0.1583
0			कुल	4.8352				28/15/2	0.1181

सोनीपत सं	ग्रेनी प त	जखौली	28/15/1 28/14 28/8/2 28/7 28/4/2 39[स्फाल्ट स्ता] 28/8/1 28/8/1 28/4/1 28/3 28/2 21/23/3 21/23/2 21/23/2 21/19/1 21/20 21/11	0.0235 0.1 008 0.0006 0.1946 0.0011 0.0353 0.0092 0.0099 0.2235 0.0051 0.0360 0.0156 0.1898 0.0895 0.0208 0.1076	सोनीपत	सोनीपत ,	खेबरा	186/1 186/2 155/22 155/22 304 (आस्फाल्ट र 155/19 155/20 155/12 155/11 155/10 155/9 155/1 155/1	0.0389 0.0616 0.0084 0.0610 पस्ता) 0.1205 0.1701 0.0136 0.1111 0.0726 0.1352 0.0485 0.0580 0.0949
			28/8/2 28/7 28/4/2 आस्फास्ट सस्ता 28/8/1 28/4/1 28/3 28/2 21/23/3 21/23/2 21/23/2 21/19/2 21/19/1 21/20	0.0006 0.1946 0.0011 0.0353 0.0092 0.0099 0.2235 0.0051 0.0360 0.0156 0.1898 0.0895 0.0208 0.1076				155/22 155/22 304 (आस्फाल्ट र 155/19 155/20 155/12 155/11 155/10 155/9 155/1	0.0084 0.0610 पस्त) 0.1205 0.1701 0.0136 0.1111 0.0726 0.1352 0.0485 0.0580
•			28/7 28/4/2 आस्फाल्ट गस्ता 28/8/1 28/4/1 28/3 28/2 21/23/3 21/23/2 21/22/2 21/19/1 21/20	0.1946 0.0011 0.0353 0.0092 0.0099 0.2235 0.0051 0.0360 0.0156 0.1898 0.0895 0.0208 0.1076				155/22 304 (आस्फाल्ट र 155/19 155/20 155/12 155/11 155/10 155/9 155/1	0.0610 पस्त) 0.1205 0.1701 0.0136 0.1111 0.0726 0.1352 0.0485 0.0580
			28/4/2 आस्फास्ट एस्ता 28/8/1 28/4/1 28/3 28/2 21/23/3 21/23/2 21/22 21/19/2 21/19/1 21/20	0.0011 0.0353 0.0092 0.0099 0.2235 0.0051 0.0360 0.0156 0.1898 0.0895 0.0208 0.1076		1)		155/22 304 (आस्फाल्ट र 155/19 155/20 155/12 155/11 155/10 155/9 155/1	0.0610 पस्त) 0.1205 0.1701 0.0136 0.1111 0.0726 0.1352 0.0485 0.0580
	*		अगस्फाल्ट सस्ता 28/8/1 28/4/1 28/3 28/2 21/23/3 21/23/2 21/22 21/19/2 21/19/1 21/20	0.0353 0.0092 0.0099 0.2235 0.0051 0.0360 0.0156 0.1898 0.0895 0.0208 0.1076				304 (आस्काल्ट र 155/19 155/20 155/12 155/11 155/10 155/9 155/1	0.1205 0.1701 0.0136 0.1111 0.0726 0.1352 0.0485 0.0580
	*		28/8/1 28/4/1 28/3 28/2 21/23/3 21/23/2 21/22 21/19/2 21/19/1 21/20	0.0092 0.0099 0.2235 0.0051 0.0360 0.0156 0.1898 0.0895 0.0208 0.1076				155/19 155/20 155/12 155/11 155/10 155/9 155/1	0.1701 0.0136 0.1111 0.0726 0.1352 0.0485 0.0580 0.0949
	*		28/4/1 28/3 28/2 21/23/3 21/23/2 21/22 21/19/2 21/19/1 21/20	0.0099 0.2235 0.0051 0.0360 0.0156 0.1898 0.0895 0.0208 0.1076		,		155/20 155/12 155/11 155/10 155/9 155/1	0.0136 0.1111 0.0726 0.1352 0.0485 0.0580 0.0949
	*		28/3 28/2 21/23/3 21/23/2 21/22 21/19/2 21/19/1 21/20	0.2235 0.0051 0.0360 0.0156 0.1898 0.0895 0.0208 0.1076		,		155/12 155/11 155/10 155/9 155/1	0.1111 0.0726 0.1352 0.0485 0.0580 0.0949
	*		28/2 21/23/3 21/23/2 21/22 21/19/2 21/19/1 21/20	0.0051 0.0360 0.0156 0.1898 0.0895 0.0208 0.1076				155/11 155/10 155/9 155/1 155/1	0.0726 0.1352 0.0485 0.0580 0.0949
	*		21/23/3 21/23/2 21/22 21/19/2 21/19/1 21/20	0.0360 0.0156 0.1898 0.0895 0.0208 0.1076				155/10 155/9 155/1 155/1	0.1352 0.0485 0.0580 0.0949
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		21/23/2 21/22 21/19/2 21/19/1 21/20	0.0156 0.1898 0.0895 0.0208 0.1076				155/9 1 55/1 155/1	0.0485 0.0580 0.0949
	*		21/22 21/19/2 21/19/1 21/20	0.1898 0.0895 0.0208 0.1076				1 55/1 155/1	0.0580 0.0949
	*		21/19/2 21/19/1 21/20	0.0895 0.0208 0.1076				155/1	0.0949
	*		21/19/1 21/20	0.0208 0.1076			•		
	*	.*	21/20	0.1076				कच्चा रास्ता	0.0285
		. *							
	: :		21/11	<u> </u>		•		155/2	0.0024
	\$ - 1 1	•		0.1989				152/21	0.1837
			20/15	0.0645				152/20/2	0.1837
			21/10	0.0025	,			1.52/11	0.1825
		•	20/6	0.2094				151/15	0.0012
	•		20/7	0.0167				151/6	0.0435
			20/5/2	0.0305				1 52/10	0.1402
	:		20/4	0.2063				152/1	0.0778
,			9/24	0.0925				151/5	0.1060
	*		9/23	0.1457	. 0			122/25	
			9/18	0.1 69 8					0.1665
	1		. 9/19	0.0672				121/21	0.0171
	:		9/13	0.0020				122/16/2	0.0594
			9/12	0.2100				122/16/1	0.1243
	!		9/11	0.0313			•	122/15	0.1837
	•	•	9/9	0.0157				122/6	0.1837
			9/10	0.2350	,		*	122/5	0.1672
	Ē		9/1	0.0224				122/4	0.0166
	1	•	345-कच्चा ग्रस्ता	0.0141				117/24	0.0770
	;		10/6	0.0132			• •	117/25	0.1072
	-		10/5	0.1660				117/17	0.1392
	• :		358-कञ्चा सस्ता	0.0121	•	•.		117/16/2	0.0440
•	:		3/25	0.1156				117/15	0.0014
	;		3/24	0.0977				117/14	0.1823
			3/26	0.0305				11 <i>7/</i> 7	0.1837
	:		3/17	0.1770				117/4	0.1837
	1		3/18	0.0368				88/24	0.1817
•	:		3/14	0.0149 0.2096				88/23	0.0020
	:		3/13	0.2096				88/18	0,0476
			3/12 3/8	0.0136			•	88/17	
	į.		3/8 3/9	0.0318		,			0.1361
			3/9 3/2	0.1830				88/13	, 0.1102
	:		<u> अ.</u>	7.9379				88/14 88/8	0.0735 0.1695

224	1	THE GA	[PART II—SEC. 3(ii)]						
1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
सोनीपत	सोनीपत	खेबरा	88/7	0.0142	सोनीपत	सोनीपत	पारली कलां	33/10/2	0.0002
	ı		88/3/1	0.0546				33/1	0.1523
			512 (कच्चा रास्ता)	0.0518		•		29/21	0.1568
			88/3/2	0.0773				30/25/2	0.0494
	:		. 81/23/2	0.0947				29/20/2	0.011
			81/23/1	0.0890			•	30/16/1	0.085
			81/18	0.1837			,	30/16/2	0.113
			81/13	0.1638				30/15/1	0.159
			81/12	0.0198				30/14	0.050
			81/8	0.1030				30/6	0.010
			81/9/1	0.0300				30/7	0.198
			81/9/2	0.0510		4		30/4	0.153
			81/2	0.1436				30/3	0.052
	1		81/3/3	0.0134				26/24	0.009
	•		81/3/2	0.0223	•			26/23/2	0.182
			81/3/1	0.0042			•	26/23/1	0.009
	i		53/23/2	0.0006				26/18/2	0.052
			53/22	0.1841			•	26/18/1	0.093
			53/19	0.1832				26/19	0.062
			53/19				•	26/13	0.006
			· 53/9	0.1774				26/12	0.208
				0.0426				26/9	0.144
			8/16	0.0053				26/10	0.056
	1		8/15	0.2096				26/2	0.008
			. 8/14	0.0001				26/1	0.179
			8/6/1	0.0090				22/21/2	0.000
			8/6/2	0.0744				एस एच-11	0.088
	:		8/7/1	0.1203				25/5/1	0.001
	:		8/7/2	0.0615				22/21/1	0.003
!			8/4	0.0934				23/25	0.200
			8/3/3	0.0411				22/16	0.123
	:		8/3/2	0.0411		-		23/17	0.086
	:		8/3/1	0.0896	•			23/15/2	0.001
			· 6/23	0.1036				23/14	0.193
			क्च्चा रास्ता	0.0205				23/7	0.115
			. 6/22/2	0.1200				23/8	0.109
			6/22/1	0.0210				23/3	0.197
			6/19	0.1138	•			23/2	0.001
			6/20 -	0.1514				कच्चा रास्ता	0.008
			6/11	0.0986				10/23	0.058
			5/15	0.0105				10/22	0.202
			कुल	7.5905				10/19	0.061
ग्रेजीएन	धोञीपञ	जलगर						कच्चा रास्ता	0.009
חצוריו	्सोनीपत	जज्जाल	72/9	0.1045				1 0/21	0.001
	••		72/10	0.0595				10/21	0.122
			72/2	0.0066			•	10/11	0.141
-			72/1	0.0487					
	:		कुल	0.2194				कुल	3.934

1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
स्रोनीपत	सोनीपत	दीपालपुर	57 /11	0.0253	सोनीपत	सोनीपत	दीपालपुर	16/19	0.0045
			56/15	0.1307				16/13	0.0676
	•		56/6	0.1341				16/12	0.1387
			56/7	0.1381	•		•	16/9	0.2031
•		:	56/4	.0.1372				16/10	0.0031
			56/3	0.1183				16/2	0.0735
			कच्चा रास्ता	0.0122				16/1	0.1328
			39/23	0.1449				11/21	0.1976
			39/22	0.0914				कच्चा रास्ता	0.0421
			आस्फाल्ट रास्ता	0.0380				12/25	0.0020
			39/19	0.1347				11/20	0.0549
-		:	कच्चा रास्ता	0.0111				12/16/3	0.0132
.•			39/20	0.1005				12/16/2	0.0686
		!	39/11	0.1748				12/16/1	0.0341
		:	40/15	0.0809				12/15	0.2051
		; ;	40/6	0.1838				12/14	0.001
		!	40/7	0.0546				12/6	0.0860
		:	40/5	0.0065				12/7/2	0.0466
		!	40/4	0.2212				12/7/1	0.073
			35/24	0.1219				12/4/2	0.130
			कच्चा रास्ता	ó.01 19				12/4/1	0.075
		i	35/17	0.0008		•		12/3	0.000
			35/23	0.0777		•		6/24	0.092
			35/18	0.2081				6/23	0.113
		i	35/13	0.1045				6/18	0.202
		1	35/12	0.1056		_		6/13	0.071:
			35/9	0.2089			,	कच्चा रास्ता	- 0.0313
		İ	35/2	0.0815				6/19	0.000
			35/10	0.0012				6/12	0.1069
			35/1	0.1287		-		6/9/1	0.1380
			कच्चा रास्ता	0.0174				6/9/2	0.0684
		į	21/21	0.1874				6/10	0.0000
		!	22/25	. 0.0054				6/2/2	0.096
			21/20	0.0612				6/2/1	0.01 0
			22/16	0.1422				6/1	0,0999
		i I	22/15/2	0.0016		•		4/22	0.000
			कच्चा रास्ता	0.0309				4/21	0.170
			22/15/1	0.1728				कच्चा रास्ता	0.005
			22/14	0.0079			,	4/20	0.0146
			. 22/6	0.0566					7.3133
			22/7	0.1497				कुल	
			22/4	0.2002	सोनीपत	सोनीपत	माकीमपुर	27/25	0.016
			22/3	0.0061			•	26/20	0.117
		!	16/14	0.0620				27/16	0.060
			16/23	0.1443				26/11	0.005
			16/18	0.2018			•	कच्चा रास्ता	0.0093
		<u> </u>			(1)			27/15/2	0.1389

1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	. 5
—— सोनीपत	सोनीपत	माकीमपुर	27/15/1	0.0624	सोनीपत	सोनीपत	माकीमपुर	10/3/1	0.0373
		•	27/6	0.1361			•	2/23/2	0.1228
			27/7	0.0674				2/23/1	0.0629
			27/5	0.0049				2/22	0.0128
			2 7/4/2	0.1064				2/18	0.0528
			27/4/1	0.0872				2/19	0.1226
			24/24/2	0.0001				-	4.1590
			कच्चा रास्ता	0.0080	->-			<u> कुल</u>	
			24/24/1	0.1578	सानापत	सोनीपत	नन्दभौर	89/19	0.0511
		•	24/23	0.0234				89/12	0.1742
			कच्चा रास्ता	0.0066			ĭ	89 /11	0.0167
			24/17	0.0660				89/9	0.0376
	Ī		24/18/1	0.1216.				89/10	0.1883
			24/18/2	0.0007				89/1	0.1890
			24/14	0.0014				88/5	0.0140
			24/13	0.1910				79/21	0.0359
			24/8	0.1816				कच्चा रास्ता	0.0074
			24/9	0.0020				80/25	0.1557
			24/3	0.1228			8	कच्चा रास्ता	0.0106
			24/2	0.0670				80/16	0.1888
			13/23	0.0259			•	80/17	0.0161
			13/22	0.1679				80/15	0.0394
	į		13/19	0.1792					0.1509
			कच्चा रास्ता	0.0082				80/7	0.1838
			13/12/2	0.1343				80/8	0.0125
				0.1343				80/4	0.0419
			13/12/1	0.0427				80/3	0.1836
			13/11 13/9/2	0.0140	i			63/23	0.0194
			13/9/2	0.0073				993 कच्चा रास्ता	0.0164
								63/23	0.1617
			13/10	0.1440				63/22	0.0261
	ı		13/1 <i>/</i> 2 13/1/1	0.0172 0.1871				63/18	0.0252
								63/19	0.1837
		•	14/5	0.0071		•		63/12	0.1748
			11/21	0.0593				63/11	0.0285
	:		10/25/2	0.1184				63/9	0.0242
			10/25/1	0.0259				63/10	0.1901
			10/16	0.1322				63/1	0.1586
			आस्फाल्टेड रास्ता	0.0286				62/5	0.0349
			10/17	0.0592				कच्चा सस्ता	0.01 04
			10/15/1	0.0510				56/21	0.0137
	ě 1		10/14	0.1558				57/25	0.1924
			10/7	0.1700				57/16	0.1722
			10/4	0.0231				57/17	0.0429
			कच्च! रास्ता	0.0304				57/15	0.0131
			10/8/1	0.0159				57/14	0.0984
			1 0/3/2	0.1300				कुल	3.2842

1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
सोनीपत	सोनीपत	असदपुर	कच्या रास्ता	0.0096	सोनीपत	सोनीपत	मोरथाल खास	184/1	0.0946
,			60/14	0.0726				183/6	0.0002
			60/7	0.1517			•	183/5	0.1161
		•	60/8	0.0695			1	146/25	0.1817
		•	60/4	0.0029		•		कच्चा रास्ता	0.0274
			60/3	0.2031	•			146/16	0.0890
	:		61/23	0.1444				146/24	0.0009
	:		·61/22	0.0698				146/17	0.1202
	. :		61/18	0.0032				आस्फाल्टेड गस्ता	0.0418
			61/19	0.2020				146/14	0.1798
			61/12	0.1409				146/13	0.0069
	i		61/11	0.0776		•		146/7	0.0589
*			61/9	0.0016				146/8	0.0913
		,	61/10	0.0271				कच्चा सस्ता	0.0248
			कुल	1.1761				146/3	0.2180
		मोरथाल खास	225/11	0.0024				146/2	0,0266
			225/10	0.1628			•	137/23	0.0194
	i		225/1	0.1319		,		137/22	0.2223
		•	224/5	0.0492				137/19	0.0659
			188/21	0.0038				137/21	0.0024
			कच्चा गुस्ता	0.0344				137/20	0.1305
			189/25/1	0.1512				137/11	0.2022
	:		189/25/2	0.0347				136/15	0.0559
			189/25/3	0.0140			•	137/10	0.0072
			189/16	0.1301				136/6	0.1785
			189/17	0.0557				136/5	0.1163
			कच्चा.ग्रस्ता	0.0257				136/4	0.1408
			189/15	0,0044				106/24	0.1605
			189/14	0.1950				1 06/23/2	0.0163
	* :		189/7	0.0980				106/23/1	0.0475
			कच्चा गस्त	0.0144	•			106/17	0.0019
			कच्चा ग्रस्ता	0.0103	•			106/18/1	0.1206
			189/8	0.0707				106/18/2	0.0410
			कच्चा रास्ता	0.0211				106/19	0.0011
			189/4	0.0003	•		•	कच्चा सस्ता	0.0283
			189/3	0.2091				106/13	0.0421
			184/23	0.1138				1 06/12	0.1368
			184/22	0.0944				कच्चा सस्ता	0.0321
			184/18	0.0005				106/9	0.0700
			184/19	0.2061			,	106/11	0.0020
			184/12	0.1091				106/10	0.1040
			184/20	0.0038	-			. आस्फाल्टेड एस्ता	0.0428
	•		184/11/1	0.1016			•	106/1	0.1314
	:		184/11/2	0.0038				107/5	.0.0961
	!		कच्चा सस्त	0.0264				कच्चा सस्ता	0.0317
	:	`	184/10	0.1785				102/25	0.1458
	.			5.1100			67	-	

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[PART II—SEC. 3(ii)]

1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
सोनीपत	सोनीपत	मोरथाल खास	102/24	0.1269	सोनीपत	सोनीपत	मोरथाल खास	72/15	0.2032
			102/17	0.1485		•		<i>7</i> 2/14	0.044
			102/18	0.1173				72/6	0.040
			102/13	0.1643				72/7	0.139
			102/12	0.1039				कच्चा रास्ता	0.052
			1 02/9	0.1671				72/4	0.004
			1 02/2	0.0003				72/8/2	0.063
			102/10	0.0869				72/8/1	0.017
	!		102/1	0.1816				72/3	0.140
			101/5	0.0856				72/2	0.219
			79/25	0.1685				7 2/1	0.138
			कच्चा सस्तः (353)	0.0219				62/21	0.079
			79/24/2	0.0028				71/5	0.003
			79/24/1	0.0718				63/25	0.231
			79/16	0.0007				63/16	0.003
			79/17/1	0.0133				आस्फाल्टेड रास्ता	0.027
			79/17/2	0.0466				63/24	0.035
	•		79/17/3	0.0400				845(कच्चा रास्ता)	0.015
			79/17/3 79/18	0.0411				63/17	0.150
	,			0.0411				63/18	0.209
			कच्चा रास्ता					63/19/1	0.053
			79/14/1	0.0088				63/18/2	0.002
			79/13	0.1261				63/12	0.150
			347 (आस्फाल्टेड रास्ता)	0.0614				845 (कच्चा गस्ता)	0.013
			79/12	0.0640				63/19/2	0.016
			79/12	0.0023				63/11/3	0.027
			79/9/2	0.0390				63/11/2	0.046
	,			0.0390	•			63/11/1	0.111
			79/9/1 79/2	0.1738				63/10	0.058
								64/15	0.003
			79/10/1	0.0536				64/6	0.231
			79/10/2	0.0021				647/2	0.001
			79/I	0.1969				64/7/1	0.003
			80/5	0.0333				64/4/2	0.082
			74/21	0.0065				64/5/2	0.032
			73/25	0.1599				्रमा अस्त कच्चा सस्ता	0.027
			कच्चा रास्ता	0.0248				64/4/1	0.027
			73/24	0.1811				कच्चा सस्ता	0.028
			73/23	0.0501				64/4/3	0.024
			कच्चा रास्ता	0.0514				64/3	0.034
			73/17	0.0138					0.045
			73/18	0.1240				कच्चा रास्ता 48/24	
			73/19	0.1928					0.001
			73/12	0.0267				48/23	0.156
			73/11/1	0.0140				48/22	0.039
			73/11/2	0.0793	_			कुल	12.498

1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
सोनीपत स	गेनीपत	हस्सनपुर	36/22	0.1644	सोनीपत	सोनीपत	हस्सनपुर	25/25	0.0613
	:		36/19	0.0812				24/20/2	√0.0031
			36/21/1	0.0005		•		25/16	0.1880
		•	36/20/2	0.0190				25/17	0.1526
	!	. •	36/20/1	0.1714				25/14	0.0767
			36/11	0.0506			•	25/18	0.0041
•			कच्चा रास्ता	0,0065				25/13/2	0.1332
			37/16	0.0001				25/13/1	0.0804
			37/15	0.2035			• •	25/12	0.1345
ı			37/6/3	0.0507		•		25/9	0.0925
			37/14	0.0053		•		25/11	0.0018
	!		37 <i>/</i> 7	0.2306				25/10/2	0.1935
			37/8/2	0.0021			,	25/10/1	0.0267
			37/8/1	0.0280				25/1	0.0000
			37/4	0.0141				आस्फाल्टेड रास्ता	0.0235
			37/3	.0.2221		•		26/6/2	0.0011
			37/2 .	0.0538				26/6/1	0.0893
			कच्चा रास्ता	0.0200				26/7	0.0000
			कच्चा रास्ता	0.0202				26/5/2	0.1075
•	1		34/23	0.0000				26/5/1	0.0048
*			34/22	0.1564				26/4	0.2255
			34/21	0.1260				26/3/2	0.0247
			34/20	0.1147				26/3/1	0.0718
			कच्चा रास्ता	0.0151				19/24/1	0.0011
			कच्चा रास्ता	0.0151		•		19/23	0.1229
	!		33/16	0.1529				19/22	0.2198
	1		कच्चा रास्ता	0.0135		•		19/19	0.0025
	!		कच्चा रास्ता	0.0015		•	,	1 9/21	0.0832
			33/15	0.0704		• •		19/20	0.1422
			33/14	0.2048				कच्चा रास्ता	0.0066
	1		33/17	0.0003				18/16	0.2083
			33/7	0.0463				18/15	0.0097
			कच्चा रास्ता	0.0053				18/17	0.0584
			33/13	0.0027				18/14	0.1639
	:		33/8	0.2136	,			18/13/2	0.1097
	*		33/3	0.0587				18/13/1	0.1028
			33/9	0.0038				18/8	0.0111
	-		33/2	0,2160		``		फिल्ड चेनल	0.0067
	:		33/1	0.0241				18/12	0.0509
			फिल्ड चेनल	0.0098		-		18/9	0.1172
			24/22	0.0160	•		. *	18/10	0.1530
	!		24/21/2	0.0653			.*	18/11/1	0.0357
	!		आस्फाल्ट रास्ता	0.0238			*	लाइन्ड केनाल	0.0302
			24/21/1	0.1324				कुल	6.3651

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1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
सोनी <u>पत</u>	गन्शैर	भगान	कच्चा सस्ता/1 00	0.0549	सोनीपत	गन्नौर	भगान	69/25	0.1192
			64/15/2	0.0867				69/16/2	0.0740
			64/16/1	0.0925	•			69/24	0.1162
			64/16/2	0.0173				69/17/3	0.0779
			64/17/1	0.0705				69/23	0.1202
•			64/14/2	0.0035				69/18	0.0812
:	-		64/17/2	0.1374				69/22	0.0319
			64/18	0.2144				69 /19	0.2234
			64/19	0.1641				69/ 20	0.0476
			64/22/1	0.0472				69/1 2	. 0,0070
			64/20	0.2064				69 /11	0.2012
			64/21	0.0042				70/15	0.0744
•			65/16/2	0.0304				69/10	0.0010
			65/16/1	0.0043				70/6	0.1856
			NH-1 (जी.टी. रोड)	0.1868			,	70/7/1	0.0992
		•	65/24	0.1992				70/7/2	0.0010
			65/23/2	0.0983				70/4	0.1652
			65/23/1	0.1003				55/24	0.0000
			65/22	0.1984				70/3/3	0.0854
			क्चा एस्ता	0.0101				5 5/23 .	0.1736
			65/21	0.1916				55/22	0.1344
			66/25	0.2111				55/19	0.1238
			क्वा गस्ता	0.0101				5 5/20/1	0.0363
		,	66/24	0.1882				आस्फाल्टेड एस्ता	
			66/23	0.1980				55/20/2	0.1002
			66/22	0.1960				55/11	0.0793
			66/21	0.2101				54/16	0.0001
			67/25	0.1887				54/15	0.2025
			.67/24	0.2089				54/6	0.0900
			मेटल गस्ता	0.0180				54/7/1	0.0199
			67/23	0.1780				54 /7/2	0.1668
			67/22	0.2040				54/4/1	0.0456
			67/21	0.1919				54/8	0.0099
			67/20	0.0028				54 /3/2	0.0629
		68/25	0.1847				कच्चा रास्ता	0.0165	
		68/16	0.0204				54/3/1	0.1125	
			68/24	0.1603				54/26	0.0036
			68/17	0.0199				54/2	0.2079
			कच्चा रास्ता	0.0497				48/22/2	0.0080
			68/18	0.0039				54/1	0.0823
			68/23	0.1648				48/21	0.0323
			68/22	0.1458				53/5	0.0000
		i.	68/19	0.0584				49/25	0.1992
			68/21/1	0.1145				कच्चा रास्ता	0.1992
			68/20	0.0637				49/24/2	0.0107
			कच्चा रस्ता	0.0352				49/17/1	0.1000

1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
सोनीपत	गन्नौर	भगान	49/17/2	0.0280	सोनीपत	गन्नौर	राजपुर	57/15/2	0.0751
			49/24/1	0.0110		•		57/14/2	0.0361
		1.	49/23	0.0349				57/14/1	0.1657
			49/18	0.1764	•			57/13	0.2074
•		 	49/19	0.1996				57/12	0.1588
			49/26	0.0110	•			57/9	0.0106
		j	49/12	0.0005				57/11	0.1625
,	,		49/20	0.1215				<i>57</i> /10	0.0638
			49/11/2	0.0825			•	56/15	0.1 003
			कच्चा रास्ता	0.0105				56/14	0.0135
			50/16/1	0.0062			-)(-	56/6	0.1075
			50/15	0.2065				56/7	0.2070
			50/14	0.1974				56/8	0.0398
			50/13	0.0702				56/3	0.0174
			50/7	0.0144	Θ,			आस्फाल्टेड रास्ता	0.0445
			50/8	0.1338				46/21	0.0020
	İ		50/12	0.0000				47/25	0.1417
			50/9	0.1091			•	47/16	0.0222
	į				٠.		· ·	47/24	0.0201
			<u>कुल</u>	10.4985		1.		47/17	0.1135
		राजपुर	61/9	0.1055		,. ,	- 80	47/18	0.0140
			61/10	0.1620				आस्फाल्टेड रास्ता	0.0611
			61/1/2	0.0059				48/5	0.1284
		,	61/1/1	0.0482				48/4	0.0267
			62/6/1	0.0242	•			34/25	0.0051
	!		62/5/2	0.1867				आस्फाल्टेड रास्ता	0.0430
	į		62/4	0.2081			•	34/24	0.1480
	ļ		62/3/2	0.0629			7	34/23	0.1909
	× į		62/3/1	0.0410	•			34/18	0.0306
			59/24	0.0024				डब्ल्यू .बी.	0.0018
	1		62/2	0.0068				(फिल्ड चेनल)	
			59/23	0.1052				34/22	0.0995
			59/22	0.2176				34/19	0.0963
		*	59/21	0.1474				34/21	0.0620
	İ		58/25	0.0092				34/20	0.0749
		1	59/20	0.0696		-		बी.जी. रेलवे	0.1590
			58/16	0.1878				33/16/2	0.1084
			जे.आर. डीस्टीब	पुटरी 0.0639				33/16/1	0.0213
			58/17	0.1297				33/17 .	0.2046
	į		58/14	0.0434		-		33/18	0.1884
	İ		58/18	0.0506				33/13	0.0511
•		•	58/13	0.1499				33/19/1	0.0077
			58/19	0.0062	•			33/12	0.2272
			58/12	0.1960				33/9/2	0.0099
			58/11	0.1982	•			33/11	0.0439
,		· · ·	कच्चा रास्ता	0.0112				33/10/1	0.0197
	ĺ	0	57/15/1	0.1177				33/10/2 •	0.0513

मेनीर राजपुर 33/10/3 0.1256 सोनीपत गनीर राजलु 50/19/1 32/6/2 0.0027 50/20 50/	1 2	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
32/6/1 0.1134 50/19/1 32/6/2 0.0027 50/20 32/5 0.1287 50/11 33/1 0.0004 51/15/2 33/1 0.0004 51/15/2 32/4 0.2321 50/14/3 32/3 0.0373 51/6 15/7/1 30/23 0.0757 51/8 30/24 0.0017 51/7/2 30/23 0.0757 51/8 30/22 0.01 0.4 1877 0.0030 73/8 8/8/1 0.0212 73/9 8/8/2 0.0715 15/8 8/8/3 0.0755 73/9 8/8/2 0.0015 8/3 0.0755 73/10 8/2/1 0.0007 73/1 8/2/2 0.0141 44/25 8/1 0.0612 44/24 8/1 0.0612 44/24 8/1 0.0612 44/24 8/1 0.0612 44/24 8/1 0.0612 44/24 8/1 0.0612 44/24 8/1 0.0612 44/24 8/1 0.0612 44/24 8/1 0.0612 44/25 8/1 0.0612 44/25 8/1 0.0612 44/25 8/1 0.0612 44/25 8/1 0.0612 44/17 8/1 0.0002 44/24 4/17 4/18/1 44/18 4/2 0.00294 44/17 4/18/1 44/18 4/2 0.00294 44/17 5/7/17/1 0.0394 44/2 5/7/18/1 0.0000 15/7/17/1 0.0394 5/7/18/1 0.1211 45/5 5/7/18/1 0.0000 15/7/17/1 0.00000 5/7/18/1 0.1211 45/5 5/7/19/1 0.0000 1002 1/8 0.0050 1/8	-								+	
32/62 0.0027 32/5 0.1287 50/11 33/1 0.0004 51/15/1 33/1 0.0004 51/15/1 33/2 0.2321 50/14/3 32/3 0.0373 51/6 कच्चा यस्त्र 0.0519 51/7/1 30/24 0.0017 51/7/2 30/22 0.01 04 कुल 7.1213 फुल 7.1213 फुल 7.1213 फुल कच्चा यस्त्र 0.0021 8/8/1 0.0212 8/8/2 0.0715 8/8/2 0.0715 8/9 0.0007 73/1 8/2/1 0.2091 8/2/2 0.0141 4/12 8/1 0.0612 4/16 6/21/1 0.0021 4/18/1 6/21/2 0.1119 6/20 0.0031 4/18/1 6/21/2 0.1119 6/20 0.0031 4/18/1 4/18 4/19 6/20 0.0031 4/18/1 4/19 6/20 0.0031 4/18/1 4/19 6/20 0.0031 4/18/1 4/19 6/20 0.0031 4/18/1 4/19 6/20 0.0031 4/18/1 4/19 6/20 0.0031 4/18/1 4/19 6/20 0.0031 4/18/1 4/19 6/20 0.0031 4/18/1 4/19 6/20 0.0031 4/18/1 4/19 6/20 0.0031 4/18/1 4/19 6/20 0.0031 4/18/1 4/19 6/20 0.0031 4/19 6/20 0.0031 4/19 6/21/2 0.1119 6/21/2 0.1119 6/21/2 0.1119 6/22/2 0.0048 4/10/1 4/13 4/13 4/13 4/13 4/13 4/13 4/13 4/	-11	ux	414134			सागापत	गन्तार	ধাসপ্ত		0.191
32/5 0.1287 50/11 33/1 0.0004 51/15/1 32/4 0.2321 50/14/3 32/3 0.0373 51/6 कच्चा यस्ता 0.0519 51/7/1 30/23 0.0757 51/8 30/22 0.01 04 विकृत 7.1213 पांची जातन करना यस्ता करना यस्ता 4/15 8/8/1 0.0212 73/9 8/8/2 0.0715 कच्चा यस्ता 73/8 8/9 0.0007 73/1 8/2/1 0.2091 74/5 8/2/2 0.0141 44/25 8/1 0.0612 44/14 6/22/2 0.0014 44/24 6/21 /1 0.0021 44/17 6/22/2 0.00031 44/13 6/21/2 0.1119 44/18/1 6/22/2 0.0031 44/13 6/21/2 0.1119 44/18/1 6/21/2 0.1119 44/18/1 6/21/2 0.1119 44/18/1 6/25 0.0031 44/13 57/18 0.0775 57/17 0.0394 44/2 57/18 0.0775 57/14 0.0000 कच्चा यस्ता 44/18/1 57/18 0.0775 57/14 0.0000 कच्चा यस्ता 44/19 57/17/1 0.0394 54/2 57/18 0.0775 57/14 0.0000 कच्चा यस्ता 44/19 57/17/1 0.0394 54/2 57/18 0.0775 57/14 0.0000 कच्चा यस्ता 44/19 57/17/1 0.0394 54/2 57/18 0.0775 57/10 0.0864 57/10/1 0.0050 57/10/3 0.0501 57/10/2 0.0766 किल्स्ड कच्चा यस्ता स्ता	:									0.003
32/3 0.0004 51/15/2 51/15/2 32/4 0.2321 30/14/3 32/3 0.0373 51/6 51/7/1 30/24 0.0519 51/7/1 30/24 0.0017 51/7/1 30/22 0.0104 व्हाल 7.1213 पांची जतन कहा गरका 8/8/1 0.0212 73/9 8/8/2 0.0715 कहा गरका 8/8/2 0.0715 कहा गरका 8/8/2 0.0715 कहा गरका 8/8/2 0.0715 कहा गरका 8/8/2 0.0715 8/8/3 0.0555 73/10 8/2/1 0.2091 44/25 8/1 0.0612 44/26 44/26 8/1 0.0612 44/16 44/26 6/22/2 0.0048 44/17 6/21/2 0.1119 6/21/2 0.00021 44/18/1 44/13 44/1										0.11
32/4 0.2321 50/14/3 32/3 0.0373 51/6 कच्चा गरका 0.0519 51/7/1 30/24 0.0017 51/7/2 30/23 0.0757 51/8 चुल 7.1213 पांची जतन क्ला गरका 0.0212 73/9 8/8/1 0.0212 73/9 8/8/2 0.0715 कच्चा गरका गरका वरका वरका वरका वरका वरका वरका वरका व	:									0.10
32/3 0.0373 51/6 कच्च गराल 0.0519 51/7/1 30/24 0.0017 51/7/2 30/23 0.0757 51/8 30/22 0.01 04			٠.					•	51/15/1	0.09
कच्चा ग्रस्त	•		•							0.01
30/24 0.0017 30/23 0.0757 30/22 0.0104 पहुल 7.1213 पुरी 8/7 0.0030 8/8/1 0.0212 73/9 8/8/2 0.0715 8/9 0.0007 7/3/1 8/2 0.0007 7/3/1 8/2 0.0007 7/3/1 8/2 0.0007 7/3/1 8/2 0.0007 7/3/1 8/2 0.0007 7/3/1 8/2 0.0007 7/3/1 8/2 0.0007 7/3/1 8/2/1 0.0007 7/3/1 8/2/2 0.0141 44/25 8/1 0.0612 44/16 6/22/2 0.0048 6/21/1 0.00021 6/21/2 0.1119 6/20 0.0031 44/17 6/20 0.0031 44/18 44/18 44/19 6/20 0.0031 44/18 44/19 6/20 0.0031 44/18 44/19 6/20 0.0031 44/18 44/19 6/20 0.0031 44/19 6/20 0.0031 44/11 6/20 0.0031 44/12 44/18 57/17/2 0.0407 57/17/1 0.0394 57/17/1 0.0394 57/17/1 0.0394 57/17/1 0.0000 57/13 0.1211 57/12 0.1751 57/14 0.0000 57/104 0.0002 57/10/4 0.0102 57/10/1 0.0052 57/10/1 0.0052 57/10/1 0.0052 57/10/1 0.00552 57/10/1 0.00552 57/10/1 0.00552 57/10/1 0.00552 57/10/1 0.00552 57/10/1 0.00552 57/10/1 0.00552 57/10/1 0.00552 57/10/1 0.00552 57/10/1 0.00552 57/10/1 0.00552 57/10/1 0.00552 57/10/1 0.00552 57/10/1 0.00552 57/10/1 0.00552 57/10/1 0.00552 57/10/1 0.00552 57/10/1 0.00552 57/10/1 0.00552	;									0.03
30/23 0.0757 30/22 0.0104 बहुल 7.1213 पांची जतन जिल्ला पुरी 8/7 0.0030 8/8/1 0.0212 8/3 0.0755 8/3 0.0755 73/9 8/8/2 0.0715 8/9 0.0007 73/1 8/2/1 0.2091 74/5 8/2/2 0.0141 44/25 8/1 0.0612 44/16 6/22/2 0.0048 6/21/1 0.0021 6/21/2 0.1119 6/21/2 0.1119 6/21/2 0.1119 6/21/2 0.0031 44/14 42 0.0294 44/13 44/2 44/16 57/17/1 0.0394 44/18 57/18 0.0775 44/1 57/14 0.0000 57/17/1 0.0394 57/13 0.1211 57/13 0.1211 57/9 0.0864 57/11/1 0.0002 57/10/4 0.0102 57/10/4 0.0102 57/10/1 0.0052 57/10/1 0.0552 57/11 0.0552 57/11 0.0552 57/11 0.0551 57/10/1 0.0552 57/11 0.0552 57/11 0.0541 58/6 0.0059	į									0.11
30/22 0.01 04 स्तुल 7.1213 प्रांधी जतन केला श्री 8/7 0.0030 8/8/1 0.0212 73/8 8/8/2 0.0715 8/3 0.0755 73/10 8/9 0.0007 73/1 8/2/1 0.2091 74/5 8/2/2 0.0141 4/25 8/1 0.0612 6/22/2 0.0048 6/21/1 0.0021 6/21/2 0.1119 6/21/2 0.1119 6/20 0.0031 4/4/13 4/2 0.0294 4/4/12 4/4/8 4/4/8 4/4/8 4/4/8 4/4/8 57/17/1 0.0394 4/4/9 57/17/1 0.0394 4/4/1 57/17/1 0.0394 4/4/1 57/17/1 0.0000 \$\text{seeq} \text{ 0.0075} 57/1/1 0.0000 \$\text{seeq} \text{ 0.0000} \$\text{seeq} \text{ 0.00000} \$\text{seeq} \text{ 0.00000} \$\text{seeq} \text{ 0.0000} \$\text{seeq} 0.000	; . ;				0.0017					0.08
मुरी 8.7 0.0030 8/8/1 0.0212 8/8/2 0.0715 8/8 0.0007 8/8/2 0.0715 8/9 0.0007 73/1 8/2/1 0.2091 8/2/2 0.0141 44/25 8/1 0.0612 6/22/2 0.0048 6/21/1 0.0021 6/21/2 0.1119 6/20 0.0031 44/14 6/20 0.0031 44/13 42 0.0294 44/13 44/2 47/3 0.6075 44/8 खेल 0.6075 44/8 1 जल्ल 57/17/2 0.0407 57/11 0.0394 57/11 0.0394 57/18 0.0000 57/13 0.1211 57/9 0.0864 57/11 0.0002 57/13 0.1211 57/9 0.0864 57/11/1 0.0002 57/10/4 0.0102 57/10/4 0.0102 57/10/4 0.0102 57/10/4 0.0102 57/10/3 0.0501 57/10/3 0.0501 57/10/1 0.0552 57/10 0.0551 57/11 0.0551 57/11 0.0551 57/11 0.0552 57/11 0.0551 57/11 0.0552 57/11 0.0541 58/6 0.0059	ì				0.0757					0.15 0.03
मुरी 87 0.0000 पांची जातन कला 73/8 73/8 8/8/1 0.0212 73/9 8/8/2 0.0715 करूजा ग्रस्ता 8/3 0.0755 73/10 8/9 0.0007 73/1 44/25 8/1 0.0612 44/16 44/25 8/1 0.0612 44/16 44/25 6/22/2 0.0048 44/17 6/21/2 0.1119 44/18/1 6/20 0.0001 44/13 44/13 44/13 44/13 44/13 44/13 44/14 6/20 0.0001 44/18 44/18 44/18 44/19 6/20 0.0001 44/18 44/18 44/19 6/20 0.0001 44/18 44/18 44/19 6/20 0.0001 44/18 44/19 6/20 0.0001 44/18 44/19 6/20 0.0001 44/18 44/19 6/20 0.00001 44/18 44/19 6/20 0.0000 6/20 44/18 6/20 0.0001 44/18 6/20 0.0000 6/20 6/20 6/20 6/20 6/20 6/20 6/20			•	30/22	0.01 04				;	2.10
भूरी 8/7 0.0030 73/8 8/8/1 0.0212 73/9 8/8/2 0.0715 कच्चा ग्रस्ता 8/3 0.0755 73/10 8/9 0.0007 73/1 8/2/1 0.2091 74/5 8/2/2 0.0141 44/25 8/1 0.0612 44/16 6/22/2 0.0048 44/24 6/21/1 0.0021 44/18/1 6/21/2 0.1119 44/18/1 6/20 0.0031 44/13 42 0.0294 44/12 19 57/17/2 0.0407 44/10/1 57/17/1 0.0394 44/2 57/18 0.0775 44/1 57/18 0.0775 44/1 57/18 0.0775 44/1 57/13 0.1211 45/5 57/12 0.1751 41/21 57/9 0.0864 40/25 57/11/1 0.0002 57/10/4 0.0102 फिल्ड कच्च ग्रस्ता 57/10/3 0.0501 40/17 57/10/3 0.0501 40/17 57/10/1 0.0552 कच्चा ग्रस्ता				कुल	7.1213	•		पांसी जनन	-	0.04
8/8/1 0.0212 73/9 8/8/2 0.0715 कच्चा सहसे 8/3 0.0755 73/10 8/9 0.0007 73/1 8/2/1 0.2091 74/5 8/2/2 0.0141 44/25 8/1 0.0612 44/16 6/22/2 0.0048 44/17 6/21/1 0.0021 44/18/1 6/21/2 0.1119 44/18/1 6/20 0.0031 44/13 42 0.0294 44/12 42 0.0294 44/19 57/17/1 0.0394 44/2 57/18 0.0775 44/1 57/18 0.0775 44/1 57/18 0.0775 44/1 57/18 0.0775 44/1 57/18 0.0000 कच्चा सहसे 57/13 0.1211 45/5 57/12 0.1751 41/21 57/9 0.0864 40/25 57/11/1 0.0002 57/10/4 0.0102 57/10/4 0.0102 57/10/3 0.0501 40/16 57/10/3 0.0501 40/17 57/10/2 0.0736 फिल्ड कच्चा सहसे 57/10/1 0.0552 कच्चा सहसे 57/10/1 0.0552 57/11 0.0541 40/13 58/6 0.0059			भुरी	8/7	0.0030			ः		0.04
8/8/2 0.0715 8/3 0.0755 73/10 8/9 0.0007 73/1 8/2/1 0.2091 74/5 8/2/2 0.0141 44/25 8/1 0.0612 6/22/2 0.0048 6/21/1 0.0021 6/21/2 0.1119 6/20 0.0031 42 0.0294 44/12 44/18 44/19 44/19 47/2 0.0094 44/10 44/18 44/10 47/10 47/10 47/10 47/10 47/11	1			8/8/1						0.17
8/3 0.0755 73/10 8/9 0.0007 73/1 8/2/1 0.2091 74/5 8/2/2 0.0141 44/25 8/1 0.0612 44/16 6/22/2 0.0048 44/17 6/21/2 0.1119 44/18/1 6/21/2 0.1119 44/18 6/20 0.0031 44/13 42 0.0294 44/12 44/18 44/19 70 0.6075 44/19 57/17/1 0.0394 44/2 57/18 0.0775 44/1 57/14 0.0000 कच्चा ग्रस्ता 57/14 0.0000 कच्चा ग्रस्ता 57/13 0.1211 45/5 57/12 0.1751 41/21 57/9 0.0864 40/25 57/11/1 0.0002 57/10/4 0.0102 कच्चा ग्रस्ता 57/10/4 0.0102 किस्ट कच्च 57/10/3 0.0501 40/14 57/10/2 0.0736 किस्ट कच्च 57/10/1 0.0552 कच्चा ग्रस्ता 57/10/1 0.0552 57/1 0.0541 40/13 58/6 0.0059	ļ									0.03
8/9 0.0007 73/1 8/2/1 0.2091 74/5 8/2/2 0.0141 44/25 8/1 0.0612 44/16 6/22/2 0.0048 44/17 6/21/1 0.0021 44/18/1 4/18/1 4/18/1 4/19 6/20 0.0031 44/12 4/2 0.0294 44/2 4/3 44/2 4/4 0.6075 44/8 4/9 44/10/1 57/17/1 0.0394 44/2 57/18 0.0775 44/1 57/14 0.0000 57/13 0.1211 45/5 57/12 0.1751 41/21 57/9 0.0864 40/25 57/1/1 0.0002 57/1/1 0.0002 57/1/1 0.0002 57/1/1 0.0002 57/1/1 0.0002 57/1/1 0.0002 57/1/1 0.0002 57/1/1 0.0002 57/1/1 0.0002 57/1/1 0.0002 57/1/1 0.0002 57/1/1 0.0002 57/1/1 0.0002 57/1/1 0.0002 57/1/1 0.0002 57/1/1 0.0002 57/1/1 0.0000 57/1/1 0.0000	1					•				0.11
8/2/1 0.2091 74/5 8/2/2 0.0141 44/25 8/1 0.0612 44/16 6/22/2 0.0048 44/17 6/21/1 0.0021 44/18/1 6/21/2 0.1119 44/18/1 4/2 0.0294 44/12 चुल 0.6075 44/8 1जलु 57/17/2 0.0407 44/10/1 57/17/1 0.0394 44/2 57/18 0.0775 44/1 57/14 0.0000 कच्चा प्रस्ता 57/13 0.1211 45/5 57/12 0.1751 41/21 57/9 0.0864 40/25 57/11/1 0.0002 किन्ड कच्च 40/16 57/17/1 0.0000	:									0.14
8/2/2 0.0141 44/25 8/1 0.0612 44/16 6/22/2 0.0048 44/17 6/21/1 0.0021 44/18/1 6/21/2 0.1119 44/18 6/20 0.0031 44/13 42 0.0294 44/12	:									0.09
8/1 0.0612 44/16 6/22/2 0.0048 44/24 6/21/1 0.0021 44/18/1 6/21/2 0.1119 44/18/1 6/20 0.0031 44/13 42 0.0294 44/12 चुल 0.6075 44/8 1पाल् 57/17/2 0.0407 44/10/1 57/17/1 0.0394 44/2 57/18 0.0775 44/1 57/14 0.0000 कच्चा ग्रस्ता 57/12 0.1751 41/21 57/12 0.1751 41/21 57/19 0.0864 40/25 57/11/1 0.0002 फिल्ड कच्च उर्जा अर्था 40/16 57/10/4 0.0102 फिल्ड कच्च 40/24 57/10/3 0.0501 40/17 57/10/2 0.0736 फिल्ड कच्च ग्रस्ता 57/10/1 0.0552 कच्चा ग्रस्ता	I				•	• ;			44/25	0.18
6/22/2 0.0048 44/24 6/21/1 0.0021 44/18/1 6/21/2 0.1119 44/18/1 6/20 0.0031 44/14 42 0.0294 44/12 चुल 0.6075 44/8 10जल 57/17/2 0.0407 44/10/1 57/17/1 0.0394 44/2 57/18 0.0775 44/1 57/14 0.0000 कच्चा ग्रस्ता 57/12 0.1751 41/21 57/9 0.0864 40/25 57/11/1 0.0002 फिल्ड कच्च 57/11/1 0.0002 फिल्ड कच्च 57/10/4 0.0102 फिल्ड कच्च 57/10/3 0.0501 40/17 57/10/2 0.0736 फिल्ड 57/10/1 0.0552 कच्चा ग्रस्ता 57/1 0.0541 40/13 58/6 0.0059									44/16	0.00
6/21/1 0.0021 44/17 6/21/2 0.1119 44/18/1 44/18 44/14 42 0.0294 44/12 कुल 0.6075 44/8 44/9 राजलु 57/17/2 0.0407 44/10/1 57/17/1 0.0394 44/2 57/18 0.0775 44/1 57/14 0.0000 कच्चा प्रता 57/13 0.1211 45/5 57/12 0.1751 41/21 57/9 0.0864 40/25 57/11/1 0.0002 57/10/4 0.0102 57/10/4 0.0102 57/10/3 0.0501 40/16 57/10/3 0.0501 40/17 57/10/2 0.0736 फिल्ड 57/10/1 0.0552 कच्चा प्रता 57/1 0.0541 40/13 58/6 0.0059	2								44/24	0.07
6/21/2 0.1119 6/20 0.0031 44/14 44/13 42 0.0294 44/12 चुल 0.6075 44/8 44/9 राजलु 57/17/2 0.0407 57/17/1 0.0394 57/18 0.0775 57/14 0.0000 57/13 0.1211 57/12 0.1751 57/12 0.1751 57/12 0.1751 57/10 0.0864 57/11/1 0.0002 57/10/4 0.0102 57/10/4 0.0102 57/10/3 0.0501 57/10/3 0.0501 57/10/3 0.0501 57/10/3 0.0501 57/10/1 0.0552 57/10/1 0.0552 57/10/1 0.0541 57/1 0.0541 58/6 0.0059									44/17	0.20
6/20 0.0031 44/13 44/13 44/13 44/13 44/13 कहुल 0.6075 44/8 44/9 राजलु 57/17/2 0.0407 44/10/1 57/17/1 0.0394 44/2 57/18 0.0775 44/1 57/14 0.0000 कच्चा रास्ता 57/13 0.1211 45/5 57/12 0.1751 41/21 57/9 0.0864 40/25 57/11/1 0.0002 फिल्ड कच्च 57/10/4 0.0102 डक्ट्यूबी. 0.0050 57/10/3 0.0501 40/14 57/10/2 0.0736 57/10/1 0.0552 कच्चा रास्ता 57/1 0.0541 40/13 58/6 0.0059									44/18/1	0.05
42 0.0294 कुल 0.6075 44/12 44/8 44/9 44/9 57/17/1 0.0394 57/18 0.0775 57/14 0.0000 57/13 0.1211 57/12 0.1751 57/12 0.1751 57/12 0.1751 57/1 0.0002 57/1 0.0002 57/1 0.0002 57/1 0.0000 \$ कच्चा प्रसा 40/16 \$ फिल्ड कच्च 40/24 \$ 57/10/3 0.0501 57/10/2 0.0736 \$ फिल्ड 57/10/1 0.0552 \$ कच्चा प्रसा 40/13 58/6 0.0059	i									0.00
सुल 0.6075 44/8 44/9 757/17/2 0.0407 57/17/1 0.0394 44/1 57/18 0.0775 44/1 57/14 0.0000 57/13 0.1211 57/12 0.1751 57/9 0.0864 57/11/1 0.0002 57/11/1 0.0002 57/10/4 0.0102 डब्ल्युबी. 0.0050 57/10/3 0.0501 57/10/2 0.0736 57/10/1 0.0552 57/10/1 0.0541 57/1 0.0541 58/6 0.0059 44/8 44/8 44/8 44/1 44/10/1 44/1 44/1 44/1 45/5 44/1 45/5 41/21 45/5 41/21 40/25 40/26 40/26 40/27 40/17 40/14 40/14	l		•							0.22
प्रजलु 57/17/2 0.0407 44/10/1 57/17/1 0.0394 44/2 57/18 0.0775 44/1 57/14 0.0000 कच्चा ग्रस्ता 57/13 0.1211 45/5 57/12 0.1751 41/21 57/9 0.0864 40/25 57/11/1 0.0002 फिल्ड कच्च 57/10/4 0.0102 डब्ल्यूबी. 0.0050 40/17 57/10/3 0.0501 40/14 57/10/2 0.0736 फिल्ड 57/10/1 0.0552 कच्चा ग्रस्ता 57/1 0.0541 40/13 58/6 0.0059	j			42	0.0294					0.03
राजलु 57/17/2 0.0407 44/10/1 57/17/1 0.0394 44/2 44/2 57/18 0.0775 44/1 57/14 0.0000 कच्चा रास्ता 57/13 0.1211 45/5 41/21 57/12 0.1751 41/21 57/9 0.0864 40/25 57/11/1 0.0002 फिल्ड कच्च 40/16 57/10/4 0.0102 फिल्ड कच्च 40/24 इंडस्यूबी. 0.0050 40/17 57/10/3 0.0501 40/14 57/10/2 0.0736 फिल्ड 57/10/1 0.0552 कच्चा रास्ता 57/1 0.0541 57/1 0.059	1			कुल	0.6075					0.01
57/17/1 0.0394 57/18 0.0775 44/1 57/14 0.0000 कच्चा ग्रह्मा 57/13 0.1211 57/9 0.0864 57/11/1 0.0002 57/10/4 0.0102 डब्ल्यूबी. 0.0050 57/10/3 0.0501 57/10/2 0.0736 57/10/1 0.0552 57/10/1 0.0541 57/1 0.059 40/13 58/6 0.0059	1		ग्रजल	57/17/2	0.0407		•			0.23
57/18 0.0775 44/1 57/14 0.0000 कच्चा सता 57/13 0.1211 45/5 57/12 0.1751 41 /21 57/9 0.0864 40/25 57/11/1 0.0002 फिल्ड कच्च 57/10/4 0.0102 40/24 डब्ल्यूबी. 0.0050 40/17 57/10/3 0.0501 40/14 57/10/2 0.0736 फिल्ड 57/10/1 0.0552 कच्चा सता 57/1 0.0541 40/13 58/6 0.0059		,	11418			•				0.02
57/14 0.0000 कच्चा सता 57/13 0.1211 45/5 57/12 0.1751 41/21 57/9 0.0864 40/16 57/11/1 0.0002 फिल्ड कच्च 57/10/4 0.0102 फिल्ड कच्च 57/10/3 0.0501 40/17 57/10/2 0.0736 फिल्ड 57/10/1 0.0552 कच्चा सता 57/1 0.0541 40/13 58/6 0.0059	1									0.02
57/13 0.1211 45/5 57/12 0.1751 41 /21 57/9 0.0864 40/25 57/11/1 0.0002 40/16 57/10/4 0.0102 40/24 डब्ल्य्बो. 0.0050 40/17 57/10/3 0.0501 40/14 57/10/2 0.0736 40/14 57/10/1 0.0552 40/13 57/1 0.0541 40/13 58/6 0.0059 40/8	ļ									0.20
57/12 0.1751 41/21 57/9 0.0864 40/25 57/11/1 0.0002 40/16 57/10/4 0.0102 40/24 डब्ल्य्बी. 0.0050 40/17 57/10/3 0.0501 40/14 57/10/2 0.0736 फिल्ड 57/10/1 0.0552 कच्चा रास्ता 57/1 0.0541 40/13 58/6 0.0059 40/8										0.02
57/9 0.0864 40/25 57/11/1 0.0002 फिल्ड कच्च 57/10/4 0.0102 40/24 डब्ल्यूबी. 0.0050 40/17 57/10/3 0.0501 40/14 57/10/2 0.0736 फिल्ड 57/10/1 0.0552 कच्चा सता 57/1 0.0541 40/13 58/6 0.0059	1									0.01
57/1 // 0.0002 fbres कच्च 57/10/4 0.0102 fbres कच्च 40/24 डब्स्यूबी. 0.0050 40/17 57/10/3 0.0501 40/14 57/10/2 0.0736 fbres 57/10/1 0.0552 कच्चा सता 57/1 0.0541 40/13 58/6 0.0059	!									0.01
57/10/4 0.0102 फिल्ड कच्च 57/10/4 0.0102 40/24 डब्ल्यूबी. 0.0050 40/17 57/10/3 0.0501 40/14 57/10/2 0.0736 फिल्ड 57/10/1 0.0552 कच्चा सता 57/1 0.0541 40/13 58/6 0.0059	i									0.04
57/10/4 0.0102 डब्स्यूबी. 0.0050 40/17 57/10/3 0.0501 40/14 57/10/2 0.0736 फिल्ड 57/10/1 0.0552 कच्चा सता 57/1 0.0541 40/13 58/6 0.0059 40/8									फिल्ड कच्च रास्ता	0.02
डब्ल्यूबा. 0.0050 40/17 57/10/3 0.0501 40/14 57/10/2 0.0736 फिल्ड 57/10/1 0.0552 कच्चा सता 57/1 0.0541 40/13 58/6 0.0059 40/8	1									0.00
57/10/2 0.0736 फिल्ड 57/10/1 0.0552 कच्चा सता 57/1 0.0541 40/13 58/6 0.0059 40/8										0.19
57/10/1 0.0552 कच्चा सता 57/1 0.0541 40/13 58/6 0.0059 40/8			•						40/14	0.08
57/1 0.0541 40/13 58/6 0.0059 40/8	• .								फिल्ड	0.02
58/6 0.0059 40/8									कच्चा रास्ता	
	:							•		0.14
58/5 0.1204 40/9/1	:									0.12
	:			58/5	0.1204				40/9/1	0.12
50/23 0.0779 40/9/2	:			50/23	0.0779					0.00
50/18 0.0026 40/2 50/22 0.0391 40/1/2				50/18	0.0026					0.14 0.11

1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	; 4	5
सोनीपत	गन्नौर	पांची,जतन	13/21/2	0.0776	सोनीपत	गन्नौर	उदेसीपुर	43/22	0.0351
		(जारी)	40/1/1	0.0004				43/21	0.0244
	•		13/21/1	0.0618				नाला	0.0334
		·	14/25/2	0.0281	,	·	•	27/15	0.1393
		* *	14/25/1	0.0052				27/6	0.0363
					٠.		•	27/14	0.0086
			कुल	3.3527		•		2 7 /7	0.1775
		उदेसीपुर	62/21	0.0170				कच्चा रास्ता	0.0041
			62/25	0.1027				27/8	0.0294
			61/16/2	0.0889	÷		,	27/4	0.0181
		- '	61/ 16/1	0.0537				27/3	0.2197
		_	29	0.0004				27/2	0.0626
		3	61/1 7/2	0.0046	•	•		25/23	0.0031
		-	61/1 7/1	0.0793				25/22	0.1895
	1		61/1 7/3	0.0321			••	25/21	0.1078
			61/14/3	0.0208				25/20	0.1444
			61/14/2	0.1183	•			24/16	0.1560
			61/14/1	0.0263				24/15	0.0939
			61/13/2	0.0009				24/14	0.2009
			61/13/1	0.0925			•	24/13	0.0056
			61/8	0,1289				24/7	0.0534
		-	61/8	0.0503	•			24/8	0.2233
			61/9	0.0684				24/9	0.0236
	•		कच्या सस्ता	0.0113				24/3	0.0232
			61/3/2	0.0010	· ·			24/2	0.2228
			61/2	0.2047				24/1	0.0540
			61/1	0.0532				कच्चा सस्ता	0.0440
			46/22	0.0048				14/22	0.0010
			46/21	0.2168			w.	14/21	0.1525
			46/20/2	0.0114				15/25	0.1032
		-	47/25	0.0373				15/16	0.1552
•			47/16	0.2233				15/17	0.1352
			47/17	0.0242				15/14	0.1070
			47/15	0.0209				15/14	0:1901
			47/14/2	0.1086					0.1901
			47/14/1	0.1155				15/12	0.0620
		e	47/13	0.0139				15/8	0.2022
			. 47/7/3	0.0332			•	15/9	
		5	47/8/5	0.0332				ड्रेईन	0.0178
			47/8/4	0.0317		۰		. 15/2	0.0289
				0.0054				15/10	0.0184
		-	47/8/3 -					15/1	0.2062
			47/8/2	0.0275				1 0/21	0.0026
			47/8/1	0.1230				कच्चा रास्ता	0.0227
			47/9	0.0065				16/5	0.0477
		2. 0	47/3	0.0482				9/25	0.2064
			47/2 47/1	0.2088 0.0018				9/24	0.0862

234	į	THE GA	[PART II—SEC. 3(ii)]						
1	2	3	4	5	1.	2	3	4	5
तो नी पत	ंगन्नौर	उदेसीपुर	9/16	0.0002	सोनीपत	गन्नौर	भदेत	25/17/2	0.0357
•			9/17	0.1661				25/16	0.2172
			9/18	0.1343				25/25	0.0220
			9/13	0.1178				आस्फोल्टेड रास्ता	0.0380
:			9/12	0.1810				24/20/2	0.0138
, ,			9/11	0.0015	•			24/21	0.1449
	:		9/9	0.0711				:24/22	0.0164
ı	İ		· 9/10	0.2147				कुल	2.6471
f	1		; 9/1	0.0413			<u> </u>		
	ł		8/6	0.0095			पुरखास	70/24	0.0649
i	i		8/5 ,	0.2195				7 0/23	0.0024
3	!		8/4	-0.0085				7 0/17	0.0614
	!		7/25	0.0435				70/18	0.1982
	-		7/24	0.1821				70/19	0.0011
i i	:		7/17	0.0005				70/13/2	0.0661
	:							7 0/13/1	0.0028
			कुल	7.9338			1	70/12	0.2067
	•	भदेत	कच्चा रास्ता	0.0251				70/11/1	0.0051
	:		16/7	0.0242				70/9	0.0517
			16/6	0.0031				70/10	0.1876
:			ं कच्चा रास्ता	0.0133				70/1/2	0.0316
:	1		16/15	0.0490	•			फिल्ड चेनल	0.0159
!			17/11/2	0.1224				कच्चा रास्ता	0.0319
	:		17/20	0.1088			•	71/6	0.0016
		• 0	17/19	0.2169				71/5/2	0.0193
	:		17/22	0.0142				71/5/1	0.1488
	Ė		17/1 8/2	0.0286				64/25	0.0856
			17/18/1	0.0134				71/4	0.0001
			17/23	0.1892				64/24	0.1719
			17/24	0.1608				64/17	0.092
			17/25	0.0035				64/18	0.1236
			26/4/1	0.0448				ं आस्फाल्टेड रास्ता	0.0397
			26/4/2 ⁻	0.0255				64/13	0.114
			26/5/1	0.0252				क्च्चा रास्ता	0.0171
			26/5/2	0.2004				ंफिल्ड चेनल	0.016
			26/6	0.0033				64/12	0.1268
	,		ं डिस्ट्री	0.0362				64/9	0.1062
			25/1	0.0450		•	•	64/10	0.1601
			25/10	0.1487				64/1	0.1131
			25/9/1	0.0386				63/5	0.1541
'			25/9/2	0.1523		•		49/25	0.120
	:		25/12	0.0402				49/24/2	0.1432
			25/8	0.0153			•	49/24/1	0.0082
			25/13	0.2159			1	49/17/1	0.0266
÷			25/14	0.1116				49/17/2	0.0824

25/17/1

0.0839

49/18

1	. 2	3	4 ,	5	1	2	3	4	5
सोनीपत	गन्नौर	पुरखास	49/13	0.1112	सोनीपंत	<i>ग</i> न्नौर	युरखास	14/11	0.0035
		(সাरी)–	49/12	0.1579	•		(जारी)-	13/16	0.0345
	: .		49/11	0.0021				13/15	0.2202
			49/9	0.1091			f	13/14	0.0089
			49/10	0.1667				13/6	0.0473
			कच्चा रास्ता	0.0085		•		13/7/1	0.1924
	1		49/1/1	0.0943	``			13/4	0.1131
			50/5	0.1683			-	कच्चा रास्ता	0.0138
	1:		39/25	0.1105				13/3	0.1152
			39/24	0.1280				4/23/2	0.1345
			39/17	0.1744	•			4/23/1	0.0400
			39/19	0.0660		٠.		4/22	0.0617
			कच्चा रास्ता	0.0051				4/18/2	0.0031
			39/14	0.0015				4/19	0.2014
			कच्चा रास्ता	0.0094			,	4/20	0.0055
			39/13	0.1613		•		4/12/2	0.0480
			39/12	0.0515	•	4		4/11	0.2179
			कच्या रास्ता	0.0104		6		4/10/2	0.0729
			39/8	0.0031	•		y ·	फिल्ड चेनल	0.0057
	:		39/9	0.2385			•	5/15	0.0007
	ı		39/10	0.0027			!	5/6	0.1681
			39/2	0.0632				5/5	0.1467
			39/1	0.1818				5/4	0.0999
			24/21	0.0977			:	2/24	0.0459
	1		फिल्ड चेनल	0.0178		*	ŧ	भ पिल्ड चेनल	0.0459
			25/25	0.1293					
			25/16/2	0.0987				कुल	8.6492
			25/16/1	0.0762	सोनीपत	गन्नीर	सींगखेरा	50/24	0.1333
			25/17/2	0.0191				50/23	0.0318
			25/17/1	0.0491			•	50/17	0.0202
			25/15	0.0014			1 × 20	50/18	0.2150
			25/14	0.2083	,			50/19/1	0.0086
	1		25/13	0.0223	·	•	•	50/13	0.0462
	•		25/7	0.0234			,	50/12/2	0.1225
			25/8	0.1742	÷			50/12/1	0.0767
			25/3	0.1167				कच्चा रास्ता	0.0080
	1		25/2/1	0.0510				50/9	0.0945
	1		25/2/1 आस्फाल्टेड सस्ता	0.0310	,			कच्चा रास्ता	0.0192
			आस्माल्य्ड (स्ता फिल्ड चेनल	0.0303				50/10	0.1053
			25/2	0.0120				50/1	0.1916
			14/22 .	0.0708 0.1410		,		51/5/2	0.0434
	:		14/22 फिल्ड चेनल	0.1410				कच्चा रास्ता	0.0091
			14/21/2	0.0049				49/21	0.0066
			14/21/2					कच्चा रास्ता	0.0040
•	i I		14/21/1	0.1010		•		48/25	0.2180
• • •	*			0.1711				48/24	0.01 06
			कच्वा रास्ता	0.0288				48/16	0.0342

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1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3 `	4	5
सोनी पत	गन्गीर	सींगखेरा	48/17	0.2050	सोनीपत	गन्नौर	सींगखेरा	कच्चा रास्ता	0.0154
		(जारी)-	48/14/1	0.0916			(जारी)-	20/18	0.1562
,	:	(,	48/13/2	0.0444				20/19	0.0922
;			48/13/1	0.1104				20/12	0.2014
:	i		48/8	0.1566				20/11	0.0355
1	:		48/9	0.0857				20/9	0.0131
								20/10	0.2090
;		•	48/3	0.0000				20/1	0.0302
j :	:		48/2/2	0.0440		•		कच्चा रास्ता	0.0257
!	:		48/2/1	0.1631				21/6	0.0066
i :			48/1	0.0331				21/5	0.2270
į	i		कच्चा रास्ता	0.0090				15/25	0.0013
•	1		36/22/1	0.0125			•	21/4/2	0.0694
:	:		36/21	0.2041				21/4/1	0.0054
	;		36/20	0.0383				15/24	0.1691
\$:		क ज्वा रास्ता	0.0243			•	15/24	0.1692
	. ;		37/25/2	0.0043		_	,		0.1092
:	:		37/16	0.1820				कच्चा रास्ता	0.0230
•			37/15/4	0.0000				15/22	0.0230
	:		37/15/3	0.0013				15/18/2	
	:		37/15/2	0.0032				कच्चा रास्ता	0.0028
,	:		37/15/1	0.1263				15/19/1	0.0854
}			37/14/3	0.1225				15/19/2	0.1075
į	1		कच्चा रास्ता	0.0118				15/20	0.1474
Ī			<i>37/</i> 7	0.1702				15/11	0.0859
į	;		37/8/1	0.0458				14/16	0.0018
			37/4	0.0077				14/15 .	0.2176
:	•		37/3/2	0.0143		•		14/14/2	0.0498
	:		37/3/1	0.2088			/	14/14/1	0.0669
· Arrest	and and		37 <i>/2/</i> 2	0.0107				14/7	0.1225
1	1		32/23	0.0390				कच्चा रास्ता	0.0122
			32/22	0.1987	, .			14/8/2	0.0485
			32/21	0.0003				कच्चा रास्ता	0.0184
			32/19	0.0839			0.	14/8/1	0.1481
	:		32/20	0.1550				14/9/1	0.0602
į	i !		32/11/2	0.1231				14/3	0.0078
į.	; }		31/15/2	0.0016				14/2	0.1533
	i		· आस्फाल्ट रास्ता	0.0256				14/1	0.1777
			32/11/1	0.0252				<i>7/</i> 21	0.0364
\$;		· 31/15/1	0.0830				कच्चा रास्ता	0.0137
?	!		31/6	0.1831				13/5	0.0162
			कच्चा रास्ता	0.0091				8/25/2	0.1578
}	* *		31/5	0.0588				8/25/1	0.0480
;	:		31/4	0.1986	•.			8/25/26	0.0109
i	:		20/24	0.0958				8/24	0.127
:	!		कच्चा रास्ता	0.0146				8/17/2	0.099
			20/23	0.1120				8/23	0.000

1	2	3	4	5	<u> </u>	- 2	3 .	·4	5
सोनीपत	गनौर	सींगखेरा	8/18	0.2218	सोनीपत	ग़नौर	मोहम्मद्पुर	15/7	0.0111
		(जारी)-	8/19	0.0639			माजरा(जारी)-	15/13	0.0334
	:		8/13	0.0065				15/8	0.2068
	:	1	8/12	0.1659				15/3	0.0000
•			8/11	0.1742		•		15/9	0.0917
			कुच्चा रास्ता	0.0276				15/2	0.1563
			8/10/2	0.0390			•	15/I	0.1533
			9/15	0.0131				12/21	0.0947
	<u>;</u>		9/6	0.1978			•	11/25	0.2049
	:		9/7	0.1345			- ·	ै कच्चा रास्ता	0.0149
	:		कच्चा रास्ता	0.0299				11/24	0.0101
	2.		9/4	0.0676				11/16	0.0335
			9/8	0.0079				11/17	0.2211
	:		कच्चा रास्ता	0.0080				11/18	0.0401
•			9/3/2	0.1398			0.1.2	11/14	0.0116
	:		9/3/1	0.0605	•			11/13/2	0.024
	1		कच्चा रास्ता	0.0104				11/13/1	0.185
	E *	•	कच्चा रास्ता	0.0054				11/8	0.000
			2/23	0.0026				11/12	0.088
	:		9/2	0.0847				11/9/2	0.176
	i		2/2/2	0.0854				11/9/1	0.000
	:	. 8 .	2/22/1	0.0540				11/10/2	0.089
			2/21	0.2102			•	11/10/1	0.076
			2/20	0.0241				11/1	0.054
	T		1/25	0.1558				203/कच्चा रास्ता	0.020
8	1		1/16	0.0405				10/5	0.016
			1/24	0.1517			•	10/6	0.046
	:		सरधाना डिस्ट्रीब्युटरी	0.0722				रिल्ली ब्रान्च वेस्टर्न	0.346
	•		1/23	0.1266				यमुना केनाल	0.5 10.
			10/3	0.0078				76/कच्चा रास्ता	0.018
			कुल	10.8543	0			10/8	0.166
सोनीपत	गन्नौर	मोहम्मदपुर	14/23	0.0349				10/9	0.243
สเาเรเเ	· IIIC	•				•		10/10	0.036
		माजरा	28/3	0.0109				10/1	0.196
			28/2	0.0580				10/2	0.012
	:		14/22	0.1738				235/कच्चा सस्त	0.012
	i	•	14/21	0.1547			*	6/21	0.072
	1		14/20	0.0930	•			7/25	0.072
	:		15/16/2	0.1628		. 2		7/16	0.164
	: •		15/16/1	0.0433				7/17 ·	0.066
	1		15/17/1	0.0047				7/15	0.000
	:		15/17/2	0.0010				7/13 7/14	0.002
		•	15/15/1	0.0234	•		00	7/13	0.006
	:		15/15/2	0.0075				7/8	0.003
	}		96/ड्रेइन	0.0206				7/7 -	0.013
			15/14	0.2152					
			कच्चा रास्ता	0.0144				कुल	4.850

1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
गेनीप्त	गन्गीर	तेवडी	60/8	0.1637	——— सोनीपत	गन्नौर	तेवडी	28/8	0.1887
•			60/3	0.1199			(जारी)-	28/3	0.1472
			60/2	0.1658				28/2/2	0.0601
			60/1	0.0042				1 9/23	0.0044
	:		58/21	0.1067				28/2/1	0.002
į		`	58/22	0.0673				19/22	0.204
1	:		भैनसवाल डिस्ट्रीब्युटर्र					19/19	0.124
:	į	¥1	57/25	0.1008			,	19/12	0.000
			57/16	0.1641				19/20	0.086
:	1		57/17/2	0.0015				19/11/3	0.127
	1		57/17/1	0.0872				19/11/2	0.127
:			57/14	0.2043				19/11/2	0.023
:	į		57/13	0.0225				19/11/1	0.023
\$:		<i>57/7</i>	0.0225	٠		•	न विज्ञा स्ता	0.015
•	:	0	57/8	0.2134	Θ,	•		18/6	0.117
			<i>57/9</i>	0.0011				18/4	0.000
	:			0.0715				18/5	0.204
			57/3				•		0.009
:			57/2	0.1589				क च्चा रास्ता . 11/25	0.062
	:		कच्चा रास्ता	0.0093				11/23	0.002
	:		44/22	0.1542				1172 4 आस्फाल्टेड रास्ता	0.023
;	:		44/21/1	0.0821				11/17	0.023
:			44/20	0.2037				11/17	0.010
	i		44/11	0.0210	•				0.052
ì	i .		45/16	0.0311				11/14	
•	1		45/15	0.2158				11/13	0.139
	1		45/14	0.0027				कच्चा रास्ता 11/0	0.014
:	,		45/6	0.0551				11/8	0.182
	!		45/7	0.1768				11/3	0.163
	ŧ		45/4	0.1431				दे्इन	0.04
1	1		45/3	0.0985				3/23	0.13
	:		115	0.0395				कच्चा रास्ता	0.03
	:		38/23	0.1644				3/22	0.01
1			38/22	0.0331			·	3/19	0.07
	,		38/18	0.0147				3/18	0.08
1	:		38/19	0.2108				3/12	0.073
;	1		38/12	0.1074				3/13	0.019
			38/11	0.1046				कुल	7.663
			38/10	0.1768	सोनीपत	गन्नौर	पुगथला	101/12	0.04
			डोमेटा डिस्ट्रीब्यूटरी	0.3594	สเาเจน	414114	3.14(1)	101/9/2	0.06
			28/25	0.0844				101/9/2	0.00
			28/24	0.0153			•	101/9/1	0.11
	•		28/16	0.0372				101/2/2	0.11
			28/17	0.1817	•				0.00
			28/14	0.1861				क्वा शस्त	
:			28/13	0.0301				9 9/22	0.19
;	-		28/7	0.0204				9 9/19	0.15

l .	2	3	4	5	1	. 2	3	4	. 5
सोनीपत	गन्गौर	पुगथला.	99/20	0.0141	सोनीपत	गनौर	पुगयला	51/15	0.1939
		•	99/12	0.0905				51/14/2	0.0043
	-	•	99/11	0.0867		٠.		51/7/1	0.0249
	•	j	99/10	0.1554			- *	51/6/2	0.0594
		.,	99/9	0.0461		`		आस्फाल्टेड एस्ता	0.0271
		. • •	99/1	0.1963		-		51/7/2	0.0638
			99/2	0.0002		•		51/6/1	0.0010
		•	80/21	0.1844				51/4/2/2	0.0963
	•	:	80/25	0.0012	í			51/4/2/1/1	0.0898
			80/20	0.1162	1			51/4/1	0.0037
		:	80/16/2	0.0132				34/24/1	0.0296
		i o	80/16/1	0.0500				34/24/2 (आस्कार	
		i	81/15	0.1554				उस/24/2 (आस्कार चस्ता)	0.0272
			80/11	0.0218				34/24/3	0.1110
	•	* V 0	81/16	0.2124	•	4		24/25/1	0.0262
			81/5/1	0.1532					0.0202
			81/5/2	0.0003		٠.		34/25/2	
		:	81/4/1	0.0381		.*		34/16	0.0007
			76/24/2	0.0091				34/17	0.2053
		i.	129	0.0150	•	-	*	34/14/1	0.1099
			76/25/1	0.0173		• .		34/13	0,0898
			76/24/1	0.1557				.34/7/2	0.0002
			76/17	0.1589				34/8/1	0.1193
			76/14	0.1341		*	٠.	34/13/2	0.0341
			76/13	- 0.0999				34/8/2	0.0567
			76/7	0.0000		•		34/3	0,1278
			76/8	0.2090				34/2/2	0.0853
			199	0.0069				25/23	0.0007
			76/3/2	0.0027		4		25/22	0.2075
			76/3/1	0.1052	•		00	कच्चा सस्ता	0.0211
			76/2 57/2/1	0.0869			. 4	25/19	0.0981
	•		57/23/1 57/22	0.0012 0.1983			·r	25/20	0,0884
			57/19/2	0.1374		;		25/12	0.0001
			57/20	0.1374		•		25/11/2	0.1382
		7	150	0.0218				25/11/1	0.0674
			57/19/1	0.0332				25/10	0.0961
			57/12	0.0186				कच्चा गस्ता	0.0116
•			57/11	0.1679				24/6/2	0.0110
			57/10/3	0.0598				24/6/1	0.0555
		,	57/10/2	0.0995				24/5/	0.2088
		•	57/10/2 57/10/1	0.0993				24/3 24/4/2	0.0010
			57/1	0.0248					
		t	58/5/1	0.1728				11/25/2	0.0573
			52/21	0.0209		e	•	11/25/1	0.0320
			51/25	0.1455				11/24	0.1195
			51/16/1	0.1607				11/17	0.0331
			51/16/2	0.0242				कुल	7.5401

240		THE GA	ZETTE OF IN	DIA: JANUAR	Y 19, 2008	/PAUSA	29, 1 92 9	[PART II—SBC. 3(II)		
1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	
सोनी मत	सोनीपत	मनोली	52/14	0.0641	सोनीपत	सोनीपत	प्रवसरा	45/11	0.082	
			52/7/3	0.0265				44/15	0.209	
•	:		52/13/1	0.1270				44/14/2	0.058	
	!		52/8/2	0.0793		•		66 (पक्का सस्ता)	0.026	
	}		52/12/1	0.1283				1		
	, i		52/9/2	0.0834				44/14/1	0.114	
	i		52/11/2	0.0288				44/13/2	0.081	
	!		52/10/2	0.0779				44/13/1	0.114	
,	1		52/11/1	0,0918				44/12	0.198	
	!		51/15	0.1416				44/11	0.197	
:	1		51/6	0.0635				43/15	0.099	
	!		51/14/2	0.0955				43/14	0.008	
:			51/14/1	0.0455				बुल	1.189	
!			51/7	0.0616						
			51/13	0.1442			ह ंसपुर	115	0.092	
	1.		51/8	0.0633				3/10	0.000	
			51/12	0.1340				2/15	0.066	
			51/9	0.0593				2/14	0.177	
	!		51/11	0.1373	•			2/13	0.196	
			51/10	0.0539				2/12	0.057	
			50/15	0.1756				सुरेग	0.591	
:	1		50/6	0.0435						
	1		50/14 50/7	0.1739			जखाडली	118/12	0.103	
	!		50/13	0.0197				118/11	0.201	
	:		50/8	0.1861 0.0081			,	119/15	0.220	
	:		50/12	0.2064				1 19 /14	0.163	
			50/9	0.0000				1 19 /13	0.231	
	:		50/11	0.2064				1 19 /12	0.176	
	1		49/15	0.1914				1 19 /11	0.226	
	:		49/14	0.2090	•			120/15/2	0.017	
	:		49/13	0.1821				120/15/1	0.185	
			354	0.0150				120/14	0.165	
	i		49/12	0.2039				120/7/2	0.006	
	:		49/11	0.2013				120/7/1	0:000	
	. !		48/15	0.2053				120/13	0.169	
			48/14	0.2006				120/8	0.038	
			48/13	0.1989				421	0.017	
	:		48/12/2	0.1138				120/12/2	0.080	
			357	0.0415					0.026	
			48/12/1	0.0672			•	कच्चा सस्ता		
			48/11/2	0.0780				120/9	0.078	
			48/11/1	0.1143				120/12/1	0.033	
	•		47/15/1	0.1863				120/11	0.077	
			47/14	0.2112				120/10	0.108	
			47/13	0.1987			•	430	0.025	
			47/12	0.2048				कच्चा सस्ता	0.017	
			47/11	0.1116				121/6	0.118	
			46/15	0.0005				121/15	0.049	
			कुल	5.6619				121/14	0.048	

1	2	3	. 4	\$	1	. 2	3	4	5
सोनीपत	सोनीपत	जखाडली	121/7	0.1490	भोगीपत	सोनीपंत	जवाडली	126/5	0.1269
			121/13	0.0058	V			320	0.0269
			121 /8	0.2032	•	•	•	126/7	0.1036
	*	•	121/9	0.1972				126/4	0.0302
	1		121/10	0.2002				426	0.1164
	i i		122/6	0.2179	•		•	126/3	0.0004
			122/7/1	0.0951			•	126/8	0.1757
	·		122/7/2	0.0138			i i	126/9	0.1695
			717 (कच्च पस्त)	0.0424				126/10	0.2094
	1		122/8/2	0.0122				127/6	0.0476
	- 1	,	122/8/1	0.1326				যুগ	8.4463
	0		322	0,0486			113361	13/6	0.1419
	0 .		122/9/1	0.0526	*		पटला		
			122/9/2	0.1576				13/7	0.2046
		•	122/10	0.2193			•_	13/8/1	0.1432
			122/1	0.0018		•		13/8/2	0.0537
			123/6	0.0805				कच्चा सस्ता	0.0153
			123/5	0.0163				13/9	0.1973
			123/27	0.1893	•			13/10/1	0.1117
			123/7	0.0920				13/10/2	0.0485
			123/4/2	0.0380			•	56/(पक्का एस्ता)	0.0363
	;		123/8	0.1087				14/6	0.2052
			123/3	0.0674				14/7	0.2019
			310/ चस्त	0.0230				. 14/8	0.2075
			123/9	0.0995				14/9	0.1988
			123/2	0.1047		•		14/10	0.2081
			123/10	0.0745			:	15/6	0.1967
			123/1	0.1314	<u>.</u> .			15/7	0.1913
			124/6	0.0330			•	15/14	0.0017
	; `		124/5	0.1520		\ .		15/13	0.0002
			क्राचीत प्रस्ता	0.0192				52 (कच्चा सस्ता)	0.1235
	•		124/7	0.0009	•			15/13	0.0072
			124/4	. 0.2072				15/8	0.1723
			124/3	0.1969				15/12	0.0245
			124/2	0.1955				15/9	0.1638
			124/1	0.1993				-15/11	0.0324
•			125/5/2	0.0983		`	.,	15/10	0.1394
	9		125/5/1	0.1373				16/15	0.0485
			125/4	0.1664				16/6	0.1337
			111/24	0.0022				16/14/1	0.0030
	•		125/3	0.2040				16/14/2	0.0018
			111/23	0.0019		•		16/7	0.1718
			125/2	0.1915				16/8	0.2075
			125/1	0.2170		-		16/3	0.0000
			125/10	0.0083				16/9	0.1272
			126/6	0.0469				16/10	0.0085
								16/2	0.0845

1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
मोनीपत	सोनीपत	्पटला	16/1	0.1963	सोनीपत	सोनीपत	बुध खालसा	14/2	0.1982
			कच्चा सस्ता	0.0085				14/1/2	0.0355
:			17/5	0.2166			ਟੀ.ਧੀ8	चेनेज-8322.90	
		•	7/25	0.0051		•	- 117-0	से रास्ते के साथ	
;			17/4	0.0957					
:			7/24	0.1 086				चेनेज- 9417.6	2 मा. ROU
İ			17/3	0.0019			1	कुल	1.2365
İ		•	7/23	0.2029			बुध मलक	चेनेज- 9417.62	2 मी. in
			7/22	0.0501				से	Road
i			कुल	4.6993				चेनेजे 10301.9	
		सेउली	76/22	0.1387		٧.,			3 41. ROO
			76/19	0.0161				कुल	
İ			76/20	0.1322			जथाडी	चेनेज-10301.9	3 मी. ॄ रास्ते
			76/21	0.0801				से	वि
			75/25	0.0006				चेनेज-12730.3	1 मी. ⁾ साथ
ļ			75/16	0.1986					
			कच्च सस्ता	0.0108	*		3.24	कुल	. ^ .
1			75/17	0.1868			अकबरपुर	चेनेज-12730.3	
İ			75/14	0.0240			बरोठा	से	} को
į			75/18	0.0592				चेनेज-14118.6	8 मी. ⁾ साथ
1			75/13	0.1516				कुल	
			75 /12 75 /11	0.21 <i>7</i> 2 0.17 68			जगदीशपुर	चेनेज-14118.6	१ की) भारते
į			75/11 75/10	0.1768			21.1414137	से	
į			74/15	0.0301					्र वि
-			74/6	0.1626				चेनेज-18645.9	
			74/7	0.2144				46/11	0.0155
!			74/8	0.1595				45/15	0.1124
į			74/3	0.0512				कुल	0.1279
:			7 4/9	0.0259			छतेरा बहादुरपुर	पक्का सस्ता	0.0097
İ			74/2	0.1797				3/15	0.0557
. :			7 4/1	0.1503		•		पक्का रास्ता	0.0062
. ;		·	केनाल	0.0845				3/14	0.1953
į			कच्या रास्ता	0.0004				3/13	0.1 947
			कच्या रास्ता	0.0023				3/12	0.2055
:			73/5	0.1631				3/11	0.1684
			73/4	0.2045		.•		3/20	0.0696
:			73/3	0.1910				पक्का गस्ता 4/16	0.0426 0.2120
*1			73/2	0.0128				4/25	0.0004
:			कुल	3.0725				4/24/2	0.0123
		बुध खालसा	15/3	0.0144				4/24/1	0.0584
:		3	15/2	0.1888				4/17	0.1396
!			15/1	0.2079				4/1 8 4/ 2 3	0.0028 0.1805
:			14/5	0.1945				6/3	0.1803
			14/4	0.1963				6/2	0.1556
			14/3	0.2009				6/9	0.0827

1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	: 5
सोनीपत	सोनीपत	छतेरा बहादुरपुर	6/10	0.1896	सोनीपत	सोनीपत	अव्यासपुर :	. 5/22	0,2091
			6/11	0.0002				5/21	0.1888
			पक्की सस्ता	0.0623				6/25	0.1990
			5/6/1	0.0269				6/24	0.2012
			5/6/2	0.0402		-		6/23	- 0.2012
		•	5/15	0.0694				6/22	0.2012
			5/14	0.2012			1	6/21	0.2012
			5/13	0.0967				7/25	0,2080
		-	कुल	2.5542			·	7/24	0.0242
								15/5	0.0235
		लादपुर	20/13	0.1537			. ,	15/4	0.2285
		-	20/12/2	0.1996				15/7	0.0016
		•	20/19	0.0082			,	15/3	0.0744
			20/20 -	0.0208	•			15/8	0.1696
			20/11/2	0.1726	,		,	15/9	0.1114
			21/16	0.0006				15/12	0.1388
			21/15/2	0.1939	•		•	15/11	0.1601
			21/14/2	0.2018				15/20	0.1072
			21/13/2	0.1648	•			14/16	0.1391
			21/18	0.0301	•			कच्या सस्ता	0.0196
			पक्का रास्ता	0.0119				14/25	0.0915
	8		पक्का रास्ता	0.0336			=	14/24	0.2039
	•		21/21	0.0254				14/23/2	0.0038
	n .		21/19	0.1758			· .	25/4	0.0602 0.2146
			21/20/2	0.1820	•			25/3	0.2140
			22/16/2	0.1202	•		*	25/2/2 25/8	0.0264
			22/16/2	0.0120		•		25/9/1	0.139
			22/25	0.0175		9	•	25/9/2	0.0993
			22/24/2	0.0150				25/10	0.0250
			कच्चा सस्ता	0.0316		*.		25/12/1	0.0191
			कच्चा सस्ता	0.0190			•	25/11	0.2184
		·	पक्का रास्ता	0.0798				26/15	0.0586
			22/17/1	0.0588				25/20/1	0.0036
	•		22/24/1	0.0861			•	26/16	0.2000
	:		22/23	0.1940	* .			26/17/1	- 0.0796
			22/18/2	0.0063	•			26/17/2	0.0105
			22/18/1	0.0009	100			26/25	0.0000
			22/22	0.1980				26/24/1	0.1316
			22/21	0.0584				26/24/2	0.0218
			पक्का सस्ता	0.0083		,e		26/23	0.1354
								33/3	0.1320
		•	कुल	2.4808	8.			33/2	0.1404
		अब्बासपुर	4/22	0.0014				33/9	0.1227
	•		4/21	0.1338	#1).			33/10	0.1792
		.0	पक्का रास्ता	0.0358			*	33/11	0.0788
			5/25	0.1922				32/6	0.0004
			5/24	0.1998		* .		32/15/2	0.112
	:		5/23	0,1863	- (.		*	32/15/1	0.0950

244	-		ETTE OF INDI						—Ssc. 3(ii)
1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	, 4	. 5
तेनीपत	स्तेनीपत	अन्नासपुर	32/14	0.0060	सोनीपत	संनीपत	नहरा	5/5/1	0.0546
	}		32/16	0.0494				5/5/4	0.0280
	:		32/17	0.2160				5/5/2	0.023
			32/18	0.0126				5/6	0.1718
			32/23	0.0136				5/15	0.173
		1	32/24	0.2013				5/16	0.1840
		1	43/4	0.0531				5/25	0.187
:	:	/	राष्ट्रीय धोरीमार्ग	0.2816				ंब्रेन	0.0111
:	:		43/6	0.0585		(8/5/2	0.0125
t	1		43/15/1	0.0707				8/5/1	0.1566
1	!		43/15/2	0.0873				कच्चा स्वता	0.014
	İ		42/11	0.0564				8/6	0.1558
;	!		42/20	0.1936	•			8/7	0.0054
*	i ,		43/7	0.0175		•		8/15/1	0.0139
		•	43/16	0.0062				8/14/1	0.001
į			42/21	0.1270				8/15/2	0.1489
į			42/22/1	0.0704				8/14/2	0.021
ė			42/22/2	0.0014				8/16	0.142
	:		कण्या सस्ता	0.0108				8/17	0.041
	:		47/1	0.0016				8/25	0.125
	į.		47/2	0.2168				8/24	0.055
			47/9	0.1172				12/5	0.113
:	:		47/8	0.1066			•	12/4	0.065
			47/13	0.2190				12/6	0.095
	!		47/14	0.0003				12/7	0.081
	!		47/18/1	0.0240				12/15/1	0.029
	i		47/18/2	0.0153		•		12/15/2	0.039
			47/18/3	0.0758				12/14/1	0.100
			47/17	0.0797				12/14/2	0,010
			47/24/2	0.0155				12/16/2	0.047
	:	-	47/24/1	0.0306				12/17	0.134
			47/23	0.0066				12/25	0,018
			नाला	0.3490				12/25	0.013
			51/7/1	0.0306				12/24/2	0.127
			51/7/2	0.0551				12/24/2	0.008
	i .		51/4/2	0.1800				केन केन	0.0203
•		*	51/5/2	0.1800				18/5	0.030
			51/6	0.0951				18/4/1	0.030
			51/14	0.0034				18/4/2	
			51/15	0.1681				18/6	0.130
			51/16	0.1001					0.0169
	÷					•		18/7	0.160
			कुल	9.7008				18/15	-0.0010
	4	नहरा	2/16	0.1526				18/14	0.208
			2/25	0.1772				18/7/1	0,1642
	; i		कञ्चा गस्ता	0.0132				18/7/2	0.003
			5/5/3	0.0690				18/24	0,156

1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4 '	5
——— सोनीपत	सोनीपत	नहरा	30/4	0.1833	सोनीपत	सोनीपत	नहरा	74/22/2	0.0061
			30/7	0.1863				86/3	0.1753
			30/14	0.1647				86/8	0.1733
			30/17	0.1757				86/13	0,1895
		• ."	30/16	0.0054				86/26	0.0207
		•	30/25	0.0628			•	86/18	0.1778
			30/24	0.0801				86/23/1	0.1702
	•		नहरी वि शाखा	0.1081			•	86/23/2	0.0014
			40/5	0.1210				94/4/3	0.192
•			40/4	0.0130				94/8/1	0.091
			40/6	0.1585				94/8/2	0.0925
			40/15	0.1528				94/13	0.1718
			41/11	0.0521				94/14/1	0.006
		•	41/20/1	0.0434				94/17/2	0.0390
	!		40/16	0.0236				94/18	0.1394
	r ·		पक्का सस्ता	0.0699				94/24/1	0.070
			41/20/2	0.0033				94/23	0.113
		**	41/21					97/4	0.027
				0.1864				97/3	0.0345
	1		50/1 50/10	0.1834			•		10.3989
			50/10	0.1827 0.1625				नुस	
		,				•	हालापुर	30/4	0.037
			50/12	0.0382		. *	*	30/3	0.077
	:		50/19	0.0837			• 0. =	30/7	0.056
			50/20	0.0790				30/8	0.1135
			50/22	0.1266				30/14	0.027
			50/21	0.0357				30/13	0.1542
			65/2	0.1636			•	30/17	0.030
	ı		65/1	0.0033				30/18	0.153
			65/9	0.1914				30/24	0.0503
	- 2		65/12	0.1783				30/23	0.1342
			65/19/1	0.0751				35/4	0.0600
			65/19/2	0.1173				35/3	0.123
			65/22/2	0.1365			•	35/7	0,0560
, ,			65/22/1	0.0381		<i>2</i>		35/8	0.122
	1		74/2	0.1677			•	35/14	0.0562
	:		74/3	0.0291			•	35/13	0.1336
			74/8	0.0962				35/17/2	0.051
			74/9	0.1074				35/18	0.118
	:		74/13/1	0.1249		19,4		35/24/1	0.0480
	:		74/12	0.041 0		4	1 E	-35/23	0.1298
			74/13/2	0.0045				57/4/1	0.0381
			74/18	0.1718				57/3	0.1283
			74/19	0.0030			•	57/4/2	0.0038
			74/23/1	0.0599				57/7	0.0502
			74/22/1	0.0004	y			57/8	0.1451
	i		(पक्का					57/14	0.1752
	!		वस्ता)120	0.0663				57/13	0.002
			74/23/2	0.0473				57/17/2	0.0448

246 	<u>.</u>	THE GA	ZETTE OF INI	DIA: JANUAR	Y 19, 2008	/PAUSA 2	29, 1929	[PART II-	—SBC. 3(ii)
1	2	3	4	. 5	1	2	3 · ·	4	5
सोनीपत	सोनीपत	हालापुर	57/18	0.1189	सोनीपत	बरखोदा	জী जाउसी	11/4	0.0790
		•	चस्त	0.0172		•		11/3	0.0321
			57/24	0.0498				11/8/1	0.0228
	1 1		57/23/ 1	0.0306			٠.	11/7/1	0.0692
	1		57/23/2	0.0437					
	i		57/23/3	0.0188				74 (খনাল)	0.075
			57/23/4	0.0143				11/7/3	0.075
			57/23/5	0.0161				11/8/2	0.0049
			60/3/1	0.0125				11/13	0.002
			60/3/2	0.0136			•	11/14/1	0.1129
			60/3/3 60/4	0.1121 0.0493				11/17	0.1729
			60/8	0.1399			Š	11/18/1	0.003
			60/7	0.0372					
	!		60/14	0.0199				11/24/1	0.177
	! !		60/13	0.0694			:	11/23	0.006
	1		कोगाल	0.0030				28/4	0.181
mann to the second			113	0.5824			2 .	28/3	0.001
			81/3/1	0.0291			, t	28/7/1	0.131
			81/3/2	0.0150				28/7/2	0.054
	, ;	•	81/4	0.0023				28/14	0.174
	1		81/7	0.0153				28/17/1	0.051
			81/8/1	0.0608					
			81/8/2	0.0728				28/17/2	0.128
		* 4	81/8/3	0.0473				28/24	0.179
	1		81/14/1	0.0104				33/4/1	0.129
			81/14/2	0.0098			*	33/4/2	0.039
	1 1		81/13/1	0.0815				33/4/3	0.017
			81/13/2	0.0633 0.0302				33/7	0.177
			81/17/2 81/18	0.0302			•	33/14/1	0.027
			81/24/1	0.1317					
	1		81/23	0.1398				33/14/2	0.150
			84/4/1	0.0460			,	33/17	0.175
	1		84/3	0.1344			•	33/24	0.186
			84/7	0.0518	•			49/4	0.190
			84/8	0.1215				49/7	0.170
	1 ;		84/14	0.0677			:	49/14	0.184
	1		84/13	0.1273			-30	49/17	0.188
			84/18	0.0563				49/24	
			84/17	0.0074					0.173
	1		कुल	5.1137				52/4	0.1614
	1	नहरी	97/17	0.0512				52/7	0.1863
	1	, ,	97/18	0.0512				52/14	0.1332
			71110	V.U.J.I /				E 0 10 H	

97/18

97/24/1

97/24/2

97/23

98/4/1

98/4/2

98/3

कुल

0.0517

0.0331

0.0229

0.1409

0.0038

0.0118

0.0359

0.3513

कुल 4.4513 [फाईल सं. एल-14014/28/07-जीपी] एस. बी. मंडल, अवर सचिव

वेस्टन यमुना केनाल

52/17

52/24

64/4

0.0758

0.0404

0.0060

2

Sonipat Sonipat Khurrampur

3

4

24/7

24/4

24/3

24/2

19/23

19/22

19/21

19/19

19/20

18/16

18/17

18/15

18/14

18/13

18/8

18/9

18/10

18/2

18/1

17/5

9/21

Cart Track

5

0.1550

0.0501

0.0084

0.2112

0.0120

0.0455

0.2146

0.0928

0.0003

0.1329

0.1946

0.0201

0.0326

02129

0.1156

0.0981

0.2422

0.0253

0.0250

0.1900

0.0646

0.0039

New Delhi, the 15th January, 2008

S.O. 107.—Whereas it appears to the Government of India that it is necessary in public interest that for transportation of natural gas through Dadri-Bawana-Nangal pipeline project in the state of Haryana, a pipeline should be laid by GAIL (India) Limited;

And, whereas it appears to the Government of India that for the purpose of laying the said pipeline, it is necessary to acquire the Right of User in the land under which the said pipeline is proposed to be laid and which is described in the Schedule annexed to this notification.

Now, therefore, in exercise of powers conferred by sub-section (1) of Section 3 of the Petroleum and Minerals Pipelines (Acquisition of Right of User in Land) Act, 1962, (50 of 1962) the Government of India hereby declares its intention to acquire the right of user therein.

Any person interested in the land described in the said Schedule may, within twenty one days from the date of which the copies of the notification issued under Subsection (1) of Section 3 of the said Act, as published in the Gazette of India are made available to the general public, object in writing to the laying of the pipeline under the land to Shri K.L. Bisnoi, Competent Authority, GAIL (India) Limited, GTI, PARC Building, Plot No. 24, Sector-16A, Noida, Distt. Gautam Budh Nagar-201301 (U.P.)

SCHEDULE

		SCHEDUL	4L				10/25	0.1735
District	Tehsi1	Village	Survey No.	Area to be acquired for ROU (in Hectares)			10/24 10/17 10/18	0.1107 0.1030 0.2252
1	2	3	· 4	5	Į.		10/13 10/19	0.0237 0.0257
Sonipat	Sonipat	Khurrampur	42/7	0.0965			10/12	0.0237
			41/4	0.0589		•		4.0999
			42/8	0.0052			TOTAL	
			41/3	. 0.1840		Manoli	129/13	0.0016
			Cart Trac				129/12	0.1867
							129/11	0.1044
			41/2	0.0116			1 29 /10	0.1260
			Cart Trac				130/6/1	0.0629
	į.		41/2	0.0100	•		130/6/2	0.1404
			23/23	0.0132			130/5	0.0279
			Cart Tṛac	k 0.0020			130/7	0.0266
		•	23/22	0.2053	10		130/4	0.1645
	:		23/21	0.0109		п	Murram	0.0461
			23/19	0.0371			Road	
	•		23/20	0.2129			130/3	0.1472
			24/16	0.0118			120/23	0.0725
	·		23/11	0.0371			Cart Track	0.0094
			24/15	0.2157			130/2	0.0018
							120/22	0.1741
			24/6	0.1080			Cart Track	0.0122

1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
Sonipat	Sonipat	Manoli	120/19/I	0.0771	Sonipat	Sonipat	Manoli	69/8	0.1799
		(Contd.)	120/19/2	0.0158			(Contd.)	69/9	0.0002
			120/20	0.1562				6 9/3	0.0835
			120/11	0.1766				69/2	0.1784
			119/15	0.0728				53/22	0.1159
			120/10	0.0011		•	:	53/2 I	0.1365
•			119/6	0.2194				53/20/2	0.1118
		,	119/7	0.0194				\$2/16/2	0.0159
1			119/5	0.0280				Cart Track	0.0162
:			119/4	0.2214			•	53/20/1	0.0202
	:		119/3	0.0085				52/16/ 1	0.0494
	:		101/24	0.0176				5 2/15	0.0008
	!	•	101/23/2	0.1533				Asphalt	
			101/23/1	0,0477			,	Road	0.0263
	:		Brick Road	0.0230				5 2/15	0.1931
			101/18	0.0629				52/16/ 1	0.0203
	:		101/19 ·	0.1832	•			5 2/14	0.0503
7	:		101/12	0.1264		-	•	\$ 2/6/3	0.0063
			101/1 1	0.1019				\$2/7/2	0.0679
			101/10 ·	0.2279				52/7/3	0.0563
,			I 02/6	0.0229				52/7 /1	0.070
:			101/1	0.0256				52/8/2	0.0008
	:		102/5	0.1854				52/8/I	0.0497
			85/25	0.1324				52/4	0.0058
			85/24	0.0929				52/3	0.2350
			85/17/1	0.0571				40/23	0.0230
			85/17/2	0.1499				52/2	0.0220
	1		85/18	0.0193				40/22	0.2290
	1		85/14	0.0311				40/19	0.0368
	:		85/13/2	0.1359				40/21	0.011
	:		85/13/1	0.0610				40/20	0.218
	:		85/8/1	0.0037			·	40/16	0.0074
			85/8/2	0.0884				40/11	0.0452
			85/9	0.1320				41/15	0.204
,			85/2	0.1861				41/6	0.074
			83/1	0.0553				Cart Track	0.0130
			68/22	0.0041				41/14	0.0000
			68/21	0.2288				41/7	0.189
2			69/25	0.0193	•			41/4	0.098
•			68/20	0.0269				41/3	0.155 0.121
			69/16	0.2372		•		29/23	
1+1			69 /1 7 /1	0.0107				29/22	0.116
			68/15	0.0402				29/19 20/20	0.175
			69 /14	0.2122				29/20	0.092
	1		69/13	0.0024				29/12	0.000
			69/7	0.0618			*	29/11 28/15	0.200 0.067

1	2	3	4	5 .	1	2	3	4	5
Sonipat	Sonipat	Manoli	29/10	0,0023	Sonipat	Sonipat	Pabsara	83-Cart Track	0.015
		(Contd.)	28/6/1	0.0373			(Contd.)	16/20	0.039
	*		28/6/2	0.1582				16/11	0.194
	:		28/5	0.0031				17/15	0.142
	;		28/7	0.0570			•	17/6	0.083
	:		28/4	0.2125	*		9	17/14	0.001
	1		28/3	0.0278				17/7	0.228
	ı	•	22/24	0.0167				17/4	0.006
			22/23	0.2322				17/8	0.058
	:		22/22	0.0289			•	17/3	0.174
	I		Brick Road	0.0325		•		17/2	0.171
			22/18	0.0066				12/22	0.058
		•	22/19	0.1878				17/1	0.007
	1		22/20	0.0051			Y	12/21	0.218
			22/12	0.0516				80-Cart Track	0.003
	•		22/11	0.2049				12/20	0.001
			22/10	0.0836				11/25/2	0.054
			23/15	0.0004			•	79-Cart Track	0.023
			23/6	0.1809				11/25/1	0.013
			23/5	0.0922				11/16	0.142
			23/4	0.1639	•			11/17	0.19
			10/24	0.0233				11/14	0.03
	*		Cart Track	0.0017				11/18	0.02
			Cart Track	0.0078	1			11/13	0.21
			1 0/24	0.0975				11/12	0.12
			23/4	0.0005				11/9	0.10
	•	. 0	1 0/23	0.1365	•			11/11	0.00
			10/18	0.0784				. 11/10	0.22
	•		TOTAL	11.3916				11/1	0.01
Caninat	Sonipat	Pabsara	26/18	0.0553				10/6	0.04
Sompat	Sompac	r ausai a	26/19	0.1063				10/5	0.17
			26/12	0.1712				10/4	0.12
			26/11	0.0619				8/24/2	0.11
	, -		26/9	0.0028				Cart Track	0.04
			26/10	0.2095			,	8/23/1	0.08
			25/6	0.0422				8/24/1	0.00
	. :			0.0422				8/18	0.08
			26/1 25/5	0.2310				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4.83
			25/5 16/25	0.2310				TOTAL	
	•			0.0311	Sonipa	t Sonipat	Jakhauli	64/18	0.10
	. !		25/4		•	,		64/19	0.03
			16/24	0.1966			·-	64/13	0.01
		-	16/23	0.1082				64/12	0.21
	:		16/18	0.1113				64/9	0.02
			16/19	0.2029				312	0.02
			84-Cart Track	0.0089				64/11	0.01
			16/12	0.0069				64/1 0	0.21

250		THE GAZ	ETTE OF INDIA	JANUAR	119, 2008/	rausa 2	y, 1y2y	[Part II—S	BC. 3(11)]
	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
onipat	Sonipat	Jakhauli	64/1	0.0619	Sonipat	Sonipat	Jakhauli	28/3	0.223
ì			63/6	0.0000			(Contd.)	28/2	0.005
			63/5	0.1622				21/23/3	0.036
			48/25	0.1343				21/23/2	0.015
			48/24	0.1352				21/22	0.189
			48/17	0.1409				21/19/2	0.089
. :			371	0.0108		•		21/19/1	0.020
			48/18	0.0998				21/20	0.107
			48/13	0.1932				21/11	0.198
	i I		48/12	0.0532				20/15	0.064
			48/8	0.0057				21/10	0.002
			· 48/9	0.2170				20/6	0.209
	i i		48/10	0.0244				20/7	0.016
			37 0	0.0123				20/5/2	0.030
			48/2	0.0146				20/4	0.206
	!		48/1	0.2182				9/24	0.092
	!		49/5	0.0046				9/23	0.145
	! !		43/21	0.0421				9/18	0.169
	(42/25/2	0.0967	•			9/19	0.06
			42/25/1	0.1233				9/13	0.00
			42/24	0.5010				9/12	0.21
			42/16	0.0707				9/11	0.03
	:		42/17	0.1728				9/9	0.01
			371/2	0.0215			•	9/10	0.235
			42/14	0.1051				9/1	0.022
			42/13	0.0939				345-Cart Track	
			42/8/1	0.0496				10/6	0.01
	•		42/8/2	0.1402				10/5	0.16
	:		42/9	0.0810				358-Cart Track	
	•		42/3	0.0002				3/25	0.11
	:	•	42/2	0.1986				: 3/24	0.09
			42/1	0.0202				3/26	0.03
			371/1	0.0148				3/17	0.17
	:		27/22	0.0177				3/18	0.03
			27/21	0.21 04				3/14	0.014
	•		27/20	0.0794				3/13	0.209
	:		28/25	0.0002				3/12	0.013
		0	28/16	0.1583				3 /8	0.05
			28/15/2	0.1181				3/9	0.18
			28/15/1	0.0235				3/2	0.07
			28/14	0.1008				TOTAL	7.93
	8	*	28/8/2	0.0006	Soninat	Sonipat	Khewara	186/1	0.038
	•		28/7	0.1946		p		186/2	0.06
			28/4/2	0.0011				155/22	0.008
			Asphalt Road	0.0353				155/22	0.061
			28/8/1	0.0092			·	304(Asphalted	
			28/4/1	0.0099				Road)	0.120

1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
Sonipat	Sonipat	Khewara	155/19	0.1701	Sonipat	Sonipat	Khewara	81/23/1	0.0890
			155/20	0.0136				81/18	0.1837
	i ®		1 55/12	0.1111				81/13	0.1638
			1 55/11	0.0726				81/12	0.0198
			155/10	0.1352	٠.			81/8	0.1030
			155/9	0.0485				81/9/1	0.0300
	1		1 55/1	0.0580				81/9/2	0.0510
	· ;		155/1	0.0949				81/2	0.1436
•	•		Cart Track	0.0285				81/3/3	0.0134
		,	155/2	0.0024				81/3/2	0.0223
			152/21	0.1837				81/3/1	0.0042
			152/20/2	0.1837	* .			53/23/2	0.0006
			1 52/11	0.1825				53/22	0.1841
•			151/15	0.0012				53/19	0.1832
			151/6	0.0435				53/12	0.1774
	•		1 52/1 0	0.1402			* ,	53/9	0.0426
			152/1	0.0778				8/16	0.0053
			151/5	0.1060	.:			8/15	0.2096
			122/25	0.1665				8/14	0.0001
			121/21	0.0171	,			8/6/1	0.0090
			122/16/2	0.0594	1 1			8/6/2	0.0744
			122/16/1	0.1243				8/7/1	0.1203
	•	•	122/15	0.1837	-		Θ.	8/7/2	0.0615
	•		122/6	0.1837				8/4	0.0934
			122/5	0.1672				8/3/3	0.0411
			122/4	0.0166				8/3/2	0.0411
	i		117/24	0.0770				8/3/1	0.0896
			117/25	0.1072		_	· ×	6/23	0.1036
		,	117/17	0.1392			-	Cart Track	0.0205
		· ·	117/16/2	0.0440	•			6/22/2	0.1200
			117/15	0.0014				6/22/1	0.0210
			117/14	0.1823				6/19	0.1138
	İ	•	117/7	0.1837				6/20	0.1514
			117/4	0.1837				6/11	0.0986
			88/24	0.1817		•		5/15	0.0105
			88/23	0.0020	•			TOTAL	7.5905
		•	88/18	0.0476			Jajjal	72/9	0.1045
	F	••	88/17	0.1361		:	ാവ്വവ	72/10	0.0595
			88/13	0.1102				72/2	0.0066
			88/14	0.0735	,			72/1	0.0487
			88/8	0.1695				TOTAL	0.2194
			88/7	0.0142			D. P.W.L.		
			88/3/1	0.0546			Parli Kalan	33/10/2 33/1	0.0002
			512 (Cart Track)	0.0518				33/1 29/21	0.1523 0.1568
			88/3/2	0.0773				30/25/2	0.1300
			81/23/2	0.0947			-	29/20/2	0.0171

252	·	THE GAZE	ETTE OF IND	JIA: JANUAK	Y 19, 2008/I	PAUSA 2	9, 1929 ————	[PART II—S	EC. 3(ii)]
l :	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
Sontipat	Sonipat	Parli Kalan	30/16/1	0.0855	Sonipat	Sonipat	Dipalpur	56/4	0.1372
	:		30/16/2	0.1135	• •			-56/3	0.1183
i		,	30/15/1	0.1590				Cart Track	0.0122
:			30 /14	0.0502				39/23	0.1449
			30/6	0.0101				39/22	0.0914
7			30/7	0.1986				Asphalt Road	0.0380
;			30/4	-0.1532				39/19	0.1347
ł	:		30/3	0.0523		,		Cart Track	0.0111
?	:		26/24	0.0093			•	39/20	0.100
ł	:		26/23/2	0.1824				39/11	0.174
1			26/23/1	0.0099				40/15	0.0809
i.			26/18/2	0.0527	•	V	;	40/6	0.183
	0.0		26/18/1	0.0930				40/7	0.054
1	ė		26/19	0.0620				40/5	0.0065
;			26/13	0.0063				40/4	0.2212
;	1	`-8-	26/12	0.2080				35/24	0.121
			26/9	0.1444				Cart Track	0.0119
ı	:		26/10	0.0568				35/17	0.0008
			26/2	0.0086				3 5/23	0.077
			26/I	0.1797				3 5/18	0.208
			22/21/2	0.0005				3 5/13	0.104
			SH-1I	0.0885				35/12	0.105
			25/5/1	0.0011	•			35/9	0.2089
			22/21/I	0.0034				35/2	0.081
,			23/25	0.2006				3 5/10	0.0012
	:	•	22/16	0.1239				35/1	0.128
			23/17	0.0868				Cart Track	0.0174
			23/15/2	0.0010				21 /21	0.187
;	į		23/14	0.1938				22/25	0.0054
	-00		23/7	0.1153				21/20	0.0612
			23/8	0.1099			•	22/16	0.142
			23/3	0.1977				22/15/2	0.001
			23/2	0.0014				Cart Track	0.030
			CTR	0.0087				22/15/1	0.172
			10/23	0.0582			. ()	22/14	0.007
1			1 0/22	0.2028				22/6	0.056
*			10/19	0.0610				22/7	0:149
				77777					

CTR

İ 0/21

10/20

10/11

57/11

56/15 56/6

56/7

Sonipat Sonipat Dipalpur

TOTAL

0.0092

0.0019

0.1228

0.1410

3.9348

0.0253

0.1307

0.1341

0.1381

22/4

22/3

16/14

16/23

16/18

16/19

16/13

16/12

16/9

0.2002

0.0061

0.0620

0.1443

0.2018

0.0045

0.0676

0.1387

1	2 .	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5
Sonipat	Sonipat	Dipalpur	16/10	0.0031		Sonipat	Sonipat	Makimpur	27/4/2	0.1064
	:		16/2	0.0735	•				27/4/1	0.0872
			16/ 1	0.1328					24/24/2	0.000
			11/21	0.1976				.*	Cart Track*	0.0080
			Cart Track	0.0421					24/24/1	0.1578
			12/25	0.0020				•	24/23	0.0234
		•	11/20	0.0549					Cart Track	0.0066
			12/16/3	0.0132					24/17	0.0660
			12/16/2	0.0686					24/18/1	0.121
			12/16/ 1	0.0341				4	24/18/2	0.000
	1		12/15	0.2051					24/14	0.0014
			12/14	0.0011					24/13	0.1910
			12/6	0.0860					24/8	0.1816
			12/7/2	0.0466					24/9	0.0020
**			12/7/1	0.0737					24/3	0.122
		•	12/4/2	0.1304					24/2	0.0670
			12/4/1	0.0753					13/23	0.0259
			12/3	0.0005					13/22	0.1679
			6/24	0.0926			ť	•	13/19	0.1792
			6/23	0.1137				•	Cart Track	0.0082
			6/18	0.2027					13/12/2	0.1343
			6/13	0.0715					13/12/1	0.042
			Cart Track	0.0313				•	13/11	0.0190
			6/19	0.0001					13/9/2	0.0449
			6/12	0.1069					13/9/1	0.0073
			6/9/1	. 0.1380					13/10	0.1440
	1		6/9/2	0.0684					13/1 /2	0.0172
•			6/10	0.0000					13/1/1	0.187
	•		6/2/2	0.0960	٠.				14/5	0.007
			6/2/1	0.01 04					11/21	0.0593
			6/1	0.0999					10/25/2	0.1184
			4/22	0.0001			•		10/25/1	0.0259
			4/21	0.1704					10/16	0.1322
			Cart Track	0.0051					Asphalted	0.0286
		,	4/20	0.0146			•		Road	
			TOTAL	7.3133					10/17	0.0592
	•	Malaimann		0.0168		• '			10/15/1	0.0510
		Makimpur	27/25 26/20	0.1178					10/14	0.1558
				0.0605					10/7	0.1700
			27/16						10/4	0.023
			26/11 Cart Track	0.0051 0.0093					Cart Track	0.030
			Cart Track			•			10/8/1	0.0159
			27/15/2	0.1389					1 0/3/2	0.1300
			27/15/1	0.0624				§	10/3/1	0.0373
			27/6	0.1361					2/23/2	0.1228
			27/7	0.0674					2/23/1	0.0629
			27/5	0.0049		•				

,	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
					Sanimat		, , , ,		
ompat	Sonipat	Makimpur	2/22 2/18	0.012 8 0.0528	Sonipat	Sonipat	Asadpur	60/8	0.0695
			2/19			•		60/4	0.0029
;				0.1226				60/3	0.203
:			TOTAL	4.1590				61/23	0.144
;	:	Nandnaur	89/19	0.0511				61/22	0.069
;			89/12	0.1742				61/18	0.003
•	:		89/11	0.0167				61/19	0.202
i			8 9/9	0.0376				61/12	0.140
:	;		89/10	0.1883				61/11	0.077
	i		89/1	0.1890				61/9	0.001
į.			88/5	0.0140				61/10	0.027
1			· 79/2 1	0.0359	-			TOTAL	1.176
;	•		Cart Track	0.0074	•	Morthal	Khas	225/11	0.002
	:		80/25	0.1557			•	225/10	0.162
ļ			Cart Track	0.0106				225/1	0.131
Ì			80/16	0.1888				224/5	0.049
:			80/17	0.0161				188/21	0.00
1	:		80/15	0.0394				Cart Track	0.034
	2		80/14	0.1509				189/25/1	0.15
	!		80/7	0.1838				189/25/2	0.03
	:		80/8	0.0125		•		189/25/3	0.01
İ			80/4	0.0419				189/16	0.13
1			80/3	0.1836				189/17	0.05
-	:		63/23	0.0194				Cart Track	0.02
			(Cart Track)					189/15	0.00
Ì.	:		63/23	0.1617				189/14	0.19
i ,	:		63/22	0.0261				189/7	0.09
i	:		63/18	0.0252		•		Cart Track	0.01
	:		63/19	0.1837				Cart Track	0.01
	7		63/12	0.1637				189/8	0.07
	:		63/11	0.0285				Cart Track	0.07
÷	i •		63/9	0.0242		•		189/4	0.02
	:		63/10	0.0242			•	189/3	0.20
	;		63/1	0.1586		•		184/23	0.11
	:		62/5	0.0349				184/22	0.09
1	1		Cart Track	0.0349					
			56/21					184/18	0.00
			57/25	0.0137 0.1924				184/19	0.20
ŧ			57/16	0.1924				184/12	0.10
			57/17	0.1722				184/20	0.00
			57/15	0.0429				184/11/1	0.10
			57/14	0.0984				184/11/2	0.00
								Cart Track	0.02
:			TOTAL	3.2842				184/10	0.17
•	÷	Asadpur	Cart Track	0.0096				184/1	0.094
:			60/14	0.0726				183/6	0.000
:			60/7	0.1517				183/5	0.110

1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
Sonipat	Sonipat	Morthal Khas	146/25	0.1817	Sonipat	Sonipat	Morthal Khas	102/17	0.1485
			Cart Track	0.0274				102/18	0.117
		•	146/16	0.0890				102/13	0.164
			146/24	0.0009	•			102/12	0.103
		:	146/17	0.1202				1 02/9	0.167
	\		Asphalted	•				I 02/2	0.000
			Road	0.0418				102/10	0.086
			146/14	0.1798				102/1	0.181
			146/13	0.0069				101/5	0.085
			146/7	0.0589	7			79/25	0.168
			146/8	0.0913				Cart Track (353	3) 0.021
			Cart Track	0.0248				79/24/2	0.002
			146/3	0.2180				79/24/1	0.071
			146/2	0.0266				79/16	0.000
			137/23	0.0194				79/17/1	0.013
			137/22	0.2223				79/17/2	0.046
	1	İ	137/19	0.0659		**		79/17/3	0.147
		1	137/21	0.0024				79/18	0.041
			137/20	0.1305			•	Cart Track	0,032
			137/11	0.2022				79/14/1	0,008
		•	136/15	0.0559	•	-		79/13	0.126
			137/10	0.0072				347 (Asphalt	0,120
		1	136/6	0.1785			•	Road)	0.061
		1	136/5	0.1163				79/12	0.064
		•	136/4	0.1408				79/8	0.002
			106/24	0.1605				79/9/2	0.039
		1	1 06/23/2	0.0163	•			79/9/1	0.175
		!	106/23/1	0.0475	-			79/2	0.004
			106/17	0.0019				79/10/1	0.053
			106/18/1	0.1206			•	79/10/2	0.002
	•		106/18/2	0.0410				79/1	0.196
			106/19	0.0011				80/5	0.033
			Cart Track	0.0283				74/21	0.006
		•	106/13	0.0421			4	73/25	0.159
		1	106/12	0.1368				Cart Track	0.024
			Cart Track	0.0321				73/24	0.181
		:	1 06/9	0.0700				73/23	0.050
								Cart Track	0.050
			106/11	0.0020				73/17	0.031
		I	106/10	0.1040					
			Asphalted Road	0.0428				73/18 73/10	0.124
			106/1	0.1314				73/19	0.192
			. 107/5	0.1314				73/12	
	-	•					•	73/11/1	0.014
		,	Cart Track	0.0317				73/11/2	0,079
		•	1 02/25	0.1458				72/15	0,203
			102/24	0.1269				72/14	0.044

<u> </u>	2	3	4	5	I	2	3	4	5
onipat :	Sonipat	Morthal Khas	72/6	0.0406	Sonipat	Sonipat	Hassanpur	36/21/1	0.000
i			72/7	0.1397	.		_ ·×	36/20/2	0.019
•	ŀ		Cart Track	0.0522			1	36/20/1	0.171
)		72/4	0.0042			1.5	36/11	0.050
)		72/8/2	0.0633			V 0	Cart Track	0.006
	}		72/8/1	0.0177				37/16	0.000
	}		<i>72/</i> 3	0.1401		•	• •	37/15	0.203
	1		72/2	0.2198			11	37/6/3	0.050
	}		7 2/1	0.1388			11. 8	37/14	0.00
	1		62/21	0.0795	,			37/7	0.230
	-		71/5	0.0035			•	37/8/2	0.002
			63/25	0.2311				37/8/1	0.028
		ı	63/16	0.0036				37/4	0.014
			Asphalted	0.0273				37/3	0.222
*			Road					37/2	0.053
	1		63/24	0.0358					0.033
	1		845 (Cart Trac	•				Cart Track	
	0.1		63/17	0.1506		•		Cart Track	0.020
-,	V.	2001 183	63/18	0.2093	100		0.5774	34/23	0.000
1.00		10-25	63/19/1	0.0533		r a i	HWW.	34/22	0.150
*. *	. 🕴	8.3 mg 12	63/18/2	0.0029		: , : ?	$\frac{2}{3} e^{i \epsilon} (i Z_i)$	34/21	0.12
	•	9 97A) W.F	63/12	0.1503		A) ()	4.41.1	34/20	0.114
# ' \'N		Chart	845 (Cart Trac	k) 0.0131 j		(-)	17-14C i	Cart Track	0.013
100		01.64	63/19/2	0.0162		(()	P. Will	Cart Track	0.013
. 4		8×**	63/11/3	0.0271		43)	0.87)	33/16	0.152
मधी ह	1.4	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	63/11/2	0.0469		1),(-)	18.50	Cart Track	0.013
		1500	63/11/1	0.1117		473	÷ • •	Cart Track	0.00
- 17 3	14	746.	63/10	0.0584	773	410	of Interest	33/15	0.07
* - 1	11)4	not es	64/15	0.0035	910	30,0	C1780 E	33/14	0.20
. : [14	!	0000	64/6	0.2311		1.7	LR WMI	33/17	0.00
100		1.00	647/2	0.0016	(37)	99	28 WH -	33/7	0.04
. r '	Hţ	. 門根	64/7/1	0.0039	110	X1,6	64,201	Cart Track	0.00
SUR!		1500	64/4/2	0.0823	783	ME.	don't hob	33/13	0.00
to be	F () (P. 2.2.	64/5/2	0.0216	121	W.C.	$\mathcal{R}(\gamma, \mathbf{u})$	33/8	0.21
- \$CU		had may	Cart Track	0.0275	89%	HA	51.804	33/3	0.05
, 110		50.00	64/4/1	0,1385	15.5	bû .	Aug (197)	33/9	0.00
:44]		170	Cart Track	0.0283	7), 4	W:	4. Ch. 1	33/2	0.21
117		Part West	64/4/3	0.0348	7,7	4 3.5	11 301	33/2 33/1	0.02
74.D		7 - 8 - 25 mm	64/3	0.0494	(4)		SOME		
14.7		30.CV	Cart Track	0.0276			a stake t	Field Channel	0.00
11.7		* 1. ± 4.	48/24	0.0013		4.2	2003	24/22	0.01
72.3	W.	10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	48/23	0.1567		.1%		24/21/2	0.06
9.57	<i>i.</i> 1	数据数据	48/22	0.0398) <i>in</i>	11, 21	Asphalted	2401/1	0.02
		OHECC "	TOTAL	12.4980			Road	24/21/1	0.13
j		Hosenmun			.:		1.5	25/25	0.06
	Sonipat	Haşsanpur	36/22	0.1644	* *			24/20/2	0.00
			36/19	0.0812				25/16	0.18

1	2 3	4	5	1	2	. 3	4	5
Sonipat	Sonipat—Hassanpu	25/17	0.1526	Sonipat	Gannaur	-Bhagan	64/17/1	0.0705
	(Contd.)	25/14	0.0767	Distance.		(Contd.)	64/14/2	0.0035
		25/18	0.0041		S.		64/17/2	0.1374
		25/13/2	0.1332	4 4 1 4	ege.		64/18	0.2144
	•	25/13/1	0.0804	1000	51.7		64/19	0.1641
	·	25/12	0.1345	2.60	ä		64/22/1	0.0472
·. "	1	25/9	0.0925	751 (4)		v ^e .	64/20	0.2064
	1 .	25/11	0.0018		·	·	64/21	0.0042
	1,	25/10/2	0.1935	137	ş1 · ·	. \$	65/16/2	0.0304
	* 1	25/10/1	0.0267	1.00		J. 9	65/16/1	0.0043
		25/1	0.0000	20.20.21		3.	NH-1 (G.T.	0.1868
		Asphalted	0.0235	31+N (1		σŅ	ROAD)	
	1	Road		41 (* 44 *)	1,43		65/24	0.1992
		26/6/2	0.0011	5,000		4	65/23/2	0.0983
		26/6/1	0.0893	346			65/23/1	0.1002
		26/7	0.0000	an in in in			65/22	0.1984
44		26/5/2	0.1075	7. 14 pt	·		Cart Track	0.0101
	** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **	26/5/1	0.0048	dig.		 	65/21	0.1916
	.	26/4	0.2255	Prof.	* v1	٠	66/25	0.2111
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	26/3/2	0.0247	* 1274 * \$34	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Cart Track	0.0101
	!	26/3/1	0.0718	n viger	Takina		66/24	0.1882
		19/24/1	0.0011	1 - 0	and the same	. <i>1</i> 	66/23	0.1980
		19/23	0.1229	法企业基		gar.	66/22	0.1960
	1-30	19/22	0.2198	Seattle.			66/21	0.210
		19/19	0.0025	in the		12	67/25	0.188
	1 * -	1 9/21	0.0832		. 11		67/24	0.2089
	1.0	19/20	0.1422	e og grave.		Nj	Metal Road	0.018
	. 31	Cart Track	0.0066	#[/ ₁₀]			67/23	0.178
	* .	18/16	0.2083		100	- 1 - 1,3	67/22	0.204
,	7.3	18/15	0.0097	15 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			67/21	0.191
		18/17	0.0584	147			67/20	0.002
	•	18/14	0.1639		2.20		68/25	0.184
		18/13/2	0.1097	No Affrika Bankan			68/16	0.020
· ·		18/13/i	0.1028	fans)	1 445		68/24	0.160
	te İ	18/8	0.0111	5.20			68/17	0.019
	11.1 3 -	Field Channei	0.0067	services on the			Cart Track	0.049
	1'-	18/12	0.0509	√V _i (i, j, i) √V _i (i, j, i)		10	68/18	0.003
		18/9	0.1172	Angelije Namelije	5 7 87 8 5 70 70 8		68/23	0.164
	- 2 e	18/10	0.1530	er i Alle Maria de la composition de la composition de la composition de la composition de la composition de la La composition de la composition de la composition de la composition de la composition de la composition de la		37	68/22	0.145
	. 1 55	18/11/1	0.0357	•		dia.	68/19	0.058
		Lined Canal	0.0302	\$4.000 12.00 to 1		i Ca	68/21/1	0.114
	1, 1		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1381, 12	i	11:	68/20	0.063
`		TOTAL	6.3651	1,41	1, 1846, 1931		Cart Track	0.035
	Gannaur Bhagan	Cart Track-100		14.19 (17.	1 690 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		69/25	0.119
	1 the s	64/15/2	0.0867	+ 40 (19)			69/16/2	0.074
	1	64/16/1	0.0925	646,607		: .	69/24	0.116
	•	64/16/2	0.0173	61 W.S	1 1	٠	UNET	V.110

258		THE GAZ	ZETTE OF INDI	A: JANUAR	Y 19, 2008/	PAUSA 2	, 1929	[PART II-	—SEC. 3(ii)]
l	2	3	4	5	1	2.	3	4	5
Sonipat	Gannaur-	-Bhagan	69/17/3	0.0779	Sanipat	Gannaur	Bhagan	49/23	0.0349
		(Contd.)	69/23	0.1202			(Contd.)	49/18	0.1764
			69/18	0.0812	•			49/19	0.1996
			69/22	0.0319				49/26	0.0110
•	•	•	69/19	0.2234				49/12	0.0005
			69/20	0.0476	•			49/20	0.1215
			69/12	0.0070				49/11/2	0.0825
			69/11	0.2012	,			Cart Track	0.0105
			70/15	0.0744				50/16/1	0.0062
			69/ 10	0.0010				50/15	0.2065
			70/6	0.1856				50/14	0.1974
			70/7/1	0.0992				50/13	0.0702
			70/7/2	0.0010				50/7	0.0144
			70/4	0.1652				50/8	0.1338
			55/24	0.0000				50/12	0.0000
			70/3/3	0.0854				50/9	0.1091
			55/23	0.1736				TOTAL	
			55/22	0.1344			D 1		10.4985
			55/19	0.1238			Rajpur	61/9	0.1055
			55/20/1	0.0363				61/10	0.1620
:			Asphalted	0.0367				61/1/2	0.0059
. (P (-)		Road-110					61/1/1	0.0482
•			55/20/2	0.1002				62/6/1	0.0242
			55/11	0.0793				62/5/2	0.1867
:			54/16	0.0001				62/4	0.2081
			54/15	0.2025				62/3/2	0.0629
			54/6	0.0900				62/3/1	0.0410
			54/7/1	0.0199				59/24	0.0024
,			54/7/2	0.1668				62/2	0.0068
			54/4/1	0.0456	•			59/23	0,1052
			54/8	0,0099				59/22	0.2176
			54/3/2	0.0629				59/21	0.1474
			Cart Track	0.0165				58/25	0.0092
:			54/3/1	0.1125				59/20	0.0696
			on or 1	V.1123				58/16	0.1878

54/26

54/2

54/1

48/21

53/5

49/25

49/24/2

49/17/1

49/17/2

49/24/1

Cart Track

48/22/2

0.0036

0.2079

0.0080

0.0823

0.1322

0.0000

0.1992

0.0107

0.1606

0.0128

0.0280

0.0110

58/16

butary

58/17

58/14

58/18

58/13

58/19

58/12

58/11

57/15/1

57/15/2

Cart Track

J. R. Distri-

0.1878

0.0639

0.1297

0.0434

0.0506

0.1499

0.0062

0.1960

0.1982

0.0112

0.1177

1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	· 5
Sonipat	Gannaur-	-Rajpur	57/14/2	0,0361	Sonipat	Gannau	r—Raj pur	33/11	0.0439
		(Contd.)	57/14/1	0.1657			(Contd.)	33/10/1	0.0197
			57/13	0.2074				33/10/2	0.0513
			57/12	0.1588			•	33/10/9	0.1256
			57/9	0.0106			-	32/6/1	0.1134
			57/11	0.1625				32/6/2	0.0027
			57/10	0.0638				32/5	0.1287
		.'	56/15	0.1003				33/1	0.0004
			56/14	0.0135				32/4	0,2321
,			56/6	0.1075				32/3	0.0373
	•		56/7	0.2070		4.		Cart Track	0.0519
	•		56/8	0.0398				30/24	0.0017
			56/3	0.0174	•	•	•	30/23	0.0757
	i		Asphalted	0.0445	٠.		e 1	30/22	0.01 04
			Road	310 7 15			· 10		
			46/21	0.0020	·			TOTAL	7.1213
			47/25	0.1417			Bhuri	8/7	0.0030
			47/16	0.0222				8/8/1	0.0212
			47/24	0.0201			•	8/8/2	0.0715
			47/17	0.1135				8/3	0.0755
			47/18	0,0140				8/9	0.0007
			Asphalted	*****	٠.			8/2/1	0.2091
	**		Road	0.0611	•			8/2/2	0.0141
			48/5	0.1284	•			8/1	0.0612
			48/4	0.0267	•			6/22/2	0.0048
			34/25	0.0051				6/21/1	0.0021
			Asphalted		•			6/21/2	0.1119
			Road	0.0430				6/20	0.0031
			34/24	0.1480				42	0.0294
			34/23	0.1909	•		(B) •	TOTAL	0.6075
	•		34/18	0.0306			Rajlu	57/17/2	0.0407
			WB (Field	0.0018			Rajiu	57/17/1	0.0394
			Channel)				1	57/18	0.0354
	· .		34/22	0.0995				57/14	0.0000
			34/19	0.0963	t			57/13	0.1211
			34/21	0.0620				57/12	0.1211
			34/20	0.0749	•			57/12 57/9	0.1751
			B.G.Rail-	0.1590				57/11/1	0.0002
	1		Way		-8-			57/10/4	0.0002
	1		33/16/2	0.1084	•				
			33/16/1	0.0213				WB	0.0050 0.0501
	:		33/17	0.2046	·	•		57/10/3	
			33/18	0.1884				57/10/2	0.0736
	:		33/13	0.0511				57/10/1	0.0552
			33/19/1	0.0077				57/1 59/6	0.0541
	:		33/12	0.2272	•		,	58/6	0.0059
			33/9/2	0.0099				58/5	0.1204
							-	50/23	0.077

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THE GAZETTE OF	OLVERNIAN LANGUATION	2008/PAUSA 29 1929
THE GAZENIE OF	INDIA: JANUARY 19.	200X/PALINA 29 1929

[PART 11-SEC. 3(ii)]

1	2	3	4	5	1	2	-3	4	,5
Sonipat	Gannaur	Rajul	50/18	0.0026	Sonipat	Gannaur	Panchi Jatan	40/8	0.1296
		(Contd.)	50/22	0.0391			(Contd.)	40/9/1	0.1265
i	;		50/19/2	0.1913			-	40/9/2	0.0007
;	•		50/19/1	0.0053	•			40/2	0.1488
1			50/20	0.1181				40/1/2	0.1170
!	,		50/11	0.1214				13/21/2	0.0776
			51/15/2	0.1039				40/1/1	0.0004
:			51/15/1	0.0964				13/21/1	0.0618
	: -		50/14/3	0.0152				14/25/2	0.0281
:			51/6	0.0325				14/25/1	0.0052
	ł		51/7/1	0.1115	•			TOTAL	3.3527
	,1		51 /7/2	0.0805	Contrat	C	Transm		
ì			51/8	0.1572	Sonipat	Gannaur	Udesipur	62/21	0.0170
; #			Nala	0.0391				62/25	0.1027
	1	•	TOTAL	2.1069				61/16/2	0.0889
lon met	Gannaur	Panchi Jatan		0.0470				61/16/1	0.0537
Onevar	Carman	rancin Jaian,	73/8	0.0470			•	29	0,0004
į			73/9	0.0001		•		61/17/2	0,0046
į.	;		Cart Track	0.1743				61/17/1	0.0793
}			73/10					61/17/3	0.0321
				0.1125				61/14/3	0.0208
)			· 73/1 74/5	0.1435				61/14/2	0.1183
;			/ 4 /3 44/2 5	0.0987				61/14/1	0.0263
)			44/25	0.1836			.8	61/13/2	0.0009
}			44/24	0.0011 0.0712				61/13/1	0.0925
}	ŧ		44/17	0.0712				61/8	0.1289
}			44/18/1			45		61/8	0.0503
}			44/14	0.0500	,	٠.		61/9	0.0684
			44/13	0.0062 0.2201				CTR	0.0113
ï	1		44/12	0.0369				61/3/2	0.0010
ì	:		44/8					61/2	0.2047
1	:		44/9	0.0114 0.2319	. 3			61/1	0.0532
ì	•		44/1 0/1	0.0228				46/22	0.0048
ì			44/2				•	46/21	0.2168
i			44 /2 44/1	0.0225 0.2071				46/20/2	0.0114
1	:		Cart Track	0.0278				47/25	0.0373
}		0.4	45/5					47/16	0.2233
i			43/3 41/21	0.0141 0.0186				47/17	0.0242
ŀ			41/21					47/15	0.0209
i			40/25 40/16	0.2171				47/14/2	0.1086
1		,		0.0443	•			47/14/1	0.1155
ŀ			Field ct 40/24	0.0213				47/13	0.0139
1				0.0023				47/7/3	0.0332
i	•		40/17	0.1905				47/8/5	0.0317
1			40/14 Field at	0.0842				47/8/4	0.0318
í			Field ct	0.0210	* ;			47/8/3	0.0054
			40/13	0.1431				47/8/2	0.0275

1	Ż	3	4	5	1 2	3	4	5
Sonip	at Gann	aur Udesipur	47/8/1	0.1230	Sonipet Gannau	r Udesipur	1.0/21	0.0026
		(Contd)	47/9	0.0065	• :	(Contd.)	CTR	0.0227
			47/3	0.0482	111	: .	16/5	0.0477
•		2	47/2	0.2088	4.349	1 1 1 2	9/25	0.2064
			47/1	0.0018	To a true	2 T. W.	9/24	0.0862
			43/22	0.0351	*3".		9/16	0.0002
			43/21	0.0244	147.49	200	9/17	0.1661
		•	NALA	0.0334	$\{ \frac{dN_{ij}}{dN_{ij}} + N_{ij} \}_{ij}^{N_{ij}}$	*×	9/18	0.1343
			27/15	0.1393	27, 1514	1 10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	9/13	0.1178
		*	27/6	0.0363	For 127 18 2	1	9/12	0.1810
			27/14	0.0086	1.5 (4) 14.74	1.	9/11	0.0015
	- •		·27/7	0.1775	118.3	12731	9/9	0.0711
		*	CTR	0.0041	A STATE OF		9/10	0.2147
		*.y.	27/8	0.0294	1. 100 m	10 mg	9/1	0.0413
	8	*	27/4	0.0181			8/6	0.0095
			27/3	0.2197	14.被表 ^的 14. 14. 1	VI m	8/5	0.2195
			27/2	0.0626	NATE:	* 1.75 * 1.75	8/4	0.0085
	44222	er i list	25/23	0.0031	ja territoria.	(+ - 1)(7/25	0.0435
	A : 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	* Auntinol	25/22	0.1895	19900	70/13/2	7/24	0.1821
	E) (41.0) (21113	25/21	0.1078	0.0028	1/61/07.	7 /1 7	0.0005
	2120C	2042	25/20	0.1444	0.2067	70/12	TOTAL	7.9338
	.0100	Car Track	24/16	0.1560	0.0051	70/11/1		<u> </u>
	(F(K) ()	245	24/15	0.0939	Sonipat@Gannat		CIR	0.0251
	2885 0	666	24/14	0.2009	0.1876	01,40;	16/7	0.0242
	10000	01:07	24/13	0.0056	0.0316	76/1/2	16/6	0.0031
	\$2000	340	24/7	0.0534		Field Chann	CTR	0.0133
	81819 A	39/1 *	24/8	0.2233	0.0319	Cart Track	16/15	0.0490
	0.000	2421	24/9	0.0236	0.0016	71/6	1 7 /11/2	0.1224
		Field Charact	24/3	0.0232	0.0193	2/5/11	17/20	0.1088
	EXCLU	25/25	24/2	0.2228	0.1488	71/5/1	17/19	0.2169
	0.0937	25062	24/1	0.0540	0.0856	64/25	17/22	0.0142
	0.6362	25:163	CTR	0.0440	(000.0	71/4	17/1 8/2	0.0286
	1010.0	23/17/2	14/22	0.0010	0.1719	64/24	1 7/18/1	0.0134
	(44))	* 14 17.5	14/21	0.1525	1,560,0	6447	17/23	0.1892
	P1400	- 2000 - 2000	15/25	0.1032	0,1236 /	6418	17/24	0.1608
	02082	2504	15/16	0.1552		Asphalted	17/25	0.0035
			15/17	0.1352	0.0397	Road	26/4/1	0.0448
	0.0225	2013. Til	15/14	0.1070	0.1144	64/13	26/4/2	0.0255
		8.80	15/14	0.1901	0.0171	Can Track	26/5/1	0.0252
	OMES .	•				Field Chann	26/5/2	0.2004
	THITE THEOD	183 1804	15/12 15/8	0.0032 0.0620	0.1268	511/12	26/6	0.0033
	0.00G	CVIII	15/8 15/0		0.1062	64,9	DISTRY	0.0362
	0.076	Asphalted Boad	15/9 DBADI	0.2022	0.1601	64/10	25/1	0.0450
		assa TeastOBest	DRAIN	0.0178 .	0.1131	. 64/1	25/10	0.1487
	7,777.0 77,177.0	10.000 0 000 0 000 000 000 000 000 000 0	15/2	0.0289	0.1541	21613	25/9/1	0.0386
			15/10	0.0184	80010	57764	25/9/2	0.1523
	1. 1. 1. 1.	도 연원	15/1	0.2062	0.1432	49/24/2	25/12	0.0402

262		THE GAZ	ETTE OF INDIA	: JANUAR	¥ 19, 2008/	9, 1929	[PART II—SEC. 3(ii)]		
	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
Sonipat	Gannaur	Bhadet	25/8	- 0.0153	Sonipat	Gannaur	Purkhas	49/24/1	0.0082
		(Condt.)	25/13	0.2159			(Contd.)	49/17/1	0.0266
4	:	,	25/14	0.1116				49/17/2	0.0824
!	:		25/17/1	0.0839				49/18	0.1639
)			25/17/2	0.0357				49/13	0,1112
1	:		25/16	0.2172				49/12	0,1579
i			25/25	0.0220				49/11	0,002
,			ASP	0.0380				49/9	0.109
	:		24/20/2	0.0138				49/10	0.166
	•		24/21	0.1449				Cart Track	0.0085
;	÷		24/22	0.0164	•			49/1/1	0.0943
	!		TOTAL	2.6471			•	50/5	0.1683
onipat Gan	Gannaur	Purkhas *	70/24	0.0649				39/25	0.110
			70/23	0.0024				39/24	0.1280
!	i	٠,	70/17	0.0614			ŕ	39/17	0.174
;			70/18	0.1982				39/19	0.0660
į	:		70/19	0.0011				Cart Track	0.005
1			70/13/2	0.0661			•	39/14	0.001
}	!	•	70/13/1	0.0028				Cart Track	0.009
Ì			70/12	0.2067				39/13	0,161
			70/11/1	0.0051				39/12	0.051
1	i		70/9	0.0517				Cart Track	0.010
:	:		70/10	0.1876				39/8	0.003
1			70/1/2	0.0316				39/9	0.238
8:			Field Channel	0.0159				39/10	0.002
ţ			Cart Track	0.0319				39/2	0.0632
;			71/6	0.0016			٠.	39/1	0.1818
:	-		71/5/2	0.0193				24/21	0.097
	.:		71/5/1	0.1488				Field Channel	0.0178
		•	64/25	0.0856				25/25	0.1293
			71/4	0.0001			•	25/16/2	0.098
			64/24	0.1719				25/16/1	0.0762
3	:		64/17	0.0921				25/17/2	0.019
	:		64/18	0.1236				25/17/1	0.049
:	i		Asphalted	0.1250				25/15	0.0014
			Road	0.0397	•			25/14	0.2083
•	1		64/13	0.1144				25/13	0.0223
			Cart Track	0.0171				25/7	0.0234
	•		Field Channel	0.0164				25/8	0.1742
:	!		64/12	0.1268				25/3	0.116
			64/9	0.1062				25/2/1	0.0510
			64/10	0.1601				Asphalted	
,			64/1	0.1131	. •			Road	0.030
			63/5	0.1541				Field Channel	0.0120
			49/25	0.1208			•	25/2	0.0700
:			49/24/2	0.1208				14/22	0.1410

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1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
Sonipat	Gannaur	Purkhas	Field Channel	0.0049	Sonipat	Gannaur	Singhkhera	49/21	0.0066
			14/21/2	0.0091			•	Cart Track	0,0040
			14/21/1	0.1010				48/25	0.2180
			14/20	0.1711				48/24	0,0106
	•		Cart Track	0.0288			8	48/16	0.0342
	•		14/11	0.0035	•			48/17	0.2050
			13/16	0.0345		•	ſ	48/14/1	0.0916
			13/15	0.2202				48/13/2	0.0444
			13/14	0.0089				48/13/1	0.1104
	•		13/6	0.0473				48/8	0.1566
			13/7/1	0.1924	-			48/9	0.0857
	·	•	13/4	0.1131				48/3	0.0000
	:		Cart Track	0.0138				48/2/2	0.0440
			13/3	0.1152				48/2/1	0.1631
			4/23/2	0.1345	*			48/1	0.0331
	Ξ.		4/23/1	0.0400				Cart Track	0.0090
			4/22	0.0617			• .	36/22/1	0.0125
		, ,	4/18/2	0.0031			,	36/21	0.2041
			4/19	0.2014				36/20	0.0383
			4/20	0.0055				Cart Track	0.0243
			4/12/2	0.0480				37/25/2	0.0043
•	:		4/11	0.2179				37/16	0.1820
			4/10/2	0.0729			0	37/15/4	0.0000
			Field Channel	0.0057	,			37/15/3	0.0013
		•	5/15	0.0002				37/15/2	0.0032
			5/6	0.1681			*.	37/15/1	0.1263
			5/5	0.1467			•	37/14/3	0.1225
			5/4	0.0999				Cart Track	0.0118
			2/24	0.0459				37/7	0.1702
			Field Channel	0.0058			•	37/8/1	0.0458
			TOTAL	8.6492				37/4	0.0077
Sonipat	Gannaur	Singhkhera	50/24	0.1333				37/3/2	0.0143
			50/23	0.0318				37/3/1	0.2088
	=		50/17	0.0202	. 0	•		37/2/2	0.0107
			50/18	0.2150				32/23	0.0390
			50/19/1	0.0086				32/22	0.1987
			50/13	0.0462				32/21	0.0003
	• •		50/12/2	0.1225				32/19	0.0839
			50/12/1	0.0767				32/20	0.1550
	•	•	Cart Track	0.0080				32/11/2	0.1231
			50/9	0.0945	' <i>,</i>			31/15/2	0.0016
			Cart Track	0.0192				Asphalt Road	0.0256
,			50/10	0.1053				32/11/1	0.0252
			50/1	0.1916		- 8		31/15/1	0.0830
		•	51/5/2	0.0434		•		31/6 `	0.1831
			Cart Track	0.0091	8 .			Cart Track	0.0091

	2	3.	• 4	5	1	2	3	4	5
onipat	Gannaur	Singhkhera	31/5	0.0588	Sonipat	Gannaur	Singhkhera	8/25/1	0.0480
	i	(Contd.)	31/4	0.1986			(Contd.)	8/25/26	0.0109
	:		.20/24	0.0958				8/24	0.1272
1	:		Cart Track	0.0146		\$		8/17/2	0.0995
			20/23	0.1120				8/23	0.0004
	•		Cart Track	0.0154			-	8/18	0.2218
			20/18	0.1562				8/19	0.0639
	1		20/19	0.0922				8/13	0.0065
	;		20/12	0.2014				8/12	0.1659
			20/11	0.0355				8/11	0.1742
;			20/9	0.0131				Cart Track	0.0276
i	:		20/10	0.2090				8/10/2	0.0390
	;		20/1	0.0302				9/15	0.0131
			Cart Track	0.0257	•			9/6	0.1978
1	:		21/6	0.0066				9/7	0.134
;			. 21/5	0.2270				Cart Track	0.029
4 :	;		1 5 /25	0.0013			•	9/4	0.067
<u> </u>	. :		21/4/2	0.0694				9/8	0.007
:			21/4/1	0.0156			-	Cart Track	0.008
			15/24	0.1691				9/3/2	0.139
Į			15/23	0.1692				9/3/1	0.060
į			Cart Track	0.0263				Cart Track	0.010
			15/22	0.0230				Cart Track	0.005
}			15/18/2	0.0178		,		2/23	0.002
ì			Cart Track	0.0028				9/2	0.084
			15/19/1	0.0854			•	2/22/2	0.085
:			15/19/2	0.1075			•	2/22/1	0.054
}	*		15/20	0.1474				2/21	0.210
-	:		15/11	0.0859				2/20	0.024
	•		14/16	0.0018				1/25	0.155
	:		14/15	0.2176	¥.			1/16	0.040
1			14/14/2	0.0498				1/24	0.151
			14/14/1	0.0669				Sardhana	
1			14/7	0.1225	•		•	Distributory	0.072
:	,		Cart Track	0.0122				1/23	0.126
ł			14/8/2	0.0485	·			10/3	0.007
;			Cart Track	0.0184					10.854
;			14/8/1	0.1481	Sonipat	Gannaur	Mohammadpe		0.034
			14/9/1	0.0602			Majra	28/3	0.010
•			14/3	0.0078				28/2	0.058
	i	• -	14/2	0.1533				14/22	0.173
1			14/1	0.1777				14/21	0.154
1.			7/21	0.0364			•	14/20	0.093
i			Cart Track	0.0137				15/16/2	0.162
ì			13/5	0.0162				15/16/1	0.043
•			8/25/2	0.1578				15/17/1	0.0047

1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3 \ \	.4	5
Sonipat	Gannau		adpur 15/17/2	0.0010	Sonipat	Gannaur	Mohammadpu		0.0661
	1	Majra	15/15/1	0.0234		•	Majra (Contd.	7/15	- 0.0022
	-		15/15/2	0.0075				7/14	0.2113
	-20		96/Drain .	0.0206				7/13	0.0069
	-	• .	(15/14	0.2152				7/8	0.0138
	ı		Cart Track	0.0144				ַר/דַ	0.0436
	•		15/7	0.0111	Α.			TOTAL	4.8501
*			15/13	0.0334	Sonipat	Gannaur	Teori	60/8	0.1637
			15/8	0.2068				60/3	0.1199
		,	15/3	0.0000				60/2	0.1658
			15/9	0.0917		•		60/1	0.0042
			15/2	0.1563				58/21	0.1067
			15/1	0.1533				58/22	0.0673
			12/21	0.0947				Bhainswal	
			11/25	0.2049	•			Distributory	O.1146
		•	Cart Track	0.0149				57/25	0.1008
			11/24	0.0101				57/16	0.1641
			11/16	0.0335			•	57/17/2	0.0015
			11/17	0.2211				57/17/1	0.0872
			11/18	0.0401				57/14	0.2043
			11/14	0.0116				57/13	0.0225
			11/13/2	0.0241				57/7	0.0225
			11/13/1	0.1856			•	57/8	0.2134
		!	11/8	0.0002	A			57/9	0.0011
			11/12	0.0880				57/3	0.0715
			11/9/2	0.1761			•	57/2	0.1589
			11/9/1	0.0007				Cart Track	0.0093
			11/10/2	0.0890				44/22	0.1542
		· .	11/10/1	0.0764				44/21/1	0.0821
			11/1	0.0549			•	44/20	0.2037
			203/Cart Track					44/11	0.0210
		,	10/5	0.0165				45/16	0.0311
			10/6	0.0462				45/15	0.2158
		:	Delhi Branch	0.2462				45/14	0.0027
			Western	0.3463	•			45/6	0.0551
			Yamuna Canal 76/Cart Track	0.0190			•	45/7	0.1768
			10/8	0.0180			•	45/4	0.1431
		1	10/9	0.1668				45/3	0.0985
		i		0.2433		⋴.		115	0,0395
		:	10/10	0.0363	,			38/23	0.1644
		:	10/1	0.1963				38/22	0.0331
		1	10/2	0.0129				38/18	0.0147
			235/Cart Track	0.0213				38/19	0.2108
		!	6/21	0.0728				38/12	0.1074
			7/25	0.1486				38/11	0.1046
		!	7/16	0.1642				38/10	0.1768

l .	2	3	. 4	5	1	2	3	4	5 `
onipat	Gannaur	Teori (Contd.)			Sonipat	Gannaur	Pugthala	101/12	0.047
			Distributory	0.3594				101/9/2	0.063
			28/25	0.0844				101/9/1	0.118
			28/24	0.0153				101/2/2	0.113
			28/16	0.0372				101/2/1	0.060
	•		28/17	0.1817				Cart Track	0.009
			28/14	0.1861				99/22	0.199
	:		28/13	0.0301				99/19	0.153
			28/7	0.0204	,			99/20	0.014
			28/8	0.1887	10			99/12	0.09
			28/3 •	0.1472				99/11	0.08
			28/2/2	0.0607				99/10	0.15
			19/23	0.0044				99/9	0.04
		•	28/2/1	0.0021				99/1	0.19
	:		19/22	0.2044				99/2	0.00
			19/19	0.1241				80/21	0.00
			19/12 -	0.0006		•		80/25	0.00
			19/20	0.0865					
			19/11/3	0.1278				80/20	0.11
			19/11/2	0.0558				80/16/2	0.01
		•	19/11/1	0.0233				80/16/1	0.05
		•	19/10	0.0803				81/15	0.15
			Cart Track	0.0155				80/11	0.02
		:	18/6	0.1175				81/16	0.21
			18/4	0.0001				81/5/1	0.15
			18/5	0.2041			,	81/5/2	0.00
			Cart Track	0.0091				81/4/1	0.03
•								76/24/2	0.00
			11/25	0.0623				129	0 .01
			11/24	0.1134			•	76/25/1	0 .01
			Asphalt Road	0.0239				76/24/1	0.15
			11/17	0.2145				76/17	0.15
:			11/18	0.0109				76/14	0.13
			11/14	0.0529				76/13	0.09
			11/13	0.1390		•		76/7	0.00
			Cart Track	0.0143	.)			76/8	0.20
,			11/8	0.1827				199	0.00
			11/3	0.1636				76/3/2	0.00
			Drain	0.0441				76/3/1	0.10
			3/23	0.1302				76/2	0.08
			Cart Track	0.0372				57/23/1	0.00
			3/22	0.0163				57/22 57/22	0.19
			3/19	0.0784				57/19/2	0.13
			3/18	0.0852					
			3/12	0.0737				<i>57/</i> 20	0.02
		_	3/13	0.0194				150	0.0
			TOTAL	7.6635				57/19/1	0.03
:			TOTAL	7.0033			•	57/12	0.0

1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	. 4	5
Sonipat	Gannaur	Pugthala	57/11	0.1679	Sonipat	Gannaur	Pugthala	Cart Track	0.0116
		•	57/10/3	0.0598			•	24/6/2	0.0440
		8.	57/10/2	0.0995				24/6/1	0.0555
			57/10/1	0.0248				24/5	0.2088
			57/1	0.1728		÷		24/4/2	0.0010
		•	58/5/1	0.0269				11/25/2	0.0573
			52/21	0.0474	•			11/25/1	0.0320
			51/25	0.1455	•			11/24	0.1195
	:		51/16/1	0.1607	•	•		1 1/17	0.0331
		•	51/16/2	0.0242				TOTAL	7.5401
			51/15	0.1939	· a · · · ·	6 - 3 - 4	N.C 12		
			51/14/2	0.0043	Sonipat	Sonipat	Manoli	52/14	0.0641
			51/7/1	0.0249	•			52/7/3	0.0265
			51/6/2	0.0594				52/13/1	0.1270
	1		Asphalt Road	0.0271	•			52/8/2	0.0793
	:		51/7/2	0.0638				52/12/1	0.1283
			51/6/1	0.0010				52/9/2	0.0834
				0.0963				52/11/2	0.0288
			51/4/2/1/1	0.0898				52/10/2	0.0779
			51/4/1	0.0037				52/11/1	0.0918
			34/24/1	0.0296				51/15	0.1416
			34/24/2 (Asp	0.0290	•			51/6	0.0635
			Road)	0.0272				51/14/2	0.0955
,			34/24/3	0.1110	•			51/14/1	0.0455
			24/25/1	0.0262				51/7	0.0616
			34/25/2	0.0219				51/13	0.1442
			34/16	0.0007				51/8	0.0633
	+		34/17	0.2053				51/12	0.1340
	·		34/14/1	0.1099				51/9	0.0593
			34/13					51/11	0.1373
				0.0898	•			51/10	0.0539
			34/7/2	0.0002				50/15	0.1756
			34/8/1	0.1193				50/6	0.0435
			34/13/2	0.0341				50/14	0,1739
			34/8/2	0.0567				50/7	0.0197
			34/3	0.1278				50/13	0.1861
			34/2/2	0.0853			•	50/8	0.0081
			25/23	0.0007			\	50/12	0.2064
	•	,	25/22	0.2075			- 1	50/9	0.0000
			Cart Track	0.0211	•			50/11	0.2064
			25/19	0.0981		•		49/15	0.1914
			25/20	0.0884					
			25/12	0.0001				49/14	0.2090
	*		25/11/2	0.1382				49/13	0.1821
			25/11/1	0.0674				354	0.0150
			25/10	0.0961				49/12	0.2039

1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
Sonipat Sonipat	Sonipat	Manoli	49/11	0.2013	Sonipat	Sonipat	Jakhauli	120/15/1	0.1859
1	1		48 /15	0.2053				120/14	0.1655
			48/14	0.2006				120/7/2	0.0061
			48/13	0.1989				120/7/1	0.0008
			48/12/2	0.1138				120/13	0.1696
			357	0.0415				120/8	0.0388
		,	48/12/1	0.0672				421	0.0177
			48/11/2	0.0780				120/12/2	0.0805
1	:		48/11/1	0.1143				Cart Track	0.0268
			47/15/1	0.1863	•			120/9	0.0783
			47/14	0.2112				120/12/1	0.0332
!			47/13	0.1987				120/11	0.0773
	i.		47 /12	0.2048				120/10	0.1088
			47/11	0.1116				430	0.0252
:			46/15	0.0005				Cart Track	0.0171
			TOTAL	5.6619				I21/6	0.1182
Sonipat	Sonipat	Pabsara	45/11	0.0822				121/15	0.0490
			44/15	0.2093				121/14	0.0482
	•		44/14/2	0.0588				121 <i>/</i> 7	0.1490
			66(Asphalt	0.0266				121/13	0.0058
			Road)					121/8	0.2032
		٠	44/14/1	0.1143			•	121/9	0.1972
;			44/13/2	0.0812				121/10	0.2002
			44/13/1	0.1142				122/6	0.2179
* .			44/12	0.1983				122/7/1	0.0951
			44/11	0.1971				122/7/2	0.0138
			43/15	0.0997				717	0.0424
			43/14	0.0081				Cart Track	
		٠.	TOTAL	1.1897				122/8/2	0.0122
	Sonipat	Hansapur	115	0.0920				122/8/1	0.1326
	Bourper	11ansapai	3/10	0.0006				322	0.0486
,	i		2/15	0.0668				122/9/1	0.0526
			2/14	0.1778			,	122/9/2	0.1576
		-	2/13	0.1967				122/10	0.2193
		•	2/I2	0.0571				122/1	0.0018
			TOTAL	0.5910				123/6	0.0805
	Sadings	Jakhauli	118/12	0.1036			0	123/5	0.0163
	Sonipat	Januauli	118/12	0.2014				123/27	0.1893
			119/15	0.22014				123/7	0.0920
			119/13	0.1639		•		123/4/2	0.0380
			119/14	0.1039				123/8	0.1087
				0.1760				123/3	0.0674
			119/12					310/Road	0.0230
			119/11	0.2260				123/9	0.0995

1	.2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
Sonipat	Sonipat	Jakhauli	123/2	0.1047	Sonipat	Sonipat	Patla	14/9	0.1988
		•	123/10	0.0745				14/10	0.2081
	•		123/1	0.1314	•			15/6	0.1967
	•		124/6	0.0330				15/7	0.1913
			124/5	0.1520				15/14	0.0017
			Cart Track	0.0192				15/13	0.0002
			124/7	0.0009				52/CTR	0.1235
			124/4	0.2072				15/13	0.0072
			124/3	0.1969	(3)			15/8	0.1723
	-00		124/2	0.1955				15/12	0.0245
	,		124/1	0.1993				15/9	0.1638
			125/5/2	0.0983		•		15/11	0.0324
			125/5/1	0.1373				15/10	0.1394
			125/4	0.1664			•	16/15	0.0485
			111/24	0.0022				16/6	0.1337
			125/3	.0.2040				16/14/1	0.0030
			111/23	0.0019	•	,		16/14/2	0.0018
•	· (2)		125/2	0.1915				16/7	0.1718
	•		125/1	0.2170				16/8	0.207
		•	125/10	0.0083		:		16/3	0.000
			126/6	0.0469				16/9	0,127
			126/5	0.1269	,			16/1 0	0.0083
	•		320	0.0269				16/2	0.084
			126/7	0.1036	•			16/1	0.1963
			126/4	0.0302		-		Cart Track	0.008
			426	0.1164		,		17/5	0.216
	•		126/3	0.0004		ŧ		7/25	0.005
			126/8	0.1757				17/4	0.095
			126/9	0.1695				7/24	0.1 086
		· \	126/10	0.2094		,	_	17/3	0.0019
		1	127/6	0.0476				7/23	0.2029
			TOTAL	8.4463	•			7/22	0.050
		Patla	13/6	0.1419				TOTAL	4.6993
•			13/7	0.2046		Sonipat	Seoli	76/22	0.1387
	* 1		13/8/1	0.1432		•		<i>7</i> 6/19	0.0161
			13/8/2	0.0537			•	76/20	0.1322
			Cart Track	. 0.0153				76/21	0.080
		•	13/9	0.1973		·		75/25	0.000
			13/10/1	0.1117				75/16	0.1986
			13/10/2	0.0485				CTR	0.010
			56/ AS P	0.0363				75/17	0.186
			14/6	0.2052				75/14	0.024
			14/7	0.2019	-			75/18	0.059
			14/8	0.2075				75/13	0.1516

	2	3 .	4 .	5	1	2	3	4	5
onipat	Sonipat	Seoli	75/12	0.2172	Sonipat	Sonipat	Jagdishpu	46/11	0.015
	·		75/11	0.1768				45/15	0.112
		-	75/10	0.0361				TOTAL	0.127
			74/15	0.0415	Saninat	Chhatara	Bahadurpur	ASP	0.009
			74/6	0.1626	Sompar	Ciliatera	Danadurpur		
			74/7	0.2144				3/15	0.055
			74/8	0.1595 0.0512				ASP	0.006
	:		74/3 74/9	0.0259				3/14	0.195
			74/2	0.0239				3/13	0.194
			74/1	0.1797				3/12	0.205
			CANAL	0.0845				3/11	0.168
			Cart Track	0.0004				3/20	0.069
			Cart Track	0.0023				ASP	0.042
			73/5	0.1631				4/16	0.212
			73/4	0.2045				4/25	0.000
	:		73/3	0.1910				4/24/2	0.012
:	:		73/2	0.0128				4/24/1	0.058
i	:	•	TOTAL	3.0725				4/17	0.139
:	Sadinat	Budh Khalsa	15/3	0.0144				4/18 .	0.002
	Sonipat	Dudii Kliaisa	15/2	0.1888				4/23	0.18
			15/1	0.2079					
			14/5	0.1945				6/3	0.075
			14/4	0.1963				6/2	0.15
			14/3	0.2009				6/9	0.082
			14/2	0.1982				6/10	0.18
	•		14/1/2	0.0355				6/11	0.00
	1	TP-8	Ch. 8322.90 m	in in				ASP	0.06
			to	Road				5/6/1 .	0.02
			Ch. 9417.62 m	ROU	•			5/6/2	0.04
			TOTAL	1.2365				5 /15	0.069
	Sonipat	Badh Malak	Ch. 9417.62 m		. 8			5/14	0.20
	Dompar	Dudii Mujuk	to	Road				5/13	0.09
	•		Ch. 10301.93 r	4 .		<u>.</u>		TOTAL	2.554
			TOTAL			anninat	Ladpur	20/13	0.15
;	Sonipat	Jathadi	Ch. 10301.93 r	n \ in		comput	Laupui	20/12/2	0.19
• •			to	Road				20/12/2	
			Ch. 12730.31 r	1					0.00
	•		TOTAL					20/20	0.02
	0 11	A11						20/11/2	0.17
	Sonipat	Akbarpur	Ch. 12730.31 r					21/16	0.00
	Barotha		to	Road				21/15/2	0.19
			Ch. 14118.68 r	n ROU	,			21/14/2	0.20
			TOTAL					21/13/2	0.16
	Sonipat	Jagdishpur	Ch. 14118.681	n in		•		21/18	0.03
	1 1	_	to	Road				Asphalt Road	0.01
			Ch. 14645.941	m∫ROU				Asphalt Road	0.03

1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
Sonipat	Sonipat	Ladpur	2I/2I	0.0254	Sonipat	Sonipat	Abbaspur	Cart Track	0.0196
			21/19	0.1758				14/25	0.0915
			21/20/2	0.1820				14/24	0.2039
	•		22/16/2	0.1202				I4/23/2	0.0038
			22/16/2	0.0120		•		25/4	0.0602
		1	22/25	0.0175	• • • • •			25/3	0.2146
			22/24/2	0.0150			. ,	25/2/2	0.0185
			Cart Track	0.0316	. •		•	25/8	0.0264
			Cart Track	0.0190				25/9/1	0.1391
			Asphalt Road	0.0798				25/9/2	0.0993
	•		22/17/1	0.0588				25/10	0.0250
			22/24/1	0.0861	r			25/12/1	0.0191
			22/23	0.1940		,		25/11	0.2184
			22/18/2	0.0063				26/15	0.0586
			22/18/1	0.0009		•		25/20/1	0.0036
			22/22	0.1980	ý		8 .	26/16	0.2000
	!	٠.	22/21	0.0584	1.1		() ·	26/17/1	0.0796
			Asphalt Road		***			26/17/2	0.010
								26/25	0.0000
			TOTAL	2.4808			•	26/24/1	Ö.1310
Sonipat	Sonipat	Abbaspur	4/22	0.0014	•			26/24/2	0.0218
			4/21	0.1338	. *			26/23	0.1354
			ASP	0.0358				33/3	0.1320
	*		5/25	0.1922				33/2	0.140
			5/24	0.1 998				33/9	0.1227
			5/23	0.1863	40			33/10	0.1792
			5/22	0.2091				33/11	0.078
			5/21	0.1888				32/6	0.0004
	:		6/25	0.1990	•				
		•	6/24	0.2012	• .			32/15/2	0.112
			6/23	0.2012				32/15/1	0.0950 0.0060
	•		6/22	0.2012				32/14 32/16	0.049
		>	6/21	0.2012	÷			32/17	0.045
			7/25	0.2080				32/18	0.0126
			7/24	0.0242				32/23	0.0136
			15/5	0.0235			0.5	32/24	0.2013
			15/4	0.2285	•			43/4	0,0531
	ļ		15/7	0.0016				Express	
			15/3	0.0744				Highway	0.281
			15/8	0.1696				43/6	0.0585
	:	1.	15/9	0.1114	0.00			43/15/1 43/15/2	0.0701 0.0 8 73
	İ	•	15/12	0.1388				43/13/2	0.056
			15/11	0.1601				42/20	0.1930
	į		15/20	0.1072	- 44.		•	43/16	0.0062
	i		14/16	0.1391				42/21	× 0.100

1									
+	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
nipat	Sonipat	Abbaspur	42/22 /1	0.0704	Sonipat	Sonipat	Nahsa	. + 8/16	0.14
!	:		42/22/2	0.0014				8/17	0.04
;			Cart Track	0.0108	•		•	8/25	0.12
į			· 47/1	0.0016				8/24	0.05
į	:		47/2	0.2168			,	12/5	0.11
}			47/9	0.1172				12/4	0.06
į	į		47/8	0.1066				12/6	0.09
İ			47/13	0.2190				12/7	0,0
			47/14	0.0003				12/15/1	0.02
Ì]		47/18/1	0.0240				12/15/2	0.03
			47/18/2	0.0153				12/14/1	0.16
1			47/18/3	0.0758				12/14/2	0.0
·			47 /17	0.0797		`		12/16/2	0.0
: L			47/24 /2	0.0155		•		12/17	0.13
į			47/24/I	0.0306			•	12/25	0.0
! !	1		47/23	0.0066				12/25	0.0
, 1	1		Nalla	0.3490				12/24/2	0.12
? 1	1	•	51/7 /1	0.0306	7			12/24/2	0.0
i			51/7/2	0.0551			`	Drain	0.0
,	:		51/6	0.0951				18/5	0.0
1	i		51/14	0.0034				18/4/1	0.0
<u> </u>	!		51/15	0.1681				18/4/2	0.1
•			51/16	0.0173				18/6	0.0
			TOTAL	9.3233				18/7	0.10
ipat	Sonipat	Nahra	2/16	0.1526				18/15	0.0
1			2/25	0.1772				18/14	0.2
	•		Cart Track	0.0132			•	18/7/1	0.10
!			5/5/3	0.0690				18/7/2	0.0
!	:		5/5/1	0.0546				18/24	0.1
;	:		5/5/4	0.0280				30/4	0.1
i .			5/5/2	0.0235				30/7	0.13
1	:		5/6	0.1718				30/14	0.10
			5 /15	0.1735				30/17	0.1
•	:		5/16	0.1846		∢′		30/16	0.0
:	:		.5/25	0.1878				30/25	0.0
:	,		Drain ·	0.0117				30/24	0.0
i			8/5/2	0.0125				Nahari	0.0
	:		8/5/1	0.1560				Distributory	0.10
:	: "		Cart Track	0.0146				40/5	0.12
!			8/6	0.1558				40/4	0.0
1.	:		8/7	0.0054			•	40/6	0.1:
			8/15/1	0.0139				40/15	0.1.
1	:		8/14/1	0.0011			,	41/11	0.0
} :		0	8/15/2	0.1489				41/20/1	0.0
!			J J	~···				T1/20/1	V.U

Sonipat	NahsaNahra	Asphalt		Soninat	Sonipat	Nehra	94/14/1	0.006
				compar	Compan	T ANIMAL CO.	- W - H -	0.0061
į		Road	0.0699				94/17/2	0.0390
		41/20/2	0.0721				94/18	0.1394
:	•	41/21	0.1864				94/24/I	0.0703
		50/I	0.1834	· .		•	94/23	0.1138
· i		50/10	0.1827			•	97/4	0.0277
. !	•						97/3	0.0345
į							TOTAL	10.3989
!				Comings	Comings	Unlamon		0.0373
1				Sompar	Sonipai	патарш	_	
ľ	•					•	•	0.0777
								0.0568
			=	-				0.1135
. 1						-		0.0271
1			•	3: . ·			•	0.1542 0.0303
	•							0.1537
				,				0.0505 0.1342
1	,	,						0.1342
!								0.0000
:				•				0.0560
: !								0.0300
								0.1227
				٠.				0.0362
· i								0.1330
*				. '				0.0317
1		•		<u> </u>		•		0.0486
•								0.1298
:							•	0.0381
		•						0.1283
		74/22/1	0.0004					0.0038
		(Asphalt			•	0		0.0502
								0.1451
31			•					0.1752
• •				/				0.0024
:								0.0448
		86/8	0.1733		*	. 17°		0.1189
:		86/13	0.1895				Road	0.0172
		86/26	0.0207				57/24	0.0498
:	•	86/18	0.1778				57/23/1	0.0306
	,	86/23/1	0.1702	٠.			57/23/2	0.0437
. 1		86/23/2	0.0014				57/23/3	0.0188
		94/4/3	0.1927	-	-		57/23/4	0.0143
;		94/8/1	0.0910		•	, .	57/23/5	0.0161
1								0.0125
i								0.0136
)		50/11 50/12 50/19 50/20 50/22 50/21 65/2 65/1 65/19 65/19/1 65/19/2 65/22/2 65/22/2 65/22/1 74/2 74/3 74/8 74/9 74/13/1 74/12 74/13/2 74/13/2 74/18 74/19 74/23/1 74/23/1 (Asphalt Road) 120 74/23/2 74/22/2 86/3 86/3 86/8 86/13 86/23/1 86/23/2 94/4/3	50/11 0.1625 50/12 0.0382 50/19 0.0837 50/20 0.0790 50/22 0.1266 50/21 0.0357 65/2 0.1636 65/1 0.0033 65/9 0.1914 65/12 0.1783 65/19/1 0.0751 65/19/2 0.1173 65/22/2 0.1365 65/22/1 0.0381 74/2 0.1677 74/3 0.0291 74/8 0.0962 74/9 0.1074 74/13/1 0.1249 74/12 0.0410 74/13/2 0.0045 74/13/1 0.0599 74/23/1 0.0599 74/22/1 0.0004 (Asphalt Road) 120 0.0663 74/23/2 0.0473 74/22/2 0.0061 86/3 0.1753 86/8 0.1733 86/13 0.1895 86/26 0.0207 86/18 0.1778 86/23/2 0.0014 94/8/1 0.0910 94/8/1 0.0910	50/11	50/11 0.1625 50/12 0.0382 50/19 0.0837 50/20 0.0790 Sonipat Sonipat 50/22 0.1266 50/21 0.0357 65/2 0.1636 65/1 0.0033 65/9 0.1914 65/12 0.1783 65/19/1 0.0751 65/19/2 0.1173 65/22/2 0.1365 65/22/1 0.0381 74/2 0.1677 74/3 0.0291 74/8 0.0962 74/9 0.1074 74/13/1 0.1249 74/12 0.0410 74/13/2 0.0045 74/18 0.1718 74/19 0.0030 74/23/1 0.0599 74/22/1 0.0004 (Asphalt Road) 120 0.0663 74/23/2 0.0473 74/22/2 0.0061 86/3 0.1753 86/8 0.1733 86/13 0.1895 86/26 0.0207 86/18 0.1778 86/23/1 0.1702 86/23/2 0.0014 94/4/3 0.1927 94/8/1 0.0910 94/8/2 0.0925	50/11 0.1625 50/12 0.0382 50/19 0.0837 50/20 0.0790 Sonipat Sonipat Halapur 50/22 0.1266 50/21 0.0357 65/2 0.1636 65/1 0.0033 65/9 0.1914 65/12 0.1783 65/19/1 0.0751 65/19/2 0.1173 65/22/2 0.1365 65/22/1 0.0381 74/2 0.1677 74/3 0.0291 74/8 0.0962 74/9 0.1074 74/13/1 0.1249 74/12 0.041 0 74/13/2 0.0045 74/18 0.1718 74/19 0.0030 74/23/1 0.0599 74/22/1 0.0004 (Asphalt Road) 120 0.0663 74/23/2 0.0473 74/22/2 0.0061 86/3 0.1753 86/8 0.1733 86/1 0.1895 86/23/1 0.1702 86/23/1 0.1702 86/23/1 0.1702 86/23/2 0.0014 94/4/3 0.1927 94/8/1 0.0910 94/8/2 0.0925	50/11 0.1625 97/3 50/12 0.0382 TOTAL 50/20 0.0790 Sonipat Sonipat Halapur 30/4 50/21 0.0357 30/7 65/2 0.1636 30/3 65/1 0.0033 30/14 65/9 0.1914 30/13 65/12 0.1783 30/17 65/19/1 0.0751 30/18 65/19/2 0.1173 30/24 65/22/1 0.0381 35/4 74/2 0.1677 35/3 74/3 0.0291 35/7 74/8 0.0962 35/8 74/9 0.1074 35/14 74/13/1 0.1249 35/13 74/13/2 0.0045 35/18 74/18 0.1718 35/23 74/23/1 0.0599 57/41 74/23/1 0.0599 57/42 74/23/2 0.0473 57/8 74/23/2 0.0663 57/7 74/23/2 0.0663 57/7 74/23/2 0.0663 57/14

74		MIE UAZ	PILE OF IM	DIA: JANUAR	.1 17, 200	10/FAUSA 29	, 1747	[PART II-	–3£C. 3(1)
:	2	3	4	5	I	2	3	4	5
nipat	Sonipat I	Halapur	60/3/3	0.1121		Kharkhod	a Jinjauli	11/7/1	0.069
			60/4	0.0493		*		74 (Canal)	0.07
			60/8	0.1399				11/7/3	0.07
	:		60/7	0.0372				11/8/2	0.00
	!	•	60/14	0.0199		-		11/13	0.00
	:		60/13	0.0694			,	11/14/1	0.112
			Canal	0.0030	•			11/17	0.17
	1		I13	0.5824	• •			11/18/1	0.00
	:		81/3/1	0.0291				11/24/1	0.17
			81/3/2	0.0150				11/23	0.000
	1		81/4	0.0023			•	28/4	0.181
			81/7	0.0153				28/3	0.001
			81/8/1	0.0608				28/7/1	0.131
	!	•	81/8/2	0.0728	•			28/7/2	0.054
			81/8/3	0.0473				28/14	0.03
	!		81/14/1	0.0104				28/17/1	0.17
			81/14/2	0.0098				28/17/2	0.03
	1		81/13/1	0.0815				28/24	
	i		81/13/2	0.0633					0.179
	:		81/17/2	0.0302				33/4/1	0.129
		•	81/18	0.1517				33/4/2	0.039
			81/24/1	0.0374				33/4/3	0.017
	1		81/23	0.1398				33/7	0.177
	!		84/4/1	0.0460				33/14/1	0.027
			84/3	0.1344		•		33/14/2	0.150
	•		84/7	0.0518				33/17	0.175
	•		84/8	0.1215				33/24	0.186
			84/14	0.0677				49/4	0.190
	:		84/13	0.1273				49/7	0.170
	i		84/18	0.0563				49/14	0.184
			84/17	0.0074			,	49/17	0.188
			TOTAL	5.0517				49/24	0,173
						:	-	52/4	0.161
	Kharkhoda	Nahri	97/17	0.0512				52/7	0.186
			97/18	0.0517		,		52/14	0.133
	*	•	97/24/1	0.0331				52/17	0.075
			97/24/2	0.0229				52/24	0.040
			97/23	0.1409		•		64/4	0.006
	! ,		98/4/1	0.0038		;		Western	
	:		98/4/2	0.0118				Yamuna	
	•	-	98/3	0.0359		,	1	Canal	0.301
<u> </u>			TOTAL	0.3513		·	· -	TOTAL	4.451
	Kharkhoda	Jinjauli	11/4	0.0790			Fib	No.L-14014/28	3/07-G.P.
		•	11/3	0.0321	-	•		B. MANDAL, U	
	:		11/8/1	0.0228		•	C, U	120 ED, O1	

अम एवं रोजगार मंत्रालय

नई दिल्ली, 20 दिसम्बर, 2007

का.आ. 108.— औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार मैं. इंडियन एयर लाइन्स के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण/ श्रम न्यायालय सं. 2, नई दिल्ली के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 134/2005) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 19-12-2007 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं एल-11012/16/2005-आई आर (सी-I)] स्नेह लता जवास, डेस्क अधिकारी

MINISTRY OF LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT

New Delhi, the 20th December, 2007

S.O. 108.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the Award (Ref. No. 134/2005) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal-cumlabour Court, 2, New Delhi now as shown in the Annexure, in the industrial dispute between the employers in relation to the management of M/s. Indian Airlines, and their workmen which was, received by the Central Government on 19-12-2007.

[No. L. 11012/16/2005-IR (C-I)] SNEH LATA JAWAS, Desk Officer ANNEXURE

BEFORE THE PRESIDING OFFICER: CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL-CUM-LABOUR COURT-II, NEW DELHI PRESIDING OFFICER: R. N. RAL

ID. Nos. 134/2005

In the Matter of:—
Shri Prem Parkash Arya,
S/o. Shri Murari Lal Arya,
M-40, Mahaluxmi Garden,
Near Railway Station,
Gurgaon-122006
(Haryana),

VERSUS

The Managing Director, Indian Airlines, Airlines House (HQ), Plot No. 113, Gurdwara Rakab Ganj Road, New Delhi.

AWARD

The Ministry of Labour by its letter No. L-11012/16/2005 IR(C-I) Central Government Dt. 19-12-2005 has referred the following point for adjudication.

The point runs as hereunder:

"Whether the demand of Shri Prem Prakash Arya, Sweeper from the management of Indian Airlines for reinstatement in service is justified? If so, to what relief is the workman entitled and from what date."

The workman applicant has filed claim statement. In the claim statement it has been stated that the applicant/workman was appointed as a permanent worker in the respondent department on 07-08-1990 as a Loader and was deployed to work at IGI Airport's Terminal-II, New Delhi No appointment letter was given to the applicant/workman by the respondent. No salary slip was given by the respondent and the respondent was also not given any account to the applicant/workman with regard to PF / ES1 contribution.

That the respondent was practicing unfair labour practice since beginning. Due to this reason the applicant/workman who was working as a Loader in the respondent department from 07-08-1990, his designation was changed from 08-11-94. The applicant/workman was in need of job and due to fear of losing the same the applicant/workman was forced to work as Sweeper. The applicant/workman had served at various sub-departments of the respondent. The respondent was assigning various types of duties to the applicant/workman such as peon duty, sweeper duty and dispatching and filing work in the office. The applicant/workman is graduate. But due to poverty the applicant/workman is forced work as peon / loader// sweeper.

That the applicant/workman was issued one gate pass/ daily permit pass by the respondent to enter in the premises of respondent. The respondent on the other hand had shown the applicant/workman on contract basis w.e.f. 08-11-1994 but no alleged contractor was engaged by the respondent under whom the applicant/workman had ever work. This is nothing but camouflage contact which never exist. All the petty cash vouchers are signed by the concerned officer of the respondent. The applicant/workman was serving from 9.00 AM to 5.30 PM daily but as per record he was shown on duty from 9.00 AM to 4.30 PM. The applicant/workman was paid Rs. 56/- per day by the respondent but whereas the applicant/workman was carrying out duty from morning to evening regularly.

That the respondent illegally deducting the salary/wages of the applicant/workman if the used to take leave. The applicant/workman was discharging his duties honestly and with dedication and gave no chance of any misconduct etc. during his service career. The respondent changed the cadre/nature of work of the applicant/workman from 08-11-1994 from loader (who was appointed on regular basis) to sweeper on alleged contract basis. The applicant/workman had performed duty at booking office at Parliament House for two days i.e. on 25/26-09-1996.

That the respondent in order to victimize the workman had planned to remove the applicant/workman from service without any cause or reason. In this, the respondent Sh. Savtantra Kumar, Deputy Manager and Shri Y. Shanker, Duty Manager, with malafide intentions on 26-10-1998 shown the name of applicant/workman from Prem Prakash Arya to Parveen Kumar in the petty cash vouchers. The

applicant/workman had served at various places namely reservation office of the respondent at PTl Building, Parliament Street, New Delhi. Because applicant/workman was demanding and requesting the respondent to regularize his services on the ground that he had been working since long. The intention of the respondent was malafide while showing the changed name of the applicant/workman in the petty cash vouchers from 26-10-1998 to 31-10-1998. However, the applicant/workman continued to sign on said vouchers as Prem Parkash Arya which is his original name.

That the respondent while pursuing unfair labour practice, stopped entry of the applicant/workman in the premises of respondent department w.e.f. 09-02-1999. The applicant/workman was given no benefits of any retrenchment compensation etc. while illegally terminating his services. The due and earned wages of the applicant/workman was not paid as per the enhanced rates. But on the other hand the respondent was discriminating in payment of salary/wages to the applicant/workman. On 25-01-1991, as per the Govt. order he was to pay Rs. 102 per day and to Rs. 127 per day from 08-05-1996 but was paid only Rs. 56 per day. The copy of the said letter is annexed as Annx. A-I & A-2.

That the applicant/workman served a legal notice dated 13-11-1999 through is counsel on the respondent but the respondent gave no response. Subsequently, one reminder to this legal notice was also sent on 11-02-2000 to the respondent but respondent gave no response. The applicant/workman submitted various representations to the respondent and other authorities praying for his reinstatement with the respondent but the applicant/workman could not get any help.

That on the other hand the respondent had not terminated or removed the similary placed the workmen who were working alongwith the applicant/workman the name of some of them are Sh. Vijay Pal, Shri Nem Babu, Shri Mahesh Kumar, Shri Jai Parkash, Shri Hira Lal who were working as casual sweeper at the PTI Building and there were subsequently transferred to the head quarter of the respondent and their services were regularized.

That in the year 2000, the applicant/workman approached one lawyer, and requested him to pursue his matter. The applicant/workman is no legally trained person and as per the legal advice he had filed one civil suit praying to issue a decree for mandatory injunction against the defendant/respondent to reinstate him and give all the benefit as are given to the regular employee. However, the said suit was decided against the plaintiff/ applicant/ workman on 21-01-2004 by which the Ld Civil Judge, Delhi directed the applicant/workman to approach Labour Court cum Industrial Tribunal established as per the appropriate Act by the Government. For no fault of the applicant/ workman and due to wrong advice and guidance by the advocate his case continued in civil court for almost 4-5 years. The copy of the order dated 21-01-2004 is annexed as Annx. A-3.

That the applicant/workman filed one claim statement before ALC/Conciliation Officer (CG), New Delhi on 07-06-2000. The ALC concerned on the basis of wrong submissions of the respondent that the applicant/workman was not the employee of the respondent, the matter cannot be entertained by the ALC. The ALC unfortunately did not appreciate the contention of the applicant/workman and dismissed the claim petition. Subsequently, the applicant/workman approached the Ministry of Labour & Employment (CG), New Delhi and this matter was referred by the appropriate government before your Honour.

That the applicant/wokman has sufficient evidence to prove the averments made in the claim statement etc. which the applicant/workman shall prove at the time of evidence. The applicant/Workman belongs to Balmiki Community (Schedule Caste) and is having poor background. The applicant/workman was expecting that his services are permanent and will also get promotion being educated. But on the other hand the respondent who was pursuing unfair labour practice, terminated the services of the applicant/workman illegally, arbitrarily and without issuance of any show cause notice, without conducting any enquiry, without payment of any compensation and due benefits to the applicant/workman. The applicant/workman who is now 37 years old is not getting any job and is unemployed from the date of termination till today. He is managing to survive by taking loans/help from the relatives in very difficult situation.

The Management has filed written statement. In the written statement it has been stated that the statement of claim filed by the claimant is liable to be rejected in view of the fact that the claimant has not come to this Hon 'ble Court with clean hands. The Claimant has concealed material facts which disentitles him from seeking any relief as claimed.

That the claimant was engaged as a part time daily rated casual Safaiwala on day to day basis for only 3 to 4 hours a day as per exigencies of work to clean/sweep the then booking office of the management located at PTI building premises. The claimant was paid remuneration as per the actual days of the work. The claimant was never engaged on a permanent basis as alleged. On the contrary, he was engaged on a casual daily rated part time basis for a short period of time for the jobs of cleaning/sweeping and his services were disengaged/ discontinued after posting of a permanent employee at the Booking Office. The claimant has no lien against the post.

That the claim is liable to be dismissed as the statement of claim is without any basis and not maintainable. It is submitted that the management has its own statutory Recruitment and Promotion Rules and all permanent appointments are made in accordance with the rules. The management is also required to follow the Govt. instructions with regard to reservations for SC's ST's OBC's and physically Handicapped etc. besides

reservations as applicable and admittedly the engagement of the workman was not as per the abovementioned procedure.

It is specifically denied that the claimant was appointed as a permanent worker with the management in the post of loader on 07 -08-1990 and was deployed at IGI Airport, Terminal II, New Delhi, It is submitted that the claimant was enaged as a part time daily rated safaiwala on day to day basis for 3 to 4 hours in a day for cleaning/ sweeping of the Booking Office of the management located at PTI Building premises. Subsequently, on posting of a permanent safaiwala at the Booking Office of the services of the claimant was disengaged/discontinued. It is further submitted that as the claimant was never appointed on permanent basis, therefore, there arises no question of issuing him appointment letter. Further, it is submitted that the claimant was paid wages on day to day basis @ Rs. 42 per day as per the number of days he worked and therefore there arises no question of issuing him a salary slip etc.

It is denied that the management was practicing unfair labour practice. It is further denied that the designation of the workman was changed from Loader to Sweeper on 8th November, 1994. It is further denied that the workman was ever appointed on permenent basis. It is specifically denied that the management has assigned various types of duties such as peon/sweeper/loader dispatching and filing work in the office to the claimant. It is specifically submitted that the services of the claimant was engaged only on daily rated part-time basis for sweeping/ cleaning of the Booking Office of the management situated at PTI premises.

It is specifically denied that the claimant had been engaged on contract basis w.e.f. 08-11-94 by the management. It is denied that the claimant was paid Rs. 56 per day and was serving from 9.00 AM to 5:30 PM. The claimant should be put to strict proof of the said averments.

It is denied that the claimant was appointed as loader on permanent basis and the cadre/nature of his job was changed to sweeper w.e.f. 08/11/94 on contract basis. It is further denied that salary/wages were deducted by the management, whenever the claimant used to be on leave. It is submitted that the claimant was paid remuneration on day to day basis @ Rs. 42 per days as per the actual days of working. The claimant was never appointed against any post on regular basis as alleged and the claimant should be put to strict proof the same.

It is denied that the management of any of its officials have ever tried to victimize the claimant in any manner or changed his name in any of the petty cash vouchers as alleged. The claimant should be put to strict proof regarding the said allegations.

It is submitted that the claimant was engaged as a casual daily rated part-time safaiwala as per the exigencies of work and was paid remuneration as per actual days of working. His services were disengaged when there was no

more work for him. Annexure A-I shows the rate of daily wages paid to casual daily rated workers for full days work and the said annexure is not applicable to casual daily rated part-time workers like the claimant/workman who was engaged for a few hours in a day and not for full day.

The claimant is not entitled to any retrenchment compensation etc. because he is not fulfilling the statutory requirement of being retrenched from the services. His services have not been terminated illegally by the management. On the other hand, the services of the claimant were disengaged when there was no more work for him after the posting of a permanent employee at the then Booking Office at PTI Building. The claimant has never worked at any other place of the management except the then Booking Office of the Management.

It is submitted that the claimant was engaged on casual daily rated part-time basis and were disengaged when was no more required due to unavailability of work and as such no reply to the legal notice was given.

The claimant should be put the strict proof of the same. The services of the claimant have not been terminated illegally by the management. On the other hand, as there was no work available the services of the claimant were disengaged. It is submitted that as to the knowledge of the management, the claimant is gainfully employed,

It is denied that the management practices unfair labour practice.

The workman applicant has filed rejoinder. In the rejoinder he has reiterated the averments of his claim statement and has denied most of the paras of the written statement. The management has also denied most of the paras of the claim statement.

Evidence of both the parties has been taken.

Heard argument from both the sides and perused the papers on the record.

From the pleadings of the parties the following issues arise for adjudication:

- 1. Whether the workman has completed 240 days work in the years of his employment?
- 2. Whether the workman is entitled to reinstatement?
- To what amount of back bages the workman is entitled?
- 4. Relief if any?

ISSUE NO. 1.

It was submitted from the side of the workman that he was appointed as a permanent Loader in the respondent department on 07-08-1990 as a Loader and was deployed to work at IGI Ariport, Termnal - II, New Delhi. His designation was changed on 08-11-1994 and he was forced to work as a sweeper in view of need of the job and due fear of losing the same he accepted the change. He served various departments from 07-08-1990 to 09-02-1999. The

management stopped entry of the workman illegally and arbitrarily. The workman has not even paid his due wages.

It was submitted from the side of the management that the claimant was engaged as a part time daily rated casual safaiwala on day to day basis only for 3 to 4 hours a day as per exigencies of work to clean and sweep the booking office of the management allocated at PTI Building. Payment to him was made as per his actual days of working. He was never engaged on permanent basis.

The workman has filed WE-1/557 gate passes issued by the Bureau of Civil Aviation from 07-08-1990 to 06-09-1990. This discloses the entry of the workman as a Loader. He has annexed with the record other photocopies of gate passes which show the working of the workman up to the last of 1997. Some gate passes have been issued by Sr. Manager, Security. These gate passes are on the letter head of the management and have been duly signed sometimes Dy. Manager sometimes Sr. Manager. The signatures on these photocopies have not been specifically denied by the management.

The management was requested to file originals of all the documents but the management took the stand that the originals of the photocopy documents filed by the workman have been weeded out, and are not available.

In ID cases the original documents are always in the possession of the management as these are management's documents. The originals passes are taken by the management when new passes are issued, so the workman cannot be said to be in the possession of the original gate passes. These photocopy gate passes bear signature and seal of the management and they are on the letter of the management. It cannot be even presumed that the workman forged the signature of the Dy. Manager and Sr. Manager. Thus, these photocopy gate passes are admissible in evidence. The management has deliberately concealed the original.

The workman has filed documents relating to the engagement of other employees who have been made permanent by the management. These documents also indicate that the version of the workman is correct.

The workman has filed 571 vouchers of payment made to him as daily wage of the years 1994, 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998 & 1999. The management witness has admitted that the workman was paid through petty cash vouchers. Such petty cash vouchers are kept for only 5 years. The management witness has also stated that he could not recollect the names of the officers who have allegedly signed the documents produced by the workman.

The wrorkman has filed the list of names of 25 officers who have signed several petty cash vouchers and gate passes. This witness has not denied the signature of the officers on all the photocopy documents filed by the workman. The management witness has further stated that after checking the names of the officers he could file certificate whether the officers have signed the photocopies

filed by the workman. The management has not filed such certificate.

The management witness has further admitted that except one month when the workman was not working he was working for 4 years on need basis as a casual daily rated part time safaiwala.

It was argued by the management that the workman was engaged as part timer. The management witness has admitted that there was no other part time employee as it was sub-office. In case there was no other part time employee, it becomes obviously true that this workman was working for the whole day. At PTI Building there is booking office of the management. For a booking office there is requirement of a permanent peon. The management witness has admitted that there was no other part time employee in the sub-office. It implies that it was the workman who worked the whole day in that sub-office.

The workman has filed Ex.WE1/572. This is Police Verification paper of the workman and it has been mentioned on the back of this police verification that there are nothing adverse against Sh. Prem Prakash Arya. This certificate is dated 01-08-1990. The workman was Initially engaged on this date. WE 1/573 is a photocopy document of 1990 in which the workman has been given the designation of sweeper and number has also been assigned as 225282. In WE1/574 dated 03-08-1990 the workman has been shown as casual Loader. All these photocopy documents show that initially the workman was engaged as Loader after police verification. He was then engaged as sweeper and he was given the sweeper number.

It is settled law that if the management fails to produce the original documents, photocopies become admissible in evidence, if these copies have some nexus to the original documents.

In the instant case all the photocopy documents are on the letter head of the management and there is seal and signature of the officers of the management. Such documents cannot be said to be manipulated. The workman has filed about 571 documents to establish his working for 240 days in every year of his employment.

It has been held in air 1986 SC 458 as under:

"The expression "actually worked under the employer" cannot mean those days only when the workman worked with hammer, sickle or pen, but must necessarily comprehended all those days during which he was in the employment of the employer and for which he had been paid wages either under express or implied contract of service or by compulsion of statute, standing orders etc. Thus, Sundays and other paid helidays should be taken into account for the purpose of reckoning the total number of days on which the workman could be said to have actually worked."

In case Sundays and Holidays are calculated as per vouchers submitted by the workman he has worked for more than 240 days in all the years of his employment. The management witness has also admitted that the workman has worked for 4 years.

That Sundays and Holidays are to be calculated while counting the working days of a workman. It may be that the workman may not have kept all the photocopy documents of payment vouchers. The management witness has categorically stated that the workman has worked for 4 years. He was the only employee in the sub-office, so it cannot be said that he was a part time employee. The workman has worked for 240 days in all the years of his employment right from 1990 to 1999. He has worked for 10 years as a whole day workman. He has been paid less but this aspect is not being considered here.

From perusal of the documents filed by the workman it is substantially found proved that he has worked for 240 days in every year of his employment right from 1990 to 1999.

This issue is decided accordingly.

ISSUE No. 2.

It was submitted from the side of the management that reinstatement is not the only relief in all the cases of illegal termination. Section 11 A of the ID Act, 1947 provides for payment of compensation also.

It was submitted from the side of the workman that compensation is payable in cases where an undertaking has become sick or it has been closed or it is in economic loss. It has not been established that the management is in economic loss and it is a sick Industry. My attention was drawn by the Ld. Counsel of the workman to 2000 LLR 523 State of UP and Rajender Singh. The Hon'ble Apex Court ordered reinstatement with full back wages as the services of the daily wager cleaner who worked for 4 years was dispensed with without following the procedure for retrenchment. In the instant case also no retrenchment compensation has been paid. This case law squarely covers the above case of th Hon'ble Supreme Court.

It has been held in 1978 Lab IC 1668 that in case service of a workman is terminated illegally the normal rule is to reinstate him with full back wages.

My attention was further drawn to AIR 2002 SC 1313. The Hon'ble Supreme Court has held that daily wager even if serving for a short period should be reinstated.

It was submitted from the side of the workman that in the instant case Sections 25 F, G of the ID Act are attracted. In Section 25 of the ID Act it has been provided that if a workman has performed 240 days work and if the work is of continuous and regular nature he should be given pay in lieu of notice and retrenchment compensation.

It has been held by the Hon'ble Apex Court that there is no cessation of service in case provisions of

Section 25 F are not complied. In the instant case no compensation has been paid to the workman:

In case a workman has worked for 240 days in a year and the work is of continuous and regular nature he should be paid retrenchment compensation. In case retrenchment compensation is not paid Section 25 F of the ID Act is attracted. There is no cessation of his services. He is deemed continued in service in the eye of law. In case there is breach of Section 25 F the service is continued and reinstatement follows as a natural consequence.

ID Act, 1947 has been enacted to safeguard the interest of the workmen belonging to poor segment of society. It appears that legislature wanted that such workmen should not be harassed unnecessarily so Section 25 F, U, T and Clause 10 of Vth Schedule have been enacted. The objects and reasons of ID Act, 1947 show that the respondent management should not be permitted to indulge in any unfair labour practice. The workmen should not be engaged for years and then they should be removed all of a sudden. There is provision of retrenchment Retrenchment compensation for his removal. compensation is for compensating him otherwise so that he can survive long interregnum of unemployment. In the instant case no retrenchment compensation has been paid.

It was further submitted that the Constitution Bench Judgment has afforded a right according to which the Government is not precluded from making temporary appointments or engaging workers on daily wages.

The Government is at liberty to give temporary appointment no doubt but the mandatory provisions of Section 25 F of the 1D Act, 1947 are to be followed and along with retrenchment the management has to pay retrenchment compensation even for temporary employees who have worked continuously for 240 days.

Fixed term tenure appointments and temporary appointments cannot be the rule of public employment. At the time of making temporary appointments Articles 14 & 16 are infringed. There is no constitutional mandate that the Government is at liberty to go on giving fixed term appointments for the entire tenure of service.

No such Article of the Constitution has been pointed out under which the Government or Public Sector units can continue incessantly to give temporary and fixed term appointments again and again. Since fixed term appointments and temporary appointments are not governed by any constitutional scheme, such discrimination will amount to vicious discretion. The Government of Public Sector unit will go on resorting to the method of pick and choose policy and give temporary and adhoc appointments to their favourites and thus the principles of equality enshrined in the constitution will be given a go bye. Such is not the intent of the Hon'ble Apex Court. However, in this judgment the provisions of the ID Act governing the services of the workman have not been

declared un-constitutional. Reinstatement is the remedy provided in the ID Act for breach of several provisions enumerated therein or for breach of various labour welfare legislations.

A three Judges bench of the Hob'ble Apex Court has held in 1993 - II - LLJ that termination of services affects the livelihood of not only of the employee but also of the dependents. So in case of illegal termination of service the workman should be reinstated. Reinstatement should not be misconceived as regularization. By the order of reinstatement the status quo ante of the workman is restored. He is given back wages in order to compensate him for his illegal dis-engagement. This is a special remedy provided in ID Act and it has not been annulled and set aside by any judgment of the Hon'ble Apex Court. The provisions of the ID Act are still constitutional and they are to be given effect too.

In case the workman is reinstated with back wages the respondents have every right, after payment of back wages and reinstatement, to retrench him validly following the principles of first come last go so that Sections 25, G& H of the ID Act are not violated. From perusal of the records it becomes quite obvious that the workman has rendered 10 years service to the management. He is not employed in any establishment. The work is still existing. In such circumstances there cannot be any order for compensation. In case work is in existing, the workman is to be reinstated.

In view of the law cited above and the facts pertaining in this case, the workman is entitled to reinstatement.

This issue is decided accordingly.

ISSUE No. 3.

It was submitted by the management that payment of full back wages is not the natural consequence of the order of discharge or dismissal being set aside. It has been held in (2003) 6 SCC 141 that it is incumbent upon the labour court to decide the quantum of back wages.

It has been further held in this case that payment of back wages having discretionary element involved it is to be dealt with the facts and circumstances of the case. No definite formula can be evolved.

In 1978 Lab IC 1968—three Judges Bench of the Hon'ble Apex Court held that payment of full back wages is the normal rule. In case services have been illegally terminated either by dismissal or discharge or retrenchment, in such circumstance the workman is entitled to full back wages except to the extent he was gainfully employed during the enforced idleness. In the instant case the workman was always ready to work but he was not permitted on account of invalid act of the employer.

In 2005 IV AD SC 39 - three Judges Bench of the Hon ble Apex Court held that reinstatement with full back wages is justified. In this case the workman has performed more than 240 days work and he has been retrenched without payment of compensation and pay in lieu of notice.

The workman has rendered continuous service for at least 10 years. He is not employed in any industry or undertaking/establishment. He may be doing some sort of job off and on thought he is not employed in any industry.

In view of the facts and circumstances of the case the workman is entitled to 25% back wages.

This issue is decided accordingly.

ISSUE No. 4.

From the issue Nos. 1, 2 & 3 decided above the workman applicant is entitled to reinstatement/regularization along with 25% back wages.

The reference is replied thus:

The demand of Shri Prem Prakash Arya, Sweeper from the management of Indian Airlines for reinstatement in service is justified. The workman applicant is entitled to reinstatement along with 25% back wages within two months from the date of the publication of the award.

The award is given accordingly.

Date: 13-12-2007

R. N. RAI, Presiding Officer

नई दिल्ली, 24 दिसम्बर, 2007

का.आ. 109.— औद्योगिक विद्याद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, क्षेन्द्रीय सरकार केन्द्रीय बकरी अनुसंधान संस्थान के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण/श्रम न्यायालय कानपुर के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 261/89) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 24-12-2007 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[फा. सं. एल-42011/22/88-डी-2 (बी)] सुरेन्द्र सिंह, डेस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 24th December, 2007

S.O. 109.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the Award (Ref. No. 261/89) of Central Government Industrial Tribunal-Cum-Labour Court, Kanpur as shown in the Annexure, in the industrial dispute between the employer in relation to the management of Central Institute for Research on Goats and their workman, which was received by the Central Government on 24-12-2007.

[F. No. L-42011/22/88-D. 2 (B)] SURENDRA SINGH, Desk Officer ANNEXURE

BEFORE SRI R. G. SHUKLA, PRESIDING OFFICER : CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL-CUM-LABOUR COURT, KANPUR

Industrial Dispute No. 261 of 1989

In the matter of dispute between: Uttar Pradesh Khetihar Mazdoor Congress 2/236 Namneir Agra.

And

Central Institute for Research on Goats Makhdoom P.O. Farah District Mathura

AWARD

1. Central Governmeat, MOL, New Delhi vide its notification no. L-42011/22/88-D, 2 (B) dated 24-10-89 has referred the following dispute for adjudication to this ribunal:—

"Whether the Director, Central Institute for Research Farah (Mathura) was justified in dismissing Sri Panna Lal and 17 others as per list enclosed w.e.f. 19-10-87 If not to what relief are the workmen entitled and from what date?"

- 2. At the outset it may be pointed out that in the instant my learned predecessor vide award dated 23-10-96 has answered the reference in favour of the workmen involved in the reference order as per list annexed thereto. The opposite party being aggrieved by the said award challenged the same before the Hon'ble High Court by filing Civil Misc. Writ Petition no. 6149 of 97 which was ultimately decided by the Hon'ble Court vide Judgment dated 1-3-2007, remanding the case to the Industrial Tribunal for deciding the same afresh after providing opportunities of hearing to the contesting parties.
- 3. On receipt of the certified copy of the order of the Hon'ble High Court, the tribunal issued notices to the contesting parties on 19-4-07 fixing 1-5-07 for hearing, although the representative for the workmen put his appearance before the tribunal on 2-4-07 but since no Presiding Officer was there in the tribunal upon completion of earlier Presiding Officer w.e.f. 20-1-07 therefore no substantial proceedings in the case could be held under the direction of the Hon'ble High Court on 2-4-07. The Presiding Officer resumed the charge of the Tribunal on 19-4-07 when the instant file was placed before me and after going through the orders of the Hon'ble High Court 1-5-07 was fixed as date of hearing of the case. Final arguments in the case were heard on 1-12-07.
- 4. Now coming to the merit and Case of the workmen, before discussing the same it is pertinent to highlight the brief facts of the contesting parties. In short the case of the union as set up on behalf of the 18 workmen involved in the case mentioned in the annexure to the schedule of reference order are that they are casual daily rated workers of the opposite party Central Institute for Research on Goats Makhdoom Farah, Mathura District. According to the management on 12-10-87 at about 11.50 a.m. all these concernend workmen in furtherance of their common object had assauled Nand Kishore, the then Administrative Officer of opposite party who was sitting in his official Jeep No. U. S. 07627 and also threatened to kill him. On account of this misconduct the opposite party had dispensed with the services of the concerned workmen by order dated 19-10-87. Feeling aggrieved these workmen

have raised the present industrial dispute. In the claim statement it is denied that on 12-10-87 they had assaulted Nand Kishore at all. In any case without holding any enquiry the services could not be brought to an end, and since the services have been dispensed with without any departmental inquiry, the action of the management is bad in law and all the concerned workmen are entitled for their reinstatement with full back wages continuity of service and all consequential benefits attached with the post.

- 5. The opposite party has filed reply in which it is alleged that the incident is true. In this regard F.I.R. was lodged and criminal case is pending. It is further alleged that there was no need to hold inquiry since all the employees were daily rated employee and working with the opposite party as casual labours. The action of the management was perfect, legal and justified and the workmen involved in the reference order are not entitled for any relief.
- 6. As pointed out above, both contesting parties were given adequate opportunities to adduce their respective evidence, after remand of the case from the Hon'ble High Court, whereas the union has examined its sole witness Sri Pancham Singh who adduced evidence on his behalf as well as other co-employees involved in the case and after his evidence was closed, the authorised representative for the workmen closed his evidence. The authorised representative for the opposite Party on 22-6-07 moved an application before the tribunal to the effect that he wants to cross examination of the remaining workers involved in the case on which auth. rep. for the union objected on the ground that the evidence of the workmen stands concluded and the management may be directed to produce a list of witnesses to be examined by them. On the said application the tribunal vide order dated 22-6-07 directed the management that in case they want to cross examine the remaining workers they may do so at their own expenses and both contesting parties were directed to produce list of witnesses together with their address before the Tribunal. Thereafter the cross exminantion of the remining witnesses were concluded and the management also adduced their evidence in support of their case.
- 7. I have heard the learned representative for both sides and have carefully gone through evidence as led by the parties.
- 8. As already detailed above initially an award was given by my learned predecessor on 23-10-96 in which it has been held that the dismissal of all the above eighteen persons was bad in law since no disciplinary inquiry was held by the management before they were dismissed. The management had argued before the learned predecessor that in case there was no enquiry ever held by the management even then the management can prove charges against the delinquent but learned predecessor did not agree because this was not pleaded by the management in their statement of claim. The management feeling aggrieved approached the Hon'ble High Court where it was held that

the management be given opportunity to prove the charges against the delinquents and thus the case was remanded back to this tribunal with the above observations. The management were therefore, given opportunity to prove the charges against the above eighteen persons. The management summoned each worker who had filed affidavit denying the all egations made by the management and learned for the the management cross examine each of them at length except one who died during the pendency of the case. In their cross examination workers statement differed at some places on trival points but remained intact with regard to denying the charges against them on 12-10-87 at about 11.50 a.m. to the effect that they in furtherance of their common object had assaulted Nand Kishore Administrative Officer of the management when he was in official jeep No. US 07627 and also threatend to kill him.

9. The management produced Nand Kishore as sole withess to establish the fact that he was beaten by these workers as alleged by the management. Nand Kishore though stated that he was beaten by these workers on 12-10-87 at about 11.50 a,m, when he was sitting in the official jeep and stated that he had sustained injuries and was medically examined but it is strange to note that no medical report has been filed by the management. The medical officer has also not been examined by the management. Nand Kishore in his previous statement on 13-8-96 had stated that he was accompanied by two guards of DIG while on this court on 16-11-07 stated that the said guards were of Mathura Refinery. At any rate these guards were independent witnesses but they have not been examined. The driver of the jeep was also material witness and has not been examined. Mr. HS Sharma, Asstt. Admn. Officer of the management on 29-6-07 had submitted that besides Nand Kishore driver of the jeep security guard and Anil Behari Assistant Administrative Officer shall be examined by the management. These were the material witnesses of the occurrance but except Nand Kishore none was examined, The reasons for not examining them have not been given except the management remained taking time to produce them but after having availed sufficient opportunity, they were denied further time. In the absence of other material witness the alleged occurrance could not be established without corroboration by the independent withess who were available and not examined the presumption can very well be taken that in case these witness would have been examined they would have not supported the case of the management. The acquittal of the workers by the criminal court, though not biding to this case court nevertheless this is a strong circumstances giving room for doubt about the actual occurrence which is alleged to have taken place. It is true that the degree of proof as required in civil court is lessor than in criminal case but at the same time the sole testimony of Nand Kishore must inspire confidence when he says that he was beaten and sustained injuries then why the medical report was kept out of record. Again he said that the guards have

rescued him then why they were not produced and when he says that other persons were also accompanying him then why those were not examined. He could not say as before which ALC the matter was being negotiated. It is also not on record as to how the workers reached at the point time and place at 11.50 a.m. when they were actually performing their duties at a distance of 15-16 kilometre and could not have gone out of premises without the permission of their superiors especially when it could not be established that at the relevant point of time they were having lunch interval, on the contrary it has been established that the lunch hours were at about 1.00 p.m. Under these circumstances the testimony of the sole witness is corroborated by doubts and thus the charges against these workers cannot be said to have been established with the help of this witness.

10. The learned authorised representative for the management has argued that these workers were daily ated casual workers and they could have been dispensed with their services as the do not have any right to their post. The learned authorised representative for the workmen has relied upon the judgment of the Hon 'ble Supreme Court in Civil appeal No. 2280 of 2000 arising out of SLP 'C' No.9648 of 1999 in which the casual labours were charged and prosecuted for the offence 324, 427 and 504 I.P.C. The criminal court acquitted them but meanwhile the management in that case dispensed with the services of those casual labours and no disciplinary inquiry was held by the management in that case. The Hon'ble Supreme Court held that those labourers could not be dismissed without holding domestic inqury. Similarly here also since the 18 workers were having worked for more than 240 days with the management it is deemed that they acquired temporary status and therefore, domestic enquiry was condition precedent for passing of order of removal from service of these workers. At any rate this argument that these workers could have been removed from service without conducting any deptt. enquiry being daily rated employees did not find favour before the Hon'ble High Court. The Hon'ble Court while remainding the case had directed this cout to give an opportunity to prove charges against these workers on the basis of which they were removed and not to evaluate the case of management regarding daily rated employee. Since, as held above, the evidence of Nand Kishore lacs confidence, it cannot be held that the charges against the workers have been established before this tribunal. Consequently it is hereby held that the dismissal of the workers was illegal and as such the impugned order of the management is not valid under the law. It follows that each of the worker deserves to be reinstated in the services of the management. I am informed that the management is regularly making payment of their wages as per directions of the Hon'ble High Court therefore such payment by the management shall be deemed as back wages and no seperate order is required to be passed with respect to back wages.

11. The reference order is therefore, answered accordingly.

R. G. SHUKLA, Presiding Officer नई दिल्ली, 24 दिसम्बर, 2007

का.आ. 110.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार एम. टी एन. एल के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण/ श्रम न्यायालय नं. II, नई दिल्ली के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 140/99) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 24-12-2007 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल-40011/17/98-आई आर (डीयू)] सुरेन्द्र सिंह, डेस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 24th December, 2007

S.O. 110.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the Award (Ref. No. 140/99) of Central Government Industrial Tribunal-Cum Labour Court, No. II, New Delhi as shown in the Annexure, in the industrial dispute between the employers in relation to the management of M.T.N.L. and their workmen, which was received by the Central Government on 24-12-2007.

[No. L-4001 1/17/98-IR (DU)] SURENDRA SINGH, Desk Officer ANNEXURE

BEFORE THE PRESIDING OFFICER: CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL-CUM-LABOUR COURT-II, NEW DELHI

PRESIDING OFFICER: R. N. RAI.

I.D. No. 140/1999

In the Matter of :-

Shri Mahavir Singh & 2 others, R.K.Mishra, C/o Shri B. B. Gupta, X-3A, CI Vilside, Tis Hazari Courts, Delhi - 110054.

VERSUS

The Chief General Manager, MTNL, Khursheed Lal Bhawan, Janpath, New Delhi - 110001.

' AWARD

The Ministry of Labour by its letter No. L-40011/17/98-IR(DU) Central Government Dt. 26-04-1999 has referred the following point for adjudication.

The point runs as hereunder:-

"Whether S/Sh. Mahavir Singh, Sathir Singh & R.K. Mishra, employed in MTNL as security guards

through a contractor have a claim for regularization of their services in view of their having engaged on employment which was a prohibited category under Section 10 of CL (R&A) Act, 1970. If so, from what date?"

The workman-applicant has filed claim statement. in the claim statement it has been stated that the above named applicants/workmen S/Shri Mahavir Singh, Shri Satbir Singh and Shri R. K. Mishra were working with the aforesaid management at its Divisional Office/Telephone Exchange (FRS), Hari Nagar, New Delhi. The details of the above named workmen are given as under:—

Name of the	Post	Last	Date of
workman	<u> </u>	Drawn	Apptt.
Sh. Mahavir Singh	Guard	2800/-	10-10-95
Sh. Satbir Singh	Guard	2600/-	15-03-97
Sh. R.K. Mishra	Guard	2800/-	15-05-95

That the workman Shri Mahavir Singh was appointed as Guard in the Telephone Exchange, Hari Nagar, w.e.f. 10-10-1995 vide office order No. B1/HN/95-96/46 dated 10-10-1995 passed by SDE (FRS), Delhi and likewise Shri R.K. Mishra was appointed as Guard w.e.f. 15-05-1995 vide office order No. B1/HN/95-96/43 dated 15-5-1995 passed by SDE (FRS), Delhi.

That the applicants/workmen are very honest and sincere persons and their work and conduct was quite satisfactory and they never gave any chance of any complaint to the Respondent/Management and their superior.

That the Respondent/Management was not keeping the proper records of the workmen and was also not paying them the wages as fixed by the Delhi Administration and were also not providing other legal benefits and facilities during their service tenure such as weekly offs, festivals holidays, casual leave, earned leave, annunal increments, provident fund, uniform and bonus etc. etc. to which the applicants/workmen were legally entitled to and the workmen were made to serve continuously without any break.

That even the Management was paying the monthly wages to the workmen through cheques through some other agencies while the workmen were not in the knowledge of the particulars of the persons/agencies through whom the wages was being paid to them by the Management as the officials of the Respondent/Management used to hand over the said cheque of monthly wages to the workmen directly by the said officials.

That as the workmen had completed 90 days continuously with the Management without any break at all, the workmen requested the Management to take them on permanent basis and to provide all the legal benefits and facilities of a permanent employee and also demanded the difference in the minimum wages and also the wages in

lieu of weekly offs, festivals holidays, carned leaves, annual increment, medical facility, uniform allowances and bonus etc. but the Management instead of providing all the said legal benefits to the workmen to which they were entitled to under law terminted the services of Shri Mahavir Singh on 24-3-1998 and also terminated the services of Shri Satbir and Shri R.K. Mishra on 18-2-1998 illegally, unlawfully and against the provisions of law and without issuing any show cause notice to the workmen and also without holding any enquiry against the workmen.

That the termination of the services of the workmen by the Management is absolutely wrong, illegal, unlawful, unjustified and in contravention of the provisions of the Industrial Disputes Act and the Management neither gave any notice nor any pay in lieu of the notice and as such the same amounts to unfair labour practice on the part of the Management.

That even otherwise the post of the guards on which the applicants were employed by the Management are still lying vacant and the Management has illegally, unlawfully and against the principle of natural justice and provisions of law have employed new persons juniors to the workmen on the said posts, while the workmen are still unemployed despite their best efforts. The Management has filed written statement. In the written statement it has been stated that the present petition is misconceived and not maintainable.

That the reference is the result of non-application of mind and without taking into consideration the reply of the answering respondent as the alleged workmen were never directly employed by the answering respondent. It is submitted that there is no relationship of master and servant between the alleged workmen and the answering respondent. As such the whole proceedings are coram non-judice as held by the Hon'ble High Court in the case of DTC Vs. Delhi Administration reported in 1973 (2) LLJ 306 and by Hon'ble Supreme Court in AIR 1974 SC 2089, as such the reference is liable to be rejected.

That the present dispute cannot be said to be an industrial dispute as it does not fall within the definition of Section 2(K) which defines the term industrial dispute under the said Act

That the three alleged workmen were never employed by the respondent/MTNL. In fact, as a matter of fact of public policy and pursuant to the instructions of the Govt. of India that the security persons in the public undertaking should be engaged through the Directorate General Resettlement, R.K. Puram, New Delhi which is an organization for re-settlement/rehabilitation of ex-armymen etc. keeping in view the said instructions the answering respondent approached the Directorate General Resettlement, R.K. Puram, New Delhi and it was through them that the alleged workmen were employed in terms the contract dated 25-3-95 on a consolidated remuneration of Rs. 3556 per month. The answering respondent were paying directly to the said agency (agency of Directorate

General of Resettlement) who in turn were paying to the alleged workmen through cheques and the alleged workmen were accepting the said payment without any protest or demur. As such there was no privity of contract or employment between the alleged workmen and the MTNL. It is further relevant to state that pursuant to the inspection of the Labour Enforcement Inspector the objections were taken that the alleged assignment though given through the Directorate General of Resettlement was violative of Section 10 of the Contract Labour Act through which fact was not agreed.

The answering respondent immediately disengaged the services of the said agency i.e. Directorate General of Resettlement. The present reference is liable to be rejected. That the present reference is bad in law inasmuch as Directorate General Resettlement was the proper and necessary party and as such by not making them a party, the present reference is liable to be rejected on this sole ground.

That without prejudice to what is stated hereinabove it is submitted that in case the workmen were having any grievance regarding their non-employment it is with respect to the said agency nominee of Directorate General Resettlement and the said agency does not fall within the jurisdiction of this Hon'ble Tribunal as such also the present petition is liable to be dismissed.

It is submitted that the alleged workmen were never employed by the answering respondent and of at all they had ever worked at Divisional Office/Telephone Exchange it was never directly under the answering respondent and the alleged workmen are put to strict proof thereof.

The alleged workmen cannot take benefit of any communications which may have been wrongly addressed or written by any person working with the answering respondent. It is specifically denied that Shri Mahavir and Shri Mishra were appointed directly by the answering respondent. It is submitted that admittedly the answering respondent never paid any salary/wages to the alleged workmen as such there was no question of answering respondent employing the alleged workmen.

It is submitted that the answering respondents were not making any payment to the workmen and the answering respondents were bound by the terms and conditions of the agreement entered into between the answering respondent and the said agency. It is submitted that as the alleged workmen were never employed by the answering respondent there was no question of the answering respondent supervising the work of the alleged workmen or giving them any benefits as alleged or otherwise. It is submitted that the payments if any were being paid as per the agreement to the agency provided by the Directorate General of Resettlement and there was no relationship of employer and employee between the answering respondent and the alleged workmen and as such there was no question of providing any legal benefits as alleged or otherwise.

The workmen applicants have filed rejoinder. In their rejoinder they have reiterated the averments of their claim statement & have denied most of the paras of the written statement. The management has also denied most of the paras of the claim statement.

Evidence of both the parties has been taken.

Heard arguments from both the sides & perused the papers on the record.

It transpires from perusal of the record that claim has been filed by Shri Mahavir Singh and Shri Satvir Singh but they have not filed affidavit. Only Shri R.K. Mishra has filed affidavit and is contesting the case.

It was submitted from the side of the workman that Shri R. K. Mishra was appointed as Guard w.e.f. 15-05-1995 vide office order dated 15-05-1995. He discharged his duties sincerely. The management was not keeping proper records of the workman. He was not paid the wages fixed by the Delhi Administration and several others legal benefits and facilities just as holidays, weekly off, increments etc. were not provided to the workman by the management. Payment to the wrkman was made through some agencies whereas the workman was directly engaged. He has performed 90 days of service without any break. He requested the management to take him on permanent basis and to provide him all the facilities. The management was annoyed and terminated the services of the workman on 18-02-1998 illegally, unlawfully and against the provisions of the law. The post is still lying vacant. The workman deserves reinstatement.

It was submitted from the side of the management that the applicant is not a workman under industrial dispute Act, 1947. It was further submitted that the workman was never employed by the management. He was engaged through the Director General, Re-settlement, R.K. Puram, New Delhi which is an organization for resettlement/rehabilitation of the Ex. Army Men.

It was further submitted that the management approached the Director General of Re-settlement and through the Director the workman was employed as per the contract dated 25-03-1995 on the consolidated remuneration of Rs.3556/- per month. The management made payment of the entire amount to the Director General of Re settlement and the workman received his wages from the Director General of Re-settlement. There is no cripty of contract of employment between the management and the workman.

The management has fild photocopy B - 60 to B61. It is contract agreement between the Institute and the Director General of Re-settlement and the management. It has been mentioned in this agreement that in case the performance of Security Guard is found un-satisfactory, the Institute shall be responsible for the replacement of the Guard. This document establishes the fact that there was contract between the Institute of Industrial management and the Security and the MTNL.

The management has filed document B-62 to B 102. These documents relate to the payment made by MTNL to the Institute of Industrial Management and Security. Every time payment has been made over Rs.10, 000/-. These documents disclose that the Guards were engaged by IIMS and payment has been made directly to them. These payments have been made on the letter head. These documents are photocopy but the workman has not denied the same.

There are government orders from B - 55 to 57 which disclose that this system of taking Security Guards through IIMS was stopped for the reasons of security. The workman was engaged by IIMS. He received payment through IIMS and IIMS was responsible for his satisfactory service. The workman was not directly engaged by the management.

It is of course true that the workman has worked for 2 to 3 years as Security Guard in the MTNL but he was engaged by IIMS Institute of Security Guard and an agreement has been entered into between the IIMS and the MTNL. The workman is an employee of IIMS and when government directed the MTNL not to take Guards from IIMS the services of the workman have been terminated.

From the above it becomes quite obvious that there is no relation of employer and employee in view of section 2 (k) of the ID Act, 1947. This dispute is not between the employer and the employee. The dispute is not covered under Section 2 (k) of the ID Act, 1947 in view of 1973 (2) LLJ 306 and AIR 1974 SC 2089. The reference is liable to be rejected as there is no industrial dispute for want of relation of master and servant. The workman is not entitled to get any relief as prayed for.

The reference is replied thus:

S/Sh. Mahavir Singh, Satbir Singh & R.K. Mishra, employed in MTNL as Security Guards though a contractor dos not have a claim for regularization of their services in view of their having been engaged on employment which was a prohibited category under section 10 of CL (R&A) Act 1970. The workmen applicants are not entitled to get any relief as prayed for.

The award is given accordingly.

Date: 13-12-2007

R. N. RAI, Presiding Officer

नई दिल्ली, 24 दिसम्बर, 2007

का.आ. 111.—. औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार ऐयरोनाटिक्स क्वालिटी एश्यूरेंस के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण/श्रम न्यायालय कानपुर के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 159/98) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 24-12-07 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल-14012/3/98-आईआर(डीयू)] सुरेन्द्र सिंह, डेस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 24th December, 2007

S.O. 111.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Dispute Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. 159/98) Central Government Industrial Tribunal-cum-Labour Court, Kanpur as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the employers in relation to the management of Aeronautics Quality Assurance and their workman, which was received by the Central Government on 24-12-2007.

[No. L-14012/3/98-IR(DU)] SURENDRA SINGH, Desk Officer ANNEXURE

BEFORE SRI R G SHUKLA, PRESIDING OFFICER, CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL-CUM-LABOUR COURT, KANPUR

Industrial Dispute No.159 of 98

In the matter of dispute between: Ram Chandra son of Sri Jangali 106/371 Heera Ganj Kanpur,

And

The Director General
Aeronautics quality Assurance
Kanpur.

·AWARD

- 1. Central Government of India, MOL, New Delhi vide Notification No.L-14012/3/98/1R(DU) dated 11-8-98 has referred the following dispute for adjudication to this tribunal:—
 - "Whether the action of the management of Director General Aeronautics Quality Assurance, Kanpur, in terminating the services of the workman Ram Chandra w.e.f. 5-2-97 is legal and justified, If not to what relief workman is entitled?
- 2. The claim of the workmen as set up by him in his statement of claim is that in order to keep the workmen from attaining the status of regular and permanent employee of the opposite party, they appointed him on 21-6-94 against regular and permanent post of class IV daily wages and not only it but his attendance also has been recorded incorrectly by the opposite party. The workman has worked more than 240 days in 12 calender month. The working hours of the workman were from 8.30 a.m. to 4.30 p.m. but the workman was required to work much more hours than the prescribed one. The workman further pleads that his work and conduct remained satisfactory during the period of his employment i.e. 21-6-94 to 6-2-97. The opposite party intentionally avoided to make payment of his wages at the prescribed minimum rate. Beside the above the opposite

- party removed his services w.e.f. 6-2-97 in breach of provisions of Industrial disputes Act, 1947 which is against the principles of natural justice and as such is liable to be set aside holding that the workman is entitled for his reinstatement with full back wages continuity of service and other benefits attached with the post.
- 2. The opposite party has vehemently denied the claim of the workman on variety of grounds out of which main ground is that a daily rated employee has no right to claim regular or permanent status in public employment without undergoing through selection process prescribed under service rules. As such the claim of the workman is not maintainable.
- 3. In rejoinder filed by the workmen nothing new has been mentioned except reiterating the pleadings already raised in the statement of claim.
- 4. Both contesting parties have adduced oral as well as documentary evidence in the form of photocopies. It is settled principle of law that photocopies of the documents cannot not read to be as admissible evidence in support of pleadings of a party. From this point of view photocopies of the documents filed by the contesting parties are being ignored by the tribunal.
- 5. In view of it now there remanis only oral evidence of the workman which appears to be of no help to him as admitted according to his own case he was appointed on daily rate basis by the opposite party. Therefore, there appears no need to appreciate that evidence in the instant case.
- 6. Having regard to the law laid down by the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India, in leading case viz (Himanshu Kumar Vidyarthi versus State of Bihar and another and Secretary state of Karnataka versus Smt. Uma Devi, the controversy as to whether a daily rated casual employee can be given benefit of regular and permanent employment in public employment has now been finally set at rest by the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India by laying law that a daily rated worker casual worker temporary of adhoc worker appointed on a post falling under public employment either under the Government Central, state or public sector undertaking cannot claim regularization against such post unless he has undergone through selection process under prescribed service rule. If it is so Industrial Tribunal/Labour Courts should not be allowed to be used as a measure for providing back door entry to such persons without adhering the prescribed selection process.
- 7. Therefore, in view of the law laid down by the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India, there remains hardly any need to discuss oral as well as documentary evidence of the contesting parties in as much as from the pleadings of the parties it is common ground that the workman was appointed as a daily rated employee without following the prescribed recruitment rules. Even otherwise the claim of the workmen appears to be barred by the provisions of

Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, as the provisions of the Act would not come into play automatically in the case of the workmen in the absence of the pleadings by the workman to the effect that the opposite party have breached the provisions of service regulations applicable to him for the time being and the said breach of such provisions of services regulation is analogous to any of the provisions of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, on the ground on which the action of the management has been assailed by the workmen before the Tribunal. A bare perusal of entire statement of claim would go to show that no such pleadings has been raised by him in the claim statement, therefore, the action of the opposite party cannot be construed to be a retrenchment as defined under the provision of Industrial Disputes Act. 1947, and when it is not a retrenchment, the workman cannot be given protection of the provisions of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947.

- 8. In any view of the matter the present case cannot be said to be a case of retrenchment or termination of the service under the provisions of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, therefore, workman cannot be granted any relief as claimed by him in his statement of claims. The claim of the workman fails and it is held that he is not entitled for his reinstatement in the service of the opposite party together with benefits as claimed by him.
- 9. Reference is, therefore, answered against the workman and in favour of the opposite party.

R. G. SHUKLA, Presiding Officer

नई दिल्ली, 26 दिसम्बर, 2007

का.आ. 112.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार एस.ई.सी.एल के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण/श्रम न्यायलय, जबलपुर के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 128/2003) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 26-12-2007 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल-22012/389/2002-आईआर(सी-II)] अजय कमार गौड, डेस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 26th December, 2007

S.O. 112.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. 128/2003) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal-cum-Labour Court, Jabalpur as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the employers in relation to the management of S.E.C.L and their workman, which was received by the Central Government on 26-12-2007.

[No. L-220 I2/389/2002-IR(C-II)] AJAY KUMAR GAUR, Desk Officer

ANNEXURE

BEFORE THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL-CUM-LABOUR COURT, JABALPUR

NO. CGIT/LC/R/128/2003

Presiding Officer: SHRI C.M. SINGH

The Secretary,
Rashtriya Colliery Workers Federation,
GM Complex, Branch,
Johilla Area of SECL,
PO: Nowrozabad,
Umaria (MP) : W

: Workman/Union

Versus

The General Manager, Johilla Area of SECL, PO: Nowrozabad, Umaria (MP)

Management

AWARD

Passed on this 29th day of November, 2007

- 1. The Government of India, Ministry of Labour vide its Notification No.L-22012/389/2002-IR(C-II) dated 11-7-2003 has referred the following dispute for adjudication by this tribunal:—
 - "Whether the demand of Sh. K. B. Dwivedi, Machinist Category-V to promote him in the same capacity w.e.f. 01-01-97 i.e. the date when Sh. Manoj Tiwari was promoted is legal and justified? If yes, to what relief he is entitled?"
- 2. Vide order dated 26-10-2006 passed on the ordersheet of this reference proceeding the reference proceeded exparte against the workman.
 - 3. The workman has not filed his statement of claim.
- 4. The management has filed their Written Statement. Their case in brief is as follows. Workman has claimed promotion from I-1-97 whereas the dispute has been raised only in the year 2003. Hence the dispute is highly belated and therefore the same is not maintainble. That the promotion cannot be claimed as a matter of right as it is a managerial function. That the service conditions of the workman are governed by standing orders and the various settlements that have been arrived at between various Unions and the management from time to time and is generally known as NCWA. The said settlement carry Job Nomenclature, Cadre Scheme etc. Cadre Scheme has been formulated under NCWA for each category of workers giving the promotional channel, scale of pay, minimum qualification, eligibility for promotion and mode of promotion. Clause 3.3 of the Cadre Scheme which is relevant in this case is reproduced as under:—

"The promotional zone for filling the vacancy in Category-I to Category-VI will be Unit/Project. As regards

Technical and Supervisory Grade-C to A. Promotional zone would be area, unless otherwise specifically provided in the scheme itself."

With reference to the above promotions of machinist, Cat-IV and Cat-V were being done unitwise and subject to vacancy in the unit concern as per MP budget in accordance with the cadre scheme. Therefore no similarly situated employee of other unit can be compared with the employee of other unit can be compared with the employee of other units. Since the workman was posted in other unit during promotion of Shri Manoj Kumar to the post of machinist Cat-IV & Cat-V, he cannot be promoted either with or before Shri Manoj Kumar was promoted and therefore it is crystal clear that there is neither violation of cadre scheme nor any supersession as alleged. Now as the workman has already been promoted to the post of machinist Cat-V vide order dated 31-98/1-4-98 and to the post of machinist Cat-VI vide order dated 26-4-03, the reference becomes infructuous.

- 5. As the case proceeded exparte against the workmen, no evidence is on record for proving the case of the workman.
- 6. The management in order to prove their case has filed affidavit of their witness Shri S.K. Bhargav, then working as Dy.CPM at Area Headquarter Colliery of SECL, Johilla Area.
- 7. I have heard Shri A.K. Shashi, Advocate, the learned counsel for the management. I have very carefully gone through the evidence on record.
- 8. The case of the management is fully established from the uncontroverted and unchallenged affidavit of their vitness Shri S.K. Bhargav. Therefore the reference deserves to be decided in favour of the management and against the workman without any orders as to costs.
- 9. In view of the above, the reference is decided in favour of the management and against the workman without any orders as to costs holding that the demand of Shri K.B. Dwivedi Machinist Category-V to promote him in the same capacity w.e.f. 01/01/97 i.e. the date when Sh. Manoj Tiwari was promoted is not legal and justified. Consequently the workman is not entitled to any relief:

C: Ma SINGH, Presiding Officer

नई दिल्ली, 26 दिसम्बर, 2007

का.आ. 113.— औद्योगिक विवाद अधितियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार एसई.सी.एल के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिश्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण श्रम न्यायालय, जबलपुर के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 70/95) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 26-12-2007 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल-22012/473/1994-आईआर(सी-11)] अजय कुमार गौंड, डेस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 26th December, 2007.

S.O. 113.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. 70/95) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal-cum-Labour Court, Jabalpur as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the employers in relation to the management of S.E.C.L and their workman, which was received by the Central Government on 26-12-2007.

[No. L-22012/473/1994-IR(C-II)]

AJAY KUMAR GAUR, Desk Officer

ANNEXURE

BEFORE THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL-CUM-LABOUR COURT, JABALPUR

NO. CGIT/LC/R/70/95

Presiding Officer: SHRIC.M. SINGH

The Vice President,
National Colliery Workers Federation,
Camp-72, Transport Nagar,
Korba, Post Korba Colliery,
Distt. Bilaspur

Versus

The General Manager,

S.E.C.L, Gevra Project;

Post Gevra Project

Distt. Bilaspur

: Management

Tay yar AWARD and the

Passed on this 12th day of December 2007

1. The Government of India, Ministry of Labour vide its Notification No.L-22012/473/94-IR(C-11) dated 2-5-95 has referred the following dispute for adjudication by this tribunal:—

"Whether the action of the management of SECL, Gevra Project in punishing Shri Sachish Kumar, Shovel Operator for damaging jeep & deducting Rs. 16,000 (500 equal monthly instalments from wages) is justified? If not, to what relief is the workman concerned entitled to?"

- 2. Vide order dated 15-7-05 passed on the ordersheet of this reference proceeding, the reference proceeded exparte against workman. No statement of claim has been filed on behalf of workman.
- 3. The management has filed their Written Statement. Their case in brief is as follows. That workman Shri Sachish Kumar, was initially appointed as Driver (T.) Cat-II on 14-2-91 at Gavera Project. He was subsequently transferred to Dipka Augmentation in the existing capacity w.e.f. 24-10-92. He was deputed on jeep No. MOI4I on 30-10-91 to Bilaspur along with Shri R. P. Singh, Executive Engineer (Ex.cav.) to bring certain articles from M/s. Allied Sales

and Services, Bilaspur. While coming from Bilaspur due to negligence of Shri Sachish Kumar the driver dashed the jeep with a tree near Pali, resulting injury to Shri R.P. Singh, Executive Engineer (Ex.cav.) who was sitting in the jeep and the jeep was also badly damaged. As soon as the message was received by the Gavera Project. Shri R.K. Jaiswal SE(Ex.cav.) rushed to the place of accident along with the doctor in the ambulance. By that time, they found that Shri R.P. Singh the injured officer was taken by private jeep to the hospital As such the team returned back to Gavera Hospital. Due to said gross negligence in duty by the workman concerned, he was issued with a charge sheet under clause 26:5: 26.23 of the standing order applicable to him. As the reply was found unsatisfactory, a departmental enquiry was held in the matter. As a consequence thereof. a lenient punishment of recovery of Rs. 16000 was instanced on workman for the damages caused to the Government property. Page of the bear to remove that an entry notice

- 4. As the case proceeded exparte against the workman, no evidence has been adduced on behalf of workman (1 to 90) (ของการการการการที่ พากจะต้อง ยุโดยกลากและกับ
- 5. The management in order to prove their case, filed affidavit of their witness Shri T.K. Nag, then working as General Manager in Dipka Project of SECL.
- 6. I have heard Shri A.K. Shashi, Advocate for the management. I have very carefully gone through the entire evidence on record to anomore sew Islama & full statistics
- 7. The case of the management is fully established from the uncontroverted and unchallenged affidavit of their witness Shri T. K. Nag Therefore the reference deserves to be decided in favour of the management and against the workman without any orders as to costs in a star starget
- 8. In view of the above, the reference is decided in favour of the management and against workman without any orders as to costs holding that the action of management of SECL, Gevra Project in punishing Shri Shri Sachis Kumar. Shovel Operator for damaging jeep & deducting Rs. 16,000 (500, equal monthly instalments from wages) is justified and consequently the workman is not entitled to any relief, strongensur and weison's

Manufacture G. M. SINGH. Presiding Officer

१८४५ व ६ मिलम**ाई दिल्ली , 26 दिसम्बर, 2007** वर्षे । । । ।

का,आ, 114 —औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार एस. ई. सी. एल. के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण/श्रम न्यायालय, जबलपुर के पैचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 59/92) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 26-12-07 को प्राप्त हुआ। भा। exheck! (Defin to grants) honosers ex based

ें को के के के किए व**िसं एल-22012/482/1991+आईआर(सी-II)**] ार एकान्या इक्टार्क्य कर्म हार्य क्रमाहान आहे हता हुए हार्वे अपने क्रमाहाल आजय कुमार गाँड, डेस्क अधिकारी New Delhi, the 26th December, 2007.

S.O. 2 114.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the Award (Ref. No. 59/92.) Central Government Industrial Tribunal/Labour Court, Jabahour as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the employers in relation to the management of S.E.C. H. and their workman, which was received by the Central Government on 26-12-2007 as year name a dust

[No.12-2012/482/1991-Rec-ID] AJAY KUMAR GAUR, Desk Officer of their true soft is wise ANNEXURE, and the first entered to

BEFORE THE CENTRAL COVERNMENT CONTROL OF THE * INDUSTRIAL/TRIBUNAL/CUM-LABOUR COURT: Miagrov ous villeguli a**Jabalpur**z mereko ze 196 g. e. .

NO. CGIT/EC/R/59/92 | wash poals good and bogsom

PRESIDING OFFICER: SHRIC M. SINGH

iThe General Secretary/00-0-7 no love awards now at any lines. M.P. K.K.M.P. (H.M.S) maneral length or calculations and the the appropriation 20-4-17, He was thing a continued

Distt Chhindwara 38.0.0 Workman/Union

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The General Manager. W.C.L. Kanhan Area. Towns no othe brongs true de noce P.O Dungaria, or godiárada a vod ose por poli kella 25 kga t Disti. Chilindwara

on the mail area distributed of the part of the war. the was also were as a part of the war distributed in Passed on this 3rd day of December 2007

The Government of India, Ministry of Labour, vide Its Notification No.L-220 12/482/91-1R(C-II) dated 26-3-92 has referred the following dispute for adjudication by this tribunal:

Whether the action of the management of Ghorawari "(at) in Colliery of W.C.Ltd. in dismissing from services to S/Shri Prem S/o Dhonda w.e.f. 1643-90; Madu S/o Kriya w.e.f. 7-9-90 and Kunnifal S/o Hiralal w.e.f. 8-4-88 is legal and justified? If not, to what relief the concerned workmen are entitled to?"

2. The case of the workmen in brief is as follows. Shri Prem (now dead) was employed as General Mazdoor with , the management. He was appointed on 10-12-80. He was chargesheeted vide No.GHC/CS/2020/88 dated 12-8-88 charging him that he was absenting from duty w.e.f. 27-5-88. The charge sheet was not supplied to him. The workman was illegally stopped from duty without written notice or suspension. The socailed enquiry shown on the papers only conducted after a gap of one year on 13-9-88 and after a gap of one year again the next date was fixed after enquiry i.e. 69-89 which was only shown on the papers and the last date was shown as 23-10-89 of the socalled enquiry. The management had shown two thumb impressions on the enquiry proceedings, one of Prem (now dead) and the other of Chhannoolal, co-worker. Both these persons were illiterate and innocent. Four Trade Unions are working at Ghorawari Colliery and hundreds of workers of the Unions are all the times ready for co-worker's duty. Infact no enquiry was conducted by the management and the thumb impression of Shri Prem (now dead) is false on the enquiry record. The workman was dismissed w.e.f. 16-3-90 as a result of the socalled enquiry. Workman Shri Madu Adivasi, Tub Loader was appointed on 1-1-1974. He was chargesheeted vide No. GHC/CS/1290/87 dated 15-11-87 charging him that he was absenting from duty from 10-8-87 to 24-11-87. The chargesheet was not supplied to him. After 18 months from the date of chargesheet, the first date in the enquiry was shown on papers as 15-5-89. Again after one year, the next date of enquiry was shown on papers as 20-5-90. Workman Shri Madu was illegally and verbally stopped from duty since March 1990. He was enlisted for retrenchment. The Enquiry Officer gave enquiry report undated It was a bogus and false enquiry. The workman Shri Madu was dismissed on 7-9-90. Thus the retrenchment of the workman is legal. Workman Kunnilal, Tub loader was appointed on 26-9-73. He was chargesheeted vide No.GHC/CS/2321/86 dated 30-9-86. The chargesheet was not supplied to him. The charge against him was that he had been absent from 1-8-86. One more chargesheet has been shown against him on papers i.e. GHC/CS/1379/87 dated 28 11-87 that he had been absenting from 14-8-87. He was suspended for unlimited period on papers w.e.f. 30-9-86 and was dismissed after a gap of 3 years. He was not paid suspension allowance to date. He was dismissed on 8-4-\$8. This enquiry against him was also bogus and fabricated. It has been prayed on behalf of the workmen that illegal order of the management be set-aside and the workmen be reinstated with all back wages and benefits.

3. The management has filed their Written Statement. Their case in brief is as follows. Workman Shri Prem (now dead) was appointed as General Mazdoor on 10-12-80. He was working in Ghorawari Colliery. Ever since his appointment, it was observed that Shri Prem was in the habit of remaining absent unauthorisely. Because of his inauthorized absence from duty without any intimation and sanction from competent authority w.e.f. 27-5-88, a chargesheet dated 12-8-88 was issued to him by the Manager, Ghorawari Colliery. A chargesheet was issued to him on the address available with the management as per the service record of the workman. Inspite of issuance of charge sheet, the workman did not respond to the same and did not submit any reply to the chargesheet. As no teply was received, a departmental enquiry was conducted into the charges levelled against him according to the rules. After a fair and proper enquiry, it was established that the workman was guilty of charges levelled against him and it was proved beyond doubt that Shri Prem (now dead) was a habitual absentee and has committed serious acts of misconduct as alleged in the chargesheet. As such, the

action of the management in not continuing him in the service is legal and proper. Workman Madu was appointed as a Tub loader in Ghorawari in 1-1-1974. He was also a habitual absentee and he was not attending to his duty properly. On account of his unauthorized absence from duty w.e.f. 10-8-87 a charge sheet dated 15-11-87 was issued to him by the Manager, Ghorawari Colliery. Shri Madu submitted reply to the aforesaid chargesheet denying the charges levelled against him. But the reply was not found satisfactory. Therefore a detailed enquiry was conducted into the charges levelled against him as per rules. Inspite of sufficient service of notice, workman Madu did not participate in the enquiry proceeding. After conducting a proper and legal enquiry, the Enquiry Officer came to the conclusion that the workman was guilty of the charges levelled against him. Keeping such an employee on the roll is not at all in the interest of management. As such the action of the management is legal and proper. Workman Sri Kunnilal was appointed in the Ghorawari Colliery w.e.f. 26-9-83. He was also a habitual absentee. He was unauthorisely absent without any intimation or information w.e.f. 1-8-84. He was continuously absent for 2 years. His whereabouts were not known. As such a chargesheet dated 30-9-86 was issued to him for remaining absent for such a long time. A reply was submitted by the workman Shri Kunnilal. But the reply was not found satisfactory. Therefore a detailed enquiry into the charges levelled against Shri Kunnilal was conducted by the management. Since the workman failed to appear even after intimation of the date fixed in the enquiry, therefore the Enquiry Officer had no other option but to conduct an exparte enquiry. The Disciplinary Authority after considering the enquiry report took a proper action against workman because it was not in the interest of management to permit such worker to continue in the service of the Bank. It is prayed by the management that in view of the above, the workmen are not entitled to any relief.

- 4. On 18-7-95, my learned predecessor in office framed following issues upon the pleadings of the parties:
 - i. Whether the enquiry is just, proper & legal?
 - ii. Whether the management is entitled to lead evidence before this tribunal?
 - iii. Whether the charges of misconduct are proved on the facts of the case?
 - iv. Whether the punishment awarded is proper and legal?
 - v. Relief and costs?
- 5. The management in order to prove that the enquiry was conducted against the workman justly, properly and legally examined their witness Shri S.K.Shrivastava, then posted as Personnel Manager in WCL, Kanhan Area.
- 6. The workman did not examine any witness for proving that the enquiry was not conducted against him properly and legally.

FINDINGS

- 7. Issues No.1 & 2—My learned predecessor-inoffice after having heard the learned counsel for the parties
 and after going through the evidence on record, gave
 findings on preliminary issues No.1&2. It was held by him
 that the enquiry was properly conducted against the
 workmen and the management therefore is not required to
 lead any evidence in this case to prove the alleged
 misconduct of the workman and answered the preliminary
 issue No.1 & 2 accordingly. The findings on Issue No.1 &
 2 shall form the part of this award.
- 8. Issue No. 3—In view of findings recorded by my learned predecessor on Issues No.1 & 2, it is hereby held that the charges of misconduct are proved on the facts of the case. Issue No.3 is decided accordingly.
- 9. Issues No.4 & 5—I have heard Shri A.K.Shashi, Advocate for the management I could not have an opportunity of hearing the learned counsel for the workmen as none appeared on behalf of the workmen.
- 10. Shri A.K.Shashi, Advocate learned counsel for the management submitted that appropriate punishment has been given to the workmen after having considered the acts of their misconduct. He prayed that this tribunal should not interfere with the punishment imposed on the workmen and in this respect, he placed his reliance on 1997(2)L.L.N. 1019. SC in the case of State of Punjab and others versus Bakhshish Singh & 1998(1)L.L.N.710 Madras High Court in the case of Anna Transport Corporation, Salem versus Labour Court, Salem and another. I have very carefully gone through the law cited by the learned counsel for the management. It has been held therein that it is settled legal position that it is for the disciplinary authority to pass appropriate punishment; the Civil Court cannot substitute its own view to that of the Disciplinary as well as the Appellate Authority on the nature of punishment to be imposed upon the delinquent officer. That in view of the findings of the Appellate Court, it is a grave misconduct, the Appellate Court ought not to have interfered with the decree of the trial court. That the High Court dismissed it without application of mind and ignoring the settled legal principle.
- 11. It has also been held by the Hon'ble High Court of Madras that the discretion under Sec-II A of the I.D. Act is not meant to be equated to charity.
- 12. In view of the law cited above and considering the misconduct of the workmen, I am of the considered opinion that the management has properly punished them and they are not entitled to any relief. But because of, one of the workmen has died and the other two have been terminated from services, it shall be just and proper that the parties should be directed to bear their own costs of this proceeding. Issues No.4 & 5 are decided accordingly.
- 13. In view of the findings on Issues No. 1 to 5, the reference is decided in favour of the management and

against the workmen without any orders as to costs holding that the action of the management of Ghorawari Colliery of W.C.Ltd. in dismissing from services to S/Shri Prem S/o Dhonda w.e.f. 16-3-90, Madu S/o Kriya w.e.f. 7-9-90 and Kunnilal S/o Sh. Hiralal w.e.f. 8-4-88 is legal and justified and the workmen are, therefore, not entitled to any relief.

14. Let the copies of the award be sent to the Government of India, Ministry of Labour & Employment as per rules.

C. M. SINGH, Presiding Officer

नई दिल्ली, 26 दिसम्बर, 2007

का.आ. 115.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार एस. ई. सी. एल. के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण/श्रम न्यायालय, जबलपुर के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 62/95) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 26-12-2007 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल-22012/439/1994-आईआर(सी-II)] अजय कुमार गौड, डेस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 26th December, 2007

S.O. 115.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. 62/95) Central Government Industrial Tribunal-cum-Labour Court, Jabalpur as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the employers in relation to the management of S. E. C. L. and their workman, which was received by the Central Government on 26-12-2007.

[No. L-22012/439/1994-IR(C-II)] AJAY KUMAR GAUR, Desk Officer ANNEXURE

BEFORE THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL-CUM-LABOUR COURT, JABALPUR

NO. CGIT/LC/R/62/95

PRESIDING OFFICER: SHRI C. M. SINGH

The Secretary, M.P.K.K.M.U, Post Sonawani Colliery, Distt. Surguja

Workman/Union

Versus

The Sub Area Manager, Duman Hill Colliery, SECL, Post Sonawani Colliery, Distt. Surguja

Management

AWARD

Passed on this 14th day of December, 2007

1. The Government of India, Ministry of Labour vide its Notification No.L-22012(439)/94-IR.C-II dated 24-3-95

has referred the following dispute for adjudication by this tribunal:

> "Whether the action of Sub Area Manager, Duman Hill Colliery of Chirimiri Area of SECL in penalising Shri Bishram S/o Jaidha, Trammer Cat III vide order dated 19-7-93 and demoting him from Cat I to Cat III is legal and justified? If not, to what relief is the workman entitled to?"

- 2. Vide order dated 16-3-05 passed on the ordersheet of this reference proceeding, the reference proceeded exparte against workman Shri Bishram. No statement of claim has been filed on behalf of the workman.
- . The management has filled Written Statement. Their case in brief is as follows. That the workman was initially appointed as General Mazdoor. He was given promotion from time to time. He was working as Trammer Cat-III at the relevant period, The employees working in the coal industries have been provided with various facilities, such as free accommodation, free fuel, free medical aid etc. Providing residential accommodation is not a service condition of the employees working in the coal industry. The workman unauthorisedly without there being any allotment had encroached and occupied miners quarter Block No. 79, Duarter No. 2(14 Block), which was allotted to one Shri Bandel Sai, Dresser Duman Hill Colliery On receipt of the report from the Security Personnel, the workman was issued with a chargesheet under clause 26.14 of the Standing Orders applicable to him. The reply submitted by the workman was not found satisfactory. Therefore a departmental enquiry was conducted against him into the charges. The enquiry was conducted legally and properly. The Enquiry Officer held that the charges were proved against the workman. The Disciplinary Authority vide order dated 19-7-93 imposed the following punishment on the workman
 - Suspension period from 28-05-1993 to till date (19-7-93) is confirmed,
 - He was de-graded to Cat-I mazdoor.
- #. As the case proceeded exparte against the workman, no evidence is on record on behalf of the workman.
- 5. The management filed affidavit of their witness Shri N.R.Dasi then working as Personnel Manager at Duman Hill Colliery, SECL, Chirimiri area for proving their case.
- 6. I have heard Shri A.K. Shashi, Advocate for the management. I have gone through the evidence on record.
- 7. The case of the management is fully established and proved from the uncontroverted and unchallenged affidavit of their witness, Shri N.R.Das. Therefore the reference deserves to be decided in favour of the management and against the workman without any orders A bira la compraço esti as to costs. . National english salaked substitution.

- 8. In view of the above, the reference is decided in favour of the management and against the workman without any orders as to costs holding that the action of Sub Area Manager, Duman Hill Colliery of Chirimiri Area of SECL in penalising Shri Bishram S/o Jaidha, Trammer Cat III vide order dated 19-7-93 and demoting him from Cat I to Cat III is legal and justified. Consequently the workman is not entitled to any relief.
- 9. Let the copies of the award be sent to the Government of India, Ministry of Labour & Employment becoming to one of the a 15 to as per rules.

C. M. SINGH, Presiding Officer

नई दिल्ली, 26 दिसम्बर, 2007 का.आ. 116. - औद्योगिक विसाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार एस ई. सी. एल. के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और इनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विषाद में क्रेन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण/श्रम न्यायालय, जबलपुर के पैचीट (संदर्भ संख्या 63/95) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 26-12-07 को प्राप्त SOR O DE VALE DOMESTONE AND SECULOR.

विकास कर विकास [सं. एल-22012/442/1994-आईआर(सी-II)] वर्ष के अनुसार के अनुसार के प्राप्त के प्राप्त के अनुसार के के अधिकारी ork or to the interest of the New Delhi, the 26th December, 2007

S.O. 116.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), of the Central Government hereby publishes the Award (Ref. No. 63/95) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal-cum-Labour Court, Jabalpur as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the employers in relation to the management of S. E. G. L. and their workman, which was received by the Central Government on 26-12-2007.

on the land the section is the month [No. L-22012/442/1994-IR(C-II)] AJAY KUMAR GAUR, Desk Officer ANNEXURE

BEFORE THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL CUM-LABOUR COURT, **JABALPUR**

NO. CGIT/LC/R/63/95

PRESIDING OFFICER: SHRI C. M. SINGH

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Versus

Versus

The property of the control The General Manager, and the second s Jamuna & Kotma Area, SECL, Post Jamuna Colliery,
Distt. Shahdol Management

AWARD

Passed on this 12th day of December, 2007

1. The Government of India, Ministry of Labour vide its Notification No.L-22012(442)/94-IR(C-11) dated 24-3-95 has referred the following dispute for adjudication by this tribunal:

Whether the action of General Manager, SECL Jamuna & Kotma Area in superceding S/Sh Mohd Y usuf Sheikh, R.S. Sahu, Gopal Singh, Dayaram Soni & S.M. Srivastava overmen of Govinda colliery by promoting Shri M. Kumar overmen to the post of St. overmen vide order dated 4-4-91 is legal and justified? If not, to what relief the workmen concerned are emitted to?"

- 2. Vide order dated 3-1-06 passed on the ordersheet of this reference proceeding, the reference proceeded exparte against the workmen/Union. No statement of claim has been filed on behalf of workmen/Union. It appears that on behalf of workmen/Union, an application dated 11-9-95 has been filed by which certain copies of the paper have been brought on record.
- 3. The management filed their Written Statement. Their case in brief is as follows. That the workmen Sarva Shri Mohd Yusuf Sheikh, R.S.Sahu, Gopal Singh, Dayaram Soni & S.M. Srivastava were employed as overmen, T&S,Gr.B in Sub area Jamuna & Kouna of the management. It has been pleaded in the Written Statement that the case of the wokmen is that they are senior to Shri M. Kumar who has been promoted to the post of Sr overman and therefore the order of supersession dated 4-4-91 of the management is not legal and justified. It has been further pleaded by the management that the promotion to the post of St. overman is done as per the cadre scheme That the cases of the eligible candidates were considered for promotion to the post of Sr. overman taking into account their merit by the Departmental Promotion Committee wherein the case of workmen was also considered along with several candidates. That the merit of each of the candidate was considered by the DPC. The DPC had made a report thereof. The promotion of Shri M. Kumar has been done on the principle of Merit-cum-seniority as per recommendation of DPC. Hence Shri M.Kumar was promoted to the post of Sr. overman and the workmen could not be promoted.
- 4. As the case proceeded exparte against the workmen/Union, no evidence has been brought on record on behalf of workmen/Union:
- 5. The management in order to prove their case filed affidavit of their witness Shri R.G. Yadav, then working as Area Personnel Manager in Jamuna & Kotma area of SECL.
- 6. I have heard Shri A.K. Shashi, Advocate for the management. I have very carefully gone though the evidence own record.
- 7. As there is neither any statement of claim of the workmen/Union nor any evidence on their behalf, the case

of the workmen is not at all proyed. The case of the management is fully established from the uncontroverted and unchallenged affidavit of management's witness Siri R.C. Yadav. The reference therefore, deserves to be decided in favour of the management and against the workmen/Union without any orders as to costs.

8. In view of the above, the reference is decided in favour of the management and against the workmen/Union without any orders as to costs holding that the action of General Manager, SECE Jamuna & Kotma Area in superceding S/Sh. Mohd Yushf Sheikh, R.S. Sahu, Gopal Singh, Dayaram Soni & S.M. Srivastava overmen of Govinda colliery by promoting Shri M. Kumaroverman to the post of Sr. overman vide order dated 4-4-91 is legal and justified and consequently the workmen are not entitled to any relief.

Government of India, Ministry of Labour & Employment as per rules.

the water point the C. M. SINGH, Presiding Officer to the polynomial factor of the polynomial fa

का भा 117 माओहोिमक विवाद अधित्यम् 1947 (1947 का 14) की भारा 12 के अनुसरम्म में, केन्द्रीय सरकार दूर संचार विभाग के प्रवंशतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औहोगिक विवाद में औहोग्रिक अधिकरण/ अस न्यायालय जोशपुर के मंजाद (संबर्ध संख्या) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 27-12-2007 को प्राप्त हुआ था

्रामण्डलकार करते हे**.सि.पल+40012/67/2004-आई आए(डी यू)]** अंत्र कार्यकार के कार्यक्रम अधिकारी राज्यकिस्**सुरेन्द्र सिंह्यडेस्क अधिकारी**

New Delhi, the 27th December, 2007

Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award of the Industrial Tribunal /Labour Court, Jodhpur as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the employers in relation to the management of Department of Telecom and their workman, which was received by the Central Government on 27-12-2007.

POST FOR A PART FOR THE [No: E-40012/67/2004-IR(DU)]

स्तार मध्यमी अवस्थान (बर्ग वैशा**अन्यन्त** । स. व. मानके प्रकृति प्रति । स. विश्व

े औद्योगिक विवाद अधिकरण एव अस म्यायालय जोधपुर पीठासीन अधिकारी: श्री पुष्पेन्द्रसिंह होड़ा आर एवं. जे. एस. औद्योगिक विवाद संख्या:- 2/2005

श्री राजेन्द्र प्रसाद जाया पुत्र श्री संतीकलाल जी जावा जाति भेहतर निवासी, काजीपुरा मोहल्ला, हरिजन बस्ती महेबाइ जॅक्शन, जिला पालीन

कार्य कर्मान है अने राष्ट्र **बनामें** रामका के नहार कर कर

- सब डिवीजनल ऑफिसर तार सुमेरपुर, जिला पाली गां
- 2. महाप्रबन्धक दूर संचार जिला पाली, मीरवाड़।

र केल किन्दूर के किन्दिक का अपने अपने का किन्दूर के किन्दूर के किन्दूर के किन्दूर के किन्दूर के किन्दूर के कि

रेफरेन्स अन्तर्गत धारा 10 औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 उपस्थित:-

- (1) श्री डी. के चौहान, प्रतिनिधि प्रार्थी उप.
- (2) श्री वासुदेव व्यास, प्रतिनिधि अप्रार्थी उप.

अवार्ड

दिनांक:- 27-9-2007

1. भारत सरकार ने अपनी अधिसूचना क्रमॉक एल. 40012/67/2004-(आई आर (डीयू) दिनांक 4-11-2004 के तहत निम्न विवाद अत्तर्गत धारा 10 औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 इस न्यायालय को रेफर किया है :—

"Whether the action of the management of S.D.O. (Tar), Sumerpur O/o The General Manager, Bharat Sanchar Nigam Ltd., Pali, Marwar in terminating the services of their workman Shri Rajinder Prasad Jawa S/o Shri Santok Lal Jawa, Part Times Sweeper w.e.f. 1-4-1997 is legal and justified? If not, to what relief the workman is entitled?"

2. प्रार्थी ने अपना मांग-पत्र इस आशय का प्रस्तुत किया है कि प्रार्थी की नियुक्ति अप्रार्थी संख्या -1 ने फरास व सफाई वाले के पद पर दिमांक 23-5-88 को अस्थाई तौर पर की प्रार्थी ने अप्रार्थी सं. 1 के पास दिनाक 30-3-88 से 1-4-97 तक बिना किसी ब्रेक के प्रत्येक कलेण्डर वर्ष में 240 दिन से अधिक काम किया तथा प्रार्थी को प्रतिमाह 500/- रूपये वेतन दिया जाता था । प्रार्थी से 30-3-88 से 31-5-89 तक फरास/सफाई वाले का कार्य लिया गया तत्पश्चात् प्रार्थी को उपराक्त कार्य के अतिरिक्त दिनांक 1-6-89 से कार्यालय में रात्रीकालीन चौकीदार के पद पर भी लगाया गया । इस प्रकार प्रार्थी ने 30-3-88 से -1-4-97 तक लगातार सफाईकर्मी एवं चौकीदार का कार्य किया । दिनांक 1-4-97 को अप्रार्थी सं. 1 ने बिना कोई कारण बताये मीखिक आदेश से प्रार्थी की सेवाएँ समाप्त कर दी, सेवा समानि से पूर्व प्रार्थी को न तो नोटिस दिया न ही नोटिस के एवज में वेतन दिया न ही छंटनी मुआवजा दिया गया । प्रार्थी ने पन: सेवा में लेने हुत् 29-1-98 तथा 20-2-2000 को अप्रार्थीगण को लिखित में भी प्रार्थना-पन्न दिये लेकिन अप्रार्थींगण द्वारा प्रार्थी को मात्र आश्वासन दिये जाते रहे लेकिन सेवा में पुर्नस्थापित नहीं किया गया । तत्पश्चात प्रार्थी की पत्नी को मिरगी के दौरे पड़ने शुरू हो गये तथा प्रार्थी अपनी पत्नी के ईलाज में व्यस्त रहा व स्वयं प्रार्थी की मानसिक स्थिति पत्नी की बिमारी के कारण खराब हो गई। प्रार्थी की पत्नी का ईलाज तीन वर्ष तक चला तब प्रार्थी ने पुन: अप्रार्थी विभाग में जाकर नौकरी हेत् निवेदन किया तथा 27-3-2003 को पुन: प्रार्थाना-पत्र दिया लेकिन अप्रार्थीगण मे कोई जवाब नहीं दिया । अप्रार्थी द्वारा प्रार्थी को सेवामुक्त करने से पूर्व कोई वरिष्ठता सूची प्रकाशित नहीं की गई। प्रार्थी कम पहा -लिखा होने के कारण व अपनी पत्नी की बिमारी के कारण व कानून से अनिभज्ञ होने के कारण पूर्व में शिकायत प्रस्तुत नहीं कर सकी । अत: प्रार्थी को सेवा समाप्ति की दिनांक से सेवा में बहाल किये जाने तक सेवाएँ लगातार मानी जावे तथा प्रार्थी को समस्त अनुलाभ अप्रार्थीगण से दिलाये जावें ।

3. अप्रार्थी की ओर से जवाब में कहा गया है कि प्रार्थी को पूर्णतया अस्थाई तौर पर आकस्मिक मजदूर के रूप में पार्ट टाईम दो घण्टे प्रतिदिन के लिए सफाई कार्य करने हेतु 30-3-88 को तारघर सुमेरपुर में रखा गया था। प्रार्थी को कभी भी श्रमिक के रूप में अप्रार्थीगण ने नियुक्ति नहीं दी । यह गलात है कि प्रार्थी ने अप्रार्थी सं. 1 के अधीन 30-3-88 से 1-4-97 तक बिना किसी ब्रेक के कार्य किया हो, यह भी गलत है कि उसे प्रतिमाह 500/- रूपये वेतन दिया जा रहा हो, वास्तव में उसे तारघर सुमेरपुर में सफाई का कार्य हेतु प्रतिदिन दो घण्टे के लिए अंशकालीन आंकस्मिक मजदूर के रूप में पूर्णतया अस्थाई तौर पर रखा गया था, जब-जब सफाई के कार्य की आवश्यकता होती थी तब-तब प्रार्थी से सफाई का कार्य करवाया जाता था, 31-12-1990 से 30-6-1991 के पत्र के जरिये प्रार्थी की सेवाओं की आवश्यकता नहीं होने के कारण प्रार्थी को काम पर नहीं आने हेतु सुचित किया गया था तथा उसके पश्चात् कार्य की आवश्यकता होने पर प्रार्थी को पन: कार्य पर रखा गया था। प्रार्थी द्वारा किये जाने वाले कार्य की प्रकृति को देखते हुए यह नहीं माना जा सकता कि प्रार्थी ने एक कलेण्डर वर्ष में 240 दिनों से अधिक अवधि तक काम किया हो। प्रार्थी का यह कथन भी गलत है कि उसने 30-3-88 से 1-4-97 तक अप्रार्थींगण के अधीन सफाई कर्मी एवं चौकीदार के पर पर कार्य किया हो। वास्तव में प्रार्थी से 1-6-89 से 8-6-89 तक कुल आठ दिनों की अवधि के लिए प्रति दिन पांच घण्टे के लिए चौकीदारी का कार्य करवाया गया जिसका भगतान उसे किया गया, प्रार्थी को कभी भी चौकीदार के पद पर नियुक्त नहीं दी गई। प्रार्थी द्वारा किये जाने वालें कार्य की प्रकृति के अनुसार तथाकथित सेवामुक्ति छंटनी की तारीफ में नहीं आती है न ही प्रार्थी के मामले में आई.डी. एक्ट के प्रावधान लागू होते हैं । अप्रार्थींगण द्वारा प्रार्थी को कभी भी सेवा में पूर्नस्थापित करने कोई आश्वासन नहीं दिया गया प्रार्थी ने कोई लिखित प्रार्थना-पत्र प्रस्तुत नहीं किये । प्रार्थी ने 27-3-2003 को प्रार्थना-पत्र प्रस्तुत कर नियमित नियुक्ति देने की प्रार्थना की थी किन्तु प्रार्थी को नियमानुसार नियमित नियुक्ति नहीं दी जा सकती थी क्योंकि प्रार्थी 1-4-97 के बाद कार्य पर नहीं आया । आकस्मिक मजदूर के रूप में कार्य करने वाले व्यक्ति के संबंध में वरिष्ठता सूची बनाने अथवा प्रकाशन करने की आवश्यकता नहीं रहती । अतिरिक्त कथन में कहा गया है कि भारत संचार निगम का गठन वर्ष 2000 में हुआ अत: तथाकथित रूप से 1-4-97 को प्रार्थी को सेवा से पृथक करने की तारीख को भारत संचार निगम अस्तित्व में नहीं था । सब डिवीजनल ऑफिसर एवं महाप्रबन्धक नियोक्ता की परिभाषा में नहीं आते । नियमों के अन्तर्गत निर्धारित प्रक्रिया के अनुरूप ही किसी व्यक्ति को सफाई कर्मचारी अथवा अन्यं किसी पर पर नियुक्ति दी जा सकती है। प्रार्थी ने अपना विवाद अत्यन्त विलम्ब से उठाया है। अत: प्रार्थी किसी अनुतोष का अधिकारी नहीं है । प्रार्थी का मॉग-पत्र सव्यय खारिज किया जाये।

4. मांग-पत्र के समर्थन में प्रार्थी ने स्वयं का शपथ-पत्र प्रस्तुत किया जिस पर अप्रार्थी प्रतिनिधि द्वारा जिस्ह की गई तथा अप्रार्थी की ओर से बस्तीमल परिहार व शम्भूसिंह पेमावत के शपथ-पत्र प्रस्तुत किये गये जिन पर प्रार्थी प्रतिनिधि द्वारा जिरह की गई।

- 5. दोनों पक्षों के प्रतिनिधीगण की बहस सुनी गई। पत्रावली का अवलोकन किया गया।
- 6. यह सिद्ध करने का भार प्रार्थी पर था कि उसने सेवामुक्ति की रेफरेन्स में बताई दिनांक 1-4-1997 से पूर्व के एक वर्ष में 240 दिन अप्रार्थी के अधीन कार्य किया (2006) 3 एल.एल.जे. 320 । प्रार्थी ने इस तथ्य को सिद्ध करने के लिए स्वंय की मौखिक साक्ष्य के अलावा प्रदर्श ए-। पत्र दिनांक 1-6-89 प्रस्तृत किया है जिसमें प्रार्थी को रात्रि में ऑफिस में किसी भी व्यक्ति को नहीं सोने देने की हिदायत दी गई है। माननीय उच्चतम न्यायालय द्वारा (2006) 1 एल. जे. 268 में यह निर्णित किया गया है कि इस तथ्य को सिर्फ शपथ-पत्र के आधार पर सिद्ध होना नहीं माना जा सकता बरिक इस सम्बन्ध में आवश्यक दस्तावेजी साक्ष्य भी प्रस्तुत की जानी चाहिये। प्रार्थी. द्वारा उक्त पत्र के अलावा इस संबंध में कोई दस्तावेजी साक्ष्य न तो प्रस्तुत की गई है न ही तलब करवाई गई है। जब कि प्रार्थी इस तथ्य को उपस्थिति रजिस्टर अथवा वेतन भगतान रजिस्टर से सिद्ध कर सकता था। प्रार्थी की साक्ष्य के रिबटल में अप्रार्थी विभाग की ओर से जो साक्ष्य प्रस्तुत की गई है उसमें श्री बस्तीमल परिहार सीनीयर टेलीफोन ऑपरेटिंग एसिटेन्ट ने अपनी साक्ष्य में इस तथ्य को तो स्वीकार किया है कि प्रार्थी को 30-3-88 से प्रतिदिन दो घण्टे सफाई कार्य के लिए अंशकालीन मजदूर के रूप में रखा गया था। प्रार्थी को कोई नियुक्ति नहीं दी गई थी, उसे प्रति घण्टा के हिसाब से पाक्षिक रूप से भुगतान किया जाता था। प्रार्थी ने 30-3-88 से 1-4-97 तक लगातार सफाई कर्मचारी या चौकीदार का कार्य नहीं किया, इस दौरान 1-6-89 से 8-6-89 तक कुल 8 दिन ही प्रतिदिन पांच घण्टे चौकीदारी का कार्य प्रार्थी से लिया गया । जिरह में इस गवाह ने यह स्वीकर किया है कि राजेन्द्र प्रसाद जावा ने 1-4-97 तक कार्य किया परन्तु इसका आशय यह नहीं लिया जा सकता कि प्रार्थी ने 30-3-88 से 1-4-97 तक लगातार कार्य किया हो । चुकि इस गवाह ने स्पष्ट रूप से वह दिनांक बताई है जब उसने पांच घण्टे कार्य किया व शेष समय में दो घण्टे सफाई कार्य प्रार्थी द्वारा किया जाना बताया व यह भी कहा है कि 30-3-88 से 1-4-97 तक ऐसे पद पर कार्य नहीं किया। इस प्रकार प्रार्थी ऐसी कोई साक्ष्य प्रस्तुत नहीं कर पाया है जिसके आधार पर यह तथ्य सिद्ध होना माना जा सके कि सेवामुक्ति की रेफरेन्स में बताई गई दिनांक 1-4-97 से पूर्व के एक वर्ष में प्रार्थी ने अप्रार्थी विभाग में 240 दिन कार्य किया हो।
- 7. प्रार्थी स्वीकारतः दैनिक वेतन भोगी कर्मचारी था व माननीय उच्चतम न्यायालय द्वारा 2005(8) एस.सी.सी. 750 में यह निर्णित किया गया है कि दैनिक वेतन भोगी कर्मचारियों के लिए सीनीयोरिटी लिस्ट रखा जाना आवश्यक नहीं है। प्रार्थी का केस मुख्यतया धारा 25-एक आई.डी. एक्ट, 1947 के उल्लंघन पर आधारित है। प्रार्थी ने धारा 25-जी व 25-एव आई.डी एक्ट, 1947 के उल्लंघन के कोई तथ्य नहीं बताये हैं। अतः इनका उल्लंघन अप्रार्थी विभाग द्वारा किया जाना नहीं माना जा सकता। इस प्रकार 240 दिन की सेवा प्रार्थी द्वारा पूरी किये जाने का तथ्य सिद्ध नहीं होने से धारा 25-एक आई.डी. एक्ट, 1947 का उल्लंघन अप्रार्थी विभाग द्वारा किया गया हो, यह सिद्ध होना नहीं माना जा सकता। इन परिस्थितियों में प्रार्थी की सेवामुक्ति अनुक्ति या अवैध नहीं माना जा सकती।

- 8. उक्त विवेचन के अनुसार इस रेफरेन्स का उत्तर इस अवार्ड की टर्म्स में निम्न प्रकार दिया जाता है।
- 9. प्रार्थी को दिनांक I-4-1997 से अप्रार्थी द्वारा सेवामुक्त किया जाना अनुचित एवं अवैध नहीं था । प्रार्थी किसी अनुतोष का अधिकारी नहीं होगा ।
- 10. यह अवार्ड आज दिनांक 27-9-2007 को खुले न्यायालय में सुनाया गया ।

पुष्पेन्द्र सिंह हाड़ा, न्यायाधीश

नई दिल्ली, 27 दिसम्बर, 2007

का.आ. 118—. औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार दूर संचार विभाग के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण/श्रम न्यायालय, जोधपुर के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 27-12-07 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल-40011/21/2001-आई आर(डी यू)] सुरेन्द्र सिंह, डेस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 27th December, 2007

S.O. 118.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award of the Industrial Tribunal /Labour Court, Jodhpur as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the employers in relation to the management of Department of Telecom and their workman, which was received by the Central Government on 27-12-2007.

[No. L-40011/21/2001-IR(DU)] SURENDRA SINGH, Desk Officer

अनुबन्ध

औद्योगिक विवाद अधिकरण एवं अम न्यायालय, जोधपुर पीठासीन अधिकारी:- श्री पुष्येन्द्रसिंह हाड्। आर. एच. जे. एस. ओद्योगिक विवाद संख्या-01/2002

श्री उम्मेदाराम पुत्र श्री कीरताराम द्वारा अखिल भारतीय तार परियात कर्मचारी संघ, 516, सुभव नगर 'ए' पाली (राज.)

....प्रार्थी

ह्यमास

प्रबन्धक, दूर संचार जिला पाली (राज.)

••••अप्रार्थी

रेफरेन्स अन्तगर्त धारा 10 औद्योगिक विवाद अकिनियम,

उपस्थिति :-

- (1) श्री भागीरथ चन्दौरा
- प्रतिनिधी प्रार्थी
- (2) श्री बी.पी. बोहरा
- प्रतिनिधी अप्रार्थी

अवा**र्ड** दिनांक 30-8-2007

1. भारत सरकार ने अपनी अधिसूचना क्रमांक एल. 4001/21/2001-आई आर (डीयू) दिनांक 1-11-2001 द्वारा निम्न विवाद अर्त्तगत धारा 10 औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 के तहत इस न्यायालयं को रेफर किया है:-

Whether the action of General Manager, Telecom Distt. Pali Marwar in not giving overtime wages to Sh. Umedaram S/o Sh. Kirtaman, Watchman for 12 hours duty for every day w.e.f. 3-10-1987 to till date is legal and justified? If not, what relief the union concern to is entitled to?

2. प्रार्थी ने अपना मांग-पत्र इस आशय का प्रस्तृत किया है कि प्रार्थी उमीदाराम चौकीदार के रूप में अप्रार्थी संस्थान में दिनांक -10-8 से निरन्तर कार्यरत रहा, प्रार्थी से प्रतिदिन 12 घण्टे कार्य लिया गर्या जब कि प्रार्थी की इ्यूटी 8 घण्टे प्रतिदिन निर्धारित है, ब्रार्थी ने मई, 1999 से अप्रैल, 2000 की अवधि में जोधपुर में मॉफिस में कार्य किया जहां उससे कोई अधिसमय कार्य नहीं लिया या, वर्तमान में प्रार्थी पांली में अंप्रार्थी के अधीन डाईविंग का कार्य हर रहा **है । प्रार्थी** ने अधिसमय **कार्य के वेत**न की राशि अप्रार्थीगण से गांगी लेकिन उसे अदा नहीं की गई जिसके कारण यह औद्योगिक विवाद उपिन्न हुआ । प्रार्थी के समान अन्य व्यक्तियों द्वारा कार्य करने ार उन्हें अधिसमय वेतन दिया जाता रहा है । अप्रार्थी द्वारा प्रार्थी को ह कहते हुए अधिसमय कार्य का भुगतान नहीं किया कि प्रार्थी की युटी 12 घण्टे की है जबकि प्रार्थी के स्थान पर अन्य व्यक्ति के कार्य हरने की इयूटी 8 घण्टे की है जो अधिनियम के प्रावधानों के विपरीत । अप्रार्थी संस्थान पर औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम के प्रावधान लागु होते हैं जिसके अनुसार अप्रार्थी किसी भी श्रमिक से प्रति तप्ताह 48 घण्टे से अधिक कार्य लेने पर अधिसमय वेतन देय होता है । प्रार्थी अल्पवेतन भोगी कर्मचारी है उसकी उक्त राशि अप्रार्थी ने अदा नहीं कर श्रम विरोधी कार्यवाही की है। प्रार्थी तारधर में कार्य करता है जो रात्रि में 12 बजे तक खुला रहता है । इस प्रकार प्रार्थी अधिसमाप के वेतन की राशि रुपये 1,60,62 व उक्त राशि पर 12 प्रतिशत ब्याज की राशि की मांग करता है, जो राशि प्रार्थी को अप्रार्थी से दिलाई जावे ।

3. अप्रार्थी की ओर से जवाब में कहा गया है कि प्रार्थी अप्रार्थी विभाग में 3-10-87 से कार्यरत है परन्तु उससे न तो कभी अधिसमय कार्य लिया गया न ही प्रार्थी ने अधिसमय कार्य किया, प्रार्थी से विभागी नियमानुसार ही कार्य लिया गया है, जब भी प्रार्थी को अतिरिक्त कार्य सौंपा गया उसका भुगतान उसे नियमानुसार कर दिया गया। प्रार्थी को विभागीय समयानुसार एवं विभाग द्वारा जारी विभिन्न परिपन्नों अर्थात् परिपन्न नम्बर 24-11/82 टी.ई.-II दिनांक 18-6-83 के अनुसरण में ही भुगतान किया गया है। अत: प्रार्थी किसी अनुतोब का अधिकारी नहीं है।

4. मांग-पत्र के समर्थन में प्रार्थी ने स्वयं का शपथ-पत्र प्रस्तुत किया जिस पर अप्रार्थी प्रतिनिधी द्वारा जिरह की गई तथा अप्रार्थी की ओर से राजवीर सिंह' का शपथ-पत्र प्रस्तुत किया गया जिस पर प्रार्थी प्रतिनिधी द्वारा जिरह की गई ।

- दोनों पक्षों के प्रतिनिधीगण की बहस सुनी गई । पत्रावली का अवलोकन किया गया ।
- 6. प्रार्थी ने यद्यपि अपने मांग+पत्र में जिस अवधि का ओवरटाईम उसके द्वारा क्लेम किया गया है उसका विवरण मांग-पत्र के साथ परिशिष्ट में संलग्न करना बताया है परन्तु इस प्रकार का कोई परिशिष्ट मांग-पत्र के साथ या बाद में भी प्रस्तुत नहीं किया गया है। प्रार्थी ने अपनी साक्ष्य में यह कहा है कि दिनांक 3-10-87 को वह अप्रार्थी विभाग में चौकीदार के पर पर कार्यरत है मेरे से 12 घण्टे प्रतिदिन कार्य लिया गया जब कि मेरी इयुटी अ घण्टे प्रतिदिन निर्धारित ॰ थी । मैंने ज्यादातर सौकीदारी का कार्य किया है व तारघर का परिसर खला था उक्त तारघर परिसर के चारों तरफ 2-3 फूट की दीवार थी, जेनरेटर, घडियाँ, लॉकर बाहर खुले में रहते थे जहां पर स्टोर, केश जनरेटर का इंजन अन्य सामान रहता था, रात को 12 बजे तक ऑफिस खुला रहता था, मेरे पास कैश की चाबी रहती थी, प्रतिदिन कैशियर से चार्ज लेता व देना होता था । अप्रार्थी को दिये गये विवरण के अनुसार 1,60,620 रुपये उसे ऑवरटाईम के दिलवाये जावे । जिरह में इस गवाह ने कहा है कि पूरे विलिद्धंग की चौकीदारी मैं अकेले ही करता था। मैं कैशियर से रात को 12 बजे चार्ज लेता था, सुबह 8 बजे वापस दे देता था ।
- 7. अप्रार्थी की ओर से जो शपथ-पत्र प्रस्तुत हुआ है उसमें श्री राजवीर सिंह एस.डी.ई (एच.आर.डी.) जी.एम.टी.डी. ने अपनी साक्ष्य में यह कहा है कि प्रार्थी को वेतन उसके द्वारा किये गये कार्य के अनुरूप दिया गया है। प्रार्थी चौकीदार के पद पर था व रात्रिकालीन चौकीदार तारघर का कार्यकाल विभागीय नियमानुसार 12 घण्टे होने के कारण उसने अधिसमय कार्य नहीं किया है। विभागीय परिपन्न संख्या 24-11/82 टी. ई-11 दिनांक 8-11-83 परिपन्न संख्या 24-17/71 टी.ई/पी.ई-1 दिनांक फरवरी, 1972 एवं परिपन्न संख्या ई एस.टी/ ई 10-प/ XXXXV II दिनांक, 24+1-1979 व परिपत्र सं. 24-11/टी. ई.-!1 दिनांक 18-6-83 से स्पष्ट है कि जहाँ पब्लिक टांजिक्सन नहीं होता एवं रात्रि में ताला लगा रहता है वहाँ चौकीदार का कार्यकाल 12 घण्टे तय किया गया है । तारघर रात्रि में दस बजे बंद हो जाता है एवं अगले दिन प्रातः सात बजे खुलता है, ऐसा तारघरों में चौकीदार का कार्यकाल 12 घण्टे ही निश्चित् किया गया है जब प्रार्थी उम्मेदराम खुट्टी पर रहता है तो इसके स्थान पर दूसरे कर्मचारी को वैकरियक व्यवस्था के बतौर लगाया जाता था जो कि चौकीदार पद का न होकर किसी अन्य पद का उम्मीदवार होता था जिससे विभाग को नियमानुसार 8 घण्टे ही कार्य लिया जा सकता है।
- 8. अप्रार्थी विभाग द्वारा प्रदर्श ए-1 व प्रदर्श ए-2 प्रार्थी द्वारा किये गये कार्य दिवसों एवं उसे विये गये साप्ताहिक अवकाश व उसे किये गये भुगतान का विवरण प्रस्तुत किया गया है जिसे प्रार्थी द्वारा अपनी साक्ष्य में अस्वीकार नहीं किया गया है। अतः उनमें उल्लेखित भुगतान आदि के तथ्य सिद्ध होने माने जा सकते हैं। जिरह में अप्रार्थी के गवाह ने कहा है कि उम्मेदाराम से वीकली रेस्ट के दिन काम नहीं लिया गया व जब कभी उससे काम लिया गया उसका भुगतान कर

दिया गया। उससे कभी सार्वजिनक अवकाश के दिन भी काम नहीं लिया गया, तारघर के चारों तरफ बाउन्ड्री बनी हुई थी, लॉकर जेनरेटर आदि ताले में रहते थे, रात्रि में ऑफिस में कैश नहीं रहता था, प्रार्थी से कभी ओवरटाईम नहीं करवाया गया व यदि कभी करवाया गया है तो उसे उसका भुगतान कर दिया गया है। ओवरटाईम के प्रावधान विभाग में लागू होते थे।

- 9. जहाँ तक प्रार्थी को ओवरटाईम देय होने का प्रश्न है, इस सम्बन्ध में प्रार्थी द्वारा ओवरटाईम एलाउन्स के सम्बन्ध में ओ.एमू. मं. 15012/3/86/एस्टबलिशमेन्ट (एलाउन्सेज) दिनांक 19 मार्च, 1991 द्वारा प्रसारित निर्देशों की प्रति प्रस्तुत की है जिसके द्वारा इससे पूर्व में प्रसारित सभी निर्देशों को सुपरसीड किया गया है। इन निर्देशों के क्लॉज-3 के अनुसार:
 - "(a) The work in all offices should be so organized as ordinarily to be capable of being done during the normal office hours. The question of overtime work to be done should arise only in special circumstances and where working beyond the prescribed offices hours is a regular feature, the offices and the officers should so stagger the working hours that the staff working in the office or attached to officer attend to such work by rotation.
 - (b) where in special circumstances, it becomes necessary to perform overtime work, the competent authority may authorize such overtime work after satisfying himself that the work is of such an urgent nature that it cannot be postponed in the public interest till the next working day and the competent authority shall as far as possible, specify before hand the time up to which a Government servant may be required to perform overtime work."

"Cash Compensation in the form of overtime allowance for duty on Sundays! Weekly or Fortnightly off-day/Second Saturday/Public holidays may is granted only in very exceptional circumstances where an officer not below the rank of Joint Secretary in the Secretariat Offices or the Head of the Department in the case of attached subordinate or other office is satisfied and certifies that it is not possible to grant compensatory leave."

उक्त निर्देशों से यह स्पष्ट है कि ओवरटाईम भता तभी दिया जा सकता है जब कि सक्षम अधिकारी द्वारा इस सम्बन्ध में निर्देश जारी किये गये हों । इन्हीं निर्देशों के क्लॉज 5-जी के अनुसार रेजीडेन्ट (नाईट इ्यूटी) कलर्क व चपरासी जो सचिवालय या अन्य कार्यालय में कार्यरत हों उन पर यह निर्देश लागू नहीं होंगे । प्रार्थी चूंकि अप्रार्थी विभाग का नियमित कर्मचारी था अतः उसे वर्कशॉप स्टाफ या नॉन इण्डस्ट्रीयल स्टाफ जो वर्कशॉप में आना नहीं माना जा सकता । प्रार्थी ने पांचवें केन्द्रीय वेतन आयोग की सिफारिशों की प्रति भी इस सम्बन्ध में प्रस्तुत की है परन्तु इसके

क्लॉज 65 के अनुसार ओवरटाईम एलाउन्स समाप्त करने की सिफॉरिश की गई है । अत: इससे प्रार्थी को कोई लाभ नहीं मिलता ।

10. उक्त नियमों से स्पष्ट है कि सक्षम अधिकारी के निर्देशानसार ही ओक्रटाईम देय हो सकता है। प्रार्थी के विभाग द्वारा चौकीदारी की इयुटी के सम्बन्ध में जो परिपत्र जारी किये गये हैं वे इस प्रश्न के निर्धारण के लिए प्रासंगिक हैं। परिपन्न संख्या ई.एस.टी/ई. 10-ए/ II दिनांक 24-1-1979 के अनुसार यदि चौकीदार विभाग के भवन की चौकीदारी कर रहा है कि जिसके दरवाजे बन्द किये जाने पर वे अपने आप में सैल्फ कन्टेन हो जाते हैं वे चौकीदार उसमें निगरानी करता है तो चौकीदार की इयूटी 12 घण्टे की मानी जायेगी । इसके बाद जारी किये गये परिपत्र दिनांक 18-6-83 के अनुसार भी चौकीदारों को भवन व स्टोर की सामान्य देख-रेख के लिए नियुक्त किया जाता है अत: उनकी इयटी 12 घण्टे मानी जायेगी । इन परिपत्रों के अनुसार चौकीदार की इयुटी 12 घण्टे की निर्धारित की गई है। ऐसी स्थिति में प्रार्थी का यह तर्क माने जाने योग्य नहीं है कि फैक्टी अधिनियम के अनुसार 48 घण्टे से अधिक कार्य लिये जाने की स्थिति में उसे ओवरटाईम देय था। चुंकि प्रार्थी अप्रार्थी विभाग का नियमित कर्मचारी था व वह ओवरटाईम विभागीय नियमों के अनुसार ही प्राप्त कर सकता था । 'प्रार्थी ने 12 घण्टे की ड्यूटी दी इस तथ्य में कोई विवाद नहीं है परन्तु यह उसकी सामान्य कार्य अवधि भी अत: सामान्य कार्य अवधि में किये गये कार्य के लिए उसे ओवरटाईम देय नहीं था।

11. प्रार्थी के कार्य की जो प्रकृति प्रार्थी स्वयं द्वारा व अप्रार्थी विभाग के गवाह द्वारा बताई गई है उसे देखते हुए यही माना जा सकता है कि प्रार्थी को भवन की सामान्य देख-रेख के लिए चौकीदार रखा गया था व जिस सामान की रेख-रेख वह करता था वह ताले में होता था ऐसे भवन की वह चौकीदारी नहीं कर रहा था जिसमें रात्रि में स्टोर के सामान का मुवमेन्ट होता हो । अतः परिपन्न के अनुसार उसकी सामान्य द्यूटी 12 घण्टे ही मानी जा सकती है ।

12. प्रार्थी ने इस तर्क के समर्थन में कि 48 घण्टे से ज्यादा काम लेने की स्थित में ओवरटाईम देय था, 1993 (1) डब्लु.एल.सी. राज. 698 पर रिलायन्स प्लेस की है परन्तु यह निर्णय फैक्ट्री कामगारों के सम्बन्ध में था जो फैक्ट्री अधिनियम से शासित थे। प्रार्थी फैक्ट्री अधिनियम से शासित थे। प्रार्थी फैक्ट्री अधिनियम से शासित हो यह नहीं माना जा सकता। अत: उक्त निर्णय से प्रार्थी को कोई लाभ नहीं मिलता है।

13. अप्रार्थी विभाग की ओर से यह तर्क लिया गया है कि प्रार्थी ने रेफरेन्स में जनरल मैनेजर टेलीकॉम पाली को पक्षकार बनाया है जबिक दूर संचार विभाग, पाली I-10-2000 से समाप्त हो गया है जो अब बी.एस.एन.एल के रूप में स्वतंत्र कार्य कर रहा है जब कि इस सम्बन्ध में अप्रार्थी की ओर से पूर्व में प्रार्थना-पत्र दिनांक 8-3-07 भी प्रस्तुत किया गया था। अप्रार्थी विभाग के गवाह राजवीरसिंह द्वारा यह स्वीकार किया गया है कि विभाग को सभी लेनदारियां व देनदारियां बी.एस.एन.एल. में मर्ज हुई, जो कर्मचारी थे उन्हें ऑपशन दिया था कि वे चाहे तो बी.एस.एन.एल में रहें या ना रहे। जो कर्मचारी बी.एस.एन.एल में रहे उनकी पूर्व की सेवायें लगातार मानी गई डी.ओ. टी, के ऐसेस्ट भी बी.एस.एन.एल में वैस्ट हो गये, बी.एस.एन.एल व डी.ओ.टी. की क्या शर्ते रही यह मैं नही बता सक्ब अप्रार्थी की इस

साक्ष्म से यह स्पष्ट है कि कर्मचारियों को ऑपशन दिये जाने के बाद उनकी सेवाए नये निगम में भी लगातार रही ऐसी स्थिति में यह नहीं माना जा सकता कि पूर्व में किये गये कार्य के सम्बन्ध में यदि कोई प्रश्न उत्पन्न होता है तो उसके लिए अप्रार्थी निगम उत्तरदायी नहीं हो। सभी लेनदारियां व देनदारियां बी.एस.एन.एल में मर्ज होना अप्रार्थी के गवाह ने स्वीकार किया है। ऐसी स्थिति में कर्मचारियों की पूर्व सेवा से संबंधित उत्तरदायित्व भी बी.एस.एन.एल में समाहित होना माना जा सकता है अव: अप्रार्थी विभाग द्वारा इस संबंध में लिया गया तर्क माने जाने योग्य नहीं है।

उक्त विवेचन के अनुसार प्रार्थी ऐसा कोई कारण नहीं बता पाया है जिसके आधार पर उसे प्रश्नगत् अविध का ओवरटाईम एलाउन्स देय होना माना जा सके।

- 15. अत: इस रेफरेन्स का उत्तर निम्न अवार्ड की टर्म्स में दिया जाता है:
- 16. अप्रार्थी विभाग द्वारा प्रार्थी को 3-10-87 से 1-11-2001 तक ओवरटाईम एलाउन्स नहीं दिया जाना उचित व वैध था। प्रार्थी किसी अनुतोष का अधिकारी नहीं होगा।
- 17. यह अवार्ड आज दिनांक 30-08-2007 को खुले न्यायालय में सुनाया गना।

पुष्पेन्द्र सिंह हाड़ा, न्यायाधीश

नई दिल्ली, 27 दिसम्बर, 2007

का. 31. 119.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार दूर संचार विभाग के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में औद्योगिक अधिकरण/श्रम न्याबालय जोधपुर के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 27-12-07 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल-40011/20/2001-आई आर(डी यू)] सुरेन्द्र सिंह, डेस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 27th December, 2007

S. O. 119.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Dispute Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award of the Industrial Tribunal/Labour Court, Jodhpur as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the employers in relation to the management of Department of Telecom and their workman, which was received by the Central Government on 27-12-2007.

[No. L-40011/20/2001-IR(DU)] SURENDRA SINGH, Desk Officer

अनुबन्ध औद्योगिक विवाद अधिकरण एंव श्रम न्यायालय, जोधपुर पीठासीन अधिकारी:- श्री पुष्पेन्द्रसिंह हाड़ा आर. एच. जे. एस. औद्योगिक विवाद (केन्द्रीय) संख्या:- 32/2001 उम्मेदाराम पुत्र श्री कीरताराम द्वारा अखिल भारतीय तार परियात कर्मचारी संघ, 516, सुभाष नगर 'ए' पाली (राज.)पार्थी

बनाम

प्रबन्धक, दूर सचार जिला पाली (राज.)

.....अप्रार्थी

रेफरेन्स अन्तर्गत **घारा 10 औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम**, 1947 उपस्थिति:-

- (1) श्री भागीरथ चन्दौरा प्रतिनिधी प्रार्थी
- (2) श्री बी.पी. बोहरा प्रतिनिधी अप्रार्थी

अवार्ड

दिनांक:- 30-8-2007

1. भारत सरकार ने अपनी अधिसूचना क्रमॉक एल. 40011/20/2001 आई. आर. (डीयू) दिनांक 10-04-2001 द्वारा निम्न विवाद अर्न्तगत धारा 10 औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 के तहत इस न्यायालय को रेफर किया है::-

Whether the action of General Manager, Telecom Distt. Pali Marwar in not giving overtime wages to Sh. Umedaram S/o Sh. Kirtaram watchman for working on weekly day of rest w.e.f. 3-10-1987 to till date is legal and justified? If not what relief the union concern is entitled?

2. प्रार्थी ने अपना मॉग-पत्र इस आशय का प्रस्तुत किया है कि प्रार्थी उम्मेदाराम को चौकीदार के रूप में अप्रार्थी संस्थान में दिनांक 3-10-87 से नियुक्त किया गया प्रार्थी से साप्ताहिक सार्वजनिक अवकाश के दिन 12 घण्टे चौकीदारी का कार्य लिया जाता रहा जब कि प्रार्थी की डयूटी 8 घण्टे प्रतिदिन निर्धारित है, प्रार्थी ने मई 1999 से अप्रैल 2000 की अवधि में जोधंपुर में ऑफिस में कार्य किया जहां उससे कोई अधिसमय कार्य साप्ताहिक अवकाश के दिन कार्य नहीं किया। वर्तमान में प्रार्थी पाली में अप्रार्थी के अधीन ड्राईविंग का कार्य कर रहा है। प्रार्थी द्वारा साम्ताहिक अवकाशों में अधिसमय कार्य के वेतन की राशि अप्रार्थीगण से मांगी लेकिन उसे अदा नहीं की गई जिसके कारण यह औद्यौगिक विवाद उत्पन्न हुआ। प्रार्थी के समान अन्य व्यक्तियों द्वारा कार्य करने पर उन्हें साप्ताहिक अवकाश वेतन दिया जाता रहा है। अप्रार्थी द्वारा प्रार्थी को यह कहते हुए साप्ताहिक अवकाश के कार्य का भुगतान नहीं किया कि प्रार्थी की डयुटी 12 घण्टे की है जबिक प्रार्थी के स्थान पर अन्य व्यक्ति के कार्य करने की डयूटी 8 घण्टे की है, जो अधिनियम के प्रावधानों के विपरित है। अप्रार्थी संस्थान पर औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम के प्रावधान लागू होते हैं जिसके अनुसार अप्रार्थी किसी भी श्रमिक से प्रति सप्ताह 48 घण्टे से अधिक कार्य लेने पर अधिसमय कार्य की परिभाषा में आयेगा जिसके लिये अप्रार्थी को विधिनुसार मान्य वेतन श्रमिक को देना होगा। प्रार्थी अल्पवेतन भोगी

कर्मचारी है उसकी उक्त राशि अप्रार्थी ने अदा नहीं कर श्रम विरोधी कार्यवाही की है। प्रार्थी तारघर में कार्य करता है जो रात्रि में 12 बजे तक खुला रहता है। इस प्रकार प्रार्थी साप्ताहिक अवकाश के दिन किये गये कार्य की राशि मय ब्याज अप्रार्थी से प्राप्त करने का अधिकारी है, जो राशि प्रार्थी को अप्रार्थी से दिलाई जावे।

- 3. अप्रार्थी की ओर से जवाब में कहा गया है कि प्रार्थी अप्रार्थी विभाग में 3-10-87 से कार्यरत् है परन्तु उससे न तो कभी अधिसमय कार्य लिया गया न ही प्रार्थी ने अधिसमय कार्य किया प्रार्थी से विभागीय नियमानुसार ही कार्य लिया गया है, जब भी प्रार्थी को अतिरिक्त कार्य सौंपा गया उसका भुगतान उसे नियमानुसार कर दिया गया। प्रार्थी को विभागीय समयानुसार एवं विभाग द्वारा जारी विभिन्न परिपत्रों अर्थात परिपत्र नम्बर 24-11/82 टी.ई.-।। दिनांक 18-6-83 के अनुसरण में ही भुगतान किया गया है। अत: प्रार्थी किसी अनुतोष का अधिकारी नहीं है।
- 4. मॉंग-पत्र के समर्थन मे प्रार्थी ने स्वयं का शपथ-पत्र प्रस्तुत किया जिसपर अप्रार्थी प्रतिनिधी द्वारा जिरह की गई तथा अप्रार्थी की ओर से राजवीरसिंह का शपथ-पत्र प्रस्तुत किया गया जिसपर प्रार्थी प्रतिनिधी द्वारा जिरह की गई।
- 5. दोनो पक्षों के प्रतिनिधीगण की बहस सुनी गई। पत्रावली का अवलोकन किया गया।
- 6. प्रार्थी ने यद्यपि अपने मॉॅंग-पत्र में जिस अवधि की साप्ताहिक अवकाश में अधिसमय कार्य के वेतन की राशि क्लेम की है, उसका विवरण मॉग-पत्र के साथ परिशिष्ठ में संलग्न करना बताया है परन्तु इस प्रकार का कोई परिशिष्ठ माँग-पत्र के साथ या बाद में भी प्रस्तुत नहीं किया गया है। प्रार्थी ने अपनी साक्ष्य में यह कहा है कि दिनांक 3-10-87 को वह अप्रार्थी विभाग मे चौकीदार के पद पर कार्यरत है मेरे से 12 घण्टे प्रतिदिन कार्य लिया गया जब कि मेरी डयुटी 8 घण्टे प्रतिदिन निधारित थी। मैने ज्यादातर चौकीदारी का कार्य किया है व तारघर का परिसर खुला था, उक्त तारघर परिसर के चारों तरफ 2-3 फीट की दीवार थी, जेनरेटर, घाडियाँ, लॉकर बाहर खुले मे रहते थे जहाँ पर स्टोर, केश जनरेटर का इंजन अन्य सामान रहता था, रात को 12 बजे तक ऑफिस खुला रहता था, मेरे पास कैश की चाबी रहती थी, प्रतिदिन कैशियर से चार्ज लेना व देना होता था। मेरे द्वारा सेवा अवधि में साप्ताहिक/सार्वजनिक अवकाश के दिन किये गये कार्य की राशि अप्रार्थी में बंकाया है जो मय ब्याज अप्रार्थी से दिलवाई जावे। जिरह में इस गवाह ने कहा है कि पूरे बिल्डिंग की चौकीदारी मैं अकेले ही करता था। मैं कैशियर से रात को 12 बजे चार्ज लेता था, सुबह 8 बजे वापस दे देता था।
- 7. अप्रार्थी की ओर से जो शपथ-पत्र प्रस्तुत हुआ है उसमें श्री राजवीरसिंह एस.डी.ई. (एच.आर.डी.) जी. एम. टी. डी. ने अपने साक्ष्य में यह कहा है कि प्रार्थी को वेतन उसके द्वारा किए गए कार्य के अनुरूप दिया गया है। प्रार्थी चौकीदार के पद पर था व रात्रिकालीन चौकीदार तारघर का कार्यकाल विभागीय नियमानुसार 12, घण्टे होने के कारण उसने अधिसमय कार्य नहीं किया है। विभागीय परिपत्र संख्या 24-11/82 टी हई- 11 दिनांक 8-11-83 परिपत्र संख्या

24-17 टी.ई/पी.ई-1 दिनांक फरवरी 1972 एवं परिपत्र संख्या ई.एस. टी/ई 10-ए/XXXXV II दिनांक 24-1-1979 व परिपत्र सं 24-11/टी. ई.-11 18-6-83 से स्पष्ट है कि जहाँ पब्लिक ट्रांजिक्शन नहीं होता एवं रात्रि में ताला लगा रहता है वहाँ चौकीदार का कार्यकाल 12 घण्टे तय किया गया है। तारघर रात्रि में दस बजे बंद हो जाता है एवं अगले दिन प्रात: सात बजे खुलता है, ऐसे तारघरों मे चौकीदार का कार्यकाल 12 घण्टे ही निश्चित किया गया है, जब प्रार्थी उम्मेदराम छुटटी पर रहता है तो इसके स्थान पर दूसरे कर्मचारी को वैकल्पिक व्यवस्था के बतौर लगाया जाता था जो कि चौकीदार के पद का न होकर किसी अन्य पद का उम्मीदवार होता था जिससे विभाग को नियमानुसार 8 घण्टे ही कार्य लिया जा सकता है। उम्मेदाराम से वीकली रेस्ट में कभी काम नहीं लिया गया व कभी लिया भी गया है तो उसे उसका भुगतान कर दिया गया।

 जहाँ तक साप्ताहिक अवकाश के बदले मे ओवरटाईम दिये जाने का प्रश्न है इस सम्बन्ध में प्रार्थी द्वारा ऑफिस मेमोरेन्डम नम्बर 16/66-एस्टबलिशमेन्ट (1) दिनांक 10 जनवरी 1968 व ऑफिस मेमोरेन्डम नं 49011/1/एस्टबलिशमेन्ट (सी) दिनांक 17-7-1976 पर रिलायन्स प्लेस की गई है। प्रार्थी ने 1987 से 10-4-2001 तक के दौरान सार्वजानिक अवकाश या साप्ताहिक अवकाश के दौरान किये गये कार्य का ओवरटाईम क्लेम किया है। अत: इस अवधि के दौरान जो परिपत्र लागू थे उन्ही के आधार पर ओवरटाईम देय होना या नहीं होना निर्णित किया जा सकता है। प्रार्थी ने जो परिपत्र प्रस्तुत किये है उनके अनुसार यह निर्देशित किया गया है कि 15 दिन में एक बार 24 घण्टे का रेस्ट कर्मचारी को दिया जावे। परिपत्रे दिनांक 10-1-1968 के अनुसार इस प्रकार का रेस्ट एक महीने में 48 घण्टे का था इसी परिपत्र में कम्पनसेटरी अवकाश की व्यवस्था भी की गई थी। पांचवे वेतन आयोग की सिफारिश के क्लॉज 65 के अनुसार ओवरटाईम समाप्त करने की सिफारिश की गई थी व ओवरटाईम के सम्बन्ध में जो निर्देश ऑफिस मेमोरेन्डम नं 15012/3/86 एस्टबंलिशमेन्ट (एलाउन्स) दिनांक 19-3-1991 द्वारा जारी किये गये हैं उनके अनुसार ओवरटाईम तभी दिया जा सकता है जब कि सक्षम अधिकारी द्वारा इस सम्बन्ध में निर्देश जारी किये गये हो व ओवरटाईम अपवाद स्वरूप ही दिया जा सकता है, नकद क्षतिपूर्ति सम्बन्ध में इन निर्देशों के क्लॉज 3 में निम्न व्यवस्था की गई है:-

" Cash Compensation in the form of overtime allowance for duty on Sunday/Weekly or Fortnightly off-days/Second Saturdays/Public holidays may be granted only in very exceptional circumstances where an officer not below the rank of Joint Secretary in the Secretariat Offices or the Head of the Department in the case of attached subordinate or other office is satisfied and certifies that it is not possible to grant compensatory leave."

प्रार्थी द्वारा किये गये कार्य का जो विवरण प्रदर्श ए-2 अप्रार्थी द्वारा प्रस्तुत किया गया है उसके अनुसार प्रार्थी को नियमित रूप से वीकली ऑफ दिया गया है प्रार्थी ने इसके विपरीत ऐसा कोई विवरण प्रस्तुत नहीं किया है जिससे यह प्रकट होता हो कि सार्वजनिक अवकाश के

दिन या उसको admissible weekly-off rest न दिया जाकर उससे काम लिया गया हो व उसका ओवरटाईम नहीं दिया गया हो। प्रार्थी द्वारा ऐसा सिद्ध नहीं किये जाने से यही माना जा सकता है कि प्रदर्श ए-2 में जो विवरण अप्रार्थी विभाग द्वारा दिया गया है उसके अनुसार उसे अवकाश के बदले देय कार्य से weekly-off दिया गया व जब उसे अवकाश व विभागीय परिपत्रों के अनुसार रेस्ट दिया गया है तो यह नहीं माना जा सकता कि वह ओवरटाईम के लिए भी entitled हो। इस प्रकार प्रार्थी वह सिद्ध नहीं कर पाया है कि अप्रार्थी विभाग द्वारा प्रार्थी पर जो नियम लागू थे उनका उल्लंघन किया जाकर उसे सार्वजनिक अवकाश या weekly rest के दिन का कोई देय भुगतान न किया गया हो।

9. प्रार्थी ने इस तर्क के समर्थन में कि 48 घण्टे से ज्यादा काम लेने की स्थित में ओवरटाईम देय था, 1993(1) डब्ल्यू एल.सी राज. 698 पर रिलायन्स प्लेस की है परन्तु यह निर्णय फैक्ट्री कामगारों के सम्बन्ध में था जो फैक्ट्री अधिनियम से शासित थे। प्रार्थी फैक्ट्री अधिनियम से शासित थे। प्रार्थी फैक्ट्री अधिनियम से शासित हो यह नहीं माना जा सकता। अत: उक्त निर्णय से प्रार्थी को कोई लाम नहीं मिलता है।

10. अप्रार्थी विभाग की ओर से यह तर्क लिया गया है कि प्रार्थी ने रेफरेन्स में जनरल मैनेजर टेलीकॉम पाली को पक्षकार बनाया है जब कि दूर संचार विभाग, पाली 1-10-2000 से समाप्त हो गया है जो अब बी.एस.एन.एल. के रूप में स्वतंत्र कार्य कर रहा है जब कि इस सम्बन्ध में अप्रार्थी की ओर से पूर्व में प्रार्थना-पत्र दिनांक 8-3-07 भी प्रस्तुत किया गया था। अप्रार्थी विभाग के गवाह राजवीरसिंह द्वारा यह स्वीकार किया गया है कि विभाग की सभी लेनदारियाँ व देनदारियाँ बी.एस.एन.एल में मर्ज हुई, जो कर्मचारी थे उन्हे ऑपशन दिया था कि वे चहि तो बी. एस. एन. एल में रहें या ना रहे। जो कर्मचारी बी एस एक एल में रहे उनकी पूर्व की सेवायें लगातार मानी गई, डी. ओ.टी के ऐसेस्ट भी बी.एस.एन.एल. मे वैस्ट हो गये , बी.एस.एन.एल व डी.ओ.टी की क्या शर्तें रही यह मैं नहीं बता सकता। अप्रार्थी की इस साक्ष्य से यह स्पषट है कि कर्मचारियों को ऑपशन दिये जाने के बाद उनकी सेवाएँ नये निगम में भी लगातार रही ऐसी स्थिति में यह नहीं माना जा सकता कि पूर्व में किये गये कार्य के सम्बन्ध में यदि कोई प्रश्न उत्पन्न होता है तो उसके लिए अप्रार्थी निगम उत्तरदायी नहीं हो। सभी लेनदारियाँ व देनदारियाँ बी.एस.एन.एल. में मर्ज होना अपार्थी में गवाह ने स्वीकार किया है। ऐसी स्थिति में कर्मचारियों की पूर्व सेवा में संबंधित उत्तरदायित्व भी बी.एस.एन.एल. में समाहित् होना माना जा सकता है अत: अप्रार्थी विभाग द्वारा इस संबंध में लिया गया तर्क माने जाने योग्य नहीं है।

1 उन्त विवेचन के अनुसार प्रार्थी ऐसा कोई कारण नहीं बता पाया है जिसके आधार पर उसे प्रश्नगत अविध का साप्ताहिक अवकाश/सार्वजानिक अवकाश का ओवरटाईम एलाउन्स देय होना माना जा सके

- 12. अत: इस रेफरेन्स का उत्तर निम्न अवार्ड की टर्म्स में दिया जाता है:
- 13. अप्रार्थ विभाग द्वारा प्रार्थी को 3-10-87 से साप्ताहिक अवकाश/सार्वजनिक अवकाश का ओवरटाईम एलाउन्स नहीं दिया

जाना उचित व वैध था। प्रार्थी किसी अनुतोष का अधिकारी नहीं होगा।

14. यह अवार्ड आज दिनांक 30-08-2007 को खुले न्यायालय मे सुनाया गया।

पुष्पेन्द्र सिंह हाडा, न्यायाधीश

नई दिल्ली, 27 दिसम्बर, 2007

का.आ. 120—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार डाक विभाग के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबंध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण/श्रम न्यायलाय जबलपुर के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या सीजीआईटी/ एलसी/आर/187/2000) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 27-12-07 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

* [सं.एल-40012/355/2000-आई आर(डी यू)] सुरेन्द्र सिंह, डेस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 27th December, 2007

S.O. 120.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. CGIT/LC/R/187/2000) Central Government Industrial Tribunal-cum-Labour Court, Jabalpur as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the employers in relation to the management of Department of Post and their workman, which was received by the Central Government on 27-12-2007.

[No. L-40012/355/2000-IR(DU)] SURENDRA SINGH, Desk Officer

ANNEXURE

BEFORE THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL-CUM-LABOUR COURT, JABALPUR

NO. CGIT/LC/R/187/2000

Presiding Officer: Shri C.M. Singh

Shri Sirajuddin, S/O Shri Gatasuddin,

R/O Empire Talkies Compound,

Cantt., Jabalpur.

Workman/Union

Versus

Chief Post Master (S.S.P.), Main Post Office, Civil Lines, Jabalpur.

Management

AWARD

Passed on this 8th day of November 2007

1. The Government of India, Ministry of Labour vide its Notification No.L-40012/355/2000/IR(DU) dated 31-10-2000 has referred the following dispute for adjudication by this tribunal:—

"Whether the action of the Chief Post Master (SSP), Head Office, Jabalpur in not regularizing the services of Sh.\$irajuddin, EDD and subsequently terminating his services w.e.f. 1-11-98 is legal and justified? If not, to what relief is the workman entitled?"

- 2. Vide order dated 12-6-07 passed on the ordersheet of this reference proceeding, the reference proceeded exparte against the management. Workman Sirajuddin has filed his statement of claim. His case in brief is as follows. That he was appointed on the post of letter box peon in the year 1990 on the basis of monthly payment. That he was working with the postman Abdul Samad who has been promoted and posted at other place. That workman have 9 years experience of the regular duty of the post of letter box peon. Therefore he is entitled for regularisation, but the management wrongly called the candidate from the employment exchange. The workman also appeared in the interview but the management wrongly appointed Respondent No.4 who has no experience for the post. The action of the management is illegal and against the provisions of law. It is prayed that the order of termination of the workman be setaside and the workman be reinstated in service with all back wages and benefits.
 - 3. The management failed to file Written Statement.
- 4. Workman Sirajuddin in order to prove his case filed his affidavit.
- 5. I have heard Shri B.S.Patel, Advocate for the workman and perused the evidence on record.
- 6. The case of the workman is fully established from his uncontroverted affidavit. (Annexure-P-1) sworn-in in the affidavit is a register through which the management gave salary to the workman. Annexure P-2 to the affidavit is registration of the name of workman with the Employment Exchange Office. EX.P-3 & P-4 to the affidavit are the Educational Certificates of the workman. The case of the workman is fully proved by his affidavit and the documents mentioned above. The reference, therefore, deserves to be decided in favour of the workman and against the management with costs. It has not been averred by the workman that after his termination, he has not been gainfully employed. Not only this, no evidence has been given on that point. Therefore the workman is not entitled to back wages and benefits.
- 7. In view of the above, the reference is decided in favour of the workman and against the management with cost hoiding that the action of the Chief Post Master (SSP), Head Office, Jabalpur in not regularizing the services of Sh.Sirajuddin, EDD and subsequently terminating his services w.e.f. 1-11-98 is not legal and justified. He is entitled to be reinstated but without back wages.
- 8. Let the copies of the award be sent to the Government of India, Ministry of Labour & Employment as per rules.

C. M. SINGH, Presiding Officer

नई दिल्ली, 27 दिसम्बर, 2007

का.आ. 121—. औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार नेशनल सेविंगस ऑगेंनाईजेशन के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण/श्रम न्यायालय, जबलपुर के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या सीजीआईटी/एलसी/आए/175/96) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 27-12-07 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल-42012/136/95-आईआर(डीयू)] सुरेन्द्र सिंह, डेस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 27th December, 2007

S.O. 121.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Dispute Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. CGIT/LC/R/175/96) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal-cum-Labour Court, Jabalpur as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the employers in relation to the management of National Savings Organisation and their workman, which was received by the Central Government on 27-12-2007.

[No. L-40012/136/95-IR(DU)]
SURENDRA SINGH, Desk Officer
ANNEXURE

BEFORE THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL-CUM-LABOUR COURT, JABALPUR

NO. CGIT/LC/R/175/96

Presiding Officer: Shri C.M. Singh
Shri Chhatrapal Singh Kahatri,
S/o Shri Chandan Singh Kahatri,
Vill & Post Setar,
Distt. Bilaspur (C.G)

Workman/Union

Versus

The Regional Director,
National Saving Organisation,
MP Eastern Region, 33,
Anand Nagar, Raipur.
The Deputy Regional Director,
National Saving Organisation,
Tilak Nagar,
Bilsaspur(C.G)

Managements

AWARD

Passed on this 14th day of December, 2007

1. The Government of India, Ministry of Labour vide its Notification No.L-42012/136/95-IR(DU) dated 30-8-96 has referred the following dispute for adjudication by this tribunal:—

"Whether the action of the management of Regional Director, National Savings, Raipur in terminating the services of Shri Chhatrapal Singh is justified? If not, to what relief is the workman is entitled to?"

- 2. Vide order dated 13-6-07 passed on the ordersheet of this reference proceeding reveals that inspite of sufficient service of notice, no body put in appearance for the parties and 6-8-07 was fixed for further orders. On 6-8-07, no one responded for the parties and the reference was adjourned to 12-12-07 for further orders. Again on 12-12-07 no body responded for the parties inspite of sufficient service of notice on the parties. Under the circumstances, this tribunal was left with no option but to close the reference for award and consequently the reference was closed for award.
- 3. It appears from the above that the parties have no interest in this reference. Therefore no dispute award without any orders as to costs is passed in this reference.
- 4. Let the copies of the award be sent to the Government of India, Ministry of Labour & Employment as per rules.

C. M. SINGH, Presiding Officer

नई दिल्ली, 27 दिसम्बर, 2007

का.आ. 122—.औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार सी.पी.डब्ल्यू. डी. के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण/श्रम न्यायालय, भुवनेश्वर के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 361/2001) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 27-12-07 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल-42012/8/2000-आईआर(डीयू)] सुरेन्द्र सिंह, डेस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 27th December, 2007

S.O. 122.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Dispute Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. 361/2001) Central Government Industrial Tribunal-cum-Labour Court, Bhubaneswar as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the employers in relation to the management of C.P.W.D. and their workman, which was received by the Central Government on 27.12.2007.

[No. L-42012/8/2000-IR(DU)]

SURENDRA SINGH, Desk Officer

ANNEXURE

CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL-CUM-LABOUR COURT, BHUBANESWAR

Present: Shri N.K.R. Mohapatra,

Presiding Officer, C.G.I.T.-cum-Labour Court, Bhubaneswar.

TR INDUSTRIAL DISPUTE CASE NO. 361/2007

Date of Passing Award-7th December, 2007

Between:

- 1. The Management of the Executive Engineer, C.P.W.D., Central Electrical Division, Plot No. A/3, Near Governor's House, Bhubaneswar (Orissa) 751001.
- 2. The Management of Accountant General (A&E), Orissa, Bhubaneswar-751001

...1st Party-Managements.

(And)

Their Workman, Shri Surendra Nath Das, Ex-Lift Operator, C/o. Muralidhar Das, Old AG Colony, Qr. No. Type-II-218, Unit-IV, Bhubaneswar, Orissa -751 001.

.. 2nd Party-Workman.

Appearances:

Shri Sant Lal, ... For 1st Party
Executive Engineer Management No.1
None. ... For Management No.2
Shri S.N. Das, ... For himself, the
2nd Party-Workman,

AWARD

The Government of India in the Ministry of Labour, in exercise of powers conferred by Clause (d) of sub-section (1) and sub-section 2(A) of Section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947) have referred the following dispute for adjudication vide their Order No.L 42012/8/2000/IR (DU), dated 31-05-2000:

"Whether the action of the Management of C.P.W.D., Bhubaneswar by terminating the services of Shri S.N. Das, Lift Operator after engaging 9 years of continuous service in AG Office, Bhubaneswar is genulne & justified? If not, to what relief the workman/disputant is entitled?"

2. Undisputedly it is the responsibility of Central Public Works Department (C.P.W.D.) to maintain the lift points and electrical appliances installed in different office establishment of Central Government. It is alleged by the disputant that for operating the lift point of A.G. Office at Bhubaneswar he was initially engaged after necessary interview by the Asst. Engineer, C.P.W.D. (Electrical) for a period from 1-8-I990 to 30-11-1990 on payment of a contractual sum of Rs. 1000/- per month. On completion of the above period he was further engaged with time to time increase in his wages for about 9 years and then the Management by entrusting the said job to a contractor agency terminated him with effect from 1-9-1999 without payment of any retrenchment compensation or terminal benefits. It is alleged by the workman that he was refused

employment in the above manner so as to avoid his regularization.

- 3. The Management on the other hand averred that the disputant was a contractor and therefore on the basis of time to time quotations given by him he was engaged up till 31st Dec., 1998 to operate the lift but after entrustment of the said job to another contractor on tender basis, he was disengaged from 1-9-1999. In view of the above the workman is not entitled for any relief as claimed by him. I Besides his nature of working contractual, he is also not entitled to be regularized against any vacant post.
- 4. On the basis of the pleadings of the parties the following issues were framed.

ISSUES

- 1. Whether the reference is maintainable?
- 2. Whether the action of the Management of C.P.W.D., Bhubaneswar, by terminating the services of Shri S.N. Das, Lift Operator after engaging 9 years of continuous service is genuine and justified?
- 3. What relief the workman/disputant is entitled to?
- 5. Each party have examined one witnesses in support of their respective cases. They have also filed some documents to justify their respective stands.

FINDINGS

ISSUE NO. 1

6. There being no substantial challenge to the question of maintainability of the case by the Management either during trial or in their counter, this Issue is answered affirmatively.

ISSUE NOS. 2 & 3

7. These issues are taken up together as they are interdependent. Admitting that the workman was engaged to operate the lift of the A.G. Building from 1-8-1990 till he was disengaged from 1-9-1999, it has been deposed by the Management Witness that the Executive Engineer of C.P.W.D. is competent to issue work order not exceeding one lakh while the Assistant Engineer was competent to issue such work order not exceeding Rs. 1500. Accordingly on the basis of single quotation the workman was given the contract of operating the lift by the Asst. Engineer and it was extended from time to time on the basis of fresh quotation given by the workman. To justify the same some work orders marked as Ext.-A to Ext.-E have been produced by the Management. These read along with the pleadings of the Management show that initially the workman was paid Rs. 1000 per month and thereafter it was raised to Rs. 1500 and then to Rs. 1647 from October 1996 and then @ Rs. 1857 per month. Challenging the above "Work Order" it is stated by the workman! (W.W.-1) that though he was engaged on monthly basis with time to time increase in the wages, the Management had simply taken his signature on these

- "Work Orders" so as to modulate that he was issued with work orders on the basis of quotation given by him. In view of the above stand of the workman it has now become necessary to find out the real unlying intention behind those documents.
- 8. The documents Ext.-A to E are the "Work Orders" said to have had been issued to the workman. The workman is found to have signed against the Column meant for the contractor as it appears from the above documents. But that itself is not sufficient to say that, the workman had taken the contract of operating the lift. It rather suggests that the amount payable to the workman was only contractual. This has gained support from the evidence of the Management Witness when he says that, on the basis of single quotation the workman was asked to operate the lift. Further more had the workman taken the contract he would have engaged some other man to operate the lift. When admittedly the workman himself was operating the lift it suggests that, he was not a contractor at all. Further more the aforesaid document indicates that the workman was paid month-wise and according to the Management Witness he was paid depending upon the rate of minimum wages changed from time to time. Had really the workman taken the contract the payment would have been made on lump-sum basis but not on monthly basis which otherwise suggests that in the garb of "work order" the workman was engaged on monthly paid daily wage basis as claimed by him and the "work orders" have been created by the Management as a substitute of a money voucher. In these premises there appears sufficient force in the saying of the workman that the concept of "work order" as advanced by the Management is nothing but a stage managed affair.
- 9. It is the settled law that, under the definition of Section 2(00) of the Industrial Disputes Act, termination of a workman for any reasons whatsoever tantamounts to retrenchment attracting Section 25-F of the Industrial Disputes Act. Since the workman was admittedly engaged continuously for about 9 years with superficial break on Sunday, the refusal of employment to him amounts to retrenchment and as such he is entitled to get all the consequential benefits of such retrenchment as prescribed under Section 25-F of the Industrial Disputes Act.
- 10. Accordingly it is held that the action of the Management in refusing employment to the workman with effect from 1-9-1999 is not justified and proper. As the workman has not been paid any such terminal benefits he is entitled for the same and for this the Management is directed to reinstate the workman against the post of lift Operator, which according to the Management Witness is still lying vacant with 50% back wages calculated in minimum wage rate scale.
 - 11. The reference is answered accordingly.

N. K. R. MOHAPATRA, Presiding Officer

LIST OF WITNESSES EXAMINED ON BEHALF OF THE WORKMAN

Workman Witness No. I - Shri Surendra Nath Das.

LIST OF WITNESSES EXAMINED ON BEHALF OF THE MANAGEMENT

Management Witness No.1 - Shri Sant Lal.

LIST OF EXHIBITS ON BEHALF OF THE 2ND PARTY WORKMAN

- Ext-1 -Copy of representation of workman dated I-12-1988.
- Ext.-2 -Copy of representation of workman to the Accountant General (A & E), Orissa to regularize him.
- Ext.-3 -Copy of the service order of the OTIS Elevator Company.
- Ext.-4- Copy of letter of J.E. dated 4-6-1997 which the workman carried to the OTIS Office.
- Ext-5 -Copy of the extract of the CPWD Manual in regard to the work charge establishment.
- Ext.-6 -Copy of the log book maintained from time to time by the workman in the A.G. Office, Orissa.
- Ext.-7 -Copy of the daily lift checking report submitted to the J.E. of C.P.W.D.
- Ext.-8 -Copy of the experience certificate granted to the workman by the A.E. and the Accounts Officer of the Office of the A.G., Orissa.
- Ext.-9 -Copy of the Identity card granted/issued to the workman by the office of the A.G., Orissa.
- Ext-10 -Copy of the salary certificate granted to the workman by the A.E.
- Ext-11 -Another salary certificate (Xerox copy) granted to the workman by another Asst. Engineer.
- Ext-12 -Copy of another salary certificate granted to the workman by another A.E.
- Ext-13 -Copy of another certificate granted by another A.E. to the workman.
- Ext-14 -Copy of the certificate granted to the workman by the Dy. Accountant General in regard to rendering services.
- Ext. 15 -Copy of another certificate granted to the workman by the D.A.G. in regard to the services rendered by the workman.
- Ext. 16 -Copy of representation of the workman as a second reminder to the S.E. (Electrical) for regularization of services.
- Ext. 17 -Copy of another representation of the workman made in the form of reminder to the Chief Engineer in regard to his services.
- Ext. 18 -Copy of work order.
- Ext. 18/1 to 18/24-Copy of work order.
- Ext. 19-Copy of office letter dated 9-11-2004.

- Ext.-20 -Copy of minutes of the meeting held with CPWD Mazdoor Union on 22-\$-92
- Ext.-20/1-Copy of minutes of meeting held with CPWD Mazdoor Union on 25-3-94.
- Ext.-21 -Copy of letter dated 7-12-1995.
- Ext.-21/1-Recommendation letter dated 17-12-1996.
- Ext.-22 -Copy of office memo issued by Govt. of India, CPWD, New Delhi.
- Ext.-23 -Copy of letter dated 7-12-1995 of EE (Elect.) BCDD, C.P.W.D. Bhubaneswar to Asstt. Engineer, (Electrical) BCE Sub-Division, CPWD, BBSR.

LIST OF EXHIBITS ON BEHALF OF THE 1st PARTY MANAGEMENT

- Ext.-A-Copy of work order dated 1-1-1995.
- Ext.-B-Copy of work order dated 1-4-1995.
- Ext.-C-Copy of work order dated 30-3-1996.
- Ext.-D-Copy of work order dated 30-9-1996.
- Ext.-E-Copy of work order dated 31-3-1999.
- Ext.-F-Copy of Office Memo of C.P.W.D., Kolkata dated 24-1-2007.

नई दिल्ली, 27 दिसम्बर, 2007

का.आं.123—.औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार सेन्ट्रल रेलवे के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीब सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण जबलपुर के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 24/1992) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 27-12-07 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं.एल-41011/46/1991-डी-2(बी)आईआर(बी-1)] अजय कुमार, डेस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 27th December, 2007

S.O. 123.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. 24/1992) of Central Government Industrial Tribunal-cum-Labour Court, Jabappur as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the management of Central Railway and their workman, received by the Central Government on 27-12-2007.

[No. L-41011/46/1991-D-2(B)IR(B-I)] AJAY KUMAR, Desk Officer

ANNEXURE

BEFORE THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL-CUM-LABOUR COURT, JABALPUR

NO. CGIT/LC/R/24/92

PRESIDING OFFICER: SHRI C. M. SINGH

The President,

Chaturth Shreni Railway Mazdoor Congress,

Central Railway(INTUC),

2/236, Namner, Agra

Workman/Union

Versus

The Divisional Engineer(S), Central Railway, Bhopal, The Divisional Railway Manager(S), Central Railway, Bhopal

Managements

AWARD

Passed on this 14th day of December 2007

1. The Government of India, Ministry of Labour vide its Notification No.L-41011/46/91-D-2(B) dated 20-2-92 has referred the following dispute for adjudication by this tribunal:—

"Whether the action of Divisional Engineer (S), Central Railway, Bhopal, Asstt. Engineer (M), C.Rly. Itarsi and DRM(P), C.Rly., Bhopal in terminating the services of S/Sh.Nandoo, S/o Sh.Daulat, Mohanlal S/o Sh.Kishanlal and Philips S/o Sh.Uttamrao is justified? If not, what relief they are entitled to?"

- 2. Vide order dated 12-12-07, the reference was closed for award for the reason that none of the parties responded to the call of the case and the tribunal was left with no option but to close the reference for award.
- 3. It appears from the above that the parties have no interest in the reference proceeding. Perhaps no dispute is left between the parties. Therefore, no dispute award is passed without any orders as to costs.
- 4. Let the copies of the award be sent to the Government of India, Ministry of Labour & Employment as per rules.

C. M. SINGH, Presiding Officer

नई दिल्ली, 27 दिसम्बर, 2007

का.आ. 124.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार नोर्दन रेलवे के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण जोधपुर के, पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 14/2002) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 27-12-2007 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल-41012/167/2001-आईआर (बी-I)]

अजय कुमार, डेस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 27th December, 2007

S.O. 124.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. 14/2002) of Industrial Tribunal-cum-Labour Court, Jodhpur as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the management of Northern Railways and their workmen, received by the Central Government on 27-12-2007.

[No. L-41012/167/2001-IR (B-1)] AJAY KUMAR, Desk Officer

अनुषंय

औद्योगिक विवाद अधिकरण एवं श्रम न्यायालय, जोधपुर पीठासीन अधिकारी : श्री पुष्पेन्द्रसिंह हाडा, आर.एच.चे.एस.

केन्द्रीय श्रम विवाद संख्या : 14/2002

त्री पूनमचन्द ओसी द्वारा लिलत सर्मा, संयुक्त महामंत्री, भारतीय मजदूर संघ, एस.बी.बी.जे. मॉडिया रोड शाखा, एल.आई.सी. बिल्डिंग, पाली

....प्रार्थी

वनाम

उप मुख्य काँत्रिक इंजीनिक्र वर्कशॉच, उत्तर रेलवे, कोधकुर

रेफरेन्स अर्नागत घारा 10 औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947

उपस्थिति :--

- (1) श्री अनिल मेहता प्रतिनिधी प्रार्थी उन्
- (2) अप्रार्थी प्रतिनिधी श्री डी.एस. फेडरिक उप.

अवार्ड

दिनांक 20-9-2007

1. भारत सरकार ने अपनी अधिसूचना क्रमांक एल-41012/167/2001-आई आर (बी-1) दिनांक 30-4-2002 के तहत निम्न क्विट अन्तर्गत धारा 10 औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 इस न्यायालय को रेफर किया है:-

> "क्या श्री पूनमचन्द जोशी को लेब सहायक उसके नियोजक (1) चीफ वर्कस इंजीनियर उत्तर रेलबे बढ़ोदा इाऊस, नई दिल्ली (2) उच मुख्य मैकेनिकल इंजीनियर वर्कशॉप उत्तर रेलवे जोधपुर द्वारा जे.सी.एम.ए. से दिनांक 27-7-94 से लेब सहायक के पद पर पदावनत किया जाना उचित एवं वैध है ? यदि नहीं तो श्रमिक अपने नियोजक से बया राहत पाने का अधिकारी है ?

2. प्रार्थी यूनियन की ओर से एक मांग-पत्र इस आश्य का प्रस्तुत किया गया कि प्रार्थी पूनमचन्द जोशी भारतीय मक्दूर संघ का सदस्य है, उसकी नियुक्ति अप्रार्थी संस्थान में लेग खलासी के पद पर दिनांक 14-3-1975 को हुई, प्रार्थी को 26 जुलाई, 1978 को 260-430 के वेतनमान में लेग असिस्टेन्ट के पद पर पदोन्तत कर डीजल शेड भगत की कोठी, जोधपुर में पदस्थापित किया गया । अप्रार्थी हारा 25-2-1983 के पत्र से प्रार्थी को एडहॉक बेसिस पर जे.सी.एम.ए. के पद पर पदोन्तत किया गया जिस पद पर प्रार्थी ने 25-2-1983 को कार्यभार ग्रहण किया व 27-7-1994 तक 11 वर्ष पांच माह 2 दिन तक कार्य किया, प्रार्थी ने उसे उक्त पद पर कन्फर्म करने हेतु निवेदम किया जो अप्रार्थी ने अपने पत्र दिनांक 26-2-92 हारा प्रार्थी को एडहॉक जूनियर केमीकल एण्ड मेटालर्जिकल असिस्टेन्ट के पद से पदानवत कर पुन: लेग असिस्टेन्ट के पद पर पदस्थापित कर दिया, जिसके विरुद्ध प्रार्थी ने केन्द्रीय प्रशासनिक अधिकरण में प्रार्थना-पत्र

प्रस्तेत किया जिस पर न्यायालय द्वारा 27-1-94 को आदेश पारित विया कि बंदि पदोन्नित कोटा उपलब्ध हो तो सीनीयोरिटी के अनुसार प्रार्थी को वंक्त पद पर कन्सीडर करते हुए पदोन्तत किया जावे तब तक पदानवंत नहीं किया जावे । प्रार्थी उक्त आदेश के फलस्वरूप पद्मनवत करने के पश्चात् भी अप्रार्थी संस्थान में जे.सी.एम.ए. के पद पर कार्य करता रहा । अप्रार्थी प्रार्थी से कनिष्ठ कर्मचारी श्री देवीलाल जो लेब असिस्टेन्ट की कंडर में कनिष्ठ था को पदोन्नत किया जब कि प्राभी ने 1983 से 1994 तक लगातार बिमा किसी व्यवधान के जे.सी. एम ए. के पर पर कार्य किया उक्त पद पर पदोन्नत नहीं किया गया। प्राभी को अनुचित एवं अवैधानिक तरीके से जे.सी.एम.ए. के पद से लेब असिस्टैन्ट के पद पर पदानवत किया गया है जब कि अप्रार्थी संस्थान में जै.सी.एम.ए. पद की 50 प्रतिशत पदोन्नति श्रेणी में तीन पद रिक्त थे। प्रार्थी को लिखित परीक्षा के लिए आमंद्रित किया जिसमें प्रार्थी उत्तीर्ण हुआ, प्रार्थी का नाम परीक्षा परिणाम में उत्तीर्ण कर्मचारियों के क्रमांक-3 पर अंकित है किन्तु अप्रार्थी द्वारा प्रार्थी को किसी प्रकार की प्राथमिकता नहीं दी गई एवं जानवृद्धकर प्रार्थी से कनिष्ठ कर्मचारी को जे.सी.एन.ए. के पद पर पदोन्नत कर दिया । अत: प्रार्थी को अप्रार्थी द्वारा जे.सी.एम.ए. के पद से लेबर सहायक के पद पर पदानवत किये जाने का आदेश दिनांक 27-7-94 अवैध घोषित किया जाकर प्रार्थी को 27-7-94 से ही जे.सी.एम.ए. बनाये जाने का अवार्ड पारित किया जावे।

3. अप्रार्थी की ओर से जवाब में कहा गया है कि प्रार्थी को 27+7-94 दे जे.सी.एम.ए. से लेब सहायक के पद पर पदानवत किया जाना मिलकुल सही और नियमों के अन्तर्गत था। प्रार्थी 14-3-75 को वतीर सबस्टीट्यूट लेब खलासी के पद पर लोको फोरमैन मेडता रोड के अधीन नियुक्त हुआ था न कि लेब खलासी के पद पर, प्रार्थी को 28-12-79 के आदेश से लेब सहायक के पद पर पदोन्तत किया न कि 26-7-78 को । प्रार्थी को अप्रार्थी के पत्र दिनांक 25-2-1983 के द्वारा तदर्थ आधार पर स्थानीय व्यवस्था पर पदोन्नत कर जे.सी.एम.ए. वेतनमान 38-560 वेतन पर लोको शेंड, जोधपुर में लगाया गया तथा उपत पत्र के अनुसार प्रार्थी को यह साफ तौर पर तथा लिखित रूप में बताया गया कि उक्त पदोन्नति पूर्णतया अस्थाई एवं तदर्थ स्थानीय व्यवस्था पर है और भविष्य में ऐसी पदोन्ती के लिए उसे किबी प्रकार का अधिकार प्राप्त नहीं होगा । प्रार्थी को पत्र दिनांक 26-12-92 के अनुसार लेब सहायक के पद पर पदावनत् करने के आर्देश जारी किये क्ये क्योंकि जे.सी.एम.ए, के पद हेतु सीधी पर्ती द्वारा चयनित राम्मीदवार अश्विनी क्मार सी.एम.टी./लखनक के पत्र दिनांक 19-12-1992 के अन्तर्गत जोईन करने हेतु उपस्थित हुआ । प्रार्थी द्वारा सी.ए.टी जोधपुर में प्रकरण दर्ज कर 9-1-1993 को पदावनत् नहीं करने तेतु स्थगन आदेश प्राप्त किया । प्रार्थी 1993 में जारी वरीकता सूचि में देवीलाल, कैलाश वसन्दानी व श्री ऋषभराज कल्ला से जुनियर है। अप्रार्थी द्वारा देवीलाल को नियमानुसार सही तौर पर जे. सी.प्म.ए. पह पर पदोन्नत किया गया । प्रार्थी लिखित परीक्षा में उत्तीर्ग हुआ परना मौखिक परीक्षा में फेल हो गया इसलिए उसे पैनल पर नहीं रखा गया, प्रार्थी को भारतीय रेल स्थापना नियम 1989 के पैरा 219 में निहित निर्देशों को ध्यान में रखते हुए ही पैनल पर नहीं रखा गया व मे.सी.एम.ए. के पद पर पदोन्नत नहीं किया गया। प्रार्थी किसी अनुतोष का अधिकारी नहीं है। प्रार्थी का क्लेम मय खर्चे खारिज किया जावे।

- 4. मांग-पत्र के समर्थन में प्रार्थी ने स्वयं का शपथ-पत्र प्रस्तुत किया जिस पर अप्रार्थी प्रतिनिधि द्वारा जिरह की गई तथा अप्रार्थी की और से एस.आर. वर्मा उप मुख्य बांत्रिक अभियन्ता वर्कशॉप का शपथ-पत्र प्रस्तुत किया गया जिस पर प्रार्थी प्रतिनिधि द्वारा जिरह की गई।
- 5. दोनों पक्षों के प्रतिनिधिगण की बहस सुनी गई । पत्रावली का अवलोकन किया गया ।
- 6. यह तथ्य बिबादित नहीं है कि प्रार्थी को अप्रार्थी के आदेश दिनांक 25-2-83 से अस्थाई आधार पर जे.सी.एम.ए. के पद पर लगाया गया व आदेश दिनांक 26-12-92 द्वारा उसे इस पद से हटाया जाकर पुनः लेब असिस्टेन्टं के पद पर पदस्थापित किया गया । प्रार्थी द्वारा केन्द्रीय प्रशासनिक अधिकरण द्वारा जारी स्थगन आदेश के कारण प्रार्थी ने इस पद पर 1994 तक कार्य किया । केन्द्रीय प्रशासनिक अधिकरण द्वारा प्रार्थी की याचिका को इस निर्देश के साथ निस्तारण किया गया कि यदि प्रमोशन कोटा में जे.सी.एम.ए. पद रिक्त हो तो प्रार्थी का एडहॉक प्रमोशन किये जाने के लिए प्रार्थी के नाम पर सीनीयोरिटी के अनुसार विचार किया जावे व तब तक प्रार्थी को रिवर्ट नहीं किया जावे । अन्नार्धी के अनुसार नियमानुसार जे.सी.एम.ए. पद के लिए लिखित परीक्षा ली नई जिसमें प्रार्थी भी सम्मिलत हुआ । प्रार्थी मौजिक परीक्षा में फेल हो गया जिससे उसे पैनल पर नहीं रखा गया । प्रार्थी का यह कथन है कि दैवीलाल व कैलाश वसन्दानी उससे जुनियर है गलत है बल्कि प्रार्थी देवीलाल व कैलाश वसन्दानी से जूनियर है । अप्रार्थी की ओर से एनेक्सचर-4 पत्र दिनांक 17-8-96 प्रस्तुत किया गया है जिसमें जे.सी.एम.ए. पद के लिए लिखित परीक्षा में उत्तीर्ण विभिन्न कर्मचारियों को साक्षात्कार हेतु उपस्थित होने के निर्देश दिये गये थे। प्रार्थी का नाम भी इसमें था इससे स्पष्ट है कि प्रार्थी ने लिखित परीक्षां में भाग लिया; लिखित परीक्षा व साक्षात्कार के पश्चात् ऋषभराज कल्ला व मदनलाल को जे.सी.एम.ए. के पैनल पर रखा गया अन्य कर्बन्नारियों को इस पैनल के उपयुक्त नहीं पाया गया । अप्रार्थी के गवाह एस.आर. वर्मी ने भी इन तथ्यों की पुष्टि की है व प्रार्थी ने ऐसा कोई तथ्य प्रस्तुत नहीं किया है जिससे अप्रार्थी द्वारा प्रस्तुत दस्तावेजों से अन्यथा कोई स्थिति बनना मानी जा सके। अप्रार्थी द्वारा एनेक्सचर-6 सौनौयोरिटी लिस्ट भी प्रस्तुत की गई है जिसमें देवीलाल ऋषमराज करूला व कैलाश वसन्दानी प्रार्थी से वरिष्ठ हैं।
- 7. प्रार्थी का यह कथन कि देखीलाल को जे.सी.एम.ए. के पद पर पूर्व में नहीं लगाया गया अतः वह उससे किनच्छ था, माने जाने योग्य नहीं है क्योंकि सीनीयोरिटी लिस्ट में देवीलाल उससे वरिष्ठ था व प्रार्थी के जे.सी.एम.ए, पद पर एडहॉक कार्य करने से पूर्व की वरिष्ठता परिवर्तित नहीं होती । इस प्रकार प्रार्थी के करीब 10-11 वर्ष जे.सी. एम.ए. के पद पर एडहॉक कार्य करने से उसे न तो अन्य कर्मचारियों से वरिष्ठ माना जा सकता है न ही जे.सी.एम.ए. के पद पर बने रहने का उसका कोई अधिकार बनना माना जा सकता है क्योंकि उसकी नियुक्ति विशुद्ध रूप से एडहॉक व अस्थाई रूप से की गई थी व नियुक्ति आदेश दिनांका 25-2-83 में ही यह स्पष्ट किया गया था

कि भविष्य में ऐसी पदोन्ति के लिए किसी प्रकार कोई अधिकार प्राप्त नहीं होगा ।

8. प्रार्थी ने ए.आई.आर. 2000 एस.सी. 2808 के आधार पर यह तर्क लिया है कि इतने लम्बे समय तक कार्य करने से उसकी नियुक्ति एडहॉक नहीं मानी जा सकती । उक्त निर्णय में माननीय उच्चतम न्यायालय द्वारा देहली न्यायिक सेवा के तहत कार्यरत अधिकारियों के सम्बन्ध में उक्त सेवा नियमों का निर्वचन करते समय यह निर्णित किया था कि इस प्रकार की नियुक्तियां एडहॉक, स्टोपगेप नियुक्तियां मानी जा सकती हैं । इस प्रकरण की जो परिस्थिति है वह इस प्रकार की नहीं है कि प्रार्थी की नियुक्ति को एडहॉक नहीं माना जावे प्रार्थी के नियुक्ति आदेश में ही यह स्पष्ट है व प्रार्थी ने उस पर लागू सेवा नियमों का ऐसा कोई प्रावधान नहीं बताया है जिसके तहत इस प्रकार की एइहॉक नियुक्ति से उसे कोई अधिकार उत्पन्न होता हो । ऐसी परिस्थिति में प्रार्थी की जे.सी.एम.ए. पद पर आदेश दिनांक 25-2-83 द्वारा की गई नियुक्ति विशुद्ध रूप से एडहॉक व अस्थाई मानी जा सकती है एवं सेवा नियमों के तहत परीक्षा व साक्षात्कार के बाद इस पद के लिए चूंकि प्रार्थी चयनित नहीं हुआ अत: यह नहीं माना जा सकता कि प्रार्थी का इस पद पर बने रहने का अधिकार था। ऐसी स्थिति में आदेश दिनांक 27-7-1994 द्वारा प्रार्थी को रिवर्ट किये जाने में कोई अवैधानिकता प्रकट नहीं होती ।

- उपरोक्त विवेचन के अनुसार इस रेफरेन्स का उत्तर निम्न अवार्ड की टर्म्स में दिया जाता है।
- 10. प्रार्थी को अप्रार्थीगण द्वारा जे.सी.एम.ए. पद से दिनांक 27-7-94 से लेब सहायक के पद पर पदावनत् किया जाना उचित एवं वैध था। प्रार्थी किसी अनुतोष का अधिकारी नहीं होगा।
- 11. यह अवार्ड आज दिनांक 20-9-2007 को खुले न्यायालय में सुनाया गया।

पुष्पेन्द्र सिंह हाड़ा, न्यायाधीश

नई दिल्ली, 27 दिसम्बर, 2007

का.आ. 125.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार नोर्दन रेलवे के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण जोधपुर के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 25/2002) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 27-12-07 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल-41012/04/2002-आईआर (बी-I)] अजय कुमार, डेस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 27th December, 2007

S.O. 125.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. 25/2002) of Industrial Tribunal-cum-Labour Court, Jodhpur as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the management of Northern Railways and their workmen, received by the Central Government on 27-12-2007.

[No. L-41012/04/2002-IR (B-I)] AJAY KUMAR, Desk Officer

अनुबंध

औद्योगिक विवाद अधिकरण एवं श्रम न्यायालय, जोधपुर पीठासीन अधिकारी : श्री पुष्पेन्द्रसिंह हाड़ा, आर.एच.जे.एस. औद्योगिक विवाद (केन्द्रीय) सं. : 25/2002 मोहन सिंह पुत्र श्री सुलतान सिंह द्वारा ललित शर्मा, संयुक्त मंत्री, भारतीय मजदूर संघ, पाली मारबाड़ (राज.)

...प्रार्थी

खनाम

डिवीजनल रेलवे मैनेजर, उत्तर रेलवे, जोधपुर

...अप्रार्थी

रेफरेन्स अर्न्तगत धारा 10 औ. वि. अधिनियम, 1947 उपस्थित :--

- (1) श्री भुषणसिंह चारण प्रतिनिधी प्रार्थी
- (2) श्री गिरीश तोखना प्रतिनिधि अप्रार्थी

अवार्ड

दिनांक 25-8-2007

1. भारत सरकार ने अपनी अधिसूचना क्रमांक एल 41012/4/2002/आई आर (बी—1) दिनांक 19-6-2002 द्वारा निम्न विवाद अन्तर्गत धारा 10 औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 के तहत इस न्यायालय को रेफर किया है:—

"क्या मण्डल रेल प्रबन्धक, उत्तर रेलवे, जोधपुर द्वारा कर्मकार श्री मोहन सिंह पुत्र श्री सुलतान सिंह कटिवाला "स" लूनी जंकाम को उसके द्वारा केजूअल लेबर के रूप में की ग़ई सेवाओं के बदले ग्रेडेड स्केल नहीं दिया जाना उचित एवं वैध है ? यदि नहीं तो कर्मकार अपने नियोजक से क्या राहत पाने का अधिकारी है ?"

प्रार्थी ने अपना मांग-पत्र इस आशय का प्रस्तुत किया कि प्रार्थी की प्रारम्भिक नियुक्ति अप्रार्थी के समबड़ी केन्द्र पर पी.डब्ल्यू. आई. एवं ए.ई.एन. के अधीन मेन्टीनेन्स कार्य के लिए केजुअल लेबर के रूप में दिनांक 18-5-1970 को हुई । अप्रार्थी द्वारा प्रार्थी से 18-5-70 से 19-8-74 तक लगातार केजुअल लेबर के रूप में कार्य लिया । प्रार्थी द्वारा कार्य का विवरण भी मांग-पत्र में दिया गया है जिसके अनुसार वर्ष 1970 में 44 दिन, वर्ष 1971 में 47 दिन, वर्ष 1972 में 276 दिन व वर्ष 1973 में 142 दिन तथा वर्ष 1974 में 183 दिन कार्य किया । अप्रार्थी के नियमों के अनुसार ग्रेडेड स्कूल प्राप्त करने के लिए केजुअल लेंबर की न्यूनतम एवं आवश्यक कार्य करने की अवधि 120 दिन मेन्टीनेन्स वर्क के लिए व 180 दिन कन्सट्रक्शन वर्क के लिए हैं प्रार्थी ने मैन्टीनैन्स का कार्य किया है। प्रार्थी द्वारा न्यूनतम कार्य अवधि 120 दिन की थी जो प्रार्थी द्वारा वर्ष 1972, वर्ष 1973 एवं वर्ष 1974 में की है, जिसका इन्द्राज केजुअल लेबर कार्ड एवं सेवा रिकोर्ड में है। अप्रार्थी द्वारा प्रार्थी के साथ कार्य करने वाले अन्य कनिष्ठ कर्मचारियों को नियोजन में स्थायी कर ग्रेडेड स्केल दे दिया है लेकिन प्रार्थी को बावजूद निवेदन के उक्त ग्रेडेड स्केल नहीं

दिया है। प्रार्थी अप्रार्थी के अधीन 30 वर्ष से अधिक अवधि की सेवा पूर्ण कर चुका है। अत: प्रार्थी को केंजुअल लेबर के रूप में की गई सेवा का लाभ रेते हुए ग्रेडेड स्केल दिये जाने का आदेश पारित किया जावे व एरियर राशि ब्याज सहित प्रार्थी को दिलाये जाने का अवार्ड पारित किया जावे।

3. अप्रार्थी की ओर से जवाब में कहा गया है कि प्रार्थी को रेलवे में नेमेतिक श्रमिक के रूप में 18-5-70 को पी.डब्ल्यू.आई./ए, ई.एन. समदड़ी के अधीन लगाया गया । प्रार्थी ने जो कार्य दिवस मांग-पत्र में दर्शीये हैं उससे स्पष्ट है कि उसकी कार्य अवधि लगातार नहीं है प्रार्थी को कोई भी कार्य अवधि 12-7-73 से पूर्व निरन्तर 180 दिन या इससे अधिक नहीं है। प्रार्थी द्वारा 12-7-73 के पश्चात् 120 दिन या इससे अधिक निरन्तर कार्य नहीं किया है। परिपन्न सं. 7850 जून 1981 में ज़ारी किया गया, सन् 1981 के पूर्व ही प्रार्थी को 17-10-80 से रैगुलर कर दियां गया था अत: उक्त परिपत्र प्रार्थी के मामले में लागू नहीं होता, प्रार्थी का मामला परिपत्र सं. 1731 के अन्तर्गत आता है जिसके निर्देशानुसार 180 दिन/06 माह लगातार सेवा करने के उपराना मेमेतिक श्रमिक को ग्रेडेड स्कूल देय होता है। परिपत्र सं. 5949 रेलवे बोर्ड द्वारा दिनांक 12-7-73 को 180 दिन लगातार कार्य दिवसों को कम करते हुए 120 दिन लगातार कार्य दिवस की सेवा पूर्ण होने पर ग्रेडेड स्कूल देय होता है, प्रार्थी ने चूंकि 12-7-73 के पश्चात् भी 120 दिन लगातार सेवा नहीं की अत: उक्त परिपत्र के अनुसार भी प्रार्थी को ग्रेडेड स्कूल देय नहीं है । प्रार्थी ने किसी श्रमिक को नाम नहीं बताया है जिसे ग्रेडेड स्कूल दिया गया है। प्रार्थी द्वारा ग्रेडेड स्केल की पात्रता पूर्ण नहीं की अत: उसे ग्रेडेड स्कूल प्रदान नहीं किया गया । प्रार्थी को 17-10-80 को नियमित नियुक्ति प्रदान को गई तथा नियमित नियुक्ति तिथि से नियमित स्केल दे दी गई व अगली वार्षिक वेतन वृद्धियाँ भी प्रार्थी को समय समय पर दी गई तथा पदौनतियां भी दी गई, वर्तमान में प्रार्थी नियमित उटि वाले पद पर लूनी जेक्शन पर कार्यरत है । प्रार्थी किसी अनुतोष का अधिकारी नहीं है । प्रार्थी का मांग-पत्र सध्यय खारिज किया जावे ।

4 मांग-पत्र के समर्थन में प्रार्थी ने स्वयं को शपथ-पत्र प्रस्तुत किया जिस पर अप्रार्थी प्रतिनिधी द्वारा जिरह की गई तथा अप्रार्थी की ओर से पी. सी. व्यास सहायक मंडल इंजीनियर का शपथ-पत्र प्रस्तुत किया जिस पर प्रार्थी प्रतिनिधी द्वारा जिरह की गई।

5। दोनों पक्षों के प्रतिनिधीगण की बहस सुनी गई । पत्रावली का अवलोकन किया ।

6 प्रार्थी ने अपने मांग-पत्र के पैरा संख्या-4 में उसके द्वारा के जुअल लेकर के रूप में 18-5-70 से 19-8-74 तक किये गये कार्य दिक्सों का विवरण दिया है। अप्रार्थी नियोजक द्वारा इसके जवाब में यह स्वीकार किया गया है कि प्रार्थी द्वारा जो कार्य दिवस मांग-पत्र के पैरा संख्या-4 में बताये गये हैं उसमें कोई विवाद नहीं है। इस प्रकार प्रार्थी द्वारा जो कार्य अवधि बताई गई है वह स्वीकृत तथ्य है।

7. प्रार्थी ने अपनी साक्ष्य में उक्त कार्य अवधि के आधार पर यह कहा है कि ग्रेडेड किल प्राप्त करने के लिए मेन्टीनेन्स कार्य करने वाले केजुअल लेवर को 120 दिन व कन्स्ट्रकशन कार्य वाले केजुअल लेवर को 180 दिन पूरे करने पर ग्रेडेड स्केल रेलवे के नियमानुसार देय था जो उसे नहीं दिया गया, प्रार्थी 120 दिन पूरे कर चुका था ।

8. इसके विपरीत अप्रार्थी नियोजक रेलवे की ओर से यह तर्क लिया गया है कि प्रार्थी ने अपने क्लेम ग्रहण को परिपन्न संख्या 7850 सं. 220ई/190- 111 ई-4 दिनांक 30-6-81 पर आधारित किया है जब कि प्रार्थी को इससे पूर्व 17-10-80 को ही रेगुलर कर दिया गया था अत: यह परिपन्न प्रार्थी के कैस में लागू नहीं किया जा सकता । प्रार्थी का मामला परिपन्न संख्या 1731 दिनांक 31-8-1962 के अर्न्तगत आता है जिसके अनुसार 180 दिन या 6 माह लगातार सेवा करने के उपरान्त कंजुअल लेवर की ग्रेडेड स्केल हैय होता है । प्रार्थी द्वारा उक्त अवधि में लगातार 180 दिन कार्य नहीं किया गया अत: उसे ग्रेडेड स्केल नहीं दिया गया । इस प्रकार 180 दिन की उक्त आवश्यकता को मुद्रित परिपन्न संख्या 5949 सर्कूलर नम्बर 220-ई /190 ईआईवी दिनांक 31-7-1973 से 180 दिन कम करते हुए 120 दिन की कार्य सेवा पूर्ण होने पर ग्रेडेड स्केल देय होना माना गया परन्तु प्रार्थी ने 12-7-73 के पश्चात् बिना ब्रेक के सेवा नहीं की थी अत: इस परिपन्न के अनुसार भी प्रार्थी को ग्रेडेड स्केल देय नहीं था ।

9. केजुअल लेबर को रेलवे में ग्रेडेंड स्केल देने या टेम्प्रेरी माने जाने के सम्वय में जो परिषत्र अप्रार्थी विभाग द्वारा प्रस्तुत किया गया है उनमें सीरीयल नम्बर 1731 पर प्रकाशित परिपत्र संख्या 220-ई/190-1 (ई.आई.वी.) दिनांक 31-8-1962/1-9-1962 द्वारा छ: महीने की लगातार सेवा केजुअल लेबर द्वारा किये जाने की स्थिति में टेम्प्रेरी (temporary) माने जाने के निर्देश दिये गये व इन निर्देशों में सीरीयल नम्बर 5949 पर प्रकाशित अन्य परिपत्र संख्या 220ई/190-111 (ई. आई.वी.) दिनांक 31-7-1973 में रेलवे बीर्ड द्वारा संशोधन किया गया कि 180 दिन के बजाए चार महीने लगातार सेवा पर केजुअल लेबर को टेम्प्रेरी माना जाएगा। इस प्रकार 120 दिन लगातार कार्य दिवस होने की स्थिति में केजुअल लेबर को टेम्प्रेरी माना जाएगा। इस प्रकार 120 दिन लगातार कार्य दिवस होने की स्थिति में केजुअल लेबर को टेम्प्रेरी माने जाने का आदेश दिनांक 31-7-73 के परिपत्र से लागू हो चुका था। अत: अप्रार्थी नियोजक का यह तर्क उचित नहीं है कि इसके बाद के परिपत्र दिनांक 30-6-81 द्वारा इस सम्बन्ध में कोई संशोधन किया जाकर नई

कोई व्यवस्था की गई हो बल्क परिपत्र संख्या 7850 सं. 220ई/190-XII (ई-4) दिनांक 30-6-81 द्वारा पूर्व के परिपत्रों को कन्सोलीडेट किया जाकर पूर्व के परिपत्रों में क्या नियम है यही बताया गया।

10. इस प्रकार प्रार्थी का केस परिपत्र सं. 5948 सर्कुलर नं. 743ई/39, (ई.आई.वी) दिनांक 31-7-1973 से शासित होता है जिसके अनुसार 120 दिन या चार महींने की लगातार सेवा पर केजुअल लेबर को टेम्प्रेरी माने जाने के निर्देश दिये गये थे। प्रार्थी 31-7-73 को केजुअल लेबर के रूप में नियोजित था, जैसा मॉग-पत्र के पैरा-4 में दिये गये विवरण से स्पस्ट है परन्तु 31-7-73 को या इसके बाद 19-8-74 तक उसके द्वारा जो कार्यदिवस बताये गये हैं उसमें सारी सेवा टुकडों में की गई है लगातार 120 दिन की सेवा किया जाना प्रार्थी स्वयं द्वारा दिये गये विवरण से ही प्रकट, नहीं होता। रेलवे बोर्ड द्वारा जो परिपत्र जारी किये गये हैं उनमें स्पष्ट रूप से यह बताया गया है कि कौन सा सर्विस ब्रेक, ब्रेक नहीं माना जायेगा ऐसे में बीमारी के कारण अनुपस्थिति या स्वीकृति ली जाकर 20 दिन तक की अनुपस्थित को ब्रेक नहीं माना गया (परिपत्र सं. 7850) परन्तु प्रार्थी की सेवा में

ब्रेक इन कारणों से हो न तो ऐसी साक्ष्य है व ब्रेक की जो अवधि है वह उक्त बताई गई अवधि से ज्यादा अवधि की है। ऐसी स्थिति में 120 दिन की लगतार सेवा नहीं होने के कारण उक्त परिपत्रों के तहत प्रार्थी ग्रेडेड स्केल की पात्रता नहीं रखता था। प्रार्थी ने यह तर्क भी लिया है कि उसके साथ कार्य कर रहे अन्य मजदूरों को यह स्केल दे दिया गया परन्तु इसका कोई विवरण प्रार्थी द्वारा नहीं दिया गया है जिससे यह पता नहीं चलता कि अन्य मजदूरों को जिन्हें ऐसा स्केल दिया गया या नहीं व उनके द्वारा किये गये कार्य दिवसों की संख्या या प्रवृति क्या थी। अत: प्रार्थी का यह तर्क माने जाने योग्य है/ नहीं है।

- 11. यहाँ यह भी उल्लेखनीय है कि प्रार्थी को यदि ग्रेडेड स्कूल सन् 73 के बाद से ही देय था तो उसे शीव्रता शीव्र यह श्रम विवाद उठाना चाहिए था जबिक प्रार्थी द्वारा यह विवाद करीब 27 वर्ष बाद उठाया गया है, इतनी इनओर्डीनिएट देरी के बाद इस प्रकार का विवाद उठाये जाने से रेफरेन्स किये जाते समय श्रम विवाद विद्यमान होना नहीं माना जा सकता। प्रार्थी इस आधार पर भी कोई अनुतोष पाने का अधिकारी नहीं है।
- 12. उक्त विवेचन के अनुसार इस रेफरेन्स का उत्तर इस अवार्ड की टर्म्स में निम्न प्रकार दिया जाता है:
- 13. अप्रार्थी नियोजक द्वारा प्रार्थी को उसके द्वारा केजुअल लेबर के रूप में की गई सेवाओं के बदले ग्रेडेड स्केल नहीं दिया जाना उचित एवं वैध था। प्रार्थी किसी अनुतोष का अधिकारी नहीं होगा।
- 14. यह अवार्ड आज दिनांक 25-8-2007 को खुले न्यायालय में सुनाया गया ।

पुष्पेन्द्र सिंह हाड़ा, न्यायाधीश

नई दिल्ली, 27 दिसम्बर, 2007

का.आ. 126.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार स्टेट बैंक ऑफ इंडिया के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण, जबलपुर के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 165/2000) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 27-12-07 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल-12012/224/2000-आईआर (बी-I)]

अजय कुमार, डेस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 27th December, 2007

S.O. 126.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the Award (Ref. No. 165/2000) of Central Government Industrial Tribunal-cum-Labour Court, Jabalpur, as shown in the Annexure, in the industrial dispute between the management of State Bank of India, and their workmen, received by the Central Government on 27-12-2007

[No. L-12012/224/2000-IR (B-I)] AJAY KUMAR, Desk Officer

ANNEXURE

BEFORE THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL-CUM-LABOUR COURT, JABALPUR

NO. CGIT/LC/R/165/2000

Presiding Officer: Shri C. M. Singh

Shri Toaran Lal Deshmukh, S/o Sh.Babulal Deshmukh, Vill: Suregaon, PO: Suregaon,

Teh: Dondi-Lohara,

Durg (M.P.)

Workman

Versus

The Branch Manager,
State Bank of India,
Suregaon Branch,
Suregaon, Tehsil: Dondi-Lohara,
Durg (MP)

Management

AWARD

Passed on this 12th day of December, 2007

1. The Government of India, Ministry of Labour vide its Notification No. L-12012/224/2000/IR(B- I) dated 19-20/9/2000 has referred the following dispute for adjudication by this Sribuna1:

"Whether refusal of employment to Shri Toaran Lal Deshmukh S/o Shri Babulal Deshmukh w.e.f. 11-6-95 by the management of State Bank of India is justified? If not, to what relief the workman is entitled?"

- 2. Vide order dated 9-1-06 passed on the ordersheet of this reference proceeding, the reference proceeded ex parte against the workman Shri Toaran Lal Deshmukh.
- 3. The case of the workman in brief is as follows:-That the workman was engaged as Messenger on daily wages w.e.f. 12-2-90 to 31-5-91 by the Management in place of the then Messenger Shri Laxman Prasad Yadav due to his ailment/sickness. Shri Laxman Prasad Yadav took voluntary retirement in the month of April 1991. From the month of June 1991, workman has been employed as canteen boy on monthly wages of Rs. 350 in Suregaon branch of the State Bank of India, Suregaon. Apart from the job of canteen boy, the workman was also performing duties of messenger as no messenger was appointed on retirement of Shri Laxman Prasad Yadav. That from 11-6-95, the workman has been discontinued from service without any reason at all. That from the date of his appointment w.e.f. 12-2-90, the workman has been working regularly and worked for more than 240 days every year. At the time of his retrenchment, the workman was not given one month's notice or salary in lieu thereof and thus the management has violated the mandatory provisions of Sec-25-F(a) & (b) of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947. Therefore the action of the management in discontinuing the service of workman is illegal and void ab initio. The workman is entitled to reinstatement in service with back wages with all consequential benefits.

- 4. The management filed their Written Statement. Their case in brief is as follows: In January, 1990, the services of workman were taken intermittently for cleaning the bank premises and fetching drinking water. It was a part time job for which the workman was paid Rs. 5 per day. When the workman was required to fetch water from a distant place, he was paid Rs. 16 per day. This amount was as per the rate agreed by the workman to do the above job. It is wrong to say that the workman was engaged on daily wages continuously. That as a measure of welfare, the management provides canteen, recreation and library facilities to its employees. These facilities are not provided under any legal provision. The facility of canteen is being maintained by the Local Implementation Committee which is formed by the members of the officers as well as employees working in the Branch/office. The management has no control over the affairs of the said committee. The said committee from its own fund pays their remuneration to their employees. The Bank has no right of supervision of the employees of the Committee/Canteen. Thus there existed no employee-employer relationship between the workmen and the Bank and under the above facts and circumstances, the workman is not entitled to any relief.
- 5. As the case proceeded ex parte against the workman, no evidence has been adduced on behalf of workman. The management did not adduce any evidence because the workman failed to adduce any evidence for establishing his case.
- 6. I have heard Shri Vijay Tripathi, Advocate for the management.
- 7. It is a no evidence case. Thus the workman has failed to prove his case. Under the circumstances, the reference deserves to be decided in favour of management and against workman without any orders as to costs.
- 8. In view of the above, the reference is decided in favour of the management and against the workman without any orders as to costs holding that the refusal of employment to Shri Toaran Lal Deshmuk S/o Shri Babulal Deshmukh w.e.f. 11-6-95 by the management of State Bank of India is justified and consequently the workman is not entitled to any relief.
- 9. Let the copies of the award be sent to the Government of India, Ministry of Labour & Employment as per rules.

C. M. SINGH, Presiding Officer

नई दिल्ली, 31 दिसम्बर, 2007

का.आ. 127.-औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धार 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार आई ओ सी एल एवं लव काहिंटग और फेबरिकेशन प्रा. लि. के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजनीं और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण/श्रम न्यायालय II, नई

दिल्ली, के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या आई डी सं. 58/2007) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 31-12-07 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल-30011/1/2007-आईआर (एम)]

एन. एस. बोरा, डेस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 31st Degember, 2007

S.O. 127.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the Award (Ref. No. I.D. No. 58/2007) of Central Government Industrial Tribunal-Cum-Labour Court II, New Delhi, now as shown in the Annexure in the industrial dispute between the employers in relation to the management of IOCL, & Love Castings & Fabricators pvt. Ltd. and their workman, which was received by the Central Government on 31-12-2007.

[No. L-30011/1/2007-IR (M)] N. S. BORA, Desk Officer

ANNEXURE

BEFORE THE PRESIDING OFFICER: CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL-CUM-LABOUR COURT-II, NEW DELHI

PRESIDING OFFICER: R.N. Rail

ID. No. 58/2007

In the matter of:

Shri Uma Mandal, C/o The President, Petroleum Mazdoor Union, C/o CPWD Workers' Union, Sector: IV, R.K. Puram, New Delhi - 110022.

Versus

1. The Sr. Plant Manager, IOCL, LPG Botteling Plant, Madanpur Khadar, New Delhi - 110076.

2. M/s.Love Castings & Fabricators Pvt. Ltd; JA/12/8, Ashok Vihar, New Delhi - 110052.

AWARD

The Ministry of Labour by its letter No. L-30011/12007-IR(M) Central Government Dt. 11-10-2007 has referred the following point for adjudication.

The point runs as hereunder:

"Whether the termination of the workman Sh. Uma Mandal on 09-05-2005 by M/s. Luv Castings & Fabricators Private Limited contractor of IOCL, LPG Bottling Plant, Madanpur Khadar, New Delhi is just and legal? If not, to what relief the workman is entitled and from which party (parties)."

It transpires from perusal of the order sheet that the reference was received on 17-10-2007. The workman was directed to file claim on 20-11-2007 and 04-12-2007. Last

opportunity was given for filing claim statement but the workman applicant has not filed claim statement.

No dispute award is given.

Let copies of the Award be sent to the Ministry of Labour, Government of India for necessary action at their end.

Date: 18-12-2007

R. N. RAI, Presiding Officer

नई दिल्ली, 31 दिसम्बर, 2007

का.आ. 128.— औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार हरियाणा मिनरल लिमिटेड के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण/श्रम न्यायालय II, नई दिल्ली, जोधपुर के पंचाद (संदर्भ संख्या आई डी सं. 31/2005) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 31-12-07 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल-29012/5/2005-आईआर (एन)]

एन, एस. बोरा, डेस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 31st December, 2007

S.O. 128.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the Award (Ref. No. I.D. No. 31/2005) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal-Cum-Labour Court-II, New Delhi, as shown in the industrial dispute between the employers in relation to the management of Haryana Minerals Limited, and their workman, which was received by the Central Government on 31-12-2007

[F. No. L-29012/5/2005-IR (M)]

N. S. BORA, Desk Officer

ANNEXURE

BEFORE THE PRESIDING OFFICER: CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL-CUM-LABOUR COURT-II, NEW DELHI

PRESIDING OFFICER: R. N. Rai.

ID. No. 31/2005

IN THE MATTER OF:

Shri S.D. Dubey, Sainipura, Taoru, Gurgaon (Haryana).

VERSUS

1. State of Haryana, through Chief Secretary, Chandigarh.

2. The Commissioner,
Gurgaon Division (as a Chairman, HML),
Haryana.

3. The Managing Director, HML, Phase - 5, Udyog Vihar, HSIDC Complex, Gurgaon, Haryana.

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4. The Chairman/MD, HSIDC, Vanijaya Nikunj, HSIDC Office Complex, Phase - V, Udyog Vihar, Gurgaon, Haryana.

AWARD

The Ministry of Labour by its letter No. L 29012/5/2005 -IR(M) Ceneral Government Dt. 27-04-2005 has referred the following point for adjudication.

The point runs as hereunder:

"Whether the action of the management of Haryana Minerals Limited in terminating the services of Sh. S. D. Dubey without paying legal dues simultaneously w.e.f. 03-03-2003 is legal and just? If not, to what relief the workman is entitled to?"

The workman applicant has filed claim statement. In the claim statement it has been stated that workman was working under the respondent No.3 as a Dy. Mining Engineer. However, the nature of job which the workman was performing with the respondent no. 3 was of such nature that workman is well covered under the definition of workman as defined in section 2(s) of the ID Act, 1947. The designation of the workman as per the Mines Act, 1952 does not bring the workman into the ambit of Mines Manager. The workman was not carrying on any managerial and administrative functions independently.

That the respondent no.1, State of Haryana had decided to close down the respondent no. 3 department, which is the entity of state in the year 2002. Most of the staff of the respondent no. 3 department was retrenched and was paid compensation as per their salary etc. which is the matter of record. However, some of the employees like the present workman were not paid any retrenchment compensation at the time of their retrenchment by the respondent.

That the respondent no.1 is responsible for all acts and omissions of respondent no.3 because respondent no.3 is the entity of the state and is well covered under the definition of state as per the Constitution of India. The respondent no.2 is a Divisional Commissioner of Gurgaon and is also Chairman of the respondent no. 3/HML. The respondent no.4 has taken over all the assets and liabilities of the respondent no.3 is responsible to pay all the dues etc. Which are due to the former employees including the workman.

That on 03-03-2003 respondent no. 3 retrenched the service of the present workman and paid no compensation to the workman. The HSIDC/respondent no. 4 had taken over all the assets and liabilities of the respondent no. 3. The respondent no. 4 had released the amount of Rs. 1.68 crores to the respondent no.3 to meet out its needs etc. The respondent no. 3 and the other respondents are avoiding to make the appropriate payment to the workman and they are practicing and are discriminating between the workman and others. Because the respondent has paid the

compensation on the name of retrenchment etc. to some of the workman whose names are provided below:

- 1. Sh. Kuldeep Singh, Asstt. Manager (Quality Control). He was retrenched in December, 2000 and was paid retrenchment compensation.
 - 2. Sh. Ghanshyam Singh, Supervisor.
 - 3. Sh. Narishmanlu Surveyor
 - 4. Sh. Duli Chand Yadav Technical Assistant.

That the respondents on the one hand had retrenched the services of most of the workers but had retained many selected workman and had allowed them to work in the different department. The list of such workman is given below.

- (a) Sh. R.D. Sharma (Steno).
- (b) Sh. Ajit Singh and Katar Singh (Account Assistant).

These three officials are working in the Mewat Development Authority at present.

(c). \$h. Zile, Singh (PA), Sh. Suresh Chand (Driver), Sh. Sukhbit Singh (Driver). These three officials are working at Haryana Bhawan, Delhi, Sh. Jagdish is working in Marketting Department, at Narnaul, Smt. Darshna Devi is working at D.C. Office, Rohtak and Sh. P.K. Saxena (Production Manager) is working at Statistical Office, Chandigarl and Sh. Rajender Phogat (Secretary) is working at MDA, Nuh, Sh. V.S. Chhokar (Assistant Account Officer) - in the Statistical Office, Gurgaon, Sh. V.S. Dhiloo (Draughtsman), Sh. Katar Singh, Account Assistant is now, working at MDA Nuh. This all shows that these officials are provided alternate employment by the respondent in the various department. But on the other hand applicant is neither paid any due, retrenchment compensation nor being provided any alternate employment by the respondent. This is discriminatory practice on the part of the respondent. The copy of the complaint which was filed before the ALC on 16-07-2004 during the conciliation proceedings with all above details is annexed as Annexure A -1.

That on one hand the respondent no. 1 had closed down the commercial business of respondent no. 3 and retrenched most of the employees but provided alternate job to some selected few workman without taking any prior permission for closure of respondent no. 3 from the appropriate Gevernment i.e. Central Government. There were more than 600 workmen working in the respondent no. 3. The present workman was not paid any compensation due to him under the ID Act, 1947 at the time of his alleged retrenchment on 03-03-2003. The copy of the said order is annexed as Annexure A - 2.

That the workman filed one demand notice before ALC Centre, Faridabad under the ID Act in August, 2003. The respondent no. 3 and 4 appeared before the ALC during the conciliation proceedings and filed the reply. The said respondents denied all the averments made by the workman

and filed the false and fabricated reply before the ALC. The respondents stated in the teply the respondents are ready to consider the genuine demands raised by the workman provided the necessary documents are given to the respondents. But it is pertinent to mention here that the workman has provided all the documents to the respondents as notice were issued to them and all the documents were supplied. The copy of the demand notice dated 13-08-2003 along with annexure and the reply of the respondents are filed hereto as Annex - A - 3 & A -4.

That the action of the management for non-payment of retrenchment compensation as per the ID Act and as per the other provisions of the law is illegal. On the other hand the discrimination for providing alternate employment to the applicant is also illegal on the part of the respondent. The respondent has also not paid the 33 days payment in lieu of excess/extra work in lieu of 2/4 Saturday and general holidays for the year 1999 to 2000 (for two years). It is pertinent to mention here that the Board of respondent no. 3 had taken the decision that the workmen were working on the operation duties like the present workman shall be paid 33 days payment in lieu of extra duties performed by them in lieu of 2/4 Saturdays and general holidays.

That the respondents are not law abiding persons. Because already one order under gratuity act for payment of Rs. 50, 359/- was passed with the 10% interest by the ALC/RLC on 06-04-2004 but in spite of execution proceedings filed against the respondent by the workman, the respondent are not paying the said due amount to him. Likewise the respondent are also not paid the due amount of the CPF to the tune of Rs. 24, 057/- in spite of order passed by APFC, Gurgaon on 28-06-2004.

That the workman is entitled to receive due T A and other permissible dues to the workman in spite of several representation and legal notices served on the respondents time to time. This shows the attitude of respondent no. 3 and 4 is discriminatory. Since the workman is not paid due retrenchment compensation and he is not providing with alternate employment as same is already provided to the similarly placed workmen, the action of respondents of retrenchment is illegal and malafide. The workman is liable to be reinstated with full back wages either in the respondent no. 3 or in any other department of respondent no.1 with alternate employment which is provided by the respondent to other persons/former HML employees.

In the above premises and in the interest of justice, equity and fair play most respectfully it is prayed that as the alleged retrenchment dated 03-03-2003 of the workman is illegal, the respondent may kindly be directed to reinstate the workman in the respondent department/respondent no. 3 or in any other appropriate department of the respondent no.1 with full back wages and interest @ 9% pa on said amounts from the date of workman's illegal retrenchment till payment of same to him with continuity of service.

The management has filed written statement. In the written statement it has been stated that the petitioner was in supervisory capacity and was performing managerial and administrative functions and was paid for the same hence not covered under the definition of workman, therefore the petition of the above said applicant is to be dismissed.

That the officer was in supervisory capacity as such was carrying managerial and administrative functions. His services are not covered under ID Act, 1947. Since due to shrinkage in business the post of the official fall surplus so his services were terminated in terms of his appointment letter by giving 3 months salary in lieu of notice period as such no retrenchment benefit is payable.

That being an officer in managerial capacity he was paid the dues, payable to him in term of his appointment letter. No due is payable to him at this stage. If there is any dues pending, then specific amount and head be given. The management is always ready to accede the legitimate demand.

That the defendant company is a incorporated under the companies act having separate legal entity and the liabilities of the promoters are limited. No one else in person who so ever he may be is liable to make payment of companies dues. No asset/liability of the company had been taken over by any after agency. Though the company has stopped all kind of activities, yet is handling its residual work itself.

That all the submissions made are wrong, misconceived, misleading and are denied. The plaintiff is neither workman nor any retrenchment benefit is payable to him. He was in supervisory capacity and his services being surplus have been terminated after giving him 3 months salary in lieu of notice period as per the conditions of appointment. No other agency have taken over any asset/liability of the company. The company itself is handling its residual work.

That the company has retrenched all its employees and no one has been retained. If any person have sought other employment some whereelse, then that is form his own efforts and company has nothing to say in this regard. Every person including the plaintiff are at liberty to seek alternate employment. Since he is not a workman so his services were terminated being surplus in view of terms and condition laid down in appointment documents.

That since the company has sustained heavy loss and was not in a position to pay even statutory dues, such as royalty, PF dues etc. So the management decided to close down the activities of the company. Further Supreme Court has also banned the mining acitivities along with Delhi Mathura highway.

That since the respondent company winded up its operations, so is not in a position to provide alternate employment. Since the plaintiff was in managerial capacity,

so his services were terminated in terms of appointment letter being surplus and he is not a worker covered under ID Act, 1947. Since the company is facing financial crisis so cannot afford any facility. The apex court has given its findings to this effect in plethora of cases.

That the plaintiff has no right to assess the defendants as not law abiding person. The point is strongly objected to. The process of law, which is available to other person is also available to respondents as well. In other words, the plaintiff wants to defame the respondent stating the version which have no relevancy to the present claim. The company has challenged both the issues before the higher statutory authorities and will be finalized in due course of time.

The workman applicant has filed rejoinder. In the rejoinder he has reiterated the averments of his claim statement and has denied most of the paras of the written statement. The management has also denied most of the paras of the claim statement.

Evidence of both the parties has been taken.

Heard argument from both the sides and perused the papers on the record.

It was submitted from the side of the applicant that he is a workman under Section 2(s) of the ID Act, 1947. The designation of the workman as per the Mining Act, 1952 does not bring the workman into the ambit of Mines Manager. He was not carrying on any managerial or administrative functions.

It was submitted from the side of the management that the applicant was performing duty in supervisory capacity. He is not covered u/s 2 (s) of the ID Act, 1947. He has been paid dues in view of his appointment letter.

It is the duty of the management to prove by cogent documentary evidence that the workman performed managerial or supervisory duty. The management should produce documents regarding the managerial and supervisory capacity.

The workman has been issued appointment letter on 20-7-1993. He has been given the designation of Dy. Mining Engineer and he has appointed in the Pay Scale of Rs. 2000-3200. His services have been terminated on 03-03-2003 in view of closure of mining operation due to surrender of Alipur Mines, State Government of Haryana as his services were found surplus.

He has been paid 3 months pay in terms of his appointment letter. It has been mentioned in the appointment letter that even after confirmation; his services may be terminated with 3 months notice either on other side or pay in lieu thereof.

It has not been pointed out as to what managerial duty, the workman performed. No duty chart has been filed assigning to the workman duty in managerial or supervisory capacity. The duty of Dy. Mining Engineer is operational. He may incidently perform managerial duties. In the Mines Act, the office of the Dy. Mining Engineer has not been defined as managerial or supervisory.

The management has to prove that the workman was competent to watch over the work of the juniors and submit reports regarding their work in managerial or administrative office. There must be some sub-ordinate employees as the administrator has the power to inspect the work of those subordinate and submit confidential reports to the higher authorities. It is for the management to prove that the workman has been assigned managerial duty. The workman cannot be said to be a manager or administrator in view of the nomenclature given to him. The work of a Engineer is always operational.

The real tests for ascertaining the status and function of employee are the primary, basic or dominant nature of duties. The words managerial or supervisory have to be understood in their proper connotation and there mere use cannot be detracted from the truth.

In (1985) 3 SCC 371 it has been held that the nature of the work of a workman is to be ascertained from the dominant nature of duties performed by him and not by nomenclature. In view of this judgment of the Hon'ble Apex Court the claimant is a workman. This point is decided accordingly.

The applicant in the instant case is a workman and he is entitled to get 15 days wages for every completed year. He is not entitled to get any other relief.

The reference is replied thus:

The action of the management of Haryana Minerals Limited in terminating the services of Sh. S.D. Dubey without paying legal dues simultaneously w.e.f. 03-03-2003 is neither legal nor just. The workman is entitled to 15 days wages (last drawn) for every completed year of service in view of Section 25 F of the ID Act, 1947 within two months from the date of the publication of the award.

Th award is given accordingly.

R. N. RAI, Presiding Officer

नई दिल्ली, 31 दिसम्बर, 2007

का आ. 129.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार आई. ओ. सी. एत., नई दिल्ली के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण/श्रम न्यायास्य 11, नई दिल्ली, के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या आई दी सं. 59/2003) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 31-12-07 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[फा. सं. एल-3001 1/100/2002-आईआर (एम)] एन. एस. बोरा, डेस्क अधिकारी New Delhi, the 31st December, 2007

S.O. 129.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the Award (Ref. No. I.D. No. 59/2003) of Central Government Industrial Tribunal-Cum-Labour-Court, II, New Delhi, now as shown in the industrial dispute between the management of IOCL, New Delhi, and their workmen, received by the Central Government on 31-12-2007

[No. L-30011/100/2002-IR (M)] N. S. BORA, Desk Officer

ANNEXURE

BEFORE THE PRESIDING OFFICER: CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL-CUMLABOUR COURT-II NEW DELHI

PRESIDING OFFICER: R. N. RAI. ID. No. 59/2003 IN THE MATTER OF:

Shri Prakash & & Others, S/o. Shri Ramcharan, R/o. C/B - 328, Anna Nagar, Tilak Bridge, New Delhi - 110 002.

VERSUS

Indian Oil Corporation Limited,
Through Chairman-cum-Managing Director,
Scope Complex, Core - II,
Lodhi Road,
New Delhi.

AWARD

The Ministry of Labour by its letter No. L-30011/100/2002-IR(M) Central Government Dt. 07-04-2003 has referred the following point for adjudication.

The point runs as hereunder:

"Whether the action of the management of IOCL, New Delhi in not regularizing the services of concerned 16 workmen from the date of their initial appointment is just, fair and legal? If not, to what relief the concerned workmen are entitled and from which date?"

The petitioners have filed claim petition. In the claim petition they have stated that they were engaged and employed as contract labour employees in the office/units of the respondent in the category of the Cleaner, Helper, Electrician, Lineman-tele-technician, Supervisor, Plumber and Cook under contractors who changed from time to time. That these persons have been employed by respondent on contract basis through contractors who keep changing and have infact changed many times in past as contract with a particular contractor is for a limited period, but in view of the fact that the nature of the work being rendered by the petitioners are permanent, their services have been continued all through irrespective of the change of the contractor.

The detail of the petitioners including their status the initial year of working and the contractors with whom they were employed lastly are set out hereinbelow:—

Name	Initial Yr. of Emp. & Nature of Work	Name of contractor
Sushil Kr.	1988 (Telephone Lineman Helper)	M/s. Cosmo Const. Co.
Ramesh	1984 (Safaikaramchari)	M/s. Sirohi Engg.
Prakash	1987 (Safaikaramchari)	M/s. Sirohi Engg.
Harcharan	1990 (Safaikaramchari)	M/s. Sirohi Engg.
Rajesh	1990 (Helper-Elect.)	M/s. Cosmo Const. Co.
Ramesh Gulam Hus	1988 (Helper-Elect.) sain	M/s. Cosmo Con. Co.
Khan	1988 (Plumber)	M/s. Cosmo Con. Co.
Amīt	1993 (Supervisor- Cleaning)	M/s. Sirohi Engg.
Arumugam	1988 (Cook)	Mr. Vipin Agarwal

It is submitted that the respondent being the Principal employer has got ultimate control over the employees who were recruited through or at the behest of the labour contractor. It is not the contractor but the principal employers under whose guidelines and supervision the contract labour employees performed their respective jobs.

That the Central Government vide notification No.S.O.779(E) dated 09-12-1976 has abolished the contract labour for sweeping, cleaning, dusting and watching of buildings owned and occupied by the establishments in respect of which the appropriate government is Central Government.

That the engagement of the petitioners on contract basis for the work of respondent which is of perennial nature is perverse, illegal, malafide and arbitrary and in contravention of the notification dated 09-12-1976 prohibiting engagement of contract labour for sweeping, cleaning and dusting etc. The petitioners shall invite attention of this Hon 'ble Tribunal/ Court to the provisions of Section 10 of the CLRA Act, 1970.

That the petitioners submits that the object of the aforementioned act is to prohibit exploitation of contract labour at the behest of the employer/management by adopting such method and devices to over reach the various provisions of the labour and other related Acts.

That the respondent by employing the workmen/petitioner through contractors have deprived the workmen not only the right pay and emoluments which they are legally entitled to, but also the right of security of service. The petitioners employed through contractors have been deprived of various benefits like leave, paid holidays, HRA, Cycle allowance and various other allowances, like loan facilities, promotional avenues, timely payment of salaries

etc. It is high time that the contract labour system is completely abolished, prohibited and eliminated and the petitioners employed as contract labourers should be deemed to be regular employees of the respondent with all rights and facilities as is available to their counterpart employees employed directly by the principal employers on permanent basis.

That the petitioners submit that the work against which they are employed is of permanent nature and is incidental to the day to day main work of the respondent. It is also submitted that the nature of work in which the petitioners are employed is of perennial nature and is available throughout the year. It is also submitted that the work in which the petitioners are employed are in existence since the establishments of the respondent and there was no occasion when such work was not required by the respondent. It is submitted that for identical jobs which the petitioners are doing, the respondent have employed directly and are paid regular pay scales with all other facilities admissible to regular employees. There is no justification on the part of the respondent to employ the petitioners as contract labour. By keeping the petitioners as contract labour instead of treating them their regular employees the respondent is perpetuating unfair labour practice.

That a representation was made on behalf of the petitioner by their union to the respondent from 12-09-1997 to abolish the contract labour system in respect of the jobs in which the petitioners are working and to treat them as regularly employed persons. The respondents have to taken any action on the said representation till date.

That the petitioners submit that the respondent after the petitioners have moved the judicial machinery for their regularization etc. have adopted mala fide tactics to throw the petitioner out of job on the account of expiry of some contracts. The petitioners have been kept in dark regarding such expiry of contract. It is submitted that the petitioners were told that they should be prepared to face the consequences of unemployment as they had approached the courts for their regularization.

That the action of the respondent in not regularizing the services of the petitioners, nor in abolishing the employment through the contractors and ultimately dispensing with the services of the petitioners are unconstitutional, arbitrary, illegal, opposed to the public policy and against the public interest, violative of Articles 14, 21, 38, 41 and 51 A of the Constitution of India, contrary of the letters and spirit of CLRA Act, 1970, amounts to unfair labour practice and bad in law.

That the respondent by not considering the representation of the petitioners dated 12-09-1997 for abolition and prohibition of contract labour in the jobs of lineman-teletechnician, supervisor, plumber and cook through contractor is arbitrary, contrary to the scheme of Act.

That the respondent is not justified in law in treating the cleaner, helper-electrician, in which job the p etitioners were employed as contract labour in view of the notification of the appropriate Government dated 09-12-1976.

That there is no justification in law in not prohibiting the employment of contract labour in the employment of cleaner, helper-electrician, lineman-tele-technician, supervisor, plumer and cook by the respondent.

That the respondent has no justification in it's act of termination and in not treating the petition ers as their regularly employed employees and to pay them the pay and emoluments and other benefits which are admissible to regularly employed employees in the respective jobs.

That the petitioners have various documents and evidences in their possession to show that they are entitled to be regularized in the services of the respondent.

That the petitioners also would file and reply on the various orders of the courts, authorities in various proceedings suggesting that the petitioners are entitled to the relief sought in the present proceedings.

It is submitted that the facts plearled in the present petition as well as the documents and the evidence, the orders of the court which are being relie d and which would be filed during the course of the present proceedings would definitely entitle the petitioner to the r elief sought in this proceeding.

That there is no reason as to why the petitioner should not be granted the relief as pray ed in this application. The respondent would suffer no harr n or prejudice nor it would be contrary to their interest.

The management has filed written statement. In the written statement it has been stated that the IOCL is engaged in core business activity of production distribution and marketing of essential petro leum products in the country and is a controlled industry under the ID Act, 1947. The Corporation has mainly three divisions namely Refinaries, Marketing and Pipelines Division.

That some of the offices of the Pipelines Division of the Corporation and the Maintenance and Inspection. Department of Refiniries Division were located at New Delhi House till October, 2001. During its occupancy at New Delhi House, Pipelines Division of IOCL had lined up contracts for the services of general Maintenance/House Keeping.

That the Corporation entered into three different legal contracts on specific terms and conclitions with M/s. Sirohi Engineering and Contractors, M/s. Cosmo Construction Company and Contractor Vipi n Aggarwal to provide general Maintenance/House Keeping services which were operative till October, 2001 at New Delhi House.

That the contractors M/s. Sirohi Engineering and Contractors Company engaged the present claimant Nos. 2, 3, 4 & 8 as cleaners, Contractors M/s. Cosmo

Construction Company deployed claimant Nos.1, 5, 6 & 7 as Electric/Telephone line helpers and plumber and similarly, Contractor Vipin Aggarwal engaged claimant No.9 as Plumber for the prupose of execution of the contract at New Delhi House.

That as per the terms of the contracts, the above mentioned Maintenance/House Keeping contracts were in operation till October, 2001 after which the contracts have ceased to operate. By October, 2001, the Corporation shifted its offices from the premises of New Delhi House, to its own building in Noida.

That the claimants were employees of M/s. Sirohi Engineering and Contractors, M/s. Cosmo Construction and Contractor Vipin Aggarwal. The Corporation is not the principal employer of the claimants after October, 2001 and there exists no relationship of any kind whatsoever between the corporation and the claimants.

That the Contractors M/s. Sirohi Engineering and Contractors Company employed the workmen Nos 2 to 4 & 8. Claimant Nos. 1, 5 to 7 were employed by the Contractor M/s. Cosmo Construction Company. Similarly, claimant No.9 was employed by contractor Vipin Aggarwal. These claimants were engaged by the abovementioned contractors for the purpose of execution of the House Keeping/Maintenance contracts in the premises of New Delhi House occupied by the Corporation till October, 2001. As it was decided to shift the office of IOCL from the rented premises of New Delhi House to the Corporation's own office at Noida, there was no question of renewal of contract or lining up of new contract for maintenance services at New Delhi House.

That the claimants are contract labour is not disputed but rather has been admitted by the claimants. There being no relationship of employer and employee between the parties and the cause of the labourers not having been espoused by the direct employees, the provisions of ID Act, 1947 be invoked to refer the dispute to the Industrial Tribunal.

The claimants being employees of the contractors enterd into various agreements in the capacity of employees with their employers (contractors) from time to time on terms of employment such as salaries, allowances, bonus, PF and ESI Schemes, Employment Cards, Holidays and Festivals, Uniform, Nature of Duties, Arrears etc.

That in the light of these legal agreements wherein the terms of employment were expressly settled between the claimants and their respective employers, the contention of the claimants that the claimants have been working under the control and supervision of the management of IOCL is misleading.

That as is evident from the above mentioned agreements the rights and liabilities of the employers and service conditions of the employees were mutually agreed between the claimant and their employers (contractors). The contention that the service condition and the working

The contention that the service condition and the working of the workmen was controlled and supervised by the corporation and the Contractor was only to deprive the workers of their legitimate rights is self contradictory therefore wrong.

That it is sole discretion of the contractors to engage their workmen as per their requirement on mutually agreed terms of employment. In this context, it is submitted even if the contract labour were continuously engaged for a number of years in the premises of the Corporation, it does not create any right to regularization/absorption in the services of the Corporation. Rather, being the regular employees of the contractors, any legal and valid claim may be raised against the contractors being their employers and not against the Corporation. Therefore, their claim for regularization on the grounds submitted in the statement of claim do not sustain against the Corporation.

That as per the documents submitted by the claimants themselves during conciliation proceedings and enclosed as above, and as per the rationale of SAIL Judgment, the claimants are under express control and supervision of their respective employers and they were guided by the mutually agreed terms of employment.

That in view of the above admission by the claimants, it is submitted that engagement of the claimants by various contractors who were their employers cannot give rise to a right to regularization in the employment of the Corporation.

That the claimants also admit that the contractors disbursed the wages of the claimants. In the light of this admission and in accordance with the agreements entered between the claimants and the contractors as to the terms and conditions of services, it is reaffirmed that the Corporation does not control the service conditions of the claimants.

The contract was not for perennial and permanent nature of work, and the fact is that after the period of contract was over w.e.f. October, 2001, no other contract has been lined up and the claimants have not been engaged under any similar contract.

That as is evident from these agreements the terms and conditions such as salaries, allowances, bonus, PF & ESI Schemes, Employment Cards, Holidays and Festivals, Uniforms, Nature of Duties, Arrears etc, are settled between the concerned employer and the claimants. Thus it also substantiates the stand of the Corporation that it has no employer and employee relationship with the claimants. This further clarifies that employee relationship with the claimants. This further clarified that employer-employee relationship exists between the contractors and the claimants with whom they have settled the terms and conditions of their employment through collective bargainings.

That with this factual position and admitted position of the claimants, it is submitted that IOCL is not the employer of any of these claimants and therefore they cannot raise Industrial Dispute against the corporation under the ID Act, 1947.

It is stated that there is no dispute to fact that the claimants are engaged and employed as contract labour by the respective contractors in the premises of IOCL. However, it is denied that the contractors change from time to time.

That the nature of work rendered by the claimants is not permanent in nature. As mentioned in the background, the claimants were engaged by the contractors for the purpose of execution of the House Keeping/Maintenance contracts in the premises of New Delhi House for a limited period till October, 2001. Thereafter, no other contract has been lined up by the corporation for the said services. The list submitted by the claimants is denied as baseless and concocted.

It is denied that the respondent being the principal employer has got ultimate control over the employees who were recruited through or at the behest of the labour contractor. There is no control by the corporation, either express or implied over the claimants. The claimants were under direct supervision and control of their respective employers/ contractors.

It is denied that the claimants are deprived of the pay and implements which they are legally entitled to. As submitted earlier, the claimants being employees of the contractors entered into various agreements in the capacity of employees with their employers (contractors) from time to time on terms of employment such as salaries, allowances, bonus, PF and ESI schemes, Employment Cards, Holidays and festivals, Uniform, Nature of Duties, Arrears etc. and were government by such agreements with their respective employers. The corporation is neither a party to such agreements nor has any say in the terms and conditions of the said agreements.

That the services provided by the contractor for which the claimants were engaged is not perennial in nature. No other contract was lined up after the expiry of the said contract for which claimants were engaged.

The workmen applicants have filed rejoinder. In the rejoinder they have reiterated the averments of their claim statement and have denied most of the paras of the written statement. The management has also denied most of the paras of the claim statement.

Evidence of both the parties has been taken.

Heard argument from both the sides and perused the papers on the record.

It was submitted from the side of the workmen that the workmen have been employed as contract labour employees in the office/units of the respondents in the category of cleaner, helper, electrician, line man, technician, supervisor, plumber and cook. The contractors changed from time to time but in view of the nature of the work the management retained the services of these workmen continuously all through irrespective of the change of the contractor. The respondents being the principal employer got control over the employees who were recruited through at the behest of the labour contractor.

It was further submitted that the Central Government has abolished the contract labour system for sweeping, cleaning, dusting and watching of the building owned/occupied by the establishment in respect of which the appropriate is the Central Government. The work is of perennial nature. Contract Labours cannot be engaged for a work which is of perennial nature and of sufficient duration. The workman is of permanent nature and is incidental to the day to day men work of the respondents.

It was submitted from the side of the management that the IOCL is engaged in core business activity of production distribution and marketing of essential petroleum products in the country and is a controlled industry under the ID Act, 1947. The Corporation has mainly three divisions namely Refiniries, Marketing and Pipelines Division.

It was further submitted that some of the offices of the Pipelines Division of the Corporation and the Maintenance & Inspection Department of Refinary Division ws located at New Delhi House till October, 2001. During its occupancy at New Delhi House, Pipelines Division of IOCL had lined up contracts for the services of general Maintenance/House Keeping.

It was further submitted that the Corporation entered into three different legal contracts on specific terms and conditions with M/s. Sirohi Engineering and Contractors, M/s. Cosmo Construction Company and Contractor Vipin Aggarwal to provide general Maintenance/House Keeping services which were operative till October, 2001 at New Delhi House.

Itiwas further submitted that the contractors were in operation till October, 2001 after which the contractors have ceased to operate by October, 2001. The Corporation shifted its office from the premises of New Delhi House to its own building in Noida. The contracts of erstwhile contractors were not renewed as the corporation left the rented premises of New Delhi House and shifted to the Corporation's own office at Noida. No new contractors have been engaged in the owned building at Noida.

It was further submitted that the workmen may be contractor's workmen but they worked under the control and supervision of the contractors. The contractors assigned the duties to them and the working of the workmen was controlled and supervised by the contractors. The contract was not for permanent and perennial nature of work and after the period of contract w.e.f. October, 2001 the work deased and no workmen have been engaged under any contractor.

The workmen have filed photocopies documents. The documents B - 13 & B - 14 are on the plain papers. These documents are not on the letter head of the management and there is no seal and signature of the management over these documents. These documents may be get typed by anyone. Document B - 52 is the similar documents but it also does not contain any seal or signature of the management.

The workmen have filed photocopies Paper No. B-111 to B-113, these documents also do not bear seal and signature of the management.

The management has filed papers regarding contract agreement and the case of the management is that the workmen may have been engaged through different contractors.

The contract labour will not automatically become the employee of the principal employer until he establishes that he worked under the control and supervision of the management. In the instant case there is no document showing the control and supervision of the management. Payment to the workmen have been made by the contractors. The management has entered into agreement for various types of work.

The substantial question is whether the workmen worked under the control and supervision of the management and the work is perennial in nature.

The workmen have filed WW1/2. It is regarding implementation of the judgment of the Hon 'ble Supreme Court dated 17-01-1986. WW1/3 is a circular dated 05-09-1986. The workmen have not filed any document to show that they worked under the control and supervision of the management. Every contract worker cannot be treated to be the employee of the Principal Employer, in case he is engaged by a contractor.

The Hon'ble Supreme Court has also emphasized that the Courts/Tribunals in their sympathy for the handful adhoc/casual employees before it cannot ignore the claims for equal opportunity for the teening millions of the country who are also seeking employment. In such case, the Courts/Tribunals should adhere to the Constitutional norms and should not water down constitutional requirement in any way.

In Pollock Law of Torts a servant and an independent contractor has been defined as under:—

The distinction between a servant and a independence contractor has been the subject matter of a large volume of case-law from which the text-book writers on torts have attempted to lay down some general tests. For example, in Pollock's Low of Torts, (Pages 62 & 63 of Pollock on Torts, 15th Edn.) the distinction has thus been brought out.

A master is one who not only prescribes to the workman the end of his work, but directs or at any moment

may direct the means also, or, as it has been put, retains the power of controlling the work, a servant is a person subject to the command of his master as to the manner in which he shall do his work..... An independent contractor is one who undertakes to produce a given result but so that in the actual execution of the work is not under the order or control of the person for whom he does it, and may use his own discretion in things not specified beforehand...."

In Salmond's Treatise on the Law of Torts the distinction between a servant and independent contractor has been indicated as under: —

"What then, is the test of this distinction between a servant and an independent contractor? The test is the existence of a right of control over the agent in respect of the manner in which his work is to be done. A servant is an agent who works under the supervision and direction of his employer; an independent contractor is one who is his own master. A servant is a person engaged to obey his employer's orders from time to time; an independent contractor is a person engaged to do certain work, but to exercise his own discretion as to the mode and time of doing it—he is bound by his contract, but not by his employer's orders."

The test regarding independent contractor and intermediaries have been laid down in Hussainabhai, Calicut V. the Alath Factory Thezhilali Union kozhikode [AIR 1978 SC 1410 (3 judges)] the true test may, with brevity, be indicated once again. Where a worker or group of workers labours to produce goods or services and these goods or services are for the business of another, that other is, in fact, the employer. He has economic control over the workers subsistence, skill, and continued employment.

My attention was drawn to the Constitution Bench Judgment in Scale (2006) 4 Scale. It has been held in this case as under:—

"A. Public employment in a sovereign socialist secular democratic republic has to be as set down by the Constitution and the laws made there under. Our constitutional scheme envisages employment by the Government and its instrumentalities on the basis of a procedure established in that behalf. Equality of opportunity is the hallmark and the Constitution has provided also for affirmative action to ensure that enequals are not treated equals. Thus, any public employment has to be in terms of the constitutional scheme.

B. A sovereign government, considering the economic situation in the country and the work to be got done, is not precluded from making temporary appointments or engaging workers on daily wages. Going by a law newly enacted, the National Rural Employment Guarantee Act, 2005, the object is to give employment to at least one member of a family for hundred days in an year, on paying wages as fixed under that Act. But, a regular process of recruitment or appointment has to be resorted

to, when regular vacancies in posts, at a particular point of time, are to be filled up and the filling up of those vacancies cannot be done in a haphazard manner or based on patronage or other considerations. Regular appointment must be the rule.

My attention was drawn to another Constitution Bench Judgment - Steel Authority of India. It has been held as under:

"Where a workman is hired in or in connection with the work of an establishment, by the principal employer through a contractor, he merely acts as an agent so there will be master and servant relationship between the principal employer and the workmen. But where a workman is hired in or in connection with the work of an establishment by a contractor, either because he has undertaken to produce a given result for the establishment or because he supplies workmen for any work of the establishment, a question migIOC arise whether the contract is a mere camouflage as in Hussainabhai Calicut's case (supra) and in Indian Petrochemicals Corporation's case (supra) etc; if the answer is in the affirmative, the workmen will be in fact an employee of the principal employer, but if the answer is in the negative, the workmen will be a contract labourer."

The workmen have been engaged through contractors. The burden of proving that they worked under the control and supervision of the management is on the workmen. They have to discharge the initial burden. They have not filed any cogent documentary evidence to establish that the work was assigned to the workmen by the management and they worked under the control and guidance of the management. They have filed affidavit regarding the fact no doubt but their affidavits are self serving.

The management has denied that they worked under the control and guidance of the management. The workmen in the circumstances have to prove by cogent documentary evidence that the management was their master and the management decided what is to be done and how it is to be done.

The workmen have been engaged by the contractors and the contractors have taken duties from them.

In view of the Constitution Bench Judgment referred to above contractual workmen cannot be regularized. There is no master and servant relationship in view of the criteria laid down in the judgments referred to above.

In the instant case the workmen have been engaged through the various contractors for the work of the contractor that too till October, 2001 in the New Delhi House. When the Corporation shifted its office to Noida, no contract agreement was renewed.

From perusal of the documents on record it also transpires that the work is not of perennial nature. It was submitted from the side of the management that contracts were not in operation after October, 2001 and after that the

rented billding was left by the management and it shifted its office from the premises of New Delhi House to its own building at Noida.

It was also submitted by the management that at present no contractors have been engaged. The work which was performed by the contractor's men in rented building has ceased to be in existence and that is why no contractor has been engaged for discharge of the duties performed by the contractors workmen in their own premises at Noida.

The workmen have filed rejoinder but in their rejoinder they have not stated that the contractual workmen are still working in the management's office at its own Noida Building. WWI has stated that he has no knowledge whether contractor's workmen are still engaged. It becomes quite vivid from the statement of the WWI that at present contractor's workmen are not being engaged by the management as such the work which the contractor's workmen performed in the rented premises, New Delhi House does not exist at present. In case the work is not continuing, there is no meaning of regularization or reinstatement. In view of this fact also there is no question of reguarization of the workmen. The workmen have filed photocopies documents. The originals are in the possession of the management. It is not expected that the workmen will file the originals but all the photocopies filed by the workmen are on blank papers. They do not bear any seal or signature of the management, such type of documents may be prepared. The workmen have not filed any proof that they have been working since 1988. Even photocopies documents do not establish that the workmen have been engaged since 1988.

It was submitted from the side of the management that even if it is found proved that the contractor's workmen have worked for a long duration, they are not entitled to regularization. Section 10 of CLRA Act, 1970 provides that contract labours cannot be engage for a work of regular nature or for a work of sufficient duration. As such the engagement of contractor's workmen for regular nature of work and work of sufficient duration will become illegal. The management cannot be permitted to perperrate illegality.

However, the workman, Sh. Sushil Kumar has filed gate passes B - 87 to B - 99. These gate passes have been issued on the letter head of the management. The gate passes bear seal of Sh. M. Prabhakaran, Administrative Officer. These gate passes are from 1990 to 1997. These gate passes have been signed by Sh. Rakesh Jain, SPE also. These gate passes establish that the workman has been assigned duties by the management.

In ID cases sometimes photocopy documents become, admissible in evidence. The management will invariably conceal the originals. The workman in the circumstances is constrained to file the photocopies documents only. These photocopies documents have not

been denied by the management. These photocopies documents bear the signature and seal of the management. The management has not anywhere stated that the signatures of Mr. Prabhakaran, Rakesh Jain etc. are forged. These gate passes establish that the workman has worked for almost 11 years under the control and supervision of the management.

In case the principal employer is the master the workman is to be treated as the servant of the master. The workman Sh. Sushil Kumar has worked under the control and supervision of the management. The management has decided what is to be done and how it is to be done. In the circumstances there is master and servant relationship between the management and Sh. Sushil Kumar.

It has been held in Uma Devi's case that in case a workman works for 10 years without the orders of the court, the management should consider the feasibility of regularization. This workman has worked for 11 to 12 years under the control and supervision of the management. Contract in his case is sham and ruse. The contractors are only name lenders as the workman has worked under the control and supervision of the management.

It has been further held in Steel Authority of India's Case of the Hon 'ble, Supreme Court that if a contractor engages workmen for the work of management such workman will become an employee of the principal employer.

As already discussed it is settled law that the workmen have to prove that they acted under the control and supervision of the management. Economic control and supervision is the sole test for holding contractor's employees to be the employees of the principal employer. In the instant case payment has been made to the workmen by the contractor, so they worked under the economic control of the contractor. All the workmen other than Sh. Sushil Kumar have filed photocopy documents which are not on the letter head of the management and they do not bear any seal and signature of any of the officer of the management. So it cannot be said that these photocopies have nexus to the original documents. The work cannot be said to be continuous and of perennial nature as the management has shifted its office to its own building at Noida and no contract workers have been engage therein. So the workmen other than Sh. Sushil Kumar are not entitled to get any relief as prayed for.

So far as the case of Sh. Sushil Kumar is concerned he has amply proved that he worked under the control and supervision of the management by filing photocopy documents on the letter head of the management and bearing the signature and seal of the management. These photocopy documents have not been denied by the management. In the circumstances the photocopy documents are admissible in evidence. This workman has worked for 11 to 12 years and he deserves to be reinstated and regularized.

He is out of employment as his services have been illegally terminated by the management but he is a manual worker and he must be doing some sort of work off and on, so he is entitled to be reinstated with 25% back wages. The management should consider his case for regularization within two months from the date of the publication of the award.

In view of the long tenure the management should consider the feasibility of regularization of the workman Sh. Sushil Kumar.

The reference is replied thus:

The action of the management of IOCL, New Delhi in not regularizing the services of concerned 8 workmen from the date of their initial appointment is just, fair and legal. However, the management should reinstate the workman Sh. Sushil Kumar along with 25% back wages and consider the feasibility of his regularization within two months from the date of the publication of the award.

The award is given accordingly.

Lt copies of the Award be sent to the Ministry of Labour, Government of India for necessary action at their end.

Date: 17-12-2007

R. N. RAI, Presiding Officer

नई दिल्ली, 31 दिसम्बर, 2007

का.आ. 130.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार मुम्बई पोर्ट ट्रस्ट के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण/श्रम न्यायालय 11, मुम्बई, के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या सी जी आई टी- 2/166/1999) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 31-12-2007 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल-31012/15/1999-आईआर (एम)] एन. एस. बोरा, डेस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 31st December, 2007

S.O. 130.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the Award (Ref. No. CGIT-2/166/1999) of Central Government Industrial Tribunal/Labour Court, 11, Mumbai now as shown in the Annexure in the industrial dispute between the employers in relation to the management of Mumbai Port Trust, and their workman, which was received by the Central Government on 31-12-2007.

[No. L-31012/15/1999-IR (M)] N. S. BORA, Desk Officer

ANNEXURE

BEFORE THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL No. 2, AT MUMBAI

PRESENT

A. A. LAD PRESIDING OFFICE

Reference No. CGIT-2/166 of 1999

EMPLOYERS IN RELATION TO THE MANAGEMENT OF MUMBAI PORT TRUST

The Chairman Mumbai Port Trust Mumbai-400 038.

AND

THEIR WORKMAN

The Secretary
Mumbai Port Trust Workers Union
Shrikant Hadkar Marg
Near Kalachowki Police Station
Mumbai-400 033.

APPEARANCE:

FOR THE EMPLOYER

Mr. Umesh Nabar,

Advocate.

FOR THE WORKMAN

Ms. Kunda Samant,

Advocate.

Mumbal, the 7th November, 2007

AWARDPART-II

1. The Government of India, Ministry of Labour by its Order No.L-31012/15/99/IR(M) dated 06-08-1999 in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (d) of subsection(1) and sub-section 2(A) of Section 10 of the industrial Disputes Act, 1947 have referred the following dispute to this Tribunal for adjudication:

"Whether the action of the management of Mumbai Port Trust in dismissing the services of Shri Tukarak Shadashiv Mane is justified? if not, to what relief the workman is entitled to?"

- 2. On the basis of the said reference notices were issued under clause (d) of sub-section 2 (A) of Section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947.
- 3. To prove the claim made in the reference, the Union by Statement of claim filed at Exhibit-6, contended that the second party viz. The Mumbai Port Trust Workers' Union is the oldest registered Trade Union not only in Mumbai Port Trust but also in India. The said union is registered in 1928 and functioning since then for the welfare of the workers of the Mumbai Port Trust. It has considerable members of the employees of the Mumbai Port Trust. It was known as Bombay Port Trust Railway Men's Union till 20th February, 1998.
- 4. The Enquiry was conducted by the first party by issuing charge sheet dated 2nd January 1995 alleging that 42 wagons were received at 10.00 a.m. on 13th June 1994 at Station BPT "G" and placement of these wagons for delivery is shown as 16 wagons on 16th June 1994, 19 wagons on 25th June 1994 and 7 wagons on 9th July 1994. It was alleged that 7 wagons were received at 7.30 hrs. on 9th June 1994 and its placement is shown as 3 wagons on 17th June 1994, 4 wagons on 18-6-1994, 21 wagons were received on 14th June 1994 at 23.00 hrs. and their placement

is shown as 5 wagons on 16-6-1994 at 23.00 hrs., 11 wagons on 17-6-1994 and 5 wagons on 18th June 1994. By all this it is alleged that there is delay in placement of wagons from 3 days to 27 days which caused inconvenience to the Railway authorities and traffic of that area and caused loss of revenue to the Trunk Railways in several lakhs. It was alleged that said placement was not done carefully and taking care to avoid such revenue loss and it was alleged that it is workman T.S. Mane who is responsible for all that. In the reply filed by the workman to the charge sheet made out case that he alone is not responsible for the said loss. In fact it was the duty of other staff members for the placement of the wagons. He is overall controlling the placement of the wagons and alone is not responsible for the loss suffered by the first party. Second party workman was supposed to work 90% as per the orders received from his superiors and has no discretion to take any independent decision as Station Master. Assistant Station Master works under him to supervise the work of Operative Staff Class III and Class IV and in that capacity he is directly responsible for yard position, receipt of up trains and their sorting and that wagons are not stable at level crossing to held up vehicular traffic of that area. It is contended that he is the workman and comes under the category of class III and has no individual power to take any decision. He is the member of the union, he is covered under wage-settlements which took place between union and employers. He has no power to write confidential reports or sanction leave of any staff. According to him, he is equivalent to Assistant Superintendents' position working in other departments of the first party and comes in the scale of Rs.2,600-100-120-9940 According to Union, the second party workman T.\$. Mane was doing his routine work of operating section and was senior almost amongst the staff. He being the senior workman used to solve the problems in consultation with all in case of any difficulty arises. If any problem arises regarding booking or traffic jam of goods, ASM of the particular shift has to make report of the errant employee and has to recommend action to be taken against such errant workman. However, T.S.Mane has no power to take decision in that respect. He has no power to pullup any employee or initiate any enquiry against him. Since he is not writing confidential reports of any of the staff and has no power to sanction leave he cannot cross his status from the cadre of the workman to officer though he is called Station Master. Even he has no power to grant earned leave or any other relief. He was getting over time and as such his status, fall under the definition of 'workman' as defined under Section 2 of Industrial Disputes Act.

5. It is further contended that he was promoted on 24th July 1984 and since then working as Station Master which is of Grade II. During the period 30-9-1994 he was overall incharge of the Ground Department from 24-4-1990 to 80-8-1994, used to attend various circulars received from Railway Manager. According to Union, workman T.S.Mane

is not responsible for the delay in the placement of the wagons from 3 to 27 days as alleged and responsible for the alleged loss in lakhs of rupees caused to the first party. According to the union, placement of wagons or rakes are in the Depots which is done by the Senior Trains Clerk under the direct supervision of Station Master i.e. workman. According to the union, each employee is performing his specific duties. The workman cannot be held responsible for it. As placement of wagons is to be provided by ASM for each shift and for which workman T.S.Mane cannot be held responsible for the alleged delay caused. It is further contended that, holding enquiry is farce by appointing Mr. D.M.Daithankar and advocate as an Enquiry Officer who generally and regularly conducts such departmental enquiries of the employees of the Mumbai Port Trust. The workman was represented by the Secretary of the Union by name Mr. Pagare. The evidence brought on record by the first party of Mr. Warelikar, Mendhale, Toreskar and Jaiswal wherein they have stated similar things stereo type against the workman and it does not help actually to the Inquiry Officer to give finding against the workman. Besides first party was represented by law graduate or the practicing advocate and against that the workman was represented by the union representative. It is alleged that, the Inquiry Officer shown favour towards the Management. He allowed the re-examination of the Mehandale, ASM who was supervising Class III and IV staff in the Yard. The said witness is not expected to stable the wagons at level crossing to hold up the vehicular traffic. However, placement was given to the workman and as such for that, workman T.S.Mane cannot be held responsible. According to him, Senior Train Clerk is responsible for the placement of the wagons and responsible for the loss caused to the first party. By allowing re-examination of Mr. Mehandale Inquiry Officer supported the first party in concluding like that. In the inquiry, said ASM categorically admitted that, he did not experience any delay at any time for placement of the wagons. The witness examined by the first party did not give any proof for this type of advice from the workman regarding placement of wagons and that he is responsible for it. Even Mr. Warelikar who was examined by the first party says that, wagons were placed by operative staff as per placement shown by them in the respective registers. It is stated that, the placement time is shown by them in the respective demurrage registers and accordingly it is charged. Said Mr. Warelikar clearly bifurcate the duties and responsibilities of 2 Sections i.e. of operational and commercial but it was ignored by the Inquiry Officer. It is further contended that Mr. R.R. Jaiswal recorded statements of witnesses in the presence of Presiding Officer. The said witness fairly admits that he is responsible for the commercial work of staff or the said Railway. In the deposition made before the Inquiry Officer, workman has categorically denied regarding delay in placement of wagons and stated that ASM was responsible for it. He also alleges that, demurrage was charged erroneously and

said work was done by the Commercial Department. He also alleges that placement of wagons was done by the Trunk Clerk under the supervision of ASM. The evidence led by the workman of Mr. Parshoram supports his case. The said witness was not cross examined by the first party. It is alleged that, there is no delay in placement of wagons as alleged. If at all there was any loss it cannot be attributed to the workman. The duties of the ASM are fixed where it is not stated anywhere that, working of workman and that nowhere it is stated regarding the duties of the Station Master. According to him enquiry was farce and report was perverse. Since he was not happy with the finding submitted by the Inquiry Officer, he preferred an appeal on 18th July, 1996 to the Chairman of the Bombay Port Trust. Even he approached the Chairman when his grievances were not considered by the Appellate Authority still decision was taken of termination. According to him he was victimized by the first party with the help of enquiry and its report. So dispute is raised by the Union of workman T.S.Mane who is the member of the Union and pray to declare dismissal order of workman T.S.Mane illegal and unjust and arbitrary and was taken by way of victimization. It is also prayed to declare chargesheet as perverse. It is submitted that 31 years of long service rendered by the workman T.S.Mane be considered which was unblemished and without any spot and as such it is prayed that the workman T.S.Mane be reinstated with benefits of back wages and continuity of service.

6. This claim is disputed by the first party by filing written statement at Exhibit-7 stating and contending that, the second party is not the workman. He was working as Station Master. He was also supervising work of his subordinates. He was overall incharge of the Station. He was also entrusted with the duties and with the responsibilities of careless and slack working amongst the staff. He had power and authority to sanctioned casual leave. According to first party, workman was responsible for the day-to-day working of the staff of the first party working under him and he is not workman as defined under Section 2 of the Industrial Disputes Act. It is further contended that the charges levelled against the workman were proved before the Enquiry Committee which was appointed. The Enquiry Committee conducted the enquiry fairly and properly and offered full opportunity to the workman and his representative. They enjoyed it and took part in the enquiry. Charges levelled against the workman were regarding placement of wagons which are proved beyond doubt. It is also proved that the loss was occurred in crores because of Mr. T. S. Mane who was involved in the charges. Considering the findings given by the Enquiry

Committee, action of dismissal was taken which is just and fair. It is denied that the work of the placement of wagons was of ASM and there is bifurcation between operative and periodical work. As the action was taken after giving full opportunity to the workman and since he is not workman, this Tribunal cannot interfere with the decision taken by the first party in dismissing the second party workman Mr. T.S.Mane. So it is prayed that, the reference be rejected.

7. In view of the above pleadings my learned predecessors framed issues at Ex-10. Out of them, issue of workman, issue of fairness of inquiry and perversity of fidings were decided by passing part-I Award dated 7-4-2006. Now issues framed on the latter part of the case pertaining to punishment and entitlement of the workman remains, which I answer as follows:

Issues

Findings

III. Whether the action of
the management in dismissing
the services of Shri Tukaram
Sadashiv Mane is justified? Yes.

IV. If not, what relief the workman is entitled to?

Does not survive.

REASONS

Issues 3 & 4:

- 8. On the basis of enquiry conducted against second party workman, and findings obtained from Inquiry Officer, where Inquiry Officer observed concerned workman guilty of the charges levelled against him. Even the findings given by Inquiry Officer is observed just proportionate to the facts placed before him. Said part-I award is not challenged by the second party workman. So the findings given while passing Part-I award holding-enquiry proper and findings not perverse remains on record undisturbed.
- 9. On the basis of the said, second party workman was removed from the employment by dismissing from the services. The allegations against second party workman were that, when second party was employed as a Station Master who was overall incharge of the station, supervising all work done by commercial and operating staff at station. He was responsible for the events which take place in the station area. He was also entrusted duty to fix the responsibility for careless and slack working among the staff. The charge sheet was issued against second party workman dated 02-01-1995 for non-performance of duties by making delay in placements of wagons from 3 to 27 days. It is also alleged that, due to said delay in placement of wagons, first party suffered heavy financial loss. The explanation given by second party on it was of failure in performance of duty of Sr. Trains Clerk admits that such a loss occurred and indirectly he was responsible for it. And so action of termination was taken as loss was in lakhs. After holding enquiry in which concerned workman was represented by the representative in reply, has not denied

occurrence of loss. Even he did not challenge the charge levelled against workman in the reply. His representative cross examined the witnesses. Documents were made available to him. Even he did not challenge the enquiry during its process and progress. After examining the witnesses, Inquiry Officer observed second party guilty of the charges. It is matter of record that, loss was in lakhs and it occurred in the jurisdiction of the second party. On the basis of the said order of termination was issued as a punishment.

- 10. Second party challenged the said order saying that, it is not proportionate to the charges proved against him. Whereas case of the first party is that, punishment awarded on second party of dismissal is just and proper.
- 11. Charge of receiving loss of Rs. 40 lakhs to the BPT was levelled against concerned workman. However said charge was denied by the second party saying that, that loss cannot be of Rs. 40 lakhs but may be upto Rs. 25 lakhs and that too not to BPT Railway but to Trunk Railway. The arguments advance on this point by the learned Advocate for the second party by submitting it in written at Ex-44 that, said statement cannot be treated as confessional statement but it was opinion of the second party on it which I unable to digest. I fail to understand by referring that, what second party workman's advocate want to point out? When case of the first party was that, loss was upto Rs. 40 lakhs which was denied saying that, it was not up to Rs. 40 lakhs but it may be up to Rs. 25 lakhs. When that admission is given it is presumed that he admits there was loss of Rs. 25 lakhs and not of Rs. 40 lakhs. In this situation question arises, whether it cannot be confession or it is opinion? There is no separate status in Evidence Act to the meaning of opinion. Evidence Act only recognizes admission, confession. Opinion can be taken from the experts and the case made out by second party about loss occurred to BPT denying loss of Rs. 40 lakhs and saying it may be Rs. 25 lakhs reveals that, there was a loss which may vary in amount. All these reveal that, there was loss. When there was such a loss it is not a meagre one and it was in lakhs and that too in the year 1995.
- 12. So if we consider this coupled with the charges proved against the second party workman, in my considered view, punishment awarded of dismissal cannot be observed inadequate or excessive one. Learned Advocate for the second party tried to place reliance on Regulations of BPT Employees and tried to point out that there are two types of penalties one is of "minor" penalties and other is of "major" penalties. Major penalty of dismissal is taken against second party workman. According to second party's advocate, there are lesser types of major penalties also like reduction to a lower stage in a time-scale of pay for a specified period, or for forever. There is also lesser type of punishment of compulsory retirement and reducing the employee's seniority when charge of such type is proved and punishment of compulsory retirement

vis-a-vis dismissal from service is also regulated in the rules. In my considered view discretion used by first party in penalizing the employee of this type cannot be challenged without any reason. Besides it place reliance on citation published in 2002 (3) LLN page 1009 where it is observed that, in a criminal case if employee is acquitted definitely, it will help employee in making out case of lesser punishment but in my considered view facts of that case since are different from the facts of this case, ratio led by Karnataka High Court cannot be made applicable here. Another referred citation published in 2006 III LLJ 133 where Hon'ble Bombay High Court observed that, in case of theft case, entire responsibility cannot be put on workman. In that case lesser punishment can be awarded. But that was a case of theft which cannot be compared with the case of negligence. So I am of the opinion that, even ratio of Bombay High Court cannot be applied here to show lenience to this workman.

- 13. Against that learned advocate for first party referred citation published in 1996 I CLR page 389 where it is observed that, judicial review is not an appeal from a decision but review of the manner in which decision is made. It was tried to distinguish what is power of judicial review and meaning of appeal. By this learned Advocate for the first party wants to point out that, Tribunal cannot sit as a appellant court on the decision given by the management on the punishment given by it in case of proved misconduct. In the instant case charge was proved and when charge is proved first party has liberty to exercise the option of giving punishment and that exactly is done by management. I also agree with this view since charge was proved which was of very serious nature, management exercised option of awarding punishment which has logic behind it. Citation referred published in 2002 (III) CLR page 293 reveals, what powers are given to Tribunal under Section 11 A of Industrial Disputes Act. Another referred citation published in 2003 (98) FLR page 1170 also of the same point regarding power of Tribunal under Section II A of the Industrial Disputes Act. Citation referred published in 1997 | LLJ page 186 revels that punishment awarded by management was not shockingly disproportionate, which is not required by the Tribunal to interfere in it. Citation published in 2005 I CLR 959 projects on jurisdiction of Tribunal under Section 11-A of the Industrial Disputes Act.
- 14. So if we consider all these coupled with case made out by both, I conclude that, punishment awarded to second party workman Mane does not require to interfere since I find it is proportionate to the charges levelled and proved. In the circumstances, second party is not entitled to get any relief. So I answer the above issues to that effect and pass the following order:

ORDER

Reference is rejected.

No order as to cost.

Date: 7-1 [-2008

A. A. LAD, Presiding Officer

नई दिल्ली, 31 दिसम्बर, 2007

का.आ. 131.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार एम. पी. स्टेट माईनिंग का. लि. के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण/श्रम न्यायालय जबल पुर के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या सी जी आई टी/एलसी/आर/199/1995) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 31-12-07 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

्र. [सं. एल-29011/19/1995-आईआर (एम)]

एन, एस. बोरा, डेस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 31st December, 2007

S.O. 131.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the Award (Ref. No. CGIT/LC/R/199/1995) of Central Government Industrial Tribunal/Labour Court, Jabalpur now as shown in the Annexure in industrial dispute between the employers in relation to the management of M. P. State Mining Corp. Ltd. and their workman, which was s received by the Central Government on 31-12-2007

[No. L-29011/19/1995-IR (M)]

N. S. BORA, Desk Officer

ANNEXURE

BEFORE THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL-CUM-LABOUR COURT, JABALPUR

NO. CGIT/LC/R/199/95

PRESIDING OFFICER: SHRIC. M. SINGH

The Secretary, Chhattisgarh Mines Shramik Sangh, Baraduar,

Distt. Bilaspur

Workman/Union

Versus

The Asstt. General Manager, M.P. State Mining Corporation Ltd., Sub Office: Baraduar, Distt. Bilaspur

Management

AWARD

Passed on this 13th day of December, 2007

1. The Government of India, Ministry of Labour vide its Notification No.L-290 11/19/95-IR(M) dated 3-11-95 has referred the following dispute for adjudication by this Tribunal:—

"Whether the demand of Chhattisgarh Mines Shramik Sangh for payment of full wages to 127 wagon loaders (as per list) by the management of

- M.P. State Mining Corporation Ltd., Baraduar, Distt. Bilaspur for the period from 10-4-93 to 26-4 93 is justified? It so, to what relief the concerned workers are entitled to?"
- 2. Vide order dated 4-1-06 passed on the ordersheet of this reference proceeding, the reference proceeded exparte against the workmen/Union and the management was provided with an opportunity to file Written Statement on 28-4-06. On 284-06 the date fixed in the case, no body responded for the parties, therefore, the management was given an opportunity to file exparte Written Statement on 17-8-06. Again on 17-8-06, no body responded for the parties and the management was provided with another opportunity of filing exparte Written Statement on 27-10-06. On 27-10-06, Shri R.C.Shrivastava, Advocate appeared and submitted that he will file his vakalatnama for management on the next date. Therefore 22-1-07 was fixed for filing vakalatnama and exparte Written Statement by the management. Thereafter 23-4-07, 7-8-07 & 12-12-07 were the dates fixed in the case but on the said dates, no body responded for the parties and thus the tribunal was left with no option but to close the reference for award and consequently the reference was closed for award.
- 3. It appears from the above that the parties have no interest in the reference. Therefore no dispute award is passed without any orders as to costs.
- 4. Let the copies of the award be sent to the Government of India, Ministry of Labour & Employment as per rules.

C. M. SINGH, Presiding Officer

नई दिल्ली, 2 जनवरी, 2008

का.आ. 132.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार पंजाब नेशनल बैंक के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और, उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण/श्रम न्यायालय, जबलपुर के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 231/1999) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 24-12-07 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल-12012/25/1999-आईआर (बी-II)]

राजिन्द्र कुमार, डेस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 2nd January, 2008

S.O. 132.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the Award (Ref. No. 231/1999) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal-Cum-Labour Court, Jabalpur as shown iin the Annexure in the industrial dispute between the management of Punjab National Bank and their workmen, received by the Central Government on 24-12-2007.

[No. L-12012/25/1999-IR (B-II)] RAJINDER KUMAR, Desk Officer Indore.

ANNEXURE

BEFORE THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL-CUM-LABOUR COURT, JABALPUR

'NO. CGIT/LC/R/231/99

PRESIDING OFFICER: SHRIC.M.SINGH

The Secretary,
Punjab National Bank Empls. Assn.,
Central Office,
1 | Prince Yeshwant Road,

Workman/Union

Versus

The Regional Manager, Punjab National Bank, Regional Office, 20, Sneh Nagar, Indore

Management

AWARD

Passed on this 14th day of December, 2007

1. The Government of India, Ministry of Labour vide its Notification No.L-12012/25/99/IR(B-II) dated 31-5-99/11-6-99 has referred the following dispute for adjudication by this tribunal:

"Whether the action of the management of Regional Manager, Punjab National Bank in not absorbing Sh. Gopal Kamle & Sh. Santosh Kalal permanently in Bank's service is justified? If not, to what relief the workmen are entitled for?".

- 2. Vide order dated 9-2-07 passed on the ordersheet of this proceeding, the reference proceeded exparte against the workmen/Union and the management was given an opportunity to file their statement of claim, if any, for which 23rd of April-07 was fixed. But on this date, no body responded for the parties. The management was given an opportunity to file their statement of claim, if any, on 7-8-07. The ordersheet discloses that on this date, no one responded for the parties and 12-12-07 was fixed for filing statement of claim, if any, by the management. On 12-12-07, no one responded for the parties. Under the above circumstances, this tribunal was left with no option but to close the reference for award and thus the reference was closed for award.
- 3. It appears from the above that the parties have no interest in this reference proceeding. In view of this fact, no dispute award should be passed.
- 4. Considering the above, no dispute award is passed without any orders as to costs.
- 5. Let the copies of the award be sent to the Government of India, Ministry of Labour & Employment as per rules.

C. M. SINGH, Presiding Officer

नई दिल्ली, 7 जनवरी, 2008

का, आ. 133.—कर्मचारी राज्य बीमा अधिनियम, 1948 (1948 का 34) की धारा-1 की उप धारा-(3) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, केन्द्रीय सरकार एतदद्वारा 01 फरवरी, 2008 को उस तारीख के रूप में नियत करती है, जिसको उक्त अधिनियम के अध्याय-4 (44 व 45 धारा के सिवाय जो पहले ही प्रवृत्त हा चुकी है) अध्याय-5 और 6 (धारा-76 की उप धारा (1) और धारा-77,78,79 और 81 के सिवाय जो पहले ही प्रवृत्त की जा चुकी है) के उपबन्ध तिमलनाडू राज्य के निम्नलिखित क्षेत्रों में प्रवृत्त होंगे, अर्थात,

"तिरूनेलवेली जिले के पुलियनसुडी नगरपालिका में पुलियनसुडी, टी. एन. पुदुकुडी, सिविगरी तालुक में चिंतामणी, तेन्कासी तालुक में चोक्कम्पट्टी के अन्तर्गत आने वाले राजस्व गांव"

[सं. एस-38013/01/2008-एस. एस.-1] एस. दो. जेवियर, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 7th January, 2008

S. O. 133.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of Section 1 of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 (34 of 1948) the Central Government hereby appoints the 1st February, 2008 as the date on which the provisions of Chapter-IV (except Sections 44 and 45 which have already been brought into force) and Chapter-V and VI (except Sub-Section (I) of Section 76 and Sections 77, 78,79 and 81 which have already been brought into force) of the said Act shall come into force in the following areas in the State of Tamilnadu namely:—

Centre Name	Areas comprising the revenue villages of	
Puliyankudi Municipality	i.	Puliyankudi
in Tirunelvelli District	2.	T. N. Pudukudi
	3.	Chinthamani in
		Sivagiri Taluk
	4.	Chokkampatti in
		Tenkási Taluk

[No. S-38013/01/2008-S.S.-I] S. D. XAVIER, Under Secy.

नई दिल्ली, 7 जनवरी, 2008

का. आ. 134.—कर्मचारी राज्य बीमा अधिनियम, 1948 (1948 का 34) की धारा-1 की उप धारा-(3) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, केन्द्रीय सरकार एतरद्वारा 01 फरवरी, 2008 को उस तारीख के रूप में नियत करती है, जिसको उक्त अधिनियम के अध्याय-4 (44 व 45 धारा के सिवाय जो पहले ही प्रवृत्त हो चुकी है) अध्याय-5 और 6 (धारा-76 की उप धारा (1) और धारा-77,78,79 और 81 के सिवाय जो पहले ही प्रवृत्त की जा चुकी है) के उपबन्ध तमिलनाडू राज्य के निम्नलिखित क्षेत्रों में प्रवृत्त होंगे, अर्थात :---

केन्द्र

दिन्दुकल जिला में पचनी परिधि के क्षेत्र दिम्हुकल जिला में पषनी के पुलियमपट्टी के अंतर्गत आने वाले राजस्व गांव ।

[सं. एस-38013/03/2008-एस. एस. ~1] एस. दो. जेवियर, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 7th January, 2008

S. O. 134.—In exercise of the powers conferred by ab-section (3) of Section I of the Employees' State insurance Act, 1948 (34 of 1948) the Central Government creby appoints the 1st February, 2008 as the date on which the provisions of Chapter-IV (except Sections 44 and 45 which have already been brought into force) and Chapter-V and VI (except sub-section (1) of Section 76 and Sections 77, 78,79 and 81 which have already been brought into force) of the said Act shall come into force in the following areas in the State of Tamilnadu namely:—

Centre

Areas comprising the revenue villages of

Peripheral areas of Palani in Dindigul District Puliampatti of Palani
 Taluk in Dindigul
 District

[No. S-380I3/03/2008-S.S.-I]

S. D. XAVIER, Under Secy.

नई दिल्ली, 7 जनवरी, 2008

का. आ. 135.—कर्मचारी राज्य बीमा अधिनियम, 1948 (1948 का 34) की धारा 1 की उपधारा (3) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, केन्द्रीय सरकार एतदद्वारा 01 फरवरी, 2008 को उस तारीख के रूप में नियत करती है, जिसको उक्त अधिनियम के अध्याय-4 (44 व 45 धारा के सिवाय जो पहले से प्रवृत्त हो चुकी है) अध्याय-5 और 6 (धारा 76 की उपधारा (1) और धारा 77,78,79 और 81 के सिवाय जो पहले ही प्रवृत्त की जा चुकी है) के उपबन्ध हरियाणा के निम्नलिखित क्षेत्रों में प्रवृत्त होंगे, अर्थात्,

राजस्व ग्राम	हदबस्त	जिला •
	सख्या	
साहा .	93	अंबाला
तेपला	133	अंबाला
मीठापुर	96	अंबाला
	साहा तेपला	संख्या साहा 93 तेपला 133

[सं. एस-38013/04/2008-एस. एस.-1]

एस. दो. जेवियर, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 7th January, 2008

S. O. 135.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of Section 1 of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 (34 of 1948) the Central Government

hereby appoints the 1st February, 2008 as the date on which the provisions of Chapter IV (except Sections 44 and 45 which have already been brought into force) and Chapter-V and VI (except sub-section (1) of Section 76 and Sections 77, 78,79 and 81 which have already been brought into force) of the said Act shall come into force in the following areas in the State of Haryana namely:-

Revenue Village	Had Bast No.	District
Saha	93	Ambala
Tepla	133	Ambala
Mithapur	96	Ambala
	Village Saha Tepla	Village Saha 93 Tepla 133

[No. S-38013/04/2008-S.S-I]

S. D. XAVIER, Under Secy.

नई दिल्ली, 7 जनवरी, 2008

का. आ. 136.—कर्मचारी राज्य बीमा अधिनियम, 1948 (1948 का 34) की धारा 1 की उपधारा (3) द्वारा प्रदत्त शिक्तयों का प्रयोग करते हुए, केन्द्रीय सरकार एतद्द्वारा 01 फरवरी, 2008 को उस तारीख के रूप में नियत करती है, जिसको उक्त अधिनियम के अध्याय-4 (44 व 45 धारा के सिवाय जो पहले ही प्रवृत्त हो चुकी है) अध्याय-5 और 6 (धारा 76 की उपधारा (1) और धारा 77,78,79 और 81 के सिवाय जो पहले ही प्रवृत्त की जा चुकी है) के उपबन्ध गुजरात राज्य के निम्नलिखित क्षेत्रों में प्रवृत्त होंगे, अर्थात्,

अहमदाबाद नगर निगम की विस्तारित नगर सीमाओं में निम्निलिखित नगर पालिकाओं एवं ग्राम पंचायतों (गांव) की संपूर्ण राजस्व एवं पंचायत सीमाएं जो क्रमांक (1) एवं (2) पर अंकित हैं तथा क्रम सं. -3 पर अंकित विनियोजित सर्वेक्षण सं. शामिल हैं।

- (1) नगर पालिका बोडकदेव, मकरबा, नवा ओढव, वस्त्रापुर, नवानरोडा, थलतेज, वेजलपुर, सरखेज-ओकफ, जोधपुर, मेमनगर, घाटलोडिया, चांदलोर्डिया, वस्त्राल, निकोल, राणिप, काली एवं रामोल।
- (2) ग्राम पंचायत शाहवाडी, कमोड, ग्यासपुर, त्रागड़, छारोडी, जगतपुर, चैनपुर, गोता, हेबतपुर, आमली, सैजपुर-गोपाल पुर, पीपलज, लक्ष्मीपुरा, वनजर, फतेवाडी, ओगणज, सोला, सीलज, नयावटवा, बाकरोल, बदराबाद (विसलपुर) भाडज, नयाअसारवा, मकतमपुरा, निर्णयनगर, इन्दिरा नगर, निरमानपुरा, हंसपुरा, लांभा एवं विंजोल
- (3) असलाली:- (सर्वे संख्या 154 पार्ट 1626, 1659) रोपडा (सर्वे संख्या 8 से 16) बागे फिरदोश (सर्वे संख्या 271, से 278, 297) रखियाल(सर्वे संख्या 297, 362, 363, 495, 515) खोखरा-महेमदाबाद(सर्वे संख्या 340, 341)

मुठिय (ब्लाक संख्या 71/पी, 90/पी, 222 पार्ट, 223 पार्ट, 227 पार्ट, 228 पार्ट, 230 पार्ट)

हाथिजाण (सर्वे संख्या 256,612, 615, 617, 619, 620)

[संख्या एस-38013/05/2008-एस. एस. -1] एस. दो. जेवियर, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 7th January, 2008

S. O. 136.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of Section 1 of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 (34 of 1948) the Central Government hereby appoints the 1st February, 2008 as the date on which the provisions of Chapter IV (except Sections 44 and 45 which have already been brought into force) and Chapter-V and VI (except sub-section (1) of Section 76 and Sections 77, 78, 79 and 81 which have already been brought into force) of the said Act shall come into force in the following areas in the State of Gujarat namely:—

Extended Municipal Limits of Ahmedabad Municipal Corporation comprising the Entire Revenue & Panchayat Limits of the following Municipalities and Grampanchayats (Villages) mentioned at (i) & (ii) below as well as at certain survey Numbers mentioned at (iii):

- (i) Municipality- Bodakdev, Makarba, Nava Odhav, Vastrapur, Nava Naroda, Thaltej, Vejalpur, Sarkhej-Okaf, Jodhpur, Memnagar, Ghatlodia, Chandlodia, Vastral, Nikol, Ranip, Kali & Ramol.
- (ii) Gram Panchayats- Shahvadi, Kamod, Gyaspur, Tragad, Chharodi, Jagatpur, Chenpur, Gota, Hebatpur, Amli, Saijpur-Gopalpur, Piplaj, Laxmipura, Vanjar, Fatevadi, Ognaj, Sola, Shilaj, Nava Vatva, Bakrol, Badarabad (Visalpur), Bhadaj, Nava Asarwa, Maktampura, Nirnaynagar, Indiranagar, Narimanpura, Hanspura, Lambha & Vinzol.
- (iii) Aslali (Survey Number 154 Part, 1626, 1659)

Ropda (Survey No. 8 to 16)

Bage Firdosh (Survey No. 27 I to 278, 297)

Rakillal (Survey No. 297, 362, 363, 495, 515)

Khokhra-Mehmedabad (Survey No. 340, 341)

Muthiya (Block No. 71/P, 90/P, 222 Part, 223 Part, 227 Part, 228 Part, 230 Part).

Hathijan- (Survey No. 256, 612, 615, 617, 619, 620).

[No. S-38013/05/2008-S-S.I]

S.D. XAVIER, Under Secy.

नई दिल्ली, 8 जनवरी, 2008

का. 137.—कर्मचारी राज्य बीमा अधिनियम, 1948 (1948 का 34) की धारा 1 की उप धारा (3) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, केन्द्रीय सरकार एतद्द्वारा 01 फरवरी, 2008 को उस तारीख के रूप में नियत करती है, जिसको उक्त अधिनियम के उध्याय-4 (44 व 45 धारा के सिवाय जो पहले ही प्रवृत्त हो

चुकी है) अध्याय-5 और 6(धारा 76 की उपधारा (1) और धारा-77,78,79 और 81 के सिवाय जो पहले ही प्रवृत्त की जा चुकी है) के उपबन्ध तमिलनाडु, राज्य के निम्नलिखित क्षेत्रों में प्रवृत्त होंगे, अर्थात् :---

"तिरूनेलवेली जिला में तेन्कासी तालुक के कडयनल्लूर नगर पालिका परिसीमा के कडयनल्लूर, कम्मनेरी पुदुकुडी के माग- I व II के अन्तर्गत आने वाले राजस्व गांव"

> [संख्या: एस-38013/02/2008/एस. एस. -1] एस. दो. जेवियर, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 8th January, 2008

S. O. 137.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of Section 1 of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 (34 of 1948) the Central Government hereby appoints the 1st February, 2008 as the date on which the provisions of Chapter IV (except Sections 44 and 45 which have already been brought into force) and Chapter-V and VI (except sub-section (1) of Section 76 and Sections 77, 78,79 and 81 which have already been brought into force) of the said Act shall come into force in the following areas in the State of Tamilnadu namely:—

Centre Name

Areas comprising the revenue villages of

Kadayanallur Municipal Limits, Tenkasi Taluk in Tirunelvelli District Kadayanallur
 Kambaneri Pudukudi Part I & II

[No. S-38013/02/2008-S.S.I] S. D. XAVIER, Under Secy.

नई दिल्ली, 11 जनवरी, 2008

का. आ. 138.—कर्मचारी कंज्य बीमा अधिनियम, 1948 (1948 का 34) की धारा 1 की उप धारा (3) द्वारा प्रदत्त शिक्तयों का प्रयोग करते हुए, केन्द्रीय सरकार पतद्द्वारा 01 फरवरी, 2008 को उस तारीख के रूप में नियत करती हैं, जिसको उक्त अधिनियम के अध्याय-4 (44 व 45 धारा के सिवाय जो पहले ही प्रवृत्त हो चुकी है) अध्याय-5 और 6(धारा-76 की उपधारा (1) और धारा-77,78,79 और 81 के सिवाय जो पहले ही प्रवृत्त की जा चुकी है) के उपबन्ध तिमलनाडू राज्य के निम्नलिखित क्षेत्रों में प्रवृत्त होंगे, अर्थात् :—

केन्द्र का नाम

विरूधनगर जिला के निम्नलिखित राजस्व गाँव के व्याप्त क्षेत्र

विरूधनगर जिला में कारियापट्टी

कारियापट्टी क्षेत्र

विरूधनगर जिला में कारियापट्टी तालुक के कलकुरिग्री के राजस्व गाँव

[संख्या एस-38013/09/2008-एस. एस. -1] एस. दो. जेवियर, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 11th January, 2008

S. O. 138.—In exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of Section 1 of the Employees' State

Insurance Act, 1948 (34 of 1948) the Central Government hereby appoints the Ist February, 2008 as the date on which the provisions of Chapter IV (except Sections 44 and 45 which have already been brought into force) and Chapter-V and VI (except sub-Section (1) of Section 76 and Sections 77, 78,79 and 81 which have already been brought into force) of the said Act shall come into force in the following areas in the State of Tamilnadu namely:

Centre

Areas comprising the following area revenue village of

Virudhunagar District.

Kariapatti area in Virudhunagar District (1) Revenue village of Kalkurichi of Kariapatti Taluk in Virudhunagar District

> [No. S-38013/09/2008-S.S.I] S.D. XAVIER, Under Secy.

नई दिल्ली, 11 जनवरी, 2008

का. आ. 139.—कर्मचारी राज्य बीमा अधिनियम, 1948 (1948 का 34) की धारा-1 की उप धारा-(3) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, केन्द्रीय सरकार एतदद्वारा 01 फरवरी, 2008 को उस तारीख के रूप में नियत करती है, जिसको उक्त अधिनियम के अध्याय-4 (44 व 45 धारा के सिवाय जो पहले ही प्रवृत्त हो चुकी है) अध्याय-5 और 6(धारा-76 की उप धारा (1) और धारा-77,78,79 और 81 के सिवाय जो पहले ही प्रवृत्त की जा चुकी है) के उपबन्ध तमिलनाडू राज्य के निम्निलिखित क्षेत्रों में प्रवृत्त होंगे, अर्थात,

केन्द्र

तिरूनेलवेली जिला में तिरूनेलवेली नगरपालिका

- I. विजयराधव मुदलियार चत्रम
- पालयमकोट्टै तालुक में पणयकुलम
- तिरूणलवेली तालुक में रामायणपट्टी

आदि के अंतर्गत आने वाले राजस्व गाँव......

[संख्या एस-38013/08/2008-एस. एस. -1] एस. दो. जेवियर, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 11th January, 2008

S. O. 139.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of Section 1 of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 (34 of 1948) the Central Government hereby appoints the 1st February, 2008 as the date on which the provisions of Chapter IV (except Section 44 and 45 which have already been brought into force) and Chapter-V and VI (except sub-Section (1) of Section 76 and Sections 77, 78,79 and 81 which have already been brought into force) of the said Act shall come into force in the following areas in the State of Tamilnadu namely:—

Centre

Tirunelvelli Municipality in Tirunelvelli District

Areas comprising the revenue villages of

- 01. Vijayaraghava Mudaliar Chatram
- O2. Panayankulam in Palayamkottai Taluk
- 03. Ramayanpatti in Tirunelveli Taluk

[No. S-38013/08/2008-S.S.I] S.D. XAVIER, Under Secy.

नई दिल्ली, 11 जनवरी, 2008

का. आ. 140.—कर्मचारी राज्य बीमा अधिनियम, 1948 (1948 का 34) की धारा-1 की उप धारा-(3) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, केन्द्रीय सरकार एतदृद्धारा 01 फरवरी, 2008 को उस तारीख के रूप में नियत करती है, जिसको उक्त अधिनियम के अध्याय-4 (44 व 45 धारा के सिवाय जो पहले से प्रवृत्त हो चुकी है) अध्याय-5 और 6(धारा-76 की उप धारा (1) और धारा-77,78,79 और 81 के सिवाय जो पहले ही प्रवृत्त की जा चुकी है) के उपबन्ध कर्नाटक के निम्नलिखित क्षेत्रों में प्रवृत्त होंगे, अर्थात,

	राजस्व ग्राम का नाम व नगरपालिका सीमाएँ	होबली	तालुकं	'জিলা
1.	मेडेहल्ली, जी.आर.हल्ली इनगलाडालु, कुंचीगनाहालू	कसाबा	चित्रदुर्गा	चित्रदुर्गा

[स. एस-38013/10/2008-एस. एस. -1] एस. दो. जेवियर, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 11th January, 2008

S. O. 140.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of Section 1 of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 (34 of 1948) the Central Government hereby appoints the 1st February, 2008 as the date on which the provisions of Chapter IV (except Sections 44 and 45 which have already been brought into force) and Chapter-V and VI (except Sub-Section (1) of Section 76 and Section 77, 78,79 and 81 which have already been brought into force) of the said Act shall come into force in the following areas in the State of Karnataka namely:—

SI. No.	Name of the Revenue Village or Municipal Limits	Hobli	Taluk	District
1.	Medehalli, G. R. Halli, Ingaladalu & Kunchiganahalu	Kasaba	Chitradurga	Chitradurga
		[No. S-38013/10/2008-S.SI		

S. D. XAVIER, Under Secy.

नई दिल्ली, 11 जनवरी, 2008

का. आ. 141.—कर्मचारी राज्य बीमा अधिनियम, 1948 (1948 का 34) की धारा-। की उप धारा-(3) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, केन्द्रीय सरकार एतदद्वारा 01 फरवरी, 2008 को

उस ताबैख के रूप में नियत करती है, जिसको उक्त अधिनियम के अध्याय-4 (44 व 45 धारा के सिवाय जो पहले ही प्रवृत्त हो चुकी है) अध्याय-5 और 6(धारा-76 की उप धारा (1) और धारा-77,78,79 और 81 के सिवाय जो पहले ही प्रवृत्त की जा चुकी है) के उपबन्ध तमिलनाडू राज्य के निम्नलिखित क्षेत्रों में प्रवृत्त होंगे, अर्थात,

तिमलनाडु राज्य के जिला कोयम्बटूर में अविनासी के आसन्न क्षेत्र में तिरूपुर तालुक में एट्टीवीरमपालयम तथा पेरूमनल्लूर के अधीन आने वाली क्षेत्र ।"

> [सं. एस-38013/07/2008-एस. एस.-I] एस. दो. जेवियर, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 11th January, 2008

S. O. 141.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of Section 1 of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 (34 of 1948) the Central Government hereby appoints the 1st February, 2008 as the date on which the provisions of Chapter-IV (except Sections 44 and 45 which have already been brouth into force) and -Chapter-V and VI (except Sub-Section (1) of Section 76 and Section 77, 78,79 and 81 which have already been brought into force) of the said Act shall come into force in the following areas in the State of Tamilnadu namely:-

Centre

Areas comprising the revenue villages of

Avinashi Peripherals, Tirupur Taluk, Coimbatore District Ettiveerampalayam

2. Perumanallur

[No. S-38013/07/2008-S.S.I] S.D. XAVIER, Under Secy.

नई दिल्ली, 11 जनवरी, 2008

का. आ. 142.—कर्मचारी राज्य बीमा अधिनियम, 1948 (1948 का 34) की धारा-1 की उप धारा-(3) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, केन्द्रीय सरकार एलदद्वारा 01 फरवरी, 2008 को उस तारिख के रूप में नियत करती है, जिसको उक्त अधिनियम के अध्याय-4 (44 व 45 धारा के सिवाय जो पहले ही प्रवृत्त हो चुकी है) अध्याय-5 और 6(धारा-76 की उप धारा (1) और धारा-77,78,79 और 81 के सिवाय जो पहले ही प्रवृत्त की जा चुकी है) के उपबन्ध तमिलनाडू राज्य के निम्नलिखित क्षेत्रों में प्रवृत्त होंगे, अर्थात,

केस्द्र का नाम

निम्नलिखात क्षेत्र के व्याप्त क्षेत्र शिवागी जिला के राजस्व गाँव

शिवागी जिला में देवाकोट्टई

- देवाकोट्टई नगरपालिका सीमा के देवाकोट्टई क्षेत्र
- शिवागंगै जिला के देवाकोट्टई तालुक के मेलेचेमघोनमारी के राजस्व गाँव

[सं. एस-38013/06/2008-एस. एस.-I] एस. दो. जेवियर, अवर सचिव New Delhi, the 11th January, 2008

S. O. 142.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of Section 1 of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 (34 of 1948) the Central Government hereby appoints the 1st February, 2008 as the date on which the provisions of Chapter-IV (except Sections 44 and 45 which have already been brought into force) and Chapter-V and VI (except Sub-Section (1) of Section 76 and Section 77, 78,79 and 81 which have already been brought into force) of the said Act shall come into force in the following areas in the State of Tamilnadu namely:—

Centre

Areas comprising the following area revenue village of Sivagangai District

Devakottai area in Sivagangai District 01. Devakottai municipal limits of Devakottai Taluk and

02. Revenue village of Melachemponmari of Devakottai Taluk of Sivagangai District.

[No. S-38013/06/2008-S.S.I] S. D. XAVIER, Under Secy.

नई दिल्ली, 15 जनवरी, 2008

का. आ. 143.—केन्द्रीय सरकार संतुष्ट है कि लोकहित में ऐसा अपेक्षित है कि सिक्युरिटी पेपर मिला, होशंगाबाद में सेवाओं को जिसे औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947। (1947 का 14) की प्रथम अनुसूची की प्रविष्टि 21 के अन्तर्गत निर्दिष्ट किया गया है, उक्त अधिनियम के प्रयोजनों के लिए लोक उमयोगी सेवाएं घोषित किया जाना चाहिए।

अत: अब, औद्यौगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947, (1947 का 14) की धारा 2 के खण्ड (ढ़) के उप-खण्ड (6) द्वारा प्रदत्त शिक्तयों का प्रयोग करते हुए, केन्द्रीय सर्रकार उक्त उद्योग को उक्त अधिनियम के प्रयोजनों के लिए तत्काल प्रभाव से छ: मास की कालावधी के लिए लोक उपयोगी सेवा घौषित करती है।

[फा. संख्या एस-11017/16/97-आई. आर. (पी. एल.)] एस. कृष्णन, अपर सचिव

New Delhi, the 15th January, 2008

S. O. 143.—Whether the Central Government is satisfied that the public interest requires that the services in the Security paper Mill, Hoshangabad which is covered by item 21 of the First Schedule to the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), should be declared to be a Public Utility Service for the puposes of the said Act.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-clause (vi) of clause (n) of Section 2 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, the Central Government hereby declares with immediate effect the said industry to be a Public Utility Service for the purpose of the said Act for a period of six months.

[No₄S-11017/16/97-IR (PL)] S. KRISHNAN, Addl. Secy.

नई दिल्ली, 15 जनवरी, 2008

का. आ. 144.—केन्द्रीय सरकार संतुष्ट हो जाने पर कि लोकहित में ऐसा करना अपेक्षित था, औद्यौगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 2 के खण्ड (ढ़) के उप-खण्ड (vi) के उपबंधों के अनुसरण में भारत सरकार के श्रम और रोजगार मंत्रालय की अधिसूचना संख्या का. आ. दिनांक 19-6-2007 द्वारा खिनज तेल (कच्चा तेल), मोटर और विमानन स्पिरिट, डीजल तेल, मिट्टी का तेल, ईंधन तेल, विविधा हाईड्रोकार्बन तेल और उनके मिश्रण जिनमें सिंधेटिक तेल और इसी प्रकार के तेल शामिल है के निर्माण या उत्पादन में लगे उद्योग में सेवाओं में है, जोकि औद्यौगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की प्रथम अनुसूची की प्रविष्ट 26 में शामिल है, को उक्त अधिनियम के प्रयोजनों के लिए दिनांक 16-7-2007 से छ: मास की कालाविध के लिए लोक उपयोगी सेवा घोषित किया था:

और केन्द्रीय सरकार की राय है कि लोकहित में उक्त कालावधि को छ: मास की और कालावधि के लिए बढ़ाया जाना अपेक्षित है;

अत: अब, औद्यौगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947, (1947 का 14), की धारा 2 के खण्ड (ढ़) के उप-खण्ड (vi) के परन्तुक द्वारा प्रदत्त शिक्तयों का प्रयोग करते हुए, केन्द्रीय सरकार उक्त उद्योग को उक्त अधिनियम के प्रयोजनों के लिए दिनांक 16-1-2008 से छ: मास की कालावधी के लिए लोक उपयोगी सेवा घोषित करती है।

[फा. संख्या एस-11017/6/97-आई. आर. (पी. एल.)] एस. कृष्णन, अपर सचिव

New Delhi, the 15th January, 2008

S. O. 144.—Whereas the Central Government having been satisfied that the public interest so requires that in pursuance of the provisions of sub-clause (vi) of the clause(n) of Section 2 of the Industrial Dispute Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), declared by the Notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour, dated 19-6-2007 the services in Industry engaged in manufacture or production of mineral oil (crude oil) motor and aviation spirit, diesel oil, kerosene oil, fuel oil, diverse hydrocarbon oils and their blends including synthetic fuels, Lubricating oils and the like which is covered by item 26 of the First Schedule to the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947) to be a Public Utility Service for the purpose of the said Act, for a period of six months from the 16th July 2007.

And whereas, the Central Government is of opinion that public interest requires the extension of the said period by a further period of six months.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by proviso to sub-clause (vi) of clause (n) of Section 2 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, the Central Government hereby declares the said industry to be a public Utility Service for the purpose of the said Act, for a period of six months from the 16th Janaury 2008.

> [F. No. S-11017/6/97-IR (PL)] S. KRISHNAN, Addl. Secy.